

Das Phi- Verfahren nach TGL 13503 / 1982

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Literatur

[001] TGL 13503 Ausgabe 1982 Teil 1 und 2.

[Dip] Dipl.- Ing. Björnsterne Zindler, M.Sc. Das Omega- Verfahren nach DIN4114.

1 Nachweis für den mittig gedrückten, einteiligen Stab

Der geforderte Nachweis darf bei planmäßig mittlerer Belastung¹ in folgender Form durchgeführt werden:

$$\sigma_{vorh} = \frac{F}{A} \leq \sigma_{zul} \cdot \varphi$$

Nachweis

Wobei:

[001]

- σ_{zul} für den untersuchten Grenzlastfall und die Festigkeitsklasse des Stahls geltende zulässige Spannung nach TGL 13500 Teil 1
- φ Knickfaktor, abhängig von der Form des Querschnitts und den Eigenspannungen nach TGL 13503 Neu Teil 1 Tabelle 2 abhängig vom bezogenen Schlankheitsgrad $\bar{\lambda}$ oder vom Schlankheitsgrad λ und der Streckgrenze

Zu beachten ist, dass in σ_{zul} aus Tabelle 2 die Sicherheit ν einberechnet ist.

¹Ein Nachweis des planmäßig außermittig beanspruchten Stabes ist anspruchsvoll. So erweitert sich der Nachweis zu:

$$\sigma_c \cdot (1 + \mu_N \cdot f_N) + \sigma_{bc} \cdot f_M \leq \sigma_{zul} \quad \text{und} \quad \sigma_c \cdot (\mu_N \cdot f_N - 1) + \sigma_{bz} \cdot f_M \leq \sigma_{zul}$$

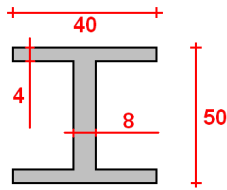
Mit:

- σ_c Absolutwert der Druckspannung
 σ_{bc} Absolutwert der Biege-Druckspannung
 σ_{bz} Absolutwert der Biege-Zugspannung
 σ_{zul} Zulässige Spannung, abhängig vom Grenzlastfall
 f_N, f_M Faktor, der die Vergrößerung der Momente nach Th. II. Ordnung gegenüber Th. I. Ordnung ausdrückt.

2 Beispiel - Bemessung

Bemessung

Gegeben ist ein Profil folgender Form:



[Dip]

Die Trägheitsmomente sind berechenbar über:

$$I_1 = 2 \cdot \frac{40^3 \cdot 4}{12} + \frac{8^3 \cdot (50 - 2 \cdot 4)}{12} = 44.459 \text{mm}^4 = I_{\min}$$

Und:

$$I_2 = 2 \cdot \frac{40 \cdot 4^3 + 40 \cdot 4 \cdot \left(\frac{50}{2} - \frac{4}{2}\right)}{12} + \frac{8 \cdot (50 - 2 \cdot 4)^3}{12} = 50.432 \text{mm}^4 = I_{\max}$$

Der dazugehörige Trägheitsradius beträgt:

$$i_{\min} = \sqrt{\frac{44.459}{2 \cdot 40 \cdot 4 + (50 - 2 \cdot 4) \cdot 8}} = 8,23 \text{mm}$$

Für den angenommenen Knickfall 2 nach Euler (gelenkig, gelenkig) ergibt sich eine Knicklänge s_k aus der gewählten Stablänge $l = 500 \text{mm}$ von:

$$s_k = \frac{l}{1} = \frac{500}{1} = 500 \text{mm}$$

Die belastende Kraft wird mit 120kN angenommen.

2.1 Sicherheiten ν

Nach TGL 13503 Neu Teil 1.

Die Sicherheiten betragen für die einzelnen Lastfälle:

Sicherheiten

| | |
|----|----------------|
| H | $\nu_r = 1,50$ |
| HZ | $\nu_r = 1,33$ |
| S | $\nu_r = 1,20$ |

Für den hier nicht betrachteten Ausnahmefall, dass die ideale Knicklast als maßgebend angesehen wird, unter Umgehung des Schlankheitsgrades:

| | |
|----|----------------|
| H | $\nu_i = 2,00$ |
| HZ | $\nu_i = 1,78$ |
| S | $\nu_i = 1,60$ |

2.2 Schlankheitsgrade λ und $\bar{\lambda}$

2.2.1 Grundlagen

Schlankheitsgrade

Der Schlankheitsgrad ist das Verhältnis der Knicklänge zum Trägheitsradius.

$$\lambda = \frac{l}{i}$$

Der bezogene Schlankheitsgrad.

$$\bar{\lambda} = \frac{\lambda}{\lambda_S}$$

Hierbei bedeutet:

$$\lambda_S = \pi \cdot \sqrt{\frac{E}{\sigma_F}}$$

⇒

| σ_F N/mm ² | λ_S ≈ |
|---------------------------------|------------------|
| 240 | 93 |
| 300 | 83 |
| 360 | 76 |
| 450 | 68 |

Mit:

E

Elastizitätsmodul mit $210 \cdot 10^3 \text{Nmm}^{-2}$

Dabei gilt:²

$\lambda < 10$

Kein Nachweis nötig

$\lambda \leq 150$

Druckstäbe in Brücken des Verkehrsbaus

$\lambda \leq 200$

Füllstäbe, Hilfsstäbe

$\lambda \leq 300$

Allgemeine Grenze für Druckstäbe

2.2.2 Beispiel

Die Schlankheit λ kann berechnet werden:

$$\lambda = \frac{s_k}{i_{\min}} = \frac{500}{8,23} = 60,75$$

Der bezogene Schlankheitsgrad dazu für $\sigma_F = 240 \text{Nmm}^{-2}$.

$$\bar{\lambda} = \frac{\lambda}{\lambda_S} = \frac{60,75}{93} = 0,654$$

²Diese Grenze steht nicht explizit in der TGL 15503 Neu Teil 1. Jedoch beginnen die Tabellen des Knickfaktors φ erst ab $\lambda > 10$. Sowie bei der Auswertung des Koeffizienten c_1 bei der Imperfektion μ_N lässt diese Grenze vermuten.

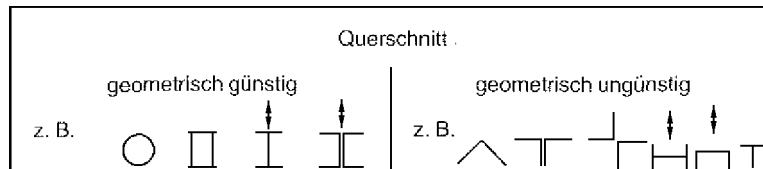
2.3 Entscheidungskriterium geometrisch günstig/ungünstig D

2.3.1 Grundlagen

Die Festlegung des Kriteriums ist notwendig für die Auswahl der Knickspannungslinie. Die TGL 13503 Neu gibt dafür eine rein grafische Auswahl an und alternativ als numerische Möglichkeit über die Berechnung einer Diskriminante D .

Grafisch über TGL 13503 Teil 1 Tabelle 2

Diese Tabelle nutzt das Kriterium günstig/ungünstig direkt.



Grafisch über TGL 13503 Teil 2 Tabelle 6

Hier ist die Auswahl indirekt eingearbeitet.

| | |
|--|--|
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - ohne Längsnähte oder - spannungsarm gegläht oder geschweißt |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - mit Längsnähten |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - ohne Längsnähte oder - spannungsarm gegläht oder geschweißt |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - mit Längsnähten |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - brenngeschnitten |

Numerisch nach TGL 13503 Teil 2 Abschnitt 6.1.3. Knickfaktoren

Als geometrisch günstig gilt ein Querschnitt dann, wenn gilt:

$$D = \frac{\sqrt{A \cdot I}}{W_{pl}} < 1,15 \quad \text{oder} \quad D = \frac{z}{i \cdot \alpha} < 1,15$$

Wobei:

- D Wert des Entscheidungskriteriums
- z Randfaserabstand vom Schwerpunkt aus
- α der Quotient W_{pl}/W_{el} aus dem plastischen bzw. elastischen Widerstandsmoment, auch als Angabe der Systemreserve des Profils

2.3.2 Beispiel

Für die Achse 2-2 (kein Knicken zu erwarten)

Das elastische Widerstandsmoment ist ermittelbar:

$$W_{el,(2-2)} = \frac{I_{\max}}{z} = \frac{50.432}{\frac{50}{2}} = 2.017 \text{mm}^3$$

Das plastische Widerstandsmoment ist ermittelbar:

$$W_{pl,(2-2)} = \sum_i A_i \cdot z_i$$

⇒

$$W_{pl,(2-2)} = 2 \cdot \left(40 \cdot 4 \cdot \left(\frac{50}{2} - \frac{4}{2} \right) \right) + 2 \cdot \left(8 \cdot \left(\frac{50}{2} - 4 \right) \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{50}{2} - 4 \right) \right) = 10.888 \text{mm}^3$$

⇒

$$\alpha_{(2-2)} = \frac{10.888}{2.017} = 5,4$$

Damit ist die Diskriminante berechenbar:

$$D_{(2-2)} = \frac{\sqrt{656 \cdot 50.432}}{10.888} = \frac{\frac{50}{2}}{8,768 \cdot 5,4} = 0,528 < 1,15$$

Für die Achse 2 ist das Profil geometrisch günstig.

Für die Achse 1-1 (knickgefährdete Achse)

Das elastische Widerstandsmoment ist ermittelbar:

$$W_{el,(1-1)} = \frac{I_{\min}}{z} = \frac{44.459}{\frac{40}{2}} = 2.223 \text{mm}^3$$

Das plastische Widerstandsmoment ist ermittelbar:

$$W_{pl,(1-1)} = \sum_i A_i \cdot z_i$$

⇒

$$W_{pl,(1-1)} = 4 \cdot \left(\frac{40}{2} \cdot 4 \cdot \frac{40}{4} \right) + 2 \cdot \left((50 - 2 \cdot 4) \cdot \frac{8}{2} \cdot \frac{8}{4} \right) = 3.872 \text{mm}^3$$

⇒

$$\alpha = \frac{3.872}{2.223} = 1,742$$

Damit ist die Diskriminante berechenbar:

$$D_{(1-1)} = \frac{\sqrt{656 \cdot 44.459}}{3.872} = \frac{\frac{40}{2}}{8,23 \cdot 1,742} = 1,395 > 1,15$$

Für die Achse 1 ist das Profil geometrisch ungünstig.

Auswahl der Knickspannungslinie

Damit ist durch Tabelle 2 nach TGL 13503 Neu Teil 1 die Knickspannungslinie b mit den Koeffizienten $c_1 = 10$ und $c_2 = 320$ gültig.

Mit $\bar{\lambda} = 0,654$ ergibt sich nach Tabelle 1 nach TGL 13503 Neu Teil 1 ein Knickfaktor φ von:

$$\varphi = 0,807$$

Alternativ dazu nach Seite 17 TGL 13503 Neu Teil 1 Tabelle $\sigma_F = 240 \text{Nmm}^{-2}$ Knickspannungslinie b für $\lambda = 60,75$:

$$\varphi = 0,804$$

2.4 Imperfektion des gedrückten Stabes μ_N

2.4.1 Grundlagen

Für die Berechnung der Imperfektion³ gibt die TGL 13503 Neu Teil 1 Abschnitt 9.1 eine Möglichkeit an.

Imperfektion

$$\mu_N = \frac{\lambda \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\sigma_F}{\sigma_F^*}} - c_1}{c_2} = \frac{92,93 \cdot \bar{\lambda} - c_1}{c_2} \approx \frac{93 \cdot \bar{\lambda} - c_1}{c_2} \geq 0$$

Wobei:

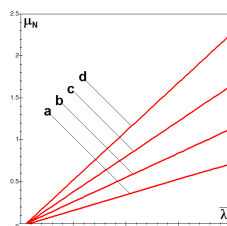
| | |
|--------------|--|
| c_1, c_2 | abhängig und ablesbar aus der Tabelle der Knickspannungslinien |
| σ_F | Streckgrenze des benutzten Materials in Nmm^{-2} |
| σ_F^* | 240Nmm^{-2} |

2.4.2 Beispiel

Die Imperfektion μ_N ist definiert für $\sigma_F = 240\text{Nmm}^{-2}$:

$$\mu_N = \frac{\lambda \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\sigma_F}{\sigma_F^*}} - c_1}{c_2} = \frac{60,75 - 10}{320} = 0,159 \geq 0$$

³Die grafische Darstellung der Imperfektion μ_N :



2.5 Numerische Bestimmung des Knickfaktors φ

2.5.1 Grundlagen

Knickfaktor

Neben der grafischen Bestimmung des Knickfaktors⁴ gibt die TGL 13503 Neu Teil 2 Abschnitt 6.1.3 eine numerische Möglichkeit der Bestimmung von φ an. So gilt:

$$\varphi = p - \sqrt{p^2 - q}$$

Mit:

$$p = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{1 + \mu_N}{\bar{\lambda}^2} + 1 \right) \quad q = \frac{1}{\bar{\lambda}^2}$$

Mit:

μ_N Imperfektion des gedrückten Stabes

2.5.2 Beispiel

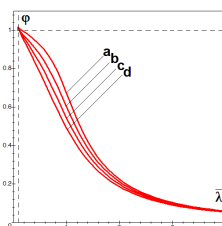
Über die bekannten Werte von μ_N und $\bar{\lambda}$ ist φ ermittelbar.

$$p = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{1 + 0,159}{0,654^2} + 1 \right) = 1,855 \quad q = \frac{1}{0,654^2} = 2,338$$

⇒

$$\varphi = 1,855 - \sqrt{1,855^2 - 2,338} = 0,805$$

⁴Die grafische Darstellung der Knicklinien zwecks Berechnung des Knickfaktors φ :



2.6 Auslenkamplitude des imperfekten Stabes u

2.6.1 Grundlagen

Die Auslenkung des imperfekten Stabes kann informativ nach TGL 13503 Neu Teil 2 Abschnitt 6.1.2 berechnet werden.

$$u = \mu_N \cdot \frac{W_T}{A}$$

Auslenkung

Dabei ist W_T das modifizierte Widerstandsmoment nach TGL 13503 Neu Teil 2 Abschnitt 9.1. Dort wird man direkt zur TGL 13500 Neu Teil 2 Abschnitt 2.1.1 umgeleitet.

$$W_T = \frac{W_{el} + W_{pl}}{2} \leq 1,2 \cdot W_{el}$$

2.6.2 Beispiel

Für vorliegendes Beispiel gilt dann:

$$W_{T,(1-1)} = \frac{W_{el,(1-1)} + W_{pl,(1-1)}}{2} \leq 1,2 \cdot W_{el,(1-1)}$$

⇒

$$W_{T,(1-1)} = \frac{2.223 + 3.872}{2} \leq 1,2 \cdot 2.223$$

⇒

$$W_{T,(1-1)} = 3.047,5 \text{ mm}^3 \geq 2.667,6 \text{ mm}^3$$

⇒

$$W_{T,(1-1)} = 2.667,6 \text{ mm}^3$$

⇒

$$u = 0,159 \cdot \frac{2.667,6}{656} = 0,647 \text{ mm}$$

3 Beispiel - Nachweis

Nachweis

Erfolgt jetzt im Grenzlastfall H durch:

$$\sigma_{vorh} = \frac{F}{A} \leq \sigma_{zul} \cdot \varphi$$

⇒

$$\frac{120.000}{656} \leq 160 \cdot 0,805$$

⇒

$$183\text{Nmm}^{-2} > 129\text{Nmm}^{-2}$$

Der Nachweis ist nicht erfüllt.

4 Anhang

4.1 Werkstoffeigenschaften

Anhang

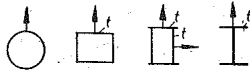
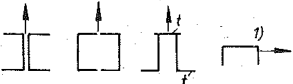
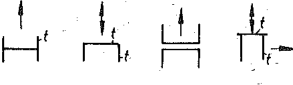
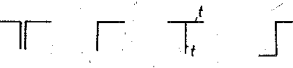

| Festigkeitsklasse | Zugfestigkeit σ_B N/mm ² | Streckgrenze σ_F N/mm ² | Bruchdehnung δ_5 % | Elastizitätsmodul E N/mm ² | Schubmodul G N/mm ² | Wärme-dehnzahl α_t 1/K |
|-------------------|--|---|---------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| S 38/24 | 380 | 240 | 25 | 210 000 | 81 000 | 0,000 012 |
| S 45/30 | 450 | 300 | 22 | | | |
| S 52/36 | 520 | 360 | 22 | | | |
| S 60/45 | 600 | 450 | 20 | | | |

| Nr. | Art der Bauteile oder Schweißnähte | Beanspruchung | S 38/24 Grenzlastfall | | | S 45/30 Grenzlastfall | | | S 52/36 Grenzlastfall | | | S 60/45 Grenzlastfall | | | | | |
|-----|---|---------------------------|--------------------------|----|------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|--------------------------|-----|-----|--------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | | | H | HZ | S | H | HZ | S | H | HZ | S | H | HZ | S | | | |
| 1 | Grundwerkstoff in geschraubten, genieteten oder geschweißten Konstruktionen | Zug, Druck | σ_z | | σ_y | 160 | 180 | 200 | 200 | 225 | 250 | 240 | 270 | 300 | 300 | 338 | 376 |
| 2 | | Schub | τ | | | 92 | 104 | 116 | 116 | 131 | 146 | 139 | 156 | 173 | 173 | 195 | 217 |
| 3 | | mehrachsig, Nachweis | σ_z | | σ_y | 180 | 190 | 200 | 225 | 238 | 250 | 270 | 285 | 300 | 338 | 357 | 376 |
| 4 | | nach Formel (3) oder (3a) | τ | | | 104 | 110 | 116 | 131 | 139 | 146 | 156 | 165 | 173 | 195 | 206 | 217 |

4.2 Knickspannungslinien

| Eigen- spannungen | Querschnitt | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | geometrisch günstig | | | geometrisch ungünstig | | |
| | z. B. | | | z. B. | | |
| | Knick- spannungslinie | c ₁ | c ₂ | Knick- spannungslinie | c ₁ | c ₂ |
| gering | a | 15 | 500 | b | 10 | 320 |
| t ≤ 40 mm ^{*1)} | b | 10 | 320 | c | 10 | 220 |
| hoch t > 40 mm ^{*1)} | c | 10 | 220 | d | 10 | 160 |

Oder:

| Querschnitt und Knickrichtung | Eigenspannungseinfluß | Dicke t mm | Knicks- pannungslinie |
|---|---|---------------|--------------------------|
|  | - ohne Längsnähte oder - spannungsarm geglüht oder geschweißt | - | a |
|  | - mit Längsnähten | ≤ 40 | b |
| | | > 40 | c |
|  | - ohne Längsnähte oder - spannungsarm geglüht oder geschweißt | - | b |
|  | - mit Längsnähten | ≤ 40 | c |
| | | > 40 | d |
|  | - brenngeschnitten | - | c |

4.3 Knickfaktor φ über $\bar{\lambda}$

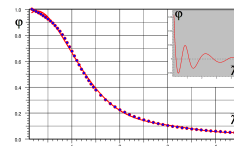
| $\bar{\lambda}$ | φ für Knickspannungslinie | | | | $\bar{\lambda}$ | φ für Knickspannungslinie | | | |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | a | b | c | d | | a | b | c | d |
| 0.108 | | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.6 | 0.337 | 0.313 | 0.290 | 0.267 |
| 0.15 | | 0.988 | 0.982 | 0.975 | 1.7 | .303 | .283 | .263 | .243 |
| 0.161 | 1.000 | | | | 1.8 | .273 | .256 | .239 | .222 |
| 0.2 | 0.993 | 0.973 | 0.961 | 0.947 | 1.9 | .248 | .233 | .218 | .203 |
| 0.25 | .983 | .958 | .940 | .919 | 2.0 | .225 | .213 | .200 | .187 |
| 0.3 | .973 | .942 | .919 | .892 | 2.1 | .206 | .195 | .184 | .172 |
| 0.35 | .962 | .926 | .897 | .864 | 2.2 | .188 | .179 | .169 | .159 |
| 0.4 | .950 | .910 | .874 | .836 | 2.3 | .173 | .165 | .157 | .147 |
| 0.45 | .938 | .892 | .851 | .808 | 2.4 | .160 | .153 | .145 | .137 |
| 0.5 | .924 | .873 | .827 | .779 | 2.5 | .148 | .142 | .135 | .128 |
| 0.55 | .909 | .852 | .802 | .751 | 2.6 | .1373 | .1317 | .1256 | .1190 |
| 0.6 | .893 | .831 | .776 | .721 | 2.7 | .1277 | .1227 | .1172 | .1113 |
| 0.65 | .874 | .807 | .749 | .692 | 2.8 | .1191 | .1145 | .1097 | .1043 |
| 0.7 | .853 | .782 | .721 | .662 | 2.9 | .1113 | .1073 | .1029 | .0980 |
| 0.75 | .830 | .755 | .692 | .633 | 3.0 | .1043 | .1007 | .0966 | .0922 |
| 0.8 | .804 | .727 | .663 | .604 | 3.1 | .0979 | .0946 | .0909 | .0869 |
| 0.85 | .775 | .697 | .634 | .575 | 3.2 | .0921 | .0891 | .0857 | .0820 |
| 0.9 | .743 | .667 | .604 | .547 | 3.3 | .0867 | .0840 | .0809 | .0775 |
| 0.95 | .710 | .635 | .575 | .520 | 3.4 | .0819 | .0794 | .0765 | .0734 |
| 1.0 | .676 | .604 | .546 | .494 | 3.5 | .0774 | .0751 | .0725 | .0696 |
| 1.05 | .640 | .573 | .518 | .469 | 3.6 | .0733 | .0712 | .0688 | .0661 |
| 1.1 | .605 | .543 | .492 | .445 | 3.7 | .0695 | .0675 | .0653 | .0628 |
| 1.15 | .571 | .514 | .466 | .422 | 3.8 | .0659 | .0642 | .0621 | .0598 |
| 1.2 | .538 | .486 | .441 | .400 | 3.9 | .0627 | .0610 | .0591 | .0570 |
| 1.25 | .507 | .459 | .418 | .380 | 4.0 | .0597 | .0581 | .0564 | .0544 |
| 1.3 | .477 | .434 | .396 | .361 | 4.1 | .0569 | .0554 | .0538 | .0519 |
| 1.35 | .450 | .411 | .376 | .342 | 4.2 | .0542 | .0529 | .0514 | .0496 |
| 1.4 | .424 | .388 | .356 | .325 | 4.3 | .0518 | .0506 | .0491 | .0475 |
| 1.45 | .400 | .368 | .338 | .309 | 4.4 | .0495 | .0484 | .0470 | .0455 |
| 1.5 | .377 | .348 | .321 | .294 | 4.5 | .0474 | .0463 | .0451 | .0436 |

5)

⁵Obwohl eine numerische Berechnungsgrundlage für φ bekannt ist, im Folgenden die Regressionspolynome 6. Grades zur Berechnung des Knickfaktors sowie die grafische Darstellung der Tabellenwerte und der regressierten Funktion, weiterhin die zu erwartende Abweichung zwischen Tabellen- und Regressionswerte.

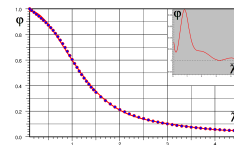
- **Knicklinie a:**

$$\varphi_a = 0,88687 + \frac{\bar{\lambda}}{1,22162} - \frac{\bar{\lambda}^2}{0,71406^2} + \frac{\bar{\lambda}^3}{0,93342^3} - \frac{\bar{\lambda}^4}{1,29255^4} + \frac{\bar{\lambda}^5}{1,81737^5} - \frac{\bar{\lambda}^6}{2,66812^6}$$



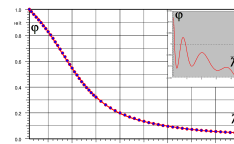
- **Knicklinie b:**

$$\varphi_b = 0,9614 + \frac{\bar{\lambda}}{3,22501} - \frac{\bar{\lambda}^2}{0,86174^2} + \frac{\bar{\lambda}^3}{1,03053^3} - \frac{\bar{\lambda}^4}{1,37746^4} + \frac{\bar{\lambda}^5}{1,89919^5} - \frac{\bar{\lambda}^6}{2,75272^6}$$



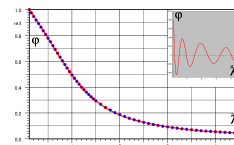
- **Knicklinie c:**

$$\varphi_c = 1,00093 + \frac{\bar{\lambda}}{744,6704} - \frac{\bar{\lambda}^2}{0,99634^2} + \frac{\bar{\lambda}^3}{1,09104^3} - \frac{\bar{\lambda}^4}{1,4114^4} + \frac{\bar{\lambda}^5}{1,91167^5} - \frac{\bar{\lambda}^6}{2,73925^6}$$



- **Knicklinie d:**

$$\varphi_d = 1,03519 - \frac{\bar{\lambda}}{3,06801} - \frac{\bar{\lambda}^2}{1,27696^2} + \frac{\bar{\lambda}^3}{1,20656^3} - \frac{\bar{\lambda}^4}{1,49259^4} + \frac{\bar{\lambda}^5}{1,97822^5} - \frac{\bar{\lambda}^6}{2,79876^6}$$



4.4 Knickfaktor φ über λ

Für die Kennlinie d gibt es keine Ablesemöglichkeit über λ in der TGL 13503 Neu Teil 1.

4.4.1 $\sigma_F = 240\text{Nmm}^{-2}$, Kennlinie – a

| λ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | λ |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|------|------|-----------|
| 10 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | ,998 | ,996 | ,994 | ,992 | 10 |
| 20 | ,990 | ,988 | ,985 | ,983 | ,981 | ,979 | ,977 | ,975 | ,972 | ,970 | 20 |
| 30 | ,968 | ,965 | ,963 | ,961 | ,958 | ,956 | ,953 | ,951 | ,948 | ,946 | 30 |
| 40 | ,943 | ,940 | ,937 | ,935 | ,932 | ,929 | ,926 | ,923 | ,920 | ,916 | 40 |
| 50 | ,913 | ,910 | ,906 | ,903 | ,899 | ,896 | ,892 | ,888 | ,884 | ,880 | 50 |
| 60 | ,876 | ,872 | ,867 | ,863 | ,858 | ,853 | ,849 | ,844 | ,839 | ,833 | 60 |
| 70 | ,828 | ,823 | ,817 | ,811 | ,806 | ,800 | ,794 | ,787 | ,781 | ,775 | 70 |
| 80 | ,768 | ,762 | ,755 | ,748 | ,741 | ,734 | ,727 | ,720 | ,712 | ,705 | 80 |
| 90 | ,697 | ,690 | ,683 | ,675 | ,667 | ,660 | ,652 | ,645 | ,637 | ,630 | 90 |
| 100 | ,622 | ,614 | ,607 | ,600 | ,592 | ,585 | ,577 | ,570 | ,563 | ,556 | 100 |
| 110 | ,549 | ,542 | ,535 | ,528 | ,521 | ,515 | ,508 | ,501 | ,495 | ,489 | 110 |
| 120 | ,432 | ,424 | ,419 | ,414 | ,409 | ,404 | ,399 | ,394 | ,389 | ,384 | 120 |
| 130 | ,424 | ,419 | ,414 | ,409 | ,404 | ,399 | ,394 | ,389 | ,384 | ,379 | 130 |
| 140 | ,375 | ,370 | ,366 | ,361 | ,357 | ,353 | ,348 | ,344 | ,340 | ,336 | 140 |
| 150 | ,332 | ,328 | ,325 | ,321 | ,317 | ,313 | ,310 | ,306 | ,303 | ,300 | 150 |
| 160 | ,296 | ,293 | ,290 | ,286 | ,283 | ,280 | ,277 | ,274 | ,271 | ,268 | 160 |
| 170 | ,265 | ,263 | ,260 | ,257 | ,254 | ,252 | ,249 | ,246 | ,244 | ,241 | 170 |
| 180 | ,239 | ,236 | ,234 | ,232 | ,229 | ,227 | ,225 | ,223 | ,220 | ,218 | 180 |
| 190 | ,216 | ,214 | ,212 | ,210 | ,208 | ,206 | ,204 | ,202 | ,200 | ,198 | 190 |
| 200 | ,196 | ,195 | ,193 | ,191 | ,189 | ,187 | ,186 | ,184 | ,182 | ,181 | 200 |
| 210 | ,179 | ,178 | ,176 | ,174 | ,173 | ,171 | ,170 | ,168 | ,167 | ,165 | 210 |
| 220 | ,164 | ,163 | ,161 | ,160 | ,159 | ,157 | ,156 | ,155 | ,153 | ,152 | 220 |
| 230 | ,151 | ,150 | ,148 | ,147 | ,146 | ,145 | ,144 | ,142 | ,141 | ,140 | 230 |
| 240 | ,139 | ,138 | ,137 | ,136 | ,135 | ,134 | ,133 | ,132 | ,131 | ,130 | 240 |
| 250 | ,129 | ,128 | ,127 | ,126 | ,125 | ,124 | ,123 | ,122 | ,121 | ,120 | 250 |
| 260 | ,119 | ,118 | ,118 | ,117 | ,116 | ,115 | ,114 | ,113 | ,113 | ,112 | 260 |
| 270 | ,111 | ,110 | ,109 | ,109 | ,108 | ,107 | ,106 | ,106 | ,105 | ,104 | 270 |
| 280 | ,103 | ,103 | ,102 | ,101 | ,101 | ,100 | ,099 | ,099 | ,098 | ,097 | 280 |
| 290 | ,097 | ,096 | ,095 | ,095 | ,094 | ,094 | ,093 | ,092 | ,092 | ,091 | 290 |
| 300 | ,093 | | | | | | | | | | 300 |

6)

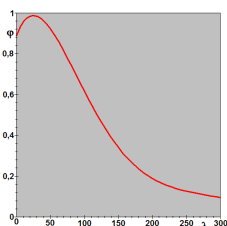
⁶Aus Abschnitt 4.3 und mit $\lambda_S = 92,92956392$:

$$\varphi_a = 0,88687 + \frac{\lambda/\lambda_S}{1,22162} - \frac{\lambda^2/\lambda_S^2}{0,71406^2} + \frac{\lambda^3/\lambda_S^3}{0,93342^3} - \frac{\lambda^4/\lambda_S^4}{1,29255^4} + \frac{\lambda^5/\lambda_S^5}{1,81737^5} - \frac{\lambda^6/\lambda_S^6}{2,66812^6}$$

⇒

$$\varphi_a = 0,88687 + \frac{\lambda}{113,52461} - \frac{\lambda^2}{66,35728^2} + \frac{\lambda^3}{86,74231^3} - \frac{\lambda^4}{120,11611^4} + \frac{\lambda^5}{168,8874^5} - \frac{\lambda^6}{247,94723^6}$$

⇒



Im Bereich $\lambda \leq 50$ ist mit größeren Abweichungen zu rechnen.

4.4.2 $\sigma_F = 240\text{Nmm}^{-2}$, Kennlinie – b

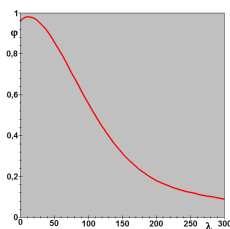
| λ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | λ |
|-----------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----------|
| 10 | 1,000 | ,997 | ,994 | ,991 | ,987 | ,984 | ,981 | ,978 | ,975 | ,972 | 10 |
| 20 | ,968 | ,965 | ,962 | ,959 | ,955 | ,952 | ,949 | ,945 | ,942 | ,939 | 20 |
| 30 | ,935 | ,932 | ,928 | ,925 | ,921 | ,918 | ,914 | ,910 | ,907 | ,903 | 30 |
| 40 | ,899 | ,895 | ,891 | ,887 | ,883 | ,879 | ,875 | ,871 | ,866 | ,862 | 40 |
| 50 | ,857 | ,853 | ,848 | ,844 | ,839 | ,834 | ,829 | ,824 | ,819 | ,814 | 50 |
| 60 | ,809 | ,804 | ,799 | ,793 | ,788 | ,782 | ,777 | ,771 | ,765 | ,759 | 60 |
| 70 | ,753 | ,747 | ,741 | ,735 | ,729 | ,723 | ,716 | ,710 | ,704 | ,697 | 70 |
| 80 | ,691 | ,684 | ,677 | ,671 | ,664 | ,657 | ,651 | ,644 | ,637 | ,631 | 80 |
| 90 | ,624 | ,617 | ,611 | ,604 | ,597 | ,590 | ,584 | ,577 | ,571 | ,564 | 90 |
| 100 | ,558 | ,551 | ,545 | ,538 | ,532 | ,526 | ,519 | ,513 | ,507 | ,501 | 100 |
| 110 | ,495 | ,489 | ,483 | ,477 | ,472 | ,466 | ,460 | ,455 | ,449 | ,444 | 110 |
| 120 | ,439 | ,433 | ,428 | ,423 | ,418 | ,413 | ,408 | ,403 | ,398 | ,394 | 120 |
| 130 | ,389 | ,384 | ,380 | ,375 | ,371 | ,367 | ,362 | ,358 | ,354 | ,350 | 130 |
| 140 | ,346 | ,342 | ,338 | ,334 | ,330 | ,327 | ,323 | ,319 | ,316 | ,312 | 140 |
| 150 | ,309 | ,305 | ,302 | ,299 | ,295 | ,292 | ,289 | ,286 | ,283 | ,280 | 150 |
| 160 | ,277 | ,274 | ,271 | ,268 | ,265 | ,263 | ,260 | ,257 | ,254 | ,252 | 160 |
| 170 | ,249 | ,247 | ,244 | ,242 | ,239 | ,237 | ,234 | ,232 | ,230 | ,228 | 170 |
| 180 | ,225 | ,223 | ,221 | ,219 | ,217 | ,215 | ,213 | ,211 | ,209 | ,207 | 180 |
| 190 | ,205 | ,203 | ,201 | ,199 | ,197 | ,195 | ,193 | ,192 | ,190 | ,188 | 190 |
| 200 | ,187 | ,185 | ,183 | ,182 | ,180 | ,178 | ,177 | ,175 | ,174 | ,172 | 200 |
| 210 | ,171 | ,169 | ,168 | ,166 | ,165 | ,163 | ,162 | ,161 | ,159 | ,158 | 210 |
| 220 | ,157 | ,155 | ,154 | ,153 | ,152 | ,150 | ,149 | ,148 | ,147 | ,145 | 220 |
| 230 | ,144 | ,143 | ,142 | ,141 | ,140 | ,139 | ,138 | ,137 | ,135 | ,134 | 230 |
| 240 | ,133 | ,132 | ,131 | ,130 | ,129 | ,128 | ,127 | ,126 | ,125 | ,124 | 240 |
| 250 | ,124 | ,123 | ,122 | ,121 | ,120 | ,119 | ,118 | ,117 | ,116 | ,116 | 250 |
| 260 | ,115 | ,114 | ,113 | ,112 | ,112 | ,111 | ,110 | ,109 | ,108 | ,108 | 260 |
| 270 | ,107 | ,106 | ,105 | ,105 | ,104 | ,103 | ,103 | ,102 | ,101 | ,101 | 270 |
| 280 | ,100 | ,099 | ,099 | ,098 | ,097 | ,097 | ,096 | ,095 | ,095 | ,094 | 280 |
| 290 | ,093 | ,093 | ,092 | ,092 | ,091 | ,090 | ,090 | ,089 | ,089 | ,088 | 290 |
| 300 | ,088 | | | | | | | | | | 300 |

7)

⁷Aus Abschnitt 4.3 und mit $\lambda_S = 92,92956392$:

$$\varphi_b = 0,9614 + \frac{\lambda/\lambda_S}{3,22501} - \frac{\lambda^2/\lambda_S^2}{0,86174^2} + \frac{\lambda^3/\lambda_S^3}{1,03053^3} - \frac{\lambda^4/\lambda_S^4}{1,37746^4} + \frac{\lambda^5/\lambda_S^5}{1,89919^5} - \frac{\lambda^6/\lambda_S^6}{2,75272^6}$$

$$\Rightarrow \varphi_b = 0,9614 + \frac{\lambda}{299,69877} - \frac{\lambda^2}{80,08112^2} + \frac{\lambda^3}{95,7667^3} - \frac{\lambda^4}{128,00676^4} + \frac{\lambda^5}{176,4909^5} - \frac{\lambda^6}{255,80907^6}$$



Im Bereich $\lambda \leq 50$ ist mit größeren Abweichungen zu rechnen.

4.4.3 $\sigma_F = 240\text{Nmm}^{-2}$, Kennlinie – c

| λ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | λ |
|-----------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----------|
| 10 | 1,000 | ,995 | ,991 | ,986 | ,982 | ,977 | ,973 | ,968 | ,964 | ,959 | 10 |
| 20 | ,955 | ,950 | ,946 | ,941 | ,936 | ,932 | ,927 | ,923 | ,918 | ,913 | 20 |
| 30 | ,909 | ,904 | ,899 | ,895 | ,890 | ,885 | ,880 | ,875 | ,870 | ,865 | 30 |
| 40 | ,860 | ,855 | ,850 | ,845 | ,840 | ,835 | ,830 | ,824 | ,819 | ,814 | 40 |
| 50 | ,808 | ,803 | ,797 | ,792 | ,786 | ,780 | ,775 | ,769 | ,763 | ,757 | 50 |
| 60 | ,751 | ,745 | ,739 | ,733 | ,727 | ,721 | ,715 | ,709 | ,703 | ,697 | 60 |
| 70 | ,690 | ,684 | ,678 | ,672 | ,665 | ,659 | ,653 | ,646 | ,640 | ,634 | 70 |
| 80 | ,627 | ,621 | ,614 | ,608 | ,602 | ,595 | ,589 | ,583 | ,577 | ,570 | 80 |
| 90 | ,564 | ,558 | ,552 | ,546 | ,540 | ,534 | ,528 | ,522 | ,516 | ,510 | 90 |
| 100 | ,504 | ,498 | ,493 | ,487 | ,482 | ,476 | ,471 | ,465 | ,460 | ,454 | 100 |
| 110 | ,449 | ,444 | ,439 | ,434 | ,429 | ,424 | ,419 | ,414 | ,409 | ,405 | 110 |
| 120 | ,400 | ,395 | ,391 | ,386 | ,382 | ,377 | ,373 | ,369 | ,365 | ,361 | 120 |
| 130 | ,357 | ,353 | ,349 | ,345 | ,341 | ,337 | ,333 | ,330 | ,326 | ,322 | 130 |
| 140 | ,319 | ,315 | ,312 | ,308 | ,305 | ,302 | ,299 | ,295 | ,292 | ,289 | 140 |
| 150 | ,286 | ,283 | ,280 | ,277 | ,274 | ,271 | ,268 | ,266 | ,263 | ,260 | 150 |
| 160 | ,258 | ,255 | ,252 | ,250 | ,247 | ,245 | ,242 | ,240 | ,238 | ,235 | 160 |
| 170 | ,233 | ,231 | ,228 | ,226 | ,224 | ,222 | ,220 | ,217 | ,215 | ,213 | 170 |
| 180 | ,211 | ,209 | ,207 | ,205 | ,204 | ,202 | ,200 | ,198 | ,196 | ,194 | 180 |
| 190 | ,193 | ,191 | ,189 | ,187 | ,186 | ,184 | ,182 | ,181 | ,179 | ,178 | 190 |
| 200 | ,176 | ,175 | ,173 | ,172 | ,170 | ,169 | ,167 | ,166 | ,164 | ,163 | 200 |
| 210 | ,162 | ,160 | ,159 | ,158 | ,156 | ,155 | ,154 | ,152 | ,151 | ,150 | 210 |
| 220 | ,149 | ,147 | ,146 | ,145 | ,144 | ,143 | ,142 | ,141 | ,139 | ,138 | 220 |
| 230 | ,137 | ,136 | ,135 | ,134 | ,133 | ,132 | ,131 | ,130 | ,129 | ,128 | 230 |
| 240 | ,127 | ,126 | ,125 | ,124 | ,123 | ,122 | ,122 | ,121 | ,120 | ,119 | 240 |
| 250 | ,118 | ,117 | ,116 | ,115 | ,115 | ,114 | ,113 | ,112 | ,111 | ,111 | 250 |
| 260 | ,110 | ,109 | ,108 | ,108 | ,107 | ,106 | ,105 | ,105 | ,104 | ,103 | 260 |
| 270 | ,102 | ,102 | ,101 | ,100 | ,100 | ,099 | ,098 | ,098 | ,097 | ,096 | 270 |
| 280 | ,096 | ,095 | ,095 | ,094 | ,093 | ,093 | ,092 | ,092 | ,091 | ,090 | 280 |
| 290 | ,090 | ,089 | ,089 | ,088 | ,088 | ,087 | ,086 | ,086 | ,085 | ,085 | 290 |
| 300 | ,084 | | | | | | | | | | 300 |

8)

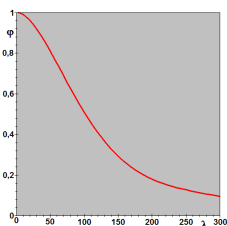
⁸Aus Abschnitt 4.3 und mit $\lambda_S = 92,92956392$:

$$\varphi_c = 1,00093 + \frac{\lambda/\lambda_S}{744,6704} - \frac{\lambda^2/\lambda_S^2}{0,99634^2} + \frac{\lambda^3/\lambda_S^3}{1,09104^3} - \frac{\lambda^4/\lambda_S^4}{1,4114^4} + \frac{\lambda^5/\lambda_S^5}{1,91167^5} - \frac{\lambda^6/\lambda_S^6}{2,73925^6}$$

⇒

$$\varphi_c = 1,00093 + \frac{\lambda}{6.9201,8955} - \frac{\lambda^2}{92,58944^2} + \frac{\lambda^3}{101,38987^3} - \frac{\lambda^4}{131,16079^4} + \frac{\lambda^5}{177,65066^5} - \frac{\lambda^6}{254,55731^6}$$

⇒



Im Bereich $\lambda \leq 50$ ist mit größeren Abweichungen zu rechnen.

4.4.4 $\sigma_F = 300\text{Nmm}^{-2}$, Kennlinie – a

| λ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | λ |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----------|
| 10 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | ,999 | ,996 | ,994 | ,992 | ,989 | ,987 | 10 |
| 20 | ,985 | ,982 | ,980 | ,977 | ,975 | ,972 | ,970 | ,967 | ,965 | ,962 | 20 |
| 30 | ,959 | ,957 | ,954 | ,951 | ,948 | ,945 | ,942 | ,939 | ,936 | ,933 | 30 |
| 40 | ,930 | ,926 | ,923 | ,919 | ,916 | ,912 | ,908 | ,904 | ,900 | ,896 | 40 |
| 50 | ,892 | ,888 | ,883 | ,879 | ,874 | ,869 | ,865 | ,859 | ,854 | ,849 | 50 |
| 60 | ,843 | ,838 | ,832 | ,826 | ,820 | ,813 | ,807 | ,800 | ,793 | ,787 | 60 |
| 70 | ,779 | ,772 | ,765 | ,757 | ,750 | ,742 | ,734 | ,726 | ,718 | ,710 | 70 |
| 80 | ,702 | ,693 | ,685 | ,677 | ,668 | ,660 | ,651 | ,643 | ,634 | ,626 | 80 |
| 90 | ,617 | ,609 | ,601 | ,592 | ,584 | ,576 | ,568 | ,560 | ,552 | ,544 | 90 |
| 100 | ,536 | ,529 | ,521 | ,514 | ,506 | ,499 | ,492 | ,485 | ,478 | ,471 | 100 |
| 110 | ,434 | ,428 | ,421 | ,414 | ,408 | ,402 | ,396 | ,390 | ,384 | ,378 | 110 |
| 120 | ,363 | ,357 | ,351 | ,345 | ,339 | ,333 | ,327 | ,321 | ,315 | ,309 | 120 |
| 130 | ,351 | ,346 | ,342 | ,337 | ,333 | ,329 | ,324 | ,320 | ,316 | ,312 | 130 |
| 140 | ,308 | ,304 | ,300 | ,297 | ,293 | ,289 | ,286 | ,282 | ,279 | ,275 | 140 |
| 150 | ,272 | ,269 | ,266 | ,262 | ,259 | ,256 | ,253 | ,250 | ,247 | ,244 | 150 |
| 160 | ,242 | ,239 | ,236 | ,234 | ,231 | ,228 | ,226 | ,223 | ,221 | ,218 | 160 |
| 170 | ,216 | ,214 | ,211 | ,209 | ,207 | ,205 | ,202 | ,200 | ,198 | ,196 | 170 |
| 180 | ,194 | ,192 | ,190 | ,188 | ,186 | ,184 | ,182 | ,181 | ,179 | ,177 | 180 |
| 190 | ,175 | ,174 | ,172 | ,170 | ,169 | ,167 | ,165 | ,164 | ,162 | ,161 | 190 |
| 200 | ,159 | ,158 | ,156 | ,155 | ,153 | ,152 | ,150 | ,149 | ,148 | ,146 | 200 |
| 210 | ,145 | ,144 | ,142 | ,141 | ,140 | ,139 | ,137 | ,136 | ,135 | ,134 | 210 |
| 220 | ,133 | ,132 | ,130 | ,129 | ,128 | ,127 | ,126 | ,125 | ,124 | ,123 | 220 |
| 230 | ,122 | ,121 | ,120 | ,119 | ,118 | ,117 | ,116 | ,115 | ,114 | ,113 | 230 |
| 240 | ,112 | ,111 | ,110 | ,110 | ,109 | ,108 | ,107 | ,106 | ,105 | ,105 | 240 |
| 250 | ,104 | ,103 | ,102 | ,101 | ,101 | ,100 | ,099 | ,098 | ,098 | ,097 | 250 |
| 260 | ,096 | ,095 | ,095 | ,094 | ,093 | ,093 | ,092 | ,091 | ,091 | ,090 | 260 |
| 270 | ,089 | ,089 | ,088 | ,088 | ,087 | ,086 | ,086 | ,085 | ,085 | ,084 | 270 |
| 280 | ,083 | ,083 | ,082 | ,082 | ,081 | ,081 | ,080 | ,079 | ,079 | ,078 | 280 |
| 290 | ,078 | ,077 | ,077 | ,076 | ,076 | ,075 | ,075 | ,074 | ,074 | ,073 | 290 |
| 300 | ,073 | | | | | | | | | | 300 |

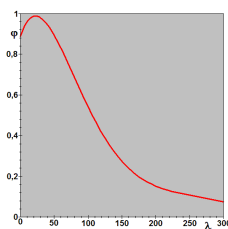
9)

⁹Aus Abschnitt 4.3 und mit $\lambda_S = 83, 11872882$:

$$\varphi_a = 0,88687 + \frac{\lambda/\lambda_S}{1,22162} - \frac{\lambda^2/\lambda_S^2}{0,71406^2} + \frac{\lambda^3/\lambda_S^3}{0,93342^3} - \frac{\lambda^4/\lambda_S^4}{1,29255^4} + \frac{\lambda^5/\lambda_S^5}{1,81737^5} - \frac{\lambda^6/\lambda_S^6}{2,66812^6}$$

$$\Rightarrow \varphi_a = 0,88687 + \frac{\lambda}{101,5395} - \frac{\lambda^2}{59,35176^2} + \frac{\lambda^3}{77,58468^3} - \frac{\lambda^4}{107,43511^4} + \frac{\lambda^5}{151,05748^5} - \frac{\lambda^6}{221,77074^6}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$



Im Bereich $\lambda \leq 50$ ist mit größeren Abweichungen zu rechnen.

4.4.5 $\sigma_F = 300\text{Nmm}^{-2}$, Kennlinie – b

| λ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | λ |
|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----------|
| 10 | ,996 | ,993 | ,989 | ,986 | ,982 | ,979 | ,975 | ,971 | ,968 | ,964 | 10 |
| 20 | ,961 | ,957 | ,953 | ,950 | ,946 | ,942 | ,938 | ,935 | ,931 | ,927 | 20 |
| 30 | ,923 | ,919 | ,915 | ,911 | ,906 | ,902 | ,898 | ,894 | ,889 | ,885 | 30 |
| 40 | ,880 | ,875 | ,871 | ,866 | ,861 | ,856 | ,851 | ,846 | ,841 | ,835 | 40 |
| 50 | ,830 | ,824 | ,819 | ,813 | ,807 | ,801 | ,795 | ,789 | ,783 | ,777 | 50 |
| 60 | ,770 | ,764 | ,757 | ,751 | ,744 | ,737 | ,730 | ,723 | ,716 | ,709 | 60 |
| 70 | ,702 | ,695 | ,687 | ,680 | ,673 | ,665 | ,658 | ,650 | ,643 | ,635 | 70 |
| 80 | ,628 | ,620 | ,613 | ,605 | ,598 | ,590 | ,583 | ,575 | ,568 | ,561 | 80 |
| 90 | ,553 | ,546 | ,539 | ,532 | ,525 | ,518 | ,511 | ,504 | ,498 | ,491 | 90 |
| 100 | ,484 | ,478 | ,471 | ,465 | ,459 | ,453 | ,447 | ,441 | ,435 | ,429 | 100 |
| 110 | ,423 | ,417 | ,412 | ,406 | ,401 | ,396 | ,390 | ,385 | ,380 | ,375 | 110 |
| 120 | ,370 | ,365 | ,361 | ,356 | ,351 | ,347 | ,342 | ,338 | ,334 | ,330 | 120 |
| 130 | ,325 | ,321 | ,317 | ,313 | ,309 | ,306 | ,302 | ,298 | ,294 | ,291 | 130 |
| 140 | ,287 | ,284 | ,281 | ,277 | ,274 | ,271 | ,267 | ,264 | ,261 | ,258 | 140 |
| 150 | ,255 | ,252 | ,249 | ,247 | ,244 | ,241 | ,238 | ,236 | ,233 | ,230 | 150 |
| 160 | ,228 | ,225 | ,223 | ,220 | ,218 | ,216 | ,213 | ,211 | ,209 | ,207 | 160 |
| 170 | ,204 | ,202 | ,200 | ,198 | ,196 | ,194 | ,192 | ,190 | ,188 | ,186 | 170 |
| 180 | ,184 | ,183 | ,181 | ,179 | ,177 | ,175 | ,174 | ,172 | ,170 | ,169 | 180 |
| 190 | ,167 | ,165 | ,164 | ,162 | ,161 | ,159 | ,158 | ,156 | ,155 | ,153 | 190 |
| 200 | ,152 | ,151 | ,149 | ,148 | ,147 | ,145 | ,144 | ,143 | ,141 | ,140 | 200 |
| 210 | ,139 | ,138 | ,136 | ,135 | ,134 | ,133 | ,132 | ,131 | ,130 | ,128 | 210 |
| 220 | ,127 | ,126 | ,125 | ,124 | ,123 | ,122 | ,121 | ,120 | ,119 | ,118 | 220 |
| 230 | ,117 | ,116 | ,115 | ,114 | ,113 | ,113 | ,112 | ,111 | ,110 | ,109 | 230 |
| 240 | ,108 | ,107 | ,107 | ,106 | ,105 | ,104 | ,103 | ,102 | ,102 | ,101 | 240 |
| 250 | ,100 | ,099 | ,099 | ,098 | ,097 | ,096 | ,096 | ,095 | ,094 | ,094 | 250 |
| 260 | ,093 | ,092 | ,092 | ,091 | ,090 | ,090 | ,089 | ,088 | ,088 | ,087 | 260 |
| 270 | ,087 | ,086 | ,085 | ,085 | ,084 | ,084 | ,083 | ,082 | ,082 | ,081 | 270 |
| 280 | ,081 | ,080 | ,080 | ,079 | ,079 | ,078 | ,078 | ,077 | ,077 | ,076 | 280 |
| 290 | ,076 | ,075 | ,075 | ,074 | ,074 | ,073 | ,073 | ,072 | ,072 | ,071 | 290 |
| 300 | ,071 | | | | | | | | | | 300 |

10)

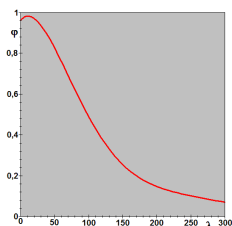
¹⁰Aus Abschnitt 4.3 und mit $\lambda_S = 83, 11872882$:

$$\varphi_b = 0,9614 + \frac{\lambda/\lambda_S}{3,22501} - \frac{\lambda^2/\lambda_S^2}{0,86174^2} + \frac{\lambda^3/\lambda_S^3}{1,03053^3} - \frac{\lambda^4/\lambda_S^4}{1,37746^4} + \frac{\lambda^5/\lambda_S^5}{1,89919^5} - \frac{\lambda^6/\lambda_S^6}{2,75272^6}$$

⇒

$$\varphi_b = 0,9614 + \frac{\lambda}{268,05873} - \frac{\lambda^2}{71,62673^2} + \frac{\lambda^3}{85,65634^3} - \frac{\lambda^4}{114,49272^4} + \frac{\lambda^5}{157,85826^5} - \frac{\lambda^6}{228,80259^6}$$

⇒



Im Bereich $\lambda \leq 50$ ist mit größeren Abweichungen zu rechnen.

4.4.6 $\sigma_F = 300\text{Nmm}^{-2}$, Kennlinie – c

| λ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | λ |
|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----------|
| 10 | ,995 | ,989 | ,984 | ,979 | ,974 | ,969 | ,964 | ,959 | ,954 | ,949 | 10 |
| 20 | ,944 | ,939 | ,934 | ,929 | ,923 | ,918 | ,913 | ,908 | ,903 | ,897 | 20 |
| 30 | ,892 | ,887 | ,881 | ,876 | ,870 | ,865 | ,859 | ,854 | ,848 | ,842 | 30 |
| 40 | ,836 | ,830 | ,825 | ,819 | ,813 | ,806 | ,800 | ,794 | ,788 | ,782 | 40 |
| 50 | ,775 | ,769 | ,762 | ,756 | ,749 | ,743 | ,736 | ,729 | ,722 | ,715 | 50 |
| 60 | ,709 | ,702 | ,695 | ,688 | ,681 | ,674 | ,667 | ,660 | ,652 | ,645 | 60 |
| 70 | ,638 | ,631 | ,624 | ,617 | ,610 | ,603 | ,596 | ,589 | ,582 | ,575 | 70 |
| 80 | ,568 | ,561 | ,554 | ,547 | ,540 | ,534 | ,527 | ,520 | ,514 | ,507 | 80 |
| 90 | ,501 | ,494 | ,488 | ,482 | ,475 | ,469 | ,463 | ,457 | ,451 | ,446 | 90 |
| 100 | ,440 | ,434 | ,429 | ,423 | ,418 | ,412 | ,407 | ,402 | ,396 | ,391 | 100 |
| 110 | ,386 | ,381 | ,377 | ,372 | ,367 | ,362 | ,358 | ,353 | ,349 | ,344 | 110 |
| 120 | ,340 | ,336 | ,332 | ,328 | ,324 | ,320 | ,316 | ,312 | ,308 | ,304 | 120 |
| 130 | ,301 | ,297 | ,293 | ,290 | ,287 | ,283 | ,280 | ,277 | ,273 | ,270 | 130 |
| 140 | ,267 | ,264 | ,261 | ,258 | ,255 | ,252 | ,249 | ,246 | ,244 | ,241 | 140 |
| 150 | ,238 | ,236 | ,233 | ,230 | ,228 | ,225 | ,223 | ,221 | ,218 | ,216 | 150 |
| 160 | ,214 | ,211 | ,209 | ,207 | ,205 | ,203 | ,201 | ,198 | ,196 | ,194 | 160 |
| 170 | ,192 | ,190 | ,189 | ,187 | ,185 | ,183 | ,181 | ,179 | ,178 | ,176 | 170 |
| 180 | ,174 | ,172 | ,171 | ,169 | ,168 | ,166 | ,164 | ,163 | ,161 | ,160 | 180 |
| 190 | ,158 | ,157 | ,155 | ,154 | ,153 | ,151 | ,150 | ,148 | ,147 | ,146 | 190 |
| 200 | ,144 | ,143 | ,142 | ,141 | ,139 | ,138 | ,137 | ,136 | ,135 | ,133 | 200 |
| 210 | ,132 | ,131 | ,130 | ,129 | ,128 | ,127 | ,126 | ,125 | ,124 | ,123 | 210 |
| 220 | ,122 | ,121 | ,120 | ,119 | ,118 | ,117 | ,116 | ,115 | ,114 | ,113 | 220 |
| 230 | ,112 | ,111 | ,110 | ,109 | ,109 | ,108 | ,107 | ,106 | ,105 | ,104 | 230 |
| 240 | ,104 | ,103 | ,102 | ,101 | ,101 | ,100 | ,099 | ,098 | ,098 | ,097 | 240 |
| 250 | ,096 | ,095 | ,095 | ,094 | ,093 | ,093 | ,092 | ,091 | ,091 | ,090 | 250 |
| 260 | ,089 | ,089 | ,088 | ,088 | ,087 | ,086 | ,086 | ,085 | ,085 | ,084 | 260 |
| 270 | ,083 | ,083 | ,082 | ,082 | ,081 | ,081 | ,080 | ,079 | ,079 | ,078 | 270 |
| 280 | ,078 | ,077 | ,077 | ,076 | ,076 | ,075 | ,075 | ,074 | ,074 | ,073 | 280 |
| 290 | ,073 | ,072 | ,072 | ,072 | ,071 | ,071 | ,070 | ,070 | ,069 | ,069 | 290 |
| 300 | ,068 | | | | | | | | | | 300 |

11)

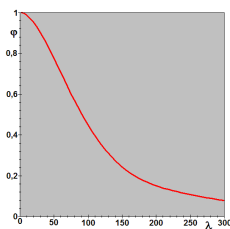
¹¹Aus Abschnitt 4.3 und mit $\lambda_S = 83, 11872882$:

$$\varphi_c = 1,00093 + \frac{\lambda/\lambda_S}{744,6704} - \frac{\lambda^2/\lambda_S^2}{0,99634^2} + \frac{\lambda^3/\lambda_S^3}{1,09104^3} - \frac{\lambda^4/\lambda_S^4}{1,4114^4} + \frac{\lambda^5/\lambda_S^5}{1,91167^5} - \frac{\lambda^6/\lambda_S^6}{2,73925^6}$$

⇒

$$\varphi_c = 1,00093 + \frac{\lambda}{6.1896,05704} - \frac{\lambda^2}{82,81451^2} + \frac{\lambda^3}{90,68586^3} - \frac{\lambda^4}{117,31377^4} + \frac{\lambda^5}{158,89558^5} - \frac{\lambda^6}{227,68298^6}$$

⇒



Im Bereich $\lambda \leq 50$ ist mit größeren Abweichungen zu rechnen.

4.4.7 $\sigma_F = 360\text{Nmm}^{-2}$, Kennlinie – a

| λ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | λ |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----------|
| 10 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | ,998 | ,996 | ,993 | ,990 | ,988 | ,985 | ,983 | 10 |
| 20 | ,980 | ,977 | ,975 | ,972 | ,969 | ,966 | ,963 | ,960 | ,958 | ,954 | 20 |
| 30 | ,951 | ,948 | ,945 | ,942 | ,938 | ,935 | ,931 | ,928 | ,924 | ,920 | 30 |
| 40 | ,916 | ,912 | ,908 | ,904 | ,900 | ,895 | ,891 | ,886 | ,881 | ,876 | 40 |
| 50 | ,871 | ,865 | ,860 | ,854 | ,848 | ,842 | ,836 | ,829 | ,823 | ,816 | 50 |
| 60 | ,809 | ,801 | ,794 | ,786 | ,779 | ,771 | ,763 | ,754 | ,746 | ,737 | 60 |
| 70 | ,729 | ,720 | ,711 | ,702 | ,693 | ,684 | ,674 | ,665 | ,656 | ,647 | 70 |
| 80 | ,637 | ,628 | ,619 | ,610 | ,600 | ,591 | ,582 | ,573 | ,565 | ,556 | 80 |
| 90 | ,547 | ,539 | ,530 | ,522 | ,514 | ,506 | ,498 | ,490 | ,482 | ,475 | 90 |
| 100 | ,467 | ,460 | ,453 | ,446 | ,439 | ,432 | ,425 | ,419 | ,412 | ,406 | 100 |
| 110 | ,400 | ,394 | ,388 | ,382 | ,376 | ,371 | ,365 | ,360 | ,355 | ,349 | 110 |
| 120 | ,344 | ,339 | ,335 | ,330 | ,325 | ,320 | ,316 | ,312 | ,307 | ,303 | 120 |
| 130 | ,299 | ,295 | ,291 | ,287 | ,283 | ,279 | ,275 | ,272 | ,268 | ,265 | 130 |
| 140 | ,261 | ,258 | ,255 | ,251 | ,248 | ,245 | ,242 | ,239 | ,236 | ,233 | 140 |
| 150 | ,230 | ,227 | ,224 | ,222 | ,219 | ,216 | ,214 | ,211 | ,209 | ,206 | 150 |
| 160 | ,204 | ,202 | ,199 | ,197 | ,195 | ,193 | ,190 | ,188 | ,186 | ,184 | 160 |
| 170 | ,182 | ,180 | ,178 | ,176 | ,174 | ,172 | ,171 | ,169 | ,167 | ,165 | 170 |
| 180 | ,163 | ,162 | ,160 | ,158 | ,157 | ,155 | ,154 | ,152 | ,150 | ,149 | 180 |
| 190 | ,147 | ,146 | ,145 | ,143 | ,142 | ,140 | ,139 | ,138 | ,136 | ,135 | 190 |
| 200 | ,134 | ,132 | ,131 | ,130 | ,129 | ,128 | ,126 | ,125 | ,124 | ,123 | 200 |
| 210 | ,122 | ,121 | ,120 | ,119 | ,117 | ,116 | ,115 | ,114 | ,113 | ,112 | 210 |
| 220 | ,111 | ,110 | ,109 | ,108 | ,108 | ,107 | ,106 | ,105 | ,104 | ,103 | 220 |
| 230 | ,102 | ,101 | ,101 | ,100 | ,099 | ,098 | ,097 | ,096 | ,096 | ,095 | 230 |
| 240 | ,094 | ,093 | ,093 | ,092 | ,091 | ,090 | ,090 | ,089 | ,088 | ,088 | 240 |
| 250 | ,087 | ,086 | ,086 | ,085 | ,084 | ,084 | ,083 | ,082 | ,082 | ,081 | 250 |
| 260 | ,081 | ,080 | ,079 | ,079 | ,078 | ,078 | ,077 | ,077 | ,076 | ,075 | 260 |
| 270 | ,075 | ,074 | ,074 | ,073 | ,073 | ,072 | ,072 | ,071 | ,071 | ,070 | 270 |
| 280 | ,070 | ,069 | ,069 | ,068 | ,068 | ,067 | ,067 | ,067 | ,066 | ,066 | 280 |
| 290 | ,065 | ,065 | ,064 | ,064 | ,063 | ,063 | ,063 | ,062 | ,062 | ,061 | 290 |
| 300 | ,061 | | | | | | | | | | 300 |

12)

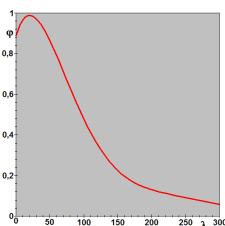
¹²Aus Abschnitt 4.3 und mit $\lambda_S = 75,87667121$:

$$\varphi_a = 0,88687 + \frac{\lambda/\lambda_S}{1,22162} - \frac{\lambda^2/\lambda_S^2}{0,71406^2} + \frac{\lambda^3/\lambda_S^3}{0,93342^3} - \frac{\lambda^4/\lambda_S^4}{1,29255^4} + \frac{\lambda^5/\lambda_S^5}{1,81737^5} - \frac{\lambda^6/\lambda_S^6}{2,66812^6}$$

⇒

$$\varphi_a = 0,88687 + \frac{\lambda}{92,69246} - \frac{\lambda^2}{54,18054^2} + \frac{\lambda^3}{70,8248^3} - \frac{\lambda^4}{98,07439^4} + \frac{\lambda^5}{137,89599^5} - \frac{\lambda^6}{202,44806^6}$$

⇒



Im Bereich $\lambda \leq 50$ ist mit größeren Abweichungen zu rechnen.

4.4.8 $\sigma_F = 360\text{Nmm}^{-2}$, Kennlinie – b

| λ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | λ |
|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----------|
| 10 | ,993 | ,989 | ,985 | ,981 | ,977 | ,974 | ,970 | ,966 | ,962 | ,958 | 10 |
| 20 | ,954 | ,950 | ,946 | ,941 | ,937 | ,933 | ,929 | ,925 | ,920 | ,916 | 20 |
| 30 | ,911 | ,907 | ,902 | ,897 | ,892 | ,888 | ,883 | ,878 | ,872 | ,867 | 30 |
| 40 | ,862 | ,856 | ,851 | ,845 | ,840 | ,834 | ,828 | ,822 | ,815 | ,809 | 40 |
| 50 | ,803 | ,796 | ,789 | ,783 | ,776 | ,769 | ,762 | ,754 | ,747 | ,740 | 50 |
| 60 | ,732 | ,724 | ,717 | ,709 | ,701 | ,693 | ,685 | ,677 | ,669 | ,661 | 60 |
| 70 | ,653 | ,644 | ,636 | ,628 | ,620 | ,611 | ,603 | ,595 | ,587 | ,579 | 70 |
| 80 | ,571 | ,563 | ,555 | ,547 | ,539 | ,531 | ,524 | ,516 | ,508 | ,501 | 80 |
| 90 | ,494 | ,486 | ,479 | ,472 | ,465 | ,458 | ,452 | ,445 | ,439 | ,432 | 90 |
| 100 | ,426 | ,419 | ,413 | ,407 | ,401 | ,396 | ,390 | ,384 | ,379 | ,373 | 100 |
| 110 | ,368 | ,363 | ,357 | ,352 | ,347 | ,343 | ,338 | ,333 | ,328 | ,324 | 110 |
| 120 | ,319 | ,315 | ,311 | ,307 | ,302 | ,298 | ,294 | ,290 | ,287 | ,283 | 120 |
| 130 | ,279 | ,276 | ,272 | ,268 | ,265 | ,262 | ,258 | ,255 | ,252 | ,249 | 130 |
| 140 | ,246 | ,242 | ,239 | ,237 | ,234 | ,231 | ,228 | ,225 | ,223 | ,220 | 140 |
| 150 | ,217 | ,215 | ,212 | ,210 | ,207 | ,205 | ,203 | ,200 | ,198 | ,196 | 150 |
| 160 | ,194 | ,191 | ,189 | ,187 | ,185 | ,183 | ,181 | ,179 | ,177 | ,175 | 160 |
| 170 | ,173 | ,171 | ,170 | ,168 | ,166 | ,164 | ,163 | ,161 | ,159 | ,158 | 170 |
| 180 | ,156 | ,154 | ,153 | ,151 | ,150 | ,148 | ,147 | ,145 | ,144 | ,143 | 180 |
| 190 | ,141 | ,140 | ,139 | ,137 | ,136 | ,135 | ,133 | ,132 | ,131 | ,130 | 190 |
| 200 | ,128 | ,127 | ,126 | ,125 | ,124 | ,123 | ,121 | ,120 | ,119 | ,118 | 200 |
| 210 | ,117 | ,116 | ,115 | ,114 | ,113 | ,112 | ,111 | ,110 | ,109 | ,108 | 210 |
| 220 | ,107 | ,106 | ,106 | ,105 | ,104 | ,103 | ,102 | ,101 | ,100 | ,100 | 220 |
| 230 | ,099 | ,098 | ,097 | ,096 | ,096 | ,095 | ,094 | ,093 | ,093 | ,092 | 230 |
| 240 | ,091 | ,090 | ,090 | ,089 | ,088 | ,088 | ,087 | ,086 | ,086 | ,085 | 240 |
| 250 | ,084 | ,084 | ,083 | ,082 | ,082 | ,081 | ,081 | ,080 | ,079 | ,079 | 250 |
| 260 | ,078 | ,078 | ,077 | ,077 | ,076 | ,075 | ,075 | ,074 | ,074 | ,073 | 260 |
| 270 | ,073 | ,072 | ,072 | ,071 | ,071 | ,070 | ,070 | ,069 | ,069 | ,068 | 270 |
| 280 | ,068 | ,067 | ,067 | ,066 | ,066 | ,066 | ,065 | ,065 | ,064 | ,064 | 280 |
| 290 | ,063 | ,063 | ,063 | ,062 | ,062 | ,061 | ,061 | ,061 | ,060 | ,060 | 290 |
| 300 | ,059 | | | | | | | | | | 300 |

13)

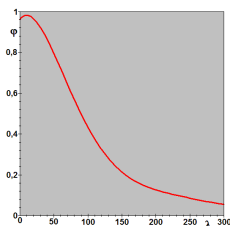
¹³Aus Abschnitt 4.3 und mit $\lambda_S = 75, 87667121$:

$$\varphi_b = 0,9614 + \frac{\lambda/\lambda_S}{3,22501} - \frac{\lambda^2/\lambda_S^2}{0,86174^2} + \frac{\lambda^3/\lambda_S^3}{1,03053^3} - \frac{\lambda^4/\lambda_S^4}{1,37746^4} + \frac{\lambda^5/\lambda_S^5}{1,89919^5} - \frac{\lambda^6/\lambda_S^6}{2,75272^6}$$

⇒

$$\varphi_b = 0,9614 + \frac{\lambda}{244,70302} - \frac{\lambda^2}{65,38596^2} + \frac{\lambda^3}{78,19319^3} - \frac{\lambda^4}{104,51708^4} + \frac{\lambda^5}{144,10422^5} - \frac{\lambda^6}{208,86723^6}$$

⇒



Im Bereich $\lambda \leq 50$ ist mit größeren Abweichungen zu rechnen.

4.4.9 $\sigma_F = 360\text{Nmm}^{-2}$, Kennlinie – c

| λ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | λ |
|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----------|
| 10 | ,990 | ,984 | ,979 | ,973 | ,968 | ,962 | ,956 | ,951 | ,945 | ,940 | 10 |
| 20 | ,934 | ,929 | ,923 | ,917 | ,912 | ,906 | ,900 | ,894 | ,888 | ,882 | 20 |
| 30 | ,877 | ,871 | ,864 | ,858 | ,852 | ,846 | ,840 | ,833 | ,827 | ,820 | 30 |
| 40 | ,814 | ,807 | ,800 | ,793 | ,787 | ,780 | ,773 | ,766 | ,758 | ,751 | 40 |
| 50 | ,744 | ,737 | ,729 | ,722 | ,714 | ,707 | ,699 | ,692 | ,684 | ,676 | 50 |
| 60 | ,669 | ,661 | ,653 | ,645 | ,637 | ,630 | ,622 | ,614 | ,606 | ,599 | 60 |
| 70 | ,591 | ,583 | ,576 | ,568 | ,560 | ,553 | ,545 | ,538 | ,531 | ,523 | 70 |
| 80 | ,516 | ,509 | ,502 | ,495 | ,488 | ,481 | ,474 | ,468 | ,461 | ,454 | 80 |
| 90 | ,448 | ,442 | ,435 | ,429 | ,423 | ,417 | ,411 | ,405 | ,400 | ,394 | 90 |
| 100 | ,389 | ,383 | ,378 | ,373 | ,367 | ,362 | ,357 | ,352 | ,347 | ,343 | 100 |
| 110 | ,338 | ,333 | ,329 | ,324 | ,320 | ,316 | ,312 | ,307 | ,303 | ,299 | 110 |
| 120 | ,295 | ,292 | ,288 | ,284 | ,280 | ,277 | ,273 | ,270 | ,266 | ,263 | 120 |
| 130 | ,260 | ,256 | ,253 | ,250 | ,247 | ,244 | ,241 | ,238 | ,235 | ,232 | 130 |
| 140 | ,230 | ,227 | ,224 | ,221 | ,219 | ,216 | ,214 | ,211 | ,209 | ,206 | 140 |
| 150 | ,204 | ,202 | ,199 | ,197 | ,195 | ,193 | ,191 | ,189 | ,187 | ,184 | 150 |
| 160 | ,182 | ,180 | ,179 | ,177 | ,175 | ,173 | ,171 | ,169 | ,167 | ,166 | 160 |
| 170 | ,164 | ,162 | ,161 | ,159 | ,157 | ,156 | ,154 | ,153 | ,151 | ,150 | 170 |
| 180 | ,148 | ,147 | ,145 | ,144 | ,142 | ,141 | ,140 | ,138 | ,137 | ,136 | 180 |
| 190 | ,134 | ,133 | ,132 | ,131 | ,129 | ,128 | ,127 | ,126 | ,125 | ,124 | 190 |
| 200 | ,122 | ,121 | ,120 | ,119 | ,118 | ,117 | ,116 | ,115 | ,114 | ,113 | 200 |
| 210 | ,112 | ,111 | ,110 | ,109 | ,108 | ,107 | ,106 | ,105 | ,105 | ,104 | 210 |
| 220 | ,103 | ,102 | ,101 | ,100 | ,100 | ,099 | ,098 | ,097 | ,096 | ,096 | 220 |
| 230 | ,095 | ,094 | ,093 | ,093 | ,092 | ,091 | ,090 | ,090 | ,089 | ,088 | 230 |
| 240 | ,088 | ,087 | ,086 | ,086 | ,085 | ,084 | ,084 | ,083 | ,082 | ,082 | 240 |
| 250 | ,081 | ,081 | ,080 | ,079 | ,079 | ,078 | ,078 | ,077 | ,077 | ,076 | 250 |
| 260 | ,075 | ,075 | ,074 | ,074 | ,073 | ,073 | ,072 | ,072 | ,071 | ,071 | 260 |
| 270 | ,070 | ,070 | ,069 | ,069 | ,068 | ,068 | ,067 | ,067 | ,067 | ,066 | 270 |
| 280 | ,066 | ,065 | ,065 | ,064 | ,064 | ,063 | ,063 | ,063 | ,062 | ,062 | 280 |
| 290 | ,061 | ,061 | ,061 | ,060 | ,060 | ,059 | ,059 | ,059 | ,058 | ,058 | 290 |
| 300 | ,058 | | | | | | | | | | 300 |

14)

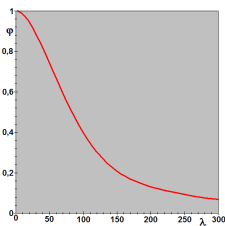
¹⁴Aus Abschnitt 4.3 und mit $\lambda_S = 75,87667121$:

$$\varphi_c = 1,00093 + \frac{\lambda/\lambda_S}{744,6704} - \frac{\lambda^2/\lambda_S^2}{0,99634^2} + \frac{\lambda^3/\lambda_S^3}{1,09104^3} - \frac{\lambda^4/\lambda_S^4}{1,4114^4} + \frac{\lambda^5/\lambda_S^5}{1,91167^5} - \frac{\lambda^6/\lambda_S^6}{2,73925^6}$$

⇒

$$\varphi_c = 1,00093 + \frac{\lambda}{5,6503,1111} - \frac{\lambda^2}{75,59896^2} + \frac{\lambda^3}{82,78448^3} - \frac{\lambda^4}{107,09233^4} + \frac{\lambda^5}{145,05116^5} - \frac{\lambda^6}{207,84517^6}$$

⇒



Im Bereich $\lambda \leq 50$ ist mit größeren Abweichungen zu rechnen.

4.4.10 $\sigma_F = 450\text{Nmm}^{-2}$, Kennlinie – a

| λ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | λ |
|-----------|-------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----------|
| 10 | 1,000 | 1,000 | ,997 | ,994 | ,991 | ,988 | ,986 | ,983 | ,980 | ,977 | 10 |
| 20 | ,974 | ,971 | ,967 | ,964 | ,961 | ,958 | ,954 | ,951 | ,947 | ,944 | 20 |
| 30 | ,940 | ,936 | ,932 | ,928 | ,924 | ,920 | ,915 | ,911 | ,906 | ,901 | 30 |
| 40 | ,896 | ,891 | ,886 | ,880 | ,875 | ,869 | ,863 | ,857 | ,850 | ,843 | 40 |
| 50 | ,836 | ,829 | ,822 | ,814 | ,806 | ,798 | ,789 | ,781 | ,772 | ,763 | 50 |
| 60 | ,754 | ,744 | ,735 | ,725 | ,715 | ,705 | ,695 | ,684 | ,674 | ,664 | 60 |
| 70 | ,653 | ,643 | ,633 | ,622 | ,612 | ,602 | ,592 | ,582 | ,572 | ,562 | 70 |
| 80 | ,552 | ,542 | ,533 | ,524 | ,514 | ,505 | ,497 | ,488 | ,479 | ,471 | 80 |
| 90 | ,463 | ,455 | ,447 | ,439 | ,431 | ,424 | ,417 | ,410 | ,403 | ,396 | 90 |
| 100 | ,389 | ,383 | ,376 | ,370 | ,364 | ,358 | ,352 | ,346 | ,341 | ,335 | 100 |
| 110 | ,330 | ,325 | ,319 | ,314 | ,310 | ,305 | ,300 | ,295 | ,291 | ,287 | 110 |
| 120 | ,282 | ,278 | ,274 | ,270 | ,266 | ,262 | ,258 | ,255 | ,251 | ,247 | 120 |
| 130 | ,244 | ,240 | ,237 | ,234 | ,231 | ,227 | ,224 | ,221 | ,218 | ,215 | 130 |
| 140 | ,213 | ,210 | ,207 | ,204 | ,202 | ,199 | ,197 | ,194 | ,192 | ,189 | 140 |
| 150 | ,187 | ,184 | ,182 | ,180 | ,178 | ,176 | ,173 | ,171 | ,169 | ,167 | 150 |
| 160 | ,165 | ,163 | ,162 | ,160 | ,158 | ,156 | ,154 | ,152 | ,151 | ,149 | 160 |
| 170 | ,147 | ,146 | ,144 | ,143 | ,141 | ,139 | ,138 | ,136 | ,135 | ,134 | 170 |
| 180 | ,132 | ,131 | ,129 | ,128 | ,127 | ,125 | ,124 | ,123 | ,122 | ,120 | 180 |
| 190 | ,119 | ,118 | ,117 | ,116 | ,114 | ,113 | ,112 | ,111 | ,110 | ,109 | 190 |
| 200 | ,108 | ,107 | ,106 | ,105 | ,104 | ,103 | ,102 | ,101 | ,100 | ,099 | 200 |
| 210 | ,098 | ,097 | ,096 | ,096 | ,095 | ,094 | ,093 | ,092 | ,091 | ,091 | 210 |
| 220 | ,090 | ,089 | ,088 | ,087 | ,087 | ,086 | ,085 | ,085 | ,084 | ,083 | 220 |
| 230 | ,082 | ,082 | ,081 | ,080 | ,080 | ,079 | ,078 | ,078 | ,077 | ,076 | 230 |
| 240 | ,070 | ,075 | ,075 | ,074 | ,073 | ,073 | ,072 | ,072 | ,071 | ,071 | 240 |
| 250 | ,070 | ,070 | ,069 | ,068 | ,068 | ,067 | ,067 | ,066 | ,066 | ,065 | 250 |
| 260 | ,065 | ,064 | ,064 | ,063 | ,063 | ,063 | ,062 | ,062 | ,061 | ,061 | 260 |
| 270 | ,060 | ,060 | ,059 | ,059 | ,059 | ,058 | ,058 | ,057 | ,057 | ,057 | 270 |
| 280 | ,056 | ,056 | ,055 | ,055 | ,055 | ,054 | ,054 | ,054 | ,053 | ,053 | 280 |
| 290 | ,052 | ,052 | ,052 | ,051 | ,051 | ,051 | ,050 | ,050 | ,050 | ,049 | 290 |
| 300 | ,049 | | | | | | | | | | 300 |

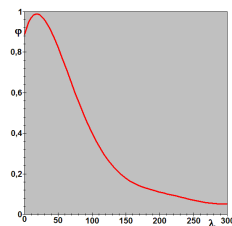
15)

¹⁵Aus Abschnitt 4.3 und mit $\lambda_S = 67,86615789$:

$$\varphi_a = 0,88687 + \frac{\lambda/\lambda_S}{1,22162} - \frac{\lambda^2/\lambda_S^2}{0,71406^2} + \frac{\lambda^3/\lambda_S^3}{0,93342^3} - \frac{\lambda^4/\lambda_S^4}{1,29255^4} + \frac{\lambda^5/\lambda_S^5}{1,81737^5} - \frac{\lambda^6/\lambda_S^6}{2,66812^6}$$

$$\Rightarrow \varphi_a = 0,88687 + \frac{\lambda}{82,90666} - \frac{\lambda^2}{48,46051^2} + \frac{\lambda^3}{63,34763^3} - \frac{\lambda^4}{87,7204^4} + \frac{\lambda^5}{411,0274^5} - \frac{\lambda^6}{181,07505^6}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$

Im Bereich $\lambda \leq 50$ ist mit größeren Abweichungen zu rechnen.

4.4.11 $\sigma_F = 450\text{Nmm}^{-2}$, Kennlinie – b

| λ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | λ |
|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----------|
| 10 | ,988 | ,984 | ,980 | ,975 | ,971 | ,967 | ,962 | ,958 | ,953 | ,949 | 10 |
| 20 | ,944 | ,939 | ,935 | ,930 | ,925 | ,920 | ,915 | ,910 | ,905 | ,900 | 20 |
| 30 | ,895 | ,889 | ,884 | ,878 | ,872 | ,867 | ,861 | ,854 | ,848 | ,842 | 30 |
| 40 | ,835 | ,829 | ,822 | ,815 | ,808 | ,801 | ,793 | ,786 | ,778 | ,770 | 40 |
| 50 | ,762 | ,754 | ,746 | ,738 | ,729 | ,721 | ,712 | ,703 | ,694 | ,685 | 50 |
| 60 | ,676 | ,667 | ,658 | ,649 | ,640 | ,631 | ,621 | ,612 | ,603 | ,594 | 60 |
| 70 | ,585 | ,576 | ,567 | ,558 | ,549 | ,540 | ,531 | ,523 | ,514 | ,506 | 70 |
| 80 | ,498 | ,490 | ,482 | ,474 | ,466 | ,458 | ,451 | ,443 | ,436 | ,429 | 80 |
| 90 | ,422 | ,415 | ,408 | ,402 | ,395 | ,389 | ,382 | ,376 | ,370 | ,364 | 90 |
| 100 | ,358 | ,353 | ,347 | ,342 | ,336 | ,331 | ,326 | ,321 | ,316 | ,311 | 100 |
| 110 | ,307 | ,302 | ,298 | ,293 | ,289 | ,284 | ,280 | ,276 | ,272 | ,268 | 110 |
| 120 | ,264 | ,261 | ,257 | ,253 | ,250 | ,246 | ,243 | ,239 | ,236 | ,233 | 120 |
| 130 | ,230 | ,227 | ,224 | ,221 | ,218 | ,215 | ,212 | ,209 | ,207 | ,204 | 130 |
| 140 | ,201 | ,199 | ,196 | ,194 | ,191 | ,189 | ,187 | ,184 | ,182 | ,180 | 140 |
| 150 | ,178 | ,176 | ,173 | ,171 | ,169 | ,167 | ,165 | ,163 | ,162 | ,160 | 150 |
| 160 | ,158 | ,156 | ,154 | ,153 | ,151 | ,149 | ,148 | ,146 | ,144 | ,143 | 160 |
| 170 | ,141 | ,140 | ,138 | ,137 | ,135 | ,134 | ,132 | ,131 | ,130 | ,128 | 170 |
| 180 | ,127 | ,126 | ,124 | ,123 | ,122 | ,121 | ,119 | ,118 | ,117 | ,116 | 180 |
| 190 | ,115 | ,114 | ,112 | ,111 | ,110 | ,109 | ,108 | ,107 | ,106 | ,105 | 190 |
| 200 | ,104 | ,103 | ,102 | ,101 | ,100 | ,099 | ,098 | ,098 | ,097 | ,096 | 200 |
| 210 | ,095 | ,094 | ,093 | ,092 | ,092 | ,091 | ,090 | ,089 | ,088 | ,088 | 210 |
| 220 | ,087 | ,086 | ,085 | ,085 | ,084 | ,083 | ,083 | ,082 | ,081 | ,081 | 220 |
| 230 | ,080 | ,079 | ,079 | ,078 | ,077 | ,077 | ,076 | ,075 | ,075 | ,074 | 230 |
| 240 | ,074 | ,073 | ,072 | ,072 | ,071 | ,071 | ,070 | ,070 | ,069 | ,069 | 240 |
| 250 | ,068 | ,068 | ,067 | ,067 | ,066 | ,066 | ,065 | ,065 | ,064 | ,064 | 250 |
| 260 | ,063 | ,063 | ,062 | ,062 | ,061 | ,061 | ,060 | ,060 | ,060 | ,059 | 260 |
| 270 | ,059 | ,058 | ,058 | ,058 | ,057 | ,057 | ,056 | ,056 | ,056 | ,055 | 270 |
| 280 | ,055 | ,054 | ,054 | ,054 | ,053 | ,053 | ,053 | ,052 | ,052 | ,052 | 280 |
| 290 | ,051 | ,051 | ,051 | ,050 | ,050 | ,050 | ,049 | ,049 | ,049 | ,048 | 290 |
| 300 | ,048 | | | | | | | | | | 300 |

16)

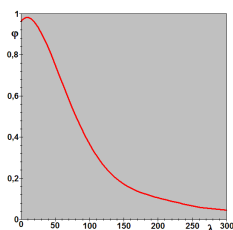
¹⁶Aus Abschnitt 4.3 und mit $\lambda_S = 67,86615789$:

$$\varphi_b = 0,9614 + \frac{\lambda/\lambda_S}{3,22501} - \frac{\lambda^2/\lambda_S^2}{0,86174^2} + \frac{\lambda^3/\lambda_S^3}{1,03053^3} - \frac{\lambda^4/\lambda_S^4}{1,37746^4} + \frac{\lambda^5/\lambda_S^5}{1,89919^5} - \frac{\lambda^6/\lambda_S^6}{2,75272^6}$$

⇒

$$\varphi_b = 0,9614 + \frac{\lambda}{218,86904} - \frac{\lambda^2}{58,48298^2} + \frac{\lambda^3}{69,93811^3} - \frac{\lambda^4}{93,48292^4} + \frac{\lambda^5}{128,89073^5} - \frac{\lambda^6}{186,81653^6}$$

⇒



Im Bereich $\lambda \leq 50$ ist mit größeren Abweichungen zu rechnen.

4.4.12 $\sigma_F = 450\text{Nmm}^{-2}$, Kennlinie – c

| λ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | λ |
|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----------|
| 10 | ,983 | ,977 | ,971 | ,965 | ,958 | ,952 | ,946 | ,940 | ,933 | ,927 | 10 |
| 20 | ,921 | ,915 | ,908 | ,902 | ,895 | ,889 | ,882 | ,875 | ,869 | ,862 | 20 |
| 30 | ,855 | ,848 | ,841 | ,834 | ,827 | ,819 | ,812 | ,805 | ,797 | ,789 | 30 |
| 40 | ,782 | ,774 | ,766 | ,758 | ,750 | ,742 | ,734 | ,725 | ,717 | ,708 | 40 |
| 50 | ,700 | ,691 | ,683 | ,674 | ,666 | ,657 | ,648 | ,640 | ,631 | ,622 | 50 |
| 60 | ,613 | ,605 | ,596 | ,587 | ,579 | ,570 | ,562 | ,553 | ,545 | ,537 | 60 |
| 70 | ,529 | ,520 | ,512 | ,504 | ,497 | ,489 | ,481 | ,474 | ,466 | ,459 | 70 |
| 80 | ,452 | ,444 | ,437 | ,430 | ,424 | ,417 | ,410 | ,404 | ,398 | ,391 | 80 |
| 90 | ,385 | ,379 | ,373 | ,367 | ,362 | ,356 | ,351 | ,345 | ,340 | ,335 | 90 |
| 100 | ,330 | ,325 | ,320 | ,315 | ,310 | ,306 | ,301 | ,297 | ,293 | ,288 | 100 |
| 110 | ,284 | ,280 | ,276 | ,272 | ,268 | ,264 | ,261 | ,257 | ,253 | ,250 | 110 |
| 120 | ,246 | ,243 | ,240 | ,237 | ,233 | ,230 | ,227 | ,224 | ,221 | ,218 | 120 |
| 130 | ,215 | ,213 | ,210 | ,207 | ,205 | ,202 | ,199 | ,197 | ,194 | ,192 | 130 |
| 140 | ,190 | ,187 | ,185 | ,183 | ,180 | ,178 | ,176 | ,174 | ,172 | ,170 | 140 |
| 150 | ,168 | ,166 | ,164 | ,162 | ,160 | ,159 | ,157 | ,155 | ,153 | ,151 | 150 |
| 160 | ,150 | ,148 | ,146 | ,145 | ,143 | ,142 | ,140 | ,139 | ,137 | ,136 | 160 |
| 170 | ,134 | ,133 | ,132 | ,130 | ,129 | ,127 | ,126 | ,125 | ,124 | ,122 | 170 |
| 180 | ,121 | ,120 | ,119 | ,118 | ,116 | ,115 | ,114 | ,113 | ,112 | ,111 | 180 |
| 190 | ,110 | ,109 | ,108 | ,107 | ,106 | ,105 | ,104 | ,103 | ,102 | ,101 | 190 |
| 200 | ,100 | ,099 | ,098 | ,097 | ,096 | ,095 | ,095 | ,094 | ,093 | ,092 | 200 |
| 210 | ,091 | ,090 | ,090 | ,089 | ,088 | ,087 | ,087 | ,086 | ,085 | ,084 | 210 |
| 220 | ,084 | ,083 | ,082 | ,082 | ,081 | ,080 | ,080 | ,079 | ,078 | ,078 | 220 |
| 230 | ,077 | ,076 | ,076 | ,075 | ,075 | ,074 | ,073 | ,073 | ,072 | ,072 | 230 |
| 240 | ,071 | ,071 | ,070 | ,069 | ,069 | ,068 | ,068 | ,067 | ,067 | ,066 | 240 |
| 250 | ,066 | ,065 | ,065 | ,064 | ,064 | ,063 | ,063 | ,063 | ,062 | ,062 | 250 |
| 260 | ,061 | ,061 | ,060 | ,060 | ,059 | ,059 | ,059 | ,058 | ,058 | ,057 | 260 |
| 270 | ,057 | ,057 | ,056 | ,056 | ,055 | ,055 | ,055 | ,054 | ,054 | ,054 | 270 |
| 280 | ,053 | ,053 | ,052 | ,052 | ,052 | ,051 | ,051 | ,051 | ,050 | ,050 | 280 |
| 290 | ,050 | ,049 | ,049 | ,049 | ,048 | ,048 | ,048 | ,048 | ,047 | ,047 | 290 |
| 300 | ,047 | | | | | | | | | | 300 |

17)

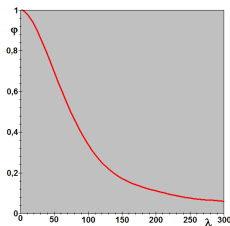
L^AT_EX 2_ε

¹⁷Aus Abschnitt 4.3 und mit $\lambda_S = 67,86615789$:

$$\varphi_c = 1,00093 + \frac{\lambda/\lambda_S}{744,6704} - \frac{\lambda^2/\lambda_S^2}{0,99634^2} + \frac{\lambda^3/\lambda_S^3}{1,09104^3} - \frac{\lambda^4/\lambda_S^4}{1,4114^4} + \frac{\lambda^5/\lambda_S^5}{1,91167^5} - \frac{\lambda^6/\lambda_S^6}{2,73925^6}$$

$$\Rightarrow \varphi_c = 1,00093 + \frac{\lambda}{5,0537,91894} - \frac{\lambda^2}{67,61777^2} + \frac{\lambda^3}{74,04469^3} - \frac{\lambda^4}{95,7863^4} + \frac{\lambda^5}{129,7377^5} - \frac{\lambda^6}{185,90237^6}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$



Im Bereich $\lambda \leq 50$ ist mit größeren Abweichungen zu rechnen.

