

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
BUREAU OF EDUCATION

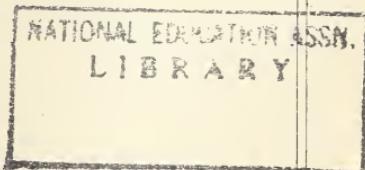
BULLETIN, 1928, No. 14

LAND-GRANT COLLEGES *12*  
AND UNIVERSITIES *12*

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30  
1927

By

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IN HIGHER EDUCATION



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## LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
BUREAU OF EDUCATION,

*Washington, D. C., March 31, 1928.*

SIR: In accordance with the provisions of the land-grant act of 1862, the Morrill Act of 1890, and the Nelson amendment of 1907, the land-grant colleges and universities of the United States make annual reports to the Secretary of the Interior on the condition and progress of the institutions.

Each year the Bureau of Education analyzes these reports. The purpose of this annual study is to set forth in detail information on staff, students, income, expenditures, improvements, and other factors which tend to show the progress that the land-grant institutions are making. The year 1926-27 has undoubtedly been the most successful year that the colleges have yet experienced.

Dr. Walter J. Greenleaf, associate specialist in higher education, has prepared the 1926-27 manuscript, and I recommend that it be published as a bulletin of the United States Bureau of Education.

Respectfully submitted.

JNO. J. TIGERT, *Commissioner.*

The SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.



# THE LAND-GRANT COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1927

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## Part I. GENERAL

Sixty-nine land-grant colleges and universities have been established. Part II of this bulletin is devoted to the 52 land-grant institutions which are attended by white students, and Part III is given to the 17 land-grant colleges attended exclusively by negroes. The general summary for the 69 institutions, shown in Table 1, includes comparative figures for 1916-17, 1921-22, and 1926-27 on faculty, enrollments, degrees, libraries, receipts and expenditures, property, and the Federal land-grant funds. The status of the 1862 land-grant funds and other Federal land grants is shown by States (not by institutions) in Table 2. A directory of land-grant institutions attended by white students is given at the beginning of Part II and of negro land-grant colleges at the beginning of Part III. In the remaining tables the name of the State in which the land-grant college is located is used for brevity, instead of the name of the institution. Institutions may be identified by reference to the directory.

The survey of land-grant colleges which is now taking place, the survey of Rutgers University which was completed in 1927, the recent bill for Oklahoma's claim to 1862 land-grant funds, and the annual convention of the Association of Land-Grant Colleges and Universities are items of general interest.

## THE SURVEY OF LAND-GRANT COLLEGES

On July 1, 1927, the first installment of the Federal appropriation of \$117,000 was made available to the Bureau of Education for the purpose of conducting a study of the work of land-grant colleges and universities. Space is not available here to give a comprehensive outline of the plan of the survey, but the work is rapidly progressing on the basis of three general principles outlined by Dr. John J. Tigert, Commissioner of Education.

(1) The Bureau of Education regards the survey as a national study of the accomplishments, the present status, and the future objectives of the land-grant type of education and not a collection of surveys of individual institutions.

(2) The bureau feels that the success of the survey depends largely upon the impartiality and thoroughness with which it may discover facts and make constructive recommendations. Therefore, it will be the policy of the bureau to maintain entire control of the work

and assume responsibility for the report. At the same time, it is planned to utilize to the fullest extent all of the groups, agencies, and individuals who are now organized to carry on and promote the interests of special aspects of land-grant college education. The leaders and the rank and file of land-grant college education will be freely consulted and given opportunity to express opinions. Close contact will be maintained with the services in the Department of Agriculture which articulate with the land-grant colleges. The personnel of the survey staff outside the bureau's permanent staff will be obtained in large part from those engaged in administration and instruction in the land-grant colleges.

(3) In the broadest sense, the functions of the land-grant colleges as defined by the Morrill Act and as developed during their past history are regarded by the Bureau of Education to be public and democratic in nature, with ideals, practical purposes, and objectives which are worthy of full recognition in the field of higher education.

The Commissioner of Education will maintain general direction of the work and Dr. Arthur J. Klein, Chief of the Division of Higher Education, will be immediately in charge as director of the survey. On the general advisory committee are: Hon. Hubert Work, Secretary of the Interior, chairman; Hon. W. M. Jardine, Secretary of Agriculture, representing the Department of Agriculture and agricultural interests; Dr. Raymond A. Pearson, president of the University of Maryland, representing the Association of Land-Grant Colleges and Universities; Dr. Charles A. Lory, president of the Colorado Agricultural College, representing the separated land-grant college; Dr. Lotus D. Coffman, president of the University of Minnesota, representing State universities which receive the benefits of the Morrill Act; President R. S. Wilkinson, of the State Agricultural and Mechanical College of South Carolina, representing land-grant colleges exclusively for negroes; Miss Martha Van Renssalaer, director of home economics at Cornell University, representing home economics and education of women; Dr. Samuel W. Stratton, president of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, representing technical engineering; Dr. Francis G. Blair, State Superintendent of Public Instruction of Illinois, and past president of the National Education Association, representing public education.

Liaison committees have also been appointed from the executive committee of the Association of Land-Grant Colleges and Universities, from representatives from each section and subsection of the association, from the American Veterinary Medical Association, from the Association of Governing Boards of State Universities and Allied Institutions, and from other organizations. Much of the work is being done by members of the faculties in the land-grant colleges themselves, who are being called to Washington to work with the specialists in the Bureau of Education.

The plan of the survey covers the status, functions, activities, interests, relationships, and objectives of the land-grant colleges. Questionnaires are being assembled which will be directed to (1) graduates and ex-students of the colleges, (2) to members of the college staffs, and (3) to the local committees of each land-grant college. The latter portion of the questionnaire will be arranged under six heads: Overhead problems, resident subcollegiate instruction, resident undergraduate instruction, adult education, research, and student relations and welfare. Special attention will be given to teacher training, arts and sciences, military education, commerce and business, agriculture, engineering, home economics, and veterinary medicine. The study will include the constitution and control of institutions; financial, social, economic, and educational relationships to the State and its constituency; duties and activities of the president's office; organization of the institution into colleges, schools, and departments; budget making; staff problems; physical plant; registrar's office; library.

The final report will consist of two parts—one of a technical nature, and one a popular summary of the entire survey. This survey, one of the largest ever undertaken in the United States, will assist the institutions to solve some of their future problems relating to organization, financing, curriculum construction, and relationship to other State institutions and organizations.

#### SURVEY OF RUTGERS UNIVERSITY

Upon request, the Bureau of Education made a survey of Rutgers University in the fall of 1926. Survey offices were opened at the university on October 18, and a committee of 14 members headed by Dr. Arthur J. Klein continued its investigations upon the ground until November 15. The factors considered were: The State and the university, control and business management; administrative and educational organization; student relations and welfare; the library and library service; the faculty; educational objectives; education in the arts and sciences; agricultural education; engineering education; education of teachers; commerce and business; graduate and professional education; extension service; and the future of the university. Among the high points of the recommendations, the committee advised that a single annual State appropriation be paid to the university, and that the business administration be organized with an administrator or comptroller in charge.

A university senate should constitute the general legislative body for the university. The university needs a meeting place adequate to accommodate the entire student body, men and women, at one time. The university library should distinguish clearly its triple functions as (1) a college library, (2) a university library, and (3)

an extension agency, and should contemplate the future erection of a great central library building as the dominating feature of a new undergraduate campus.

Consideration should be given to the division of the time of the faculty among university activities, to unity in organization and administration, to adequate salaries, and competent and sufficient clerical aids. Courses are needed to meet the social, industrial, and business needs of New Jersey. The college environment should be modified to prepare students for modern life. The agricultural college should be open to women, and provision made by way of buildings and equipment for certain necessary courses and closer coordination with the general university.

In engineering the courses should provide adequate opportunities and train students for the diverse industrial interests of New Jersey. The school of education needs to be organized, equipped, and supported as an integral part of the university in direct control of all curricula carried on by the university for the professional education of teachers and school officials. The school of business should be open to and provide opportunities and service courses for students in every other school or college of the university. Concerning a law school, either close affiliation or actual amalgamation with existing law schools of the State should be brought about. Graduate scholarships and fellowships should be established. Graduate assistants should be employed. The future program for extension service should include courses for degree credit, instruction by resident teaching departments, and annual appropriations to meet part of the cost of organization of such courses and classes.

#### 1862 LAND-GRANT FUNDS FOR OKLAHOMA

Oklahoma (see Table 2) by its enabling act approved June 16, 1906 (34 Stat. 267), received a grant of 250,000 acres of land for the benefit of the agricultural and mechanical college and 100,000 acres for the benefit of the colored agricultural and normal university. The land office held that selections under these grants were not to be considered as selections for agricultural colleges within the meaning of section 2238 Revised Statutes, and the usual fees were collected, the same as for other State grants for educational and other purposes. Oklahoma later made application for the benefits of the act of July 2, 1862, but it was held that, although not expressly stated in the enabling act, it—

was not believed to have been the intent of Congress that the State of Oklahoma should receive the benefits of the act of 1862 in addition to the other grants for the same purposes.

When Oklahoma appealed the Secretary of the Interior held (April 24, 1916) that—

The grant of lands to Oklahoma, by its enabling act of June 16, 1906 (24 Stat. 267), for the benefit of the agricultural and mechanical colleges, was not in lieu of the benefits of the acts of 1862 and 1866, but in view of the department's opinion that the measure of the grant is undetermined and undeterminable, it is unnecessary to pass upon this question. If this be true, it is a matter wholly within the discretion of Congress to say whether Oklahoma shall hereafter receive the benefits of said acts, and calls for no expression of opinion by this department at the present time.

On December 5, 1927, Mr. Garber, of Oklahoma, introduced in the House of Representatives of the United States a bill, which was referred to the Committee on Public Lands, to grant to the State of Oklahoma for the benefit of its agricultural and mechanical colleges, 210,000 acres of unappropriated nonmineral land, or to pay to the State of Oklahoma in lieu thereof the sum of \$1.25 per acre for the number of acres due said State. This bill is now pending in the committee.

#### ASSOCIATION OF LAND-GRANT COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

The fortieth annual convention of the Association of Land-Grant Colleges and Universities was held at the Willard Hotel, Washington, D. C., on November 16–18, 1926. The opening session was held jointly with the National Association of State Universities; with President E. A. Burnett, of Nebraska, presiding. The first number on the program was "The Problem of the Separate State University and the Separate Land-Grant College in the Same State," by President W. A. Jessup, of the State University of Iowa.

State universities \* \* \* will be forced to redefine their purposes. This problem will be great enough in States operating but one so-called university, as has been exemplified in California, but it will ultimately become very much greater in States operating two such institutions. If the maximum good is to be secured from the public's dollar, the problem of interpreting the function of each institution in the light of the needs of a system of higher education for the State must be ever present, and fortunate is the State in which these two institutions come to a clear understanding and agreement as to policy and function to the end that rivalries and shortsighted temporary advantages give way before the demands of a well-rounded system of tax-supported and publicly controlled higher educational institutions.

Limitation of enrollment was discussed by Stratton D. Brooks, of Missouri.

The second general session was addressed by the president of the association, Dean E. A. Burnett, of Nebraska, on "The Responsibilities of the Land-Grant Institutions in Promoting a Forward-Looking Agricultural Policy for the United States," and by the honorable the Secretary of Agriculture, William M. Jardine; Dean A. R. Mann,

of New York; and Dr. C. R. Mann, of the American Council of Education.

The committee on extension organization and policy reported as follows:

#### I. Development of the Extension System.

The Smith-Lever Act of 1914 contemplated that the funds thus made available would eventually provide sufficient money for the establishment of an adequately equipped agricultural extension service at each agricultural college, with the employment of a county agent and a home demonstration agent in each agricultural county in the United States. The Smith-Lever funds reached their maximum in 1923. There has been practically no increase in the number of county agents and home demonstration agents since that date. At present 23 per cent of the agricultural counties do not have county agents, and 65 per cent do not maintain home demonstration agents.

The demands of the rural homes for extension service and the demands for expanding the boys' and girls' club work have grown beyond the capacity of the present force of extension workers. Not only have the demands greatly increased, but the increasing cost of operating the extension service since the World War has meant the carrying of extension activities with funds depreciated from 30 to 50 per cent in purchasing power.

Since the Federal Government is now paying only \$1 for every \$1.83 from State sources for the support of extension work, and since the needed expansion for the entire extension program is national in scope, we believe that additional funds should be appropriated by the Federal Government.

With these facts in mind, it is proposed that Congress be requested to make an appropriation, with \$500,000 being made available the first year and \$500,000 additional each year thereafter for a 10-year period, the States not being required to match this additional appropriation.

#### II. Relationships Between Smith-Lever and Smith-Hughes.

Conditions prevailing generally reveal the fact that the relations between Smith-Lever and Smith-Hughes workers are not in harmony with the spirit of the respective organic acts and memoranda relating thereto. The time has arrived when the facts should be fully presented to the highest executive authorities in charge of Smith-Hughes and Smith-Lever activities for the purpose of arriving at an understanding and adjustment of prevailing difficulties.

#### III. Administration of Extension Activities of the Cooperative Marketing Bureau.

Since marketing work is a vital part of the extension program in all the States, we emphasize the necessity of observing the general memorandum of understanding between the land-grant colleges and the United States Department of Agriculture in carrying out the extension activities of the cooperative marketing division of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics.

#### IV. Radio Interests.

Developments of the past year further emphasize the potential possibilities of radio as a new and effective means of extension education. It is of the utmost importance that the interests of the land-grant colleges be diligently followed up during this period of legislative enactment and regulation. For this purpose the radio committee should be continued during the ensuing year.

Table 1.—COMPARATIVE SUMMARY of 69 land-grant colleges, year ended June 30, 1927

Professors, students, finances	1916-17	1921-22	1926-27
<b>I. PROFESSORS AND INSTRUCTORS</b>			
Professors, instructors, extension workers, and experiment station staff:			
In institutions attended by white students-----	9,800	20,619	23,156
In institutions exclusively for negro students-----	544	591	823
Total-----	10,344	21,210	23,979
<b>II. STUDENT ENROLLMENT</b>			
Total enrollment:			
In institutions attended by white students-----	122,053	204,834	371,049
In institutions exclusively for negro students-----	11,352	10,028	17,587
Total-----	133,405	214,862	388,636
Students in the following regular college courses of study in institutions attended by white students:			
Agriculture (including forestry and veterinary science)-----	16,409	15,477	12,710
Forestry-----	347	629	1,011
Veterinary science-----	773	450	520
Home economics-----	5,055	6,090	7,887
Engineering-----			
Mechanical-----	4,417	5,012	5,179
Civil-----	2,868	4,842	5,682
Electrical-----	3,256	6,814	8,693
Mining-----	871	1,590	921
Chemical-----	1,505	2,448	2,191
General and unclassified-----	2,351	5,283	6,057
Architecture-----	964	659	1,216
Pharmacy-----	377	1,780	2,784
Students in military science:			
In 52 institutions attended by white students-----	33,704	37,399	51,503
In 17 institutions attended exclusively by negro students-----	1,415	1,319	1,251
Total-----	35,119	38,718	52,754
<b>III. DEGREES CONFERRED</b>			
In colleges attended by white students			
Baccalaureate or first degrees in—			
Agriculture-----	2,803	2,239	1,799
Engineering (mechanic arts)-----	2,404	3,682	3,927
Home economics-----	787	861	1,302
All other courses of study-----	5,367	8,608	14,067
Total-----	11,361	15,390	21,095
Advanced degrees in—			
Agriculture-----	221	307	349
Engineering (mechanic arts)-----	186	380	677
Home economics-----	9	-----	20
All other courses of study-----	897	987	2,117
Total-----	1,313	1,674	3,163
<b>IV. LIBRARIES</b>			
Number of bound volumes—			
In institutions attended by white students-----	3,912,769	5,539,785	6,996,291
In institutions exclusively for negro students-----	70,047	46,518	64,211
Total-----	3,982,816	5,586,303	7,060,502
<b>V. RECEIPTS</b>			
(69 institutions)			
State funds from—			
Endowments granted by the State-----	\$160,766	\$125,048	\$464,264
Appropriations for support-----	16,742,378	32,170,761	45,211,636
Appropriations for permanent improvements-----	4,475,818	9,347,609	11,787,242
Total State aid-----	21,378,962	41,643,418	57,463,142

Table 1.—COMPARATIVE SUMMARY of 69 land-grant colleges, year ended June 30, 1927—Continued

Professors, students, finances	1916-17	1921-22	1926-27
<b>V. RECEIPTS—Continued</b>			
United States funds from—			
Land-grant fund of 1862.....	\$930,170	\$907,007	\$1,028,288
Other land-grant funds.....	241,840	353,890	453,798
Morrill-Nelson funds.....	2,515,171	2,501,644	2,532,612
Other sources.....			57,094
Total Federal aid.....	3,687,181	3,762,541	4,091,792
Institutional funds from—			
College endowment funds.....	1,399,607	2,051,589	3,719,785
Tuition fees, board, and lodging.....	6,077,868	13,999,053	20,211,004
Departmental earnings.....	2,970,412	4,875,516	7,908,446
Private gifts.....	1,213,394	4,544,796	6,754,079
Miscellaneous.....	1,113,836	3,226,463	7,117,084
Total institutional funds.....	12,775,117	28,697,417	45,710,398
Grand total receipts for instruction and administration.....	37,841,260	74,103,376	107,265,332
Experiment station funds from—			
State.....	1,588,883	4,574,025	4,594,257
United States.....	1,369,700	1,371,500	2,578,249
Private gifts and other sources.....	242,620	214,553	2,702,421
Experiment station earnings.....	1,213,216	1,586,410	2,197,865
Total experiment station funds.....	4,414,419	7,746,488	10,054,927
Other research funds.....			777,048
Regulatory service funds.....		187,309	1,269,259
Extension service funds from—			
State, Smith-Lever, and others.....	2,325,563	5,318,975	5,898,143
United States.....	1,411,836	6,106,409	6,071,844
County or association.....	596,334	3,774,541	3,299,167
Miscellaneous.....	79,985	989,746	1,609,815
Total for extension service.....	4,513,718	16,189,671	16,878,969
Smith-Hughes funds.....		487,411	435,140
Grand total receipts of institutions.....	46,769,397	98,526,946	136,680,675
<b>VI. EXPENDITURES</b>			
(Does not include negro land-grant colleges)			
Operation and maintenance:			
Salaries and wages.....	<sup>2</sup> 57,748,878	<sup>3</sup> 62,301,999	70,709,216
Materials, supplies, etc.....	<sup>2</sup> 26,068,181	<sup>3</sup> 28,491,488	34,937,742
Capital outlay:			
Equipment.....	<sup>2</sup> 4,037,890	<sup>3</sup> 4,411,912	4,990,473
Lands, buildings, and land improvements.....	<sup>2</sup> 13,230,027	<sup>3</sup> 16,221,796	14,076,455
Trust funds.....	<sup>2</sup> 1,815,982	<sup>3</sup> 3,641,950	3,427,879
Not itemized (see footnotes expenditure table).....	<sup>2</sup> 8,338,944	<sup>3</sup> 8,392,534	
Total.....	<sup>2</sup> 111,230,902	<sup>3</sup> 123,461,679	128,141,765
<b>VII. SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES</b>			
(69 institutions)			
Total receipts from—			
Federal sources.....	6,468,717	11,727,861	13,357,025
State sources.....	25,293,408	51,536,418	68,767,965
Private gifts.....	1,535,999	4,544,796	7,295,007
Institutional funds.....	7,477,475	17,468,310	23,867,641
Earnings.....	4,183,628	6,461,926	17,317,341
Miscellaneous sources.....	1,810,170	6,787,635	6,075,696
Total receipts.....	46,769,397	98,526,946	136,680,675

<sup>1</sup> Not included in total.<sup>2</sup> In 1924-25; no data previous to that year.<sup>3</sup> In 1925-26.

Table 1.—COMPARATIVE SUMMARY of 69 land-grant colleges, year ended June 30, 1927—Continued

Professors, students, finances	1916-17	1921-22	1926-27
<b>VII. SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES—Continued</b>			
Total expenditures for—			
Operation and maintenance—			
Salaries, etc.	No data.	No data.	\$71,834,808
Materials, etc.			36,007,196
Capital outlay—			
Equipment, etc.			5,158,357
Lands, buildings, etc.			14,892,956
Trust funds.			3,461,626
Not itemized (negro funds)			199,074
Total expenditures.			131,554,017
<b>VIII. VALUE OF PROPERTY</b>			
(69 institutions)			
Land-grant funds, including value of unsold land	\$31,884,639	\$33,359,126	27,544,081
Other endowment funds	34,482,447	48,815,563	72,095,077
Farms, grounds, and buildings	96,557,121	138,922,991	223,411,207
Apparatus and machinery	22,198,115	32,632,867	50,268,502
Libraries	6,685,958	10,257,825	15,375,720
Livestock	1,599,928	2,336,207	2,617,712
Miscellaneous		3,422,805	9,346,704
Total value of property	193,408,208	269,747,384	400,659,003
<b>IX. FEDERAL LAND-GRANT FUNDS</b>			
(69 institutions)			
Land-grant of 1862:			
Amount of fund	15,060,548	17,134,126	18,757,594
Value of unsold land	7,316,326	6,117,611	6,143,984
Other land-grants:			
Amount of funds	3,729,065	6,440,404	8,965,296
Value of unsold lands	5,778,700	3,814,250	7,562,689
Total Federal land-grant funds	31,884,639	33,506,391	41,429,563

Table 2.—FEDERAL LAND-GRANT FUNDS, BY STATES—Status of funds June 30, 1927<sup>1</sup>

State	Federal land grant of 1862 or grants in lieu thereof				Other Federal land grants			
	Number of acres received	Unsold land		Amount of fund, not including value of unsold land	Unsold land		Amount of fund, not including value of unsold land	
		Number of acres	Value		Number of acres	Value		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
Alabama-----	240,000	0	0	\$253,500.00	0	0	0	
Arizona-----	150,000	136,598.10	(2)	8,923.20	424,997.16	(2)	\$609,481.69	
Arkansas-----	150,000	0	0	132,666.67	0	0	0	
California-----	150,000	1,105.64	\$10,810.53	759,957.84	320.00	\$800.00	74,962.27	
Colorado-----	90,000	33,503.14	335,031.40	379,894.92	0	0	0	
Connecticut-----	180,000	0	0	135,000.00	0	0	0	
Delaware-----	90,000	0	0	83,000.00	0	0	0	
Florida-----	90,000	0	0	153,837.23	0	0	131,208.66	
Georgia-----	270,000	0	0	242,202.17	0	0	0	
Idaho-----	90,000	51,927.30	519,273.00	651,772.09	136,788.46	1,367,884.60	1,349,560.29	
Illinois-----	480,000	0	0	649,012.91	0	0	0	
Indiana-----	390,000	0	0	340,000.00	0	0	0	
Iowa-----	204,309	0	0	592,463.46	0	0	0	
Kansas-----	90,000	7,521.04	56,407.80	505,508.56	0	0	0	
Kentucky-----	330,000	0	0	165,000.00	0	0	0	
Louisiana-----	209,920	0	0	182,313.03	0	0	136,000.00	
Maine-----	210,000	0	0	118,300.00	0	0	0	
Maryland-----	210,000	0	0	117,463.60	0	0	0	
Massachusetts-----	360,000	0	0	219,000.00	0	0	0	
Michigan-----	235,663	50,523.23	100,000.00	1,003,495.12	0	0	0	
Minnesota-----	94,439	13,389.25	80,335.50 <sup>3</sup>	2,296,678.35	0	0	0	
Mississippi-----	209,920	0	0	98,575.00	0	0	141,212.55	
Missouri-----	277,067	42,415.00	169,660.00	469,248.14	0	0	122,000.00	
Montana-----	138,954	60,598.50	605,985.00	596,337.81	38,224.43	382,244.30	201,654.87	
Nebraska-----	90,000	6,356.29	44,494.03	662,265.37	10,278.83	71,951.81	287,258.25	
Nevada-----	90,000	880.00	1,350.00	122,707.31	320.00	400.00	58,641.29	
New Hampshire-----	150,000	0	0	80,000.00	0	0	0	
New Jersey-----	210,000	0	0	116,000.00	0	0	0	
New Mexico-----	150,000	4 244,248.00	404,134.42	119,393.12	0	0	0	
New York-----	989,920	0	0	688,576.12	0	0	0	
North Carolina-----	270,000	0	0	125,000.00	0	0	0	
North Dakota-----	5 90,900	36,728.15	660,000.00	1,548,460.04	0	0	0	
Ohio-----	629,000	0	0	524,176.50	0	0	226,196.64	
Oklahoma-----	(7)	89,908	761.52	(8)	143,674.75	1,745,809.48	1,934,080.04	
Oregon-----	89,908	761.52	(8)	203,504.04	0	0	0	
Pennsylvania-----	780,000	0	0	500,000.00	0	0	0	
Rhode Island-----	120,000	0	0	50,000.00	0	0	0	
South Carolina-----	180,000	0	0	191,800.00	0	0	0	
South Dakota-----	5 120,000	100,474.90	1,004,749.00	555,739.27	33,491.63	334,916.30	182,768.81	
Tennessee-----	300,000	0	0	400,000.00	0	0	0	
Texas-----	180,000	0	0	209,000.00	0	0	0	
Utah-----	200,000	0	0	294,489.33	0	0	0	
Vermont-----	149,920	0	0	135,000.00	0	0	0	
Virginia-----	300,000	0	0	344,312.00	0	0	0	
Washington-----	89,438	71,452.49	1,429,049.80	1,002,009.50	82,899.11	1,657,982.20	1,568,072.74	
West Virginia-----	150,000	0	0	115,000.00	0	0	0	
Wisconsin-----	240,005	40.00	120.00	303,594.61	156.23	700.00	233,086.50	
Wyoming-----	89,832	72,258.37	722,583.70	312,416.37	34,426.04	2,000,000.00	1,709,111.86	
Total-----	10,598,295	1,560,053.63	6,143,984.18	18,757,593.68	905,576.64	7,562,688.69	8,965,296.46	

<sup>1</sup> Alaska, Hawaii, and Porto Rico do not participate.<sup>2</sup> Not available.<sup>3</sup> Minnesota occupational ore tax of \$1,381,488.29 has been deducted.<sup>4</sup> Unsold land from the Ferguson Act and the enabling act not kept separate.<sup>5</sup> Also 40,000 acres additional; statistics are not separated.<sup>6</sup> Virginia military lands.<sup>7</sup> Oklahoma received 250,000 acres for the benefit of the agricultural and mechanical colleges by the enabling act of June 16, 1906, which does not state that the grant was in lieu of the 1862 grant.<sup>8</sup> Unappraised.

## Part II. LAND-GRANT COLLEGES ATTENDED BY WHITE STUDENTS

### DIRECTORY, 1928—Location—Name of president

1. *Alabama*.—Alabama Polytechnic Institute,\* Auburn—Bradford Knapp.
2. *Alaska*.—Alaska Agricultural College and School of Mines,\* Fairbanks—Charles E. Bunnell.
3. *Arizona*.—University of Arizona, Tucson—Homer L. Shantz.
4. *Arkansas*.—University of Arkansas, Fayetteville—John C. Futrall.
5. *California*.—University of California, Berkeley—William W. Campbell.
6. *Colorado*.—Colorado Agricultural College,\* Fort Collins—Charles A. Lory.
7. *Connecticut*.—Connecticut Agricultural College,\* Storrs—Charles B. Gentry, acting.
8. *Delaware*.—University of Delaware, Newark—Walter Hullihen.
9. *Florida*.—University of Florida, Gainesville—John J. Tigert.
10. *Georgia*.—Georgia State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, Athens—Andrew M. Soule.
11. *Hawaii*.—University of Hawaii, Honolulu—D. L. Crawford.
12. *Idaho*.—University of Idaho, Moscow—Frederick J. Kelly.
13. *Illinois*.—University of Illinois, Urbana—David Kinley.
14. *Indiana*.—Purdue University,\* La Fayette—Edward C. Elliott.
15. *Iowa*.—Iowa State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts,\* Ames—Raymond M. Hughes.
16. *Kansas*.—Kansas State Agricultural College,\* Manhattan—Francis D. Farrell.
17. *Kentucky*.—University of Kentucky, Lexington—Frank L. McVey.
18. *Louisiana*.—Louisiana State University and Agricultural and Mechanical College, Baton Rouge—Thomas W. Atkinson, acting.
19. *Maine*.—University of Maine, Orono—Harold S. Boardman.
20. *Maryland*.—University of Maryland, College Park—Raymond A. Pearson.
21. *Massachusetts*.—Massachusetts Agricultural College,\* Amherst—Roscoe W. Thatcher.
22. *Massachusetts*.—Massachusetts Institute of Technology,\* Cambridge—Samuel W. Stratton.
23. *Michigan*.—Michigan State College of Agriculture and Applied Science,\* East Lansing—Robert S. Shaw.
24. *Minnesota*.—University of Minnesota, Minneapolis—Lotus D. Coffman.
25. *Mississippi*.—Mississippi Agricultural and Mechanical College,\* Agricultural College—B. M. Walker.
26. *Missouri*.—University of Missouri, Columbia—Stratton D. Brooks.
27. *Montana*.—Montana State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts,\* Bozeman—Alfred Atkinson.
28. *Nebraska*.—University of Nebraska, Lincoln—Edgar A. Burnett.
29. *Nevada*.—University of Nevada, Reno—Walter E. Clark.
30. *New Hampshire*.—University of New Hampshire, Durham—Edward M. Lewis.
31. *New Jersey*.—Rutgers University, New Brunswick—John M. Thomas.
32. *New Mexico*.—New Mexico College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts,\* State College—Harry L. Kent.
33. *New York*.—Cornell University, Ithaca—Livingston Farrand.
34. *North Carolina*.—North Carolina State College of Agriculture and Engineering,\* West Raleigh—Eugene C. Brooks.
35. *North Dakota*.—North Dakota Agricultural College,\* Agricultural College—John L. Coulter.
36. *Ohio*.—Ohio State University, Columbus—George W. Rightmire.

\* The star indicates a separate land-grant college independent of the State university.

37. *Oklahoma*.—Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College,\* Stillwater—Henry G. Bennett.
38. *Oregon*.—Oregon Agricultural College,\* Corvallis—William J. Kerr.
39. *Pennsylvania*.—Pennsylvania State College,\* State College—Ralph D. Hetzel.
40. *Porto Rico*.—University of Porto Rico, Rio Piedras—Thomas E. Benner.
41. *Rhode Island*.—Rhode Island State College,\* Kingston—Howard Edwards.
42. *South Carolina*.—Clemson Agricultural College,\* Clemson College—Enoch W. Sikes.
43. *South Dakota*.—South Dakota State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts,\* Brookings—Charles W. Pugsley.
44. *Tennessee*.—University of Tennessee, Knoxville—Harcourt A. Morgan.
45. *Texas*.—Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas,\* College Station—T. O. Walton.
46. *Utah*.—Agricultural College of Utah,\* Logan—Elmer G. Peterson.
47. *Vermont*.—University of Vermont and State Agricultural College, Burlington—Guy W. Bailey.
48. *Virginia*.—Virginia Agricultural and Mechanical College and Polytechnic Institute,\* Blacksburg—Julian A. Burruss.
49. *Washington*.—State College of Washington,\* Pullman—Ernest O. Holland.
50. *West Virginia*.—West Virginia University, Morgantown—John R. Turner.
51. *Wisconsin*.—University of Wisconsin, Madison—Glenn Frank.
52. *Wyoming*.—University of Wyoming, Laramie—Arthur G. Crane.

#### CHANGES IN COLLEGE PRESIDENTS SINCE 1927

Several changes in presidents of land-grant colleges and universities are indicated in the 1928 directory. Dr. Bradford Knapp leaves the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College to become president of Alabama Polytechnic Institute; Dr. Homer L. Shantz has been appointed president of the University of Arizona; Dr. John J. Tigert, formerly U. S. Commissioner of Education, has been appointed president of the University of Florida, succeeding the late President Albert A. Murphree, who died in December, 1927; Dr. Frederick J. Kelly, of the University of Minnesota, becomes president of the University of Idaho; Thomas W. Atkinson becomes acting president of the Louisiana State University and Agricultural and Mechanical College; Dr. Edgar A. Burnett, who has been acting president of the University of Nebraska for the past year, has been appointed president. Dr. Henry G. Bennett fills the vacancy in Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College created by the resignation of President Bradford Knapp. Dr. John R. Turner assumes the duties of president of the West Virginia University in September, 1928. Dr. Charles B. Gentry has been appointed acting president of Connecticut Agricultural College, in place of Dr. Charles L. Beach, resigned. Dr. Robert S. Shaw succeeds Dr. Kenyon L. Butterfield as president of the Michigan State College of Agriculture and Applied Science.

#### FIFTY-TWO COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

Sixty years ago Henry Barnard, the first United States Commissioner of Education, made the first report on land-grant colleges. At that time the colleges were newly established, with limited means and equipment. The present report shows that the land-grant colleges are now leading factors in higher education.

In the 52 land-grant colleges and universities, excluding the negro land-grant institutions (see Part III), a total of 371,049 students were enrolled during 1926-27. Of these, 149,374 were resident students; 70,060 correspondence and extension students in courses for credit, and 92,598 in noncredit courses; 3,645 secondary students; 10,300 graduate students; and the remainder in summer schools. Staff members in these institutions numbered 23,156 men and women, distributed as follows:

*Staff members in 52 land-grant colleges and universities*

Classes of officers	Full time	Part time	Total
General administration.....	1,062	524	1,586
Resident instructors.....	11,203	3,574	14,777
Extension staff.....	2,938	2,885	5,823
Correspondence staff.....	41	380	421
Experiment station and research.....	1,329	1,448	2,777
Total, excluding duplicates.....	18,908	4,248	23,156

All but six land-grant colleges (those in Alaska, Connecticut, North Carolina, Porto Rico, Rhode Island, and South Carolina) are accredited institutions certified by one or more of the regional or national accrediting associations. Only 10 have annual incomes below a million dollars, and of these only three (in Alaska, Hawaii, New Mexico) receive less than \$500,000 annually. Forty-five institutions are developing extension courses; 27 report correspondence students; but only 9 employ full-time instructors for this work. Practically all support experiment stations and other organized research in addition to the regular residence teaching.

Such great diversity now exists among land-grant colleges that comparative data are difficult to handle. Each college has been developed by the State in a way best to serve local needs. Institutions draw from one-fourth to three-fourths of their income and receipts for all purposes from State sources. Twenty-six institutions are combined land-grant colleges and State universities, including University of Hawaii and University of Porto Rico, which are Territorial universities. In five States and one Territory—Connecticut, Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and the Territory of Alaska—State universities are not maintained, but land-grant institutions are provided. The remaining 20 institutions are separate land-grant institutions not connected with State universities. In Massachusetts the land-grant funds are divided between two institutions—the Massachusetts Agricultural College, which provides training in agriculture and home economics, and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, which offers training in engineering. In New York, Cornell University is the land-grant institution, receiving land-grant funds and State aid for the colleges of agriculture, home economics, and veterinary science.

*Land-grant colleges united with State universities*

Arizona.	Idaho.	Minnesota.	New Jersey.	Wyoming.
Arkansas.	Illinois.	Missouri.	Ohio.	Territories:
California.	Kentucky.	Nebraska.	Tennessee.	Hawaii.
Delaware.	Louisiana.	Nevada.	Vermont.	Porto Rico.
Florida.	Maine.	New Hampshire.	West Virginia.	
Georgia.	Maryland.		Wisconsin.	

**A COMPOSITE LAND-GRANT COLLEGE**

In light of these facts it is interesting to create a composite picture of the land-grant colleges attended by white students. By use of medians (middle numbers of a series arranged in order of magnitude) such a picture is possible. By selecting the middle figure or median of the various columns in Tables 5 to 16, and omitting Massachusetts Institute of Technology, which is primarily a private institution receiving no State aid, a land-grant college in 1926-27 is first an accredited State institution with property appraised at \$3,772,000 (as in Arizona and Vermont). Its campus and farms include 1,118 acres of land (as in Ohio), and 570 acres are under cultivation (as in South Dakota). Its library consists of 65,000 volumes (as in **Arizona**). This hypothetical college maintains a president who receives a salary of \$10,000, with \$1,000 for perquisites (as in Kansas and Louisiana), a full-time staff of 225 men (as in Oklahoma) and 65 women (as in Alabama)—of whom 6 are deans drawing a typical salary of \$5,000, and 38 are full professors with a typical salary of \$3,700, and 20 are associate professors at \$3,000, and 30 assistant professors at \$2,500 a year. Its resident undergraduate students number 1,303 men (as in Louisiana) and 495 women (as in Wyoming); graduate students total 33 men (as in Florida) and 14 women (as in Tennessee); and students in an eight-week summer session are equivalent to 262 men (as in New Jersey) and 351 women (as in Utah). Its curricula include *arts and sciences*, with an enrollment of 511 students (as in Kansas); *engineering* (chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical, and unclassified), with 388 men students (as in West Virginia); *agriculture*, with 137 students (as in North Dakota); *education*, with 117 students (as in Delaware); *home economics*, with 94 women students (as in Kentucky); and *commerce and business*, with 69 students (as in Hawaii). It gives extension courses under 45 men instructors (as in Washington) and 14 women teachers (as in Connecticut). Its experiment station is carried on with a staff of 17 men (as in Maine). It annually confers bachelors' degrees on 145 men (as in Arizona) and 65 women (as in Maine) 12 masters' degrees (as in Maine), and no doctors' degrees. Its total receipts for all purposes amount to over \$1,600,000 (as in Arkansas), of which 15 per cent is received from Federal sources (as in Florida), 51 per cent from State sources (as in Minnesota), 0.2 per cent from private gifts

(as in Oklahoma), 10 per cent from tuition, fees, etc. (as in Utah), 11 per cent from earnings (as in Montana), and the remainder from miscellaneous sources.

Such a land-grant college does not exist, but merely serves to give a clearer picture of the character of the institutions which receive Federal aid for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts. One-half of the institutions are larger in size than this imaginary college, and one-half are smaller institutions.

### CURRICULA AND ENROLLMENTS

Table 3 shows the most popular courses, ranked in order of percentage of student enrollments in 1926-27, with comparative figures for 1925-26. The number and percentage of first degrees is also shown for comparison. This table includes 1,832 duplicates in resident courses.

Table 3.—MAJOR COURSES OF STUDY, 1926-27

(See Table 8)

Major courses of study	Number of institutions offering course	Resident students enrolled in course		First degrees conferred in 1926-27		
		Number, 1926-27	Per cent in—		Number	
			1925-26	1926-27		
1. Arts and sciences.....	49	52,352	34.0	34.6	6,842	32.4
2. Education (general).....	30	13,318	7.2	8.8	2,209	10.5
3. Commerce and business.....	31	12,751	9.0	8.4	1,541	7.4
4. Agriculture (general).....	51	11,179	8.0	7.4	1,799	8.5
5. Electrical engineering.....	47	8,693	6.1	5.8	1,217	5.8
6. Home economics.....	44	7,887	5.3	5.2	1,302	6.2
7. Civil engineering.....	47	5,682	4.0	3.8	959	4.5
8. Mechanical engineering.....	47	5,179	3.8	3.4	792	3.8
9. Miscellaneous courses.....	45	5,035	4.0	3.3	238	1.1
10. Unclassified engineering.....	23	3,949	1.7	2.6	0	0
11. Medicine.....	12	3,501	2.1	2.3	605	3.0
12. Law.....	19	3,247	2.3	2.1	770	3.7
13. Pharmacy.....	18	2,784	1.9	1.9	325	1.5
14. Specialized engineering.....	21	2,108	1.9	1.4	366	1.7
15. Chemical engineering.....	34	2,191	1.4	1.4	274	1.3
16. Vocational education.....	19	1,991	.9	1.3	347	1.6
17. Dentistry.....	7	1,702	1.2	1.1	514	2.4
18. Journalism.....	12	1,230	.8	.8	203	1.0
19. Architecture.....	14	1,216	.7	.8	115	.5
20. Architectural engineering.....	15	1,071	.8	.7	114	.5
21. Forestry.....	15	1,011	.8	.7	132	.6
22. Mining engineering.....	19	921	.7	.6	169	.8
23. Music.....	14	863	.6	.6	83	.4
24. Fine arts.....	8	814	.4	.5	50	.2
25. Veterinary.....	14	520	.3	.3	93	.4
26. Agricultural engineering.....	12	243	.1	.2	36	.2
Total.....	52	151,438	100.0	100.0	21,095	100.0
Agriculture.....	51	12,710	9.1	8.4	2,024	9.6
Engineering.....	51	30,037	20.5	19.8	3,927	18.6
Home economics.....	44	7,887	5.3	5.2	1,302	6.2
All other.....	52	100,804	65.1	66.6	13,842	65.6
Total.....	52	151,438	100.0	100.0	21,095	100.0

All of the 52 land-grant colleges and universities attended by white students are included in Table 3. If only those which are separate land-grant institutions, not united with State universities, are selected, the percentages of students in agriculture, engineering, and home economics are somewhat higher.

*Enrollments in the 25 separate land-grant colleges*

Courses	Number of resident students	Per cent of resident enrollment
Agriculture-----	7, 322	15. 2
Engineering-----	16, 205	33. 7
Home economics-----	4, 205	8. 8
Miscellaneous-----	20, 324	42. 3
Total-----	48, 056	100. 0

Enrollments in agriculture for 1926-27 continued to decrease, and the loss during the past year was practically the same as the loss the previous year—247 in 1926-27 and 249 in 1925-26. Comparing the enrollments for the past six years, the annual losses of students to agriculture are slowly decreasing:

	Agricultural enrollment	Annual loss		Agricultural enrollment	Annual loss
1922-----	15, 477	-----	1925-----	13, 206	479
1923-----	14, 615	862	1926-----	12, 957	249
1924-----	13, 685	930	1927-----	12, 710	247

Colleges in the East lost more students in 1926-27 than those in the West and Middle West. In the following States the enrollments of students in agriculture decreased in land-grant colleges by 10 or more during the year 1927:

	1926	1927	Loss		1926	1927	Loss
Connecticut-----	317	113	204	South Dakota-----	113	95	18
North Carolina-----	259	161	98	Vermont-----	49	32	17
Pennsylvania-----	604	506	98	Virginia-----	79	63	16
New York-----	924	845	79	Michigan-----	485	470	15
Colorado-----	383	333	50	New Mexico-----	47	36	11
Arizona-----	97	55	42	Washington-----	263	252	11
New Hampshire-----	147	120	27	Nevada-----	34	24	10
Georgia-----	202	176	26				
Maine-----	236	215	21				
Alabama-----	98	79	19				

Institutions in the following States, for the most part in the Middle West, gained 10 or more students in agriculture during the year 1927:

	1926	1927	Gain		1926	1927	Gain
Iowa.....	896	1,051	155	Texas.....	565	591	26
Mississippi.....	411	483	72	Louisiana.....	180	201	21
Nebraska.....	186	244	58	Wisconsin.....	253	266	13
South Carolina.....	353	411	58	Hawaii.....	17	29	12
North Dakota.....	98	137	39	Massachusetts—Amherst	516	527	11
Minnesota.....	368	401	33	Porto Rico.....	49	60	11
Illinois.....	541	572	31	Utah.....	120	130	10
Tennessee.....	142	168	26				

Arts and science continued to be the most popular with students, however, followed by education and commerce and business courses. It will be noted that education takes second place for 1926-27, instead of fourth place as in 1925-26. A percentage gain in enrollments is shown in the following curricula: Arts and science, education, unclassified engineering, medicine, vocational education, architecture, fine arts, and agricultural engineering. A percentage loss is felt in commerce and business, agriculture, electrical engineering, home economics, civil engineering, mechanical engineering, law, dentistry, architectural engineering, forestry, and mining engineering. Enrollments are analyzed for each institution in Table 8 of this bulletin.

Table 3 shows that one-third of the bachelor degrees conferred in 1927 were awarded in arts and sciences; one-tenth in education; one-tenth in agriculture; nearly a fifth in engineering; and the remainder scattered. Ranked according to the number of degrees conferred, the following order is noted: (1) Arts and sciences, (2) general education, (3) general agriculture, (4) commerce and business, (5) home economics, (6) electrical engineering, (7) civil engineering, (8) mechanical engineering, (9) law, (10) medicine, (11) dentistry, (12) specialized engineering, (13) vocational education, (14) pharmacy, etc. Degrees conferred in each institution are listed in Table 9.

#### TOTAL RECEIPTS FOR ALL PURPOSES, 1926-27

Special blanks are prepared annually by the Bureau of Education for the financial report of each land-grant college. For 1926-27 the section on receipts was divided into six parts: (1) Federal sources, (2) State sources, (3) private sources, (4) institutional sources, (5) earnings, and (6) miscellaneous sources. Receipts from State, private gifts, and miscellaneous frequently include capital funds which are not separated, but appear in the grand totals. Receipts from Federal funds, institutional sources, and earnings are generally for operation, maintenance, and current expenses. The actual figures for each institution are reported in Tables 14 and 16 of this bulletin, and the grand totals summarized as follows:

	Total receipts	Per cent of total receipts for all purposes
Federal funds-----	\$13,024,071	9.8
State funds-----	66,949,739	50.3
Private gifts-----	7,117,093	5.4
Institutional funds-----	23,613,176	17.7
Earnings-----	16,523,890	12.4
Miscellaneous receipts-----	5,847,903	4.4
Total-----	133,075,872	100.0

*Federal funds.*—Each of the land-grant institutions listed in this section receives aid in varying amounts from some of the following Federal funds:

1. Interest on 1862 land-grant fund.
2. Interest on other Federal land-grant funds.
3. Morrill-Nelson appropriations (acts of 1890 and 1907).
4. Smith-Hughes funds, not including State funds to match.
5. Other Federal funds for instruction, administration, etc.
6. Hatch-Adams funds for agricultural experiment stations (acts of 1887 and 1906).
7. Purnell funds (act of 1925).
8. Other Federal funds for agricultural experiment stations.
9. Federal funds for any specific research.
10. Smith-Lever and supplementary funds for agricultural and home economics extension.
11. Other Federal funds for agricultural and home economics extension.

The tabulation in Tables 14 and 16 shows that 9.8 per cent of all income and other receipts of these institutions, amounting to \$13,024,071, is received from Federal sources. (See fig. 1.) In 1900 Federal aid for the institutions amounted to 26 per cent (\$1,844,177) of the total. To the smaller and newer colleges, or those which receive comparatively small State appropriations, Federal funds are more important than to the larger land-grant universities. For instance: Alaska Agricultural College and School of Mines received over half of its funds from Federal sources, and the New Mexico College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts is next in order and received 43 per cent of its total receipts from Federal aid. Georgia State College of Agriculture received nearly 30 per cent, North Dakota Agricultural College and the Agricultural College of Utah received 29 per cent respectively, and Alabama Polytechnic Institute received one-fourth through Federal aid.

*State funds.*—With the exception of Massachusetts Institute of Technology, all land-grant institutions receive State aid from some of the following items:

12. Interest on endowment granted by State.
13. Smith-Hughes appropriations to match Federal funds above.

14. Mill-tax levy for operation and maintenance.
15. Appropriations for operation and maintenance.
16. Mill-tax levy for permanent improvements, lands, buildings, etc.
17. Appropriations for permanent improvements, lands, buildings, etc.
18. Agricultural experiment stations for permanent improvements, lands, buildings, etc.
19. Agricultural experiment stations for operation and maintenance.
20. Engineering experiment stations for operation and maintenance.
21. Engineering experiment stations for permanent improvements, lands, buildings, etc.
22. Appropriation for specific research.
23. Agriculture and home economics extension.
24. Extension service other than above.
25. Regulatory service (control of food, fertilizer, etc.)

In 1926-27 the University of Illinois received the largest of any of the State appropriations, over \$6,000,000, which was 75.3 per cent of the university's total receipts; of this nearly \$1,700,000 was appropriated for buildings. Rhode Island State College received 70.9 per cent of its funds from the State; and, altogether, 30 institutions received from one-half to three-fourths of their funds from State appropriations. A few institutions received one-third or less of their 1926-27 receipts from State sources: University of Maryland (33.4 per cent); New Mexico College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts (29.8 per cent); Georgia State College of Agriculture (28.2 per cent); Cornell University (28.2 per cent); Alabama Polytechnic Institute (24.7 per cent); University of Vermont and State Agricultural College (15.2 per cent); Massachusetts Institute of Technology (no State aid).

*Private gifts.*—In 36 institutions private gifts amounted to less than 1 per cent of the total receipts. Private gifts were reported received for the following purposes:

26. Endowment.
27. Resident instruction and administration, for permanent improvements, lands, etc.
28. Resident instruction and administration, for operation and maintenance.
29. Agricultural experiment stations, for operation and maintenance.
30. Agricultural experiment stations, for permanent improvements, lands, buildings, etc.
31. Engineering experiment stations, for permanent improvements, lands, buildings, etc.
32. Engineering experiment stations, for operation and maintenance.
33. Agriculture and home economics extension.
34. Other extension service.
- 34a. Research.

Institutions which received the largest gifts are Rutgers University; Massachusetts Institute of Technology; University of California; University of Nevada; University of Porto Rico.

*Institutional funds.*—Items listed on the annual report blank are:

35. Interest on college endowment.
36. Tuition and fees, less refunds, not including student organization fees.
37. Student fees for extension service.
38. Veterans' Bureau for rehabilitation of soldiers.
39. Athletics if handled through the treasurer.
40. Other institutional funds.

Institutional funds comprised 17.7 per cent of the total receipts of institutions. These funds account for a third or more of the receipts of four land-grant colleges: Massachusetts Institute of Technology, University of Maryland, University of Vermont and State Agricultural College, and Cornell University, while the land-grant colleges in South Dakota, Idaho, Virginia, Montana, New Mexico, North Dakota, Rhode Island, Alaska, and Porto Rico received comparatively small amounts from institutional sources.

*Earnings.*—As listed by the annual reports, earnings are received from four sources:

41. Engineering experiment station earnings.
42. Agricultural experiment station earnings.
43. Departmental earnings.
44. Charges for board and lodging (gross receipts).

In Connecticut Agricultural College, Virginia Agricultural and Mechanical College and Polytechnic Institute, Mississippi Agricultural and Mechanical College, and the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, over a fourth of the total receipts were from earnings; while in the University of Minnesota, University of California, Alaska Agricultural College and School of Mines, and University of Arkansas comparatively small proportions of revenue were obtained from this source.

*Miscellaneous receipts.*—Land-grant colleges frequently receive funds for one or more of the following items:

45. Instruction, administration, and permanent improvements.
46. Current expenses of agricultural experiment stations.
47. Permanent improvements of agricultural experiment stations.
48. Current expenses of engineering experiment stations.
49. Permanent improvements of engineering experiment stations.
50. Other specific research.
51. Agricultural and home economics extension, from county funds.
52. Agricultural and home economics extension, from other funds.
53. Other extension.
54. Regulatory service (control of food, fertilizer, etc.)

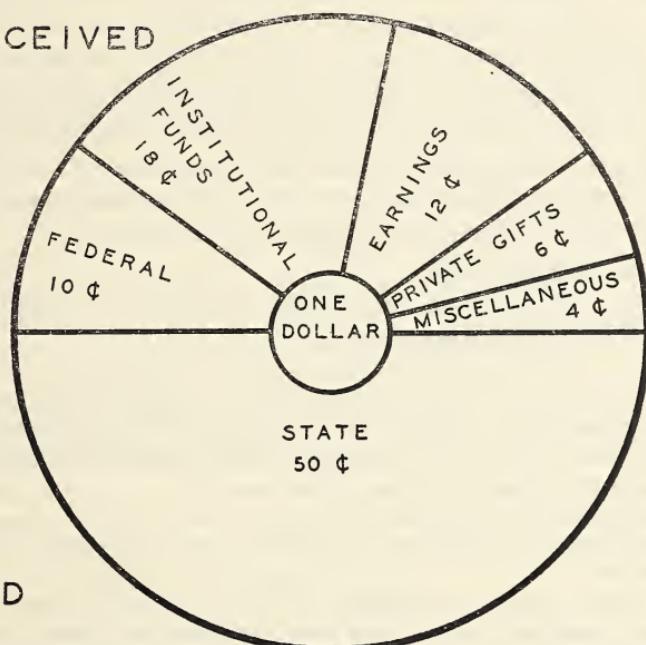
In 1926-27 the Georgia State College of Agriculture listed 20.9 per cent of its income under miscellaneous funds, most of which was received from item 51, county funds. The University of Vermont and State Agricultural College received 20 per cent listed under items 45 and 54; North Carolina State College of Agriculture and Engineering received 17.3 per cent, principally from county funds. Eleven institutions reported no miscellaneous funds.

## EXPENDITURES

This is the third year that the Bureau of Education has gathered expenditure statistics for land-grant colleges; which were as follows: In 1924-25, \$111,239,902; in 1925-26, \$123,461,679; in 1926-27,

## HOW THE LAND GRANT COLLEGE DOLLAR WAS:-

RECEIVED



AND

SPENT

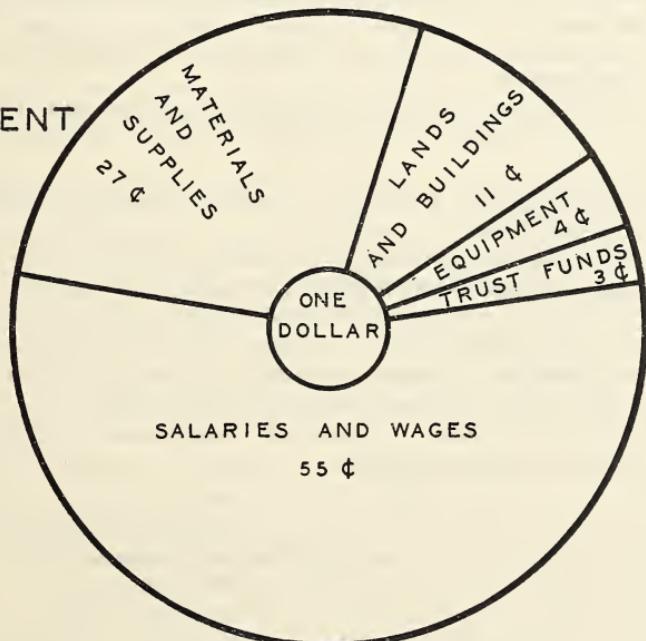


FIGURE 1

\$128,141,765. For 1926-27, 55 per cent of the expenditures went for salaries and wages. (See fig. 1.) This includes salaries of regular instructional, scientific, and administrative staffs, together with the wages of mechanical, farm, and temporary employees for operation and maintenance. Twenty-seven per cent was expended for materials, supplies, freight, travel, repairs, and similar items for operation and maintenance. Eleven per cent was spent for capital outlay, land, buildings, and land improvements and additions or betterments to existing buildings, which are improvements but not repairs. Four per cent went for equipment, including all expenditures for departmental equipment, such as furniture, books, apparatus, machinery, livestock, museum, illustrative specimens, etc., for permanent use. Three per cent includes all expenditures for noneducational purposes from trust funds, such as fellowships, scholarships, student loans, etc., exclusive of investment transactions.

A further analysis reveals that \$128,141,765 was expended for the following purposes, by percentages:<sup>1</sup>

Per cent.	
Resident teaching, including all expenses directly connected with instruction in the departments, physical education, and military training and including salaries of the college deans and other administrative expenses of the educational departments-----	36. 5
Extension service and correspondence courses-----	11. 5
Physical plant extensions, including all outlays for land, buildings, and land improvements-----	11. 0
Experiment stations and other research which is separately budgeted-----	9. 3
Physical plant operation and maintenance, including heat, light, water, upkeep of buildings and grounds, power, janitor service, police service, supplies, repairs, etc.-----	8. 2
Supplementary operations, including bookstores, student hospitals, stores, and service departments-----	5. 5
Administration and general, including expenses of administration, general offices, general departments, and expenses not directly connected with instruction-----	5. 3
Dormitories and dining halls, including all expense of operation, maintenance, and capital outlay-----	4. 6
Trust funds, including all expenditures for noneducational purposes from trust funds, such as fellowships, scholarships, student loans, etc.-----	2. 7
Medical school hospitals (not student hospitals), including the operation of the hospital physical plant-----	2. 4
General library, including all expenses incident to operation and the purchase of books, magazines, etc., for the university libraries-----	1. 7
Athletics, including all expense of operation, maintenance, and capital outlay, if handled by the university-----	1. 3
Total-----	100. 0

<sup>1</sup> This information is detailed for each institution in Tables 15 and 16 following.

**Table 4.—NEW BUILDINGS**—New buildings and additions to buildings completed during the year ended June 30, 1927, for institutions attended by white students

*Alaska.*—Motors building for laboratory for motors and internal-combustion engines—\$6,000.

*Arizona.*—New gymnasium for armory and athletics—\$157,000; new library—\$425,000.

*Arkansas.*—Agricultural hall for classes, laboratories, offices, agricultural experiment station laboratories—\$350,000; engineering hall for classes, laboratories, offices, engineering experiment station laboratories—\$350,000.

*California.*—Phoebe A. Hearst gymnasium for women—\$660,000; agricultural engineering building (at Davis) for agricultural engineering—\$135,704; sewage disposal system (at Davis) for sewage disposal, university farm—\$49,802; university library for book stacks and alterations—\$58,616; miscellaneous small buildings and improvements—\$170,493; land for athletic field—\$255,755.

*Connecticut.*—William Henry Hall dormitory for men—\$168,400.

*Delaware.*—New Castle dormitory—\$160,000; Kent dining hall—\$125,000.

*Florida.*—Engineering building for laboratory and classrooms—\$95,000; chemistry-pharmacy for laboratory and classrooms—\$200,000; horticulture for laboratory and classrooms—\$120,000; tobacco experiment station for laboratory and repairs—\$6,349; citrus experiment station—\$13,391; Everglades experiment station—\$14,393; experiment station for alterations to buildings and barns—\$7,964.

*Georgia.*—Egg-laying contest plant—\$20,000.

*Hawaii.*—Pump-house installation for irrigation of university farm—\$4,861; electric cable installation for conduit for current—\$215; irrigation project—\$292; gas pipe conduit for gas connection to men's dormitory—\$150; road improvements—\$464; miscellaneous—\$1,601.

*Idaho.*—Gertrude L. Hays residence hall for women—\$120,000.

*Illinois.*—Boiler house addition for service—\$71,213; dairy isolation barn for instruction and research—\$3,644; dairy building for instruction and research—\$749,767; McKinley Hospital for service—\$232,162; new men's gymnasium for instruction and research—\$730,509; radio station for instruction and research—\$14,107; west woman's residence hall for dormitory—\$290,963.

*Indiana.*—American Railway Association draft gear building for laboratory—\$21,192.

*Iowa.*—Veterinary investigation barn—\$9,500; experimental barn and animal husbandry farm—\$9,800; cow clinic—\$24,700; new horse barn—\$28,700.

*Kansas.*—Van Zile Hall for women's dormitory—\$200,000.

*Kentucky.*—Music department—\$7,748; theater building—\$16,361; girls' dormitory—\$142,778; mechanical hall garage for automobile engineering—\$1,704; forge shop for mechanical engineering—\$23,343.

*Louisiana.*—Hospital—\$35,018; highway laboratory—\$83,367; athletic dormitories—\$11,059; sugar house additions—\$22,264; fire-fighting system—\$3,953; addition to power plant—\$17,739; dormitories for girls—\$15,000; residences—\$25,966.

*Massachusetts*—Amherst—Tillson farm cottage—\$6,000; repairs physics buildings—\$4,000; brooder house poultry—\$1,800; culvert over brook—\$2,000; cranberry buildings—\$8,000.

*Michigan.*—Kedzie chemistry—\$600,000.

*Minnesota.*—Botany building for classroom and laboratories—\$173,530; dormitory at Grand Rapids—\$75,319; dormitory at Morris—\$69,233; health service building at Crookston for students' health service—\$24,869.

*Mississippi.*—Varnado cottage—\$3,000; Anders and Hull cottages—\$5,134; branch experiment stations—\$8,750; Neal cottage—\$900; Barner cottage—\$900; Raymond branch station—\$625.

*Missouri.*—Lee H. Tate Hall for law—\$200,000; memorial stadium for inter-collegiate and interscholastic sports—\$360,000.

*Montana.*—Herrick Hall for household and industrial arts—\$140,000.

*Nebraska.*—Morrill Hall, a university museum combined with school of fine arts—\$300,000; hospital wing—\$250,000; gymnasium and assembly hall—\$150,000.

*New Hampshire.*—Murkland Hall for classrooms—\$200,000; east and west halls for remodeling of war-time barracks dormitories—\$25,000.

*New Jersey.*—Addition to Cooper Hall for dining hall and dormitory—\$52,841; women's dormitories—\$249,250; Voorhees Chapel—\$285,306; classroom building—\$212,948; Hegeman Hall for dormitory—\$201,464; addition to Voorhees Library—\$145,326.

*New York.*—Green houses—\$173,842.

*North Carolina.*—Animal industry building—\$33,933; improvement of farm buildings—\$1,146; improvement of hospital building—\$7,776; physics and electrical engineering buildings—\$90,398; poultry plant buildings—\$39,459; enlargement of textile building—\$23,059; power plant—\$2,281; Watauga Hall improvements—\$1,167; Winston Hall improvements—\$564; campus improvements—\$1,853; equipment of buildings—\$24,434.

*Ohio.*—Field house for women—\$24,202; Franz Theodore Stone laboratory for lake laboratory work in summer—\$24,834; addition to Hamilton Hall for dentistry—\$137,456; horticulture greenhouse—\$11,875; addition to Pomerene Hall—\$151,701; hospital addition—\$110,941.

*Oklahoma.*—Whitehurst Hall for administration and agriculture—\$153,683; poultry brooder house—\$1,112.

*Oregon.*—A women's building completed January, 1927—\$340,000.

*Porto Rico.*—Janer Hall for classrooms and library—\$87,742; Carlota Matienzo Hall for girl's dormitory—\$67,630; two faculty residences—\$8,000; four temporary buildings—\$11,455.

*South Carolina.*—Engineering shop building for shopwork—\$90,643.

*South Dakota.*—Lincoln Memorial Library—\$200,000.

*Tennessee.*—Storage building for vegetables and tools—\$2,000; Lysimeter Building for soils investigations of agricultural experiment station—\$2,500; tool shed and carpenter shop for college of agriculture farm—\$1,000; addition to main building—\$1,169; West Tennessee Experiment Station at Jackson—\$1,500.

*Texas.*—Three cottages-for-rent houses—\$3,000; three barns for cattle and feed barns—\$2,500; two laboratory buildings—\$5,500; Aggieland Inn—addition to hotel—\$2,247; athletic field house—addition to gymnasium—\$5,058; mess hall—\$91,703; dairy husbandry testing barn—\$14,060.

*Virginia.*—Dormitory No. 6—\$110,000.

*Washington.*—Extension of water system—\$19,279; completion of mechanic arts building—\$65,835; completion of Wilson Hall for agriculture—\$41,700; post-office building—\$9,953; part construction armory and gymnasium—\$198,578.

*West Virginia.*—Hall of chemistry—\$1,225,000.

*Wisconsin.*—Stadium addition—\$7,421; Bascom Hall addition for letters and science classrooms and offices—\$309,899; chemistry building addition—\$8,011; service memorial institutes for medical laboratory—\$97,677; Milwaukee extension division building—\$20,134; heating station—\$72,586; pump house—\$16,975; tunnel extensions—\$35,848; roads and grounds—\$11,699; service building and electrical substation—\$8,025; miscellaneous additions and small structures, as machine shed, tobacco shed—\$31,632.

*Wyoming.*—Engineering building—\$160,589; utility shops—\$12,337.

Total cost of buildings and additions.—\$14,642,915.

Table 5.—SUMMER SCHOOLS—Staff and enrollment in institutions attended by white students, year ended June 30, 1927

Land-grant college located in—	Weeks in summer session	Members of instructional staff		Enrollment of students							
				Noncollegiate or secondary		Collegiate or undergraduate		Graduate		Total	
		Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Alabama	12	46	13	25	20	320	340	127	4	472	364
Alaska <sup>1</sup>				0	0						
Arizona	12	26	1			111	98	31	14	142	112
Arkansas	6	37	18	24	61	142	514	33	36	199	611
California	6	262	53			1,793	4,973	1,033	2,159	2,826	7,132
Colorado	11	50	28	14	46	84	222	72	22	170	290
Connecticut <sup>1</sup>											
Delaware	6	7	10			21	271			21	271
Florida	8	42	18	908	0					908	0
Georgia	9	65	36	125	133	368	1,437	45	30	538	1,600
Hawaii <sup>1</sup>											
Idaho	9	30	4	0	29	90	149	42	16	132	174
Illinois	8	141	17			858	759	370	129	1,228	888
Indiana	9	44	10			403	141	19	0	422	141
Iowa	11	211	52	5	8	481	506	302	100	788	614
Kansas	12	115	34	10	11	302	482	85	69	397	562
Kentucky	11	64	11			422	545	118	53	540	598
Louisiana	12	82	28	0	0	378	507	98	42	476	549
Maine	6	32	4	5	5	108	152	14	8	127	165
Maryland	6	35	12	0	0	98	331	38	10	136	341
Massachusetts:											
Amherst	6	15	5	0	0	51	116	0	0	51	116
Cambridge	15	110	2	0	0	1,365	105	0	0	1,365	105
Michigan	10	37	9	0	0	211	213	80	20	291	233
Minnesota	11	745	142	0	0	1,720	2,060	445	287	2,165	2,347
Mississippi	5	23	0	0	0	152	32	3	0	155	32
Missouri	8	94	26	31	70	446	885	338	222	815	1,177
Montana <sup>1</sup>											
Nebraska	12	98	56	59	157	726	2,154	241	234	1,026	2,545
Nevada	6	10	5	7	14	11	113	0	0	18	127
New Hampshire	6	28	5	0	0	139	123	0	0	139	123
New Jersey	6	52	19	75	450	169	205	18	4	262	659
New Mexico	8	9	2	0	0	12	64	0	0	12	64
New York	6	175	23	220	465	938	800	264	185	1,422	1,450
North Carolina	6	59	0	181	465	129	62	40	0	350	527
North Dakota	6	26	4	0	0	34	159	10	5	44	164
Ohio	11	234	31	19	10	846	1,026	638	250	1,503	1,286
Oklahoma	9	126	41	65	184	391	842	38	26	494	1,052
Oregon	6	32	30	172	311	152	303	59	71	383	685
Pennsylvania	6	124	55	0	0	752	1,615	116	48	868	1,663
Porto Rico	7	24	20	177	187	154	448	10	30	341	665
Rhode Island <sup>1</sup>											
South Carolina	6	20	0	0	0	68	0			68	0
South Dakota	6	24	7	19	19	36	66	23	13	78	98
Tennessee	12	44	23	0	0	510	1,030	49	35	559	1,065
Texas	12	69	0	0	0	390	62	32	0	422	62
Utah	11	59	8	0	0	175	320	76	31	251	351
Vermont	6	19	11			81	732			81	732
Virginia	11	34	0	0	2	195	29	18	1	213	32
Washington	8	27	4	0	0	86	146	88	34	174	180
West Virginia	11	111	17	0	0	404	498	101	54	505	552
Wisconsin	6	191	47	14	30	1,176	2,028	896	915	2,086	2,973
Wyoming	11	42	35	0	0	191	1,089	59	44	250	1,133
Total		3,950	976	2,155	2,657	17,689	28,752	6,069	5,201	25,913	36,610

<sup>1</sup> No summer school.<sup>2</sup> Special music.

Table 6.—STAFF—Members of administrative and instructional staff in institutions attended by white students, year ended June 30, 1927

Minnesota	1	31	5	119	71	440	84	344	72	95	23	117	18	98	14	54	9	19	8	440	98	705	121		
Mississippi	0	15	0	2	5	8	67	0	12	0	85	67	13	4	96	71	12	5	162	8	187	30	1		
Missouri	27	23	16	2	15	0	265	49	226	56	62	12	74	17	21	6	75	18	19	2	51	5	401	105	
Montana	5	3	3	1	17	16	20	51	422	25	20	2	40	14	14	14	37	14	10	0	20	0	102	41	
Nebraska	20	5	1	1	17	16	275	101	300	126	17	4	60	10	10	1	4	1	0	0	0	390	145	20	5
Nevada	4	2	1	0	0	0	55	14	57	15	1	3	4	4	4	24	5	3	0	0	0	116	13	28	
New Hampshire	14	1	0	0	0	0	99	16	102	13	7	4	4	4	4	14	14	14	0	21	0	0	0		
New Jersey	15	5	9	0	7	0	148	34	136	49	50	4	44	19	17	1	43	19	5	0	57	7	32	1	
New Mexico	7	7	3	3	2	6	36	6	17	49	50	4	44	19	17	1	43	19	5	0	57	7	32	1	
New York	13	3	11	2	1	0	927	51	422	47	533	14	106	63	63	63	63	63	63	0	2	0	0	0	
North Carolina	24	3	129	0	0	0	149	0	111	111	111	111	111	20	7	131	61	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	
North Dakota	7	6	12	3	25	8	75	19	40	9	40	11	44	9	9	9	39	8	0	0	15	0	19	2	
Ohio	17	6	1	1	2	2	712	105	738	115	116	116	116	27	27	27	116	27	27	4	0	0	875	148	
Oklahoma	14	3	1	2	2	2	112	36	95	42	33	1	91	56	56	56	91	56	56	34	13	3	0	35	
Oregon	18	2	2	3	6	6	203	59	201	69	11	4	42	7	7	0	49	7	7	27	1	0	0	225	
Pennsylvania	32	18	2	0	20	20	322	35	335	71	37	5	136	37	335	67	158	40	2	1	0	0	0	0	
Porto Rico	9	1	3	0	20	20	70	19	93	48	10	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
Rhode Island	31	6	13	4	4	4	40	8	28	4	12	4	10	2	1	0	11	2	2	11	0	4	1	53	
South Carolina	6	2	13	3	25	6	88	1	88	1	10	0	52	3	0	10	47	13	13	15	0	15	1	103	
South Dakota	8	6	12	3	20	1	78	27	33	18	54	11	52	3	3	3	83	38	38	36	6	22	3	138	
Tennessee	8	6	12	3	20	1	201	22	136	33	169	4	83	8	1	83	38	38	38	4	15	0	228		
Texas	32	5	5	0	206	0	206	5	206	5	213	0	213	124	124	124	212	124	124	88	88	88	88	88	
Utah	7	0	10	3	1	1	64	9	57	5	42	7	22	5	7	3	22	8	1	0	1	1	1	1	
Vermont	9	11	7	1	1	1	152	24	100	29	57	4	25	10	0	0	21	10	0	1	10	1	26	0	
Virginia	9	3	14	1	1	1	100	4	64	1	38	3	128	50	50	50	118	47	47	10	24	1	23	0	
Washington	11	19	27	4	1	1	151	37	112	24	44	14	44	11	3	2	45	13	1	0	18	4	25	3	
West Virginia	7	1	7	0	2	4	183	37	194	41	41	41	64	21	46	12	82	23	23	23	2	44	2	327	
Wisconsin	27	9	37	6	14	14	507	106	369	103	194	31	106	11	11	9	90	17	11	6	81	4	652	139	
Wyoming	15	8	3	3	17	17	60	25	66	46	6	5	22	8	3	0	25	8	0	3	19	1	125	66	
Total	746	316	353	71	540	253	11,071	1,968	9,073	2,130	3,166	408	3,247	1,183	1,133	260	3,085	1,147	24	17	306	74	1,229	100	

<sup>1</sup> Excluding duplicates; includes summer school. See Table 5.<sup>2</sup> Excluding correspondence study.<sup>3</sup> Of this number, 107 are industrial directors who serve without pay.

## LAND-GRANT COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

Table 7.—STUDENT ENROLLMENT—Resident and nonresident in institutions attended by white students, year ended June 30, 1927

Land-grant college located in—		Resident students enrolled												Total <sup>a</sup> (including summer school, Table 5)											
		Correspondence students in courses for—						Training school pupils						Resident enrollment on Oct. 31, 1926											
		College credit	Non-credit	College credit	Non-credit	Men and women	Boys	Gifts	Women	Men	Boys	Gifts	Women	Men	Boys	Gifts	Women	Men	Boys	Gifts					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		
Alabama	183	395	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,180	0	0	1,478	131	21	3	1,457	126	1,499	134	1,971	488				
Alaska	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	46	38	0	0	40	32	0	0	34	41	32	41	857	812			
Arizona	73	200	0	133	281	0	0	0	965	0	0	650	53	50	0	978	1,143	700	1,285	1,170	1,061				
Arkansas	179	777	0	388	514	225	112	103	46	38	599	0	0	986	534	15	8	945	483	1,001	542	10,864	9,760		
California	318,962	9,767	4,5302	3,379	267	206	94	6	3,236	198	3	8,351	9,104	804	906	8,161	8,779	9,143	9,760	1,226	1,034	1,034	602		
Colorado	0	0	10,116	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	456	51	8	806	356	22	3	702	285	879	367	1,370	140	
Connecticut	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	0	0	259	0	0	362	139	8	1	370	140	382	318	449	646
Delaware	0	464	1,800	0	1,333	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	353	0	0	378	318	8	0	1,867	0	1,975	0	2,877	0
Florida	0	0	23	11	0	18	18	18	1,471	830	633	0	0	0	0	831	229	14	0	836	203	845	229	2,854	2,659
Hawaii	15	56	0	0	0	0	0	0	110	95	248	0	0	459	345	14	22	443	296	475	365	475	365		
Idaho	0	0	131	114	4	0	0	0	80	43	625	0	0	1,168	654	60	24	1,111	653	1,228	678	1,405	820		
Illinois	0	121	0	0	0	0	0	0	70	69	0	0	2,841	*	0	0	8,427	3,182	218	8,249	3,186	9,081	3,393	9,745	3,986
Indiana	165	33,31,593	40	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,334	0	0	0	0	1,324	1,348	14	0	1,946	610	3,447	751	
Iowa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,410	110	0	0	3,026	1,348	352	108	3,134	1,348	3,136	1,348	3,579	1,852
Kansas	1	7	320	392	420	0	0	69	1,408	19	0	2,080	1,076	116	63	2,022	1,065	2,215	1,139	2,544	1,539				
Kentucky	73	837	69	160	282	0	50	32	5	0	763	0	0	1,519	809	0	1,163	741	1,615	870	2,155	1,463			
Louisiana	77	394	63	93	123	0	58	46	0	0	722	0	0	1,303	848	68	21	1,216	423	1,371	506	1,629	919		
Maine	21	61	0	23	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	495	8	0	1,019	293	35	20	1,039	309	1,062	313	1,144	442	
Maryland	136	18	222	0	0	0	0	0	40	30	0	0	400	2	0	2,260	383	89	10	2,290	379	2,351	393	2,436	715
Massachusetts:																									
Amherst	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	138	0	0	47	6	227	147	18	435	96	33	6	615	120			
Cambridge	0	26	136	111	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,200	0	0	0	0	2,277	32	353	9	2,630	41			
Michigan	59	1,147	0	1,048	1,136	0	0	124	136	167	0	2,941	978	470	7,045	4,573	889	346	8,857	3,939	7,645	4,587			
Minnesota	3,171	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,207	4	1,235	5		
Mississippi	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,278	37		

## PART II—INSTITUTIONS FOR WHITE STUDENTS

29

Missouri.....	164	798	0	519	1,129	616	224	240	2	1,526	0	0	3,056	1	330	0	0	3,270	1	476	3,915	2,409	
Montana.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	400	0	12	663	0	272	19	10	589	272	663	706	272	
Nebraska.....	140	290	483	408	1,329	569	157	265	76	0	1,908	0	0	363	3	569	2	229	204	3,075	3	256	
Nevada.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
New Hampshire.....	5	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
New Jersey.....	299	858	4,071	0	0	0	1,550	0	7	651	98	0	0	1,294	886	36	4	428	890	1,428	890	1,473	
New Mexico.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
New York.....	40	141	157	20	109	2,542	0	0	6	722	6	1,935	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
North Carolina.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
North Dakota.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ohio.....	129	52	546	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oklahoma.....	0	0	0	248	517	187	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oregon.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	140	108	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pennsylvania.....	953	4,147	1,286	444	520	5,616	0	0	0	304	358	1,288	1,505	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Porto Rico.....	0	0	0	68	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rhode Island.....	0	0	353	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
South Carolina.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
South Dakota.....	104	188	314	197	202	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tennessee.....	48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Texas.....	113	120	0	151	223	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Utah.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vermont.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Virginia.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Washington.....	101	353	11	142	167	51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
West Virginia.....	0	0	1,283	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wisconsin.....	1,105	2,222	3,134	3,772	4,160	9,494	209	164	195	0	1,487	5	0	4,849	3,043	636	309	5,490	3,352	5,082	3,138	7,744	
Wyoming.....	3	75	0	31	323	0	0	0	153	164	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total.....	27,201	15,219	64,194	16,387	11,253	28,404	1,801	1,902	6,799	3,104	51,563	2,465	1,180	101,695	47,679	7,046	3,254	103,008	46,942	108,911	50,717	132,922	

<sup>a</sup> Men and women.<sup>b</sup> Excluding duplicates.<sup>c</sup> Excluding correspondence students.

Table 8.—ENROLLMENT BY MAJOR COURSES OF STUDY—In institutions attended by white students, year ended June 30, 1927

Land-grant college located in—		Engineering courses										Other courses																								
		Agricultural					Chemical					Civil					Mining					Mechanical														
1	2	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women											
Alabama	37	64	175	345	107	10	—	728	0	64	—	15	58	311	74	—	28	147	139	—	—	—	—	46	27	1,478	131									
Alaska	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	8	32								
Arizona	—	—	60	87	49	57	—	233	0	55	—	—	33	779	88	—	—	379	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	78	78	1,090	650						
Arkansas	—	5	35	25	16	22	—	222	0	89	—	—	92	681	21	—	—	380	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	24	24	986	534						
California	(1)	(2)	296	(1)	901	146	—	1,342	1	360	(1)	104	10	582	19	1,244	5	374	(5)	105	32	(3)	346	358	268	232	52	52	8,351	9,104						
Colorado	—	—	33	31	9	—	—	214	286	1	190	90	53	226	232	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	84	84	806	356					
Connecticut	—	—	35	57	26	—	—	148	0	23	—	—	40	364	—	—	—	117	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	3	362	139		
Delaware	—	—	70	51	19	106	—	253	0	112	—	—	644	39	—	—	345	218	—	—	24	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	4	375	318			
Florida	—	—	60	9	—	—	—	80	0	146	17	13	118	169	—	—	406	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	87	87	1,923	229			
Georgia	10	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Hawaii	—	—	46	—	102	20	30	—	4	—	49	1	29	18	221	69	132	8	353	396	—	25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	277	277	456	345	
Idaho	—	—	24	—	320	456	232	21	284	—	1,613	3	572	—	402	3,862	182	1,079	404	597	—	141	248	329	158	491	466	15	15	1,228	678					
Illinois	—	—	209	114	538	773	548	—	1,606	1	297	21	387	465	—	—	387	465	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	62	62	8,427	3,182		
Iowa	—	—	49	118	139	227	451	188	8	152	—	814	122	115	1,079	704	—	—	157	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	120	120	76	76				
Indiana	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Kansas	41	42	54	206	460	104	9	—	916	0	363	—	64	536	511	76	252	273	232	34	—	110	177	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	216	216	1,076	1,076	
Kentucky	—	—	51	56	109	4	6	247	—	415	2	117	—	94	94	1,036	—	273	132	34	—	66	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	93	93	1,519	809		
Louisiana	—	2	49	56	95	26	—	79	202	500	0	176	25	—	53	840	—	63	530	21	—	32	34	86	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	29	29	1,371	509
Maine	—	—	68	108	175	82	13	154	232	0	85	130	—	45	117	—	45	202	100	28	—	437	394	371	270	147	147	2,260	2,260	383	383					
Maryland	—	—	—	—	39	26	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
Massachusetts:	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	527	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Anchorage	—	—	214	—	256	518	303	45	539	33	2,015	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	4	435	96	
Cambridge	—	—	50	100	91	77	—	—	—	—	220	538	0	356	70	44	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,277	32		
Michigan	—	—	218	92	167	79	70	—	878	1	542	21	213	188	(1)	385	4,645	—	316	1,398	(5)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	13	1,806	762		
Minnesota	—	—	59	35	71	21	—	419	546	0	483	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	52	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	11	7,045	4,573			
Mississippi	—	—	1	180	173	68	122	33	187	830	13	328	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	188	448	50	50	259	144	—	—	—	—	152	152	1,330	663			
Montana	—	—	56	30	191	80	—	5	—	362	0	133	—	—	—	—	—	—	96	2,009	48	29	129	7	33	—	—	—	—	98	98	3,066	663			

Total, excluding  
duplicatesMiscellaneous  
and  
other

Pharmacy

Law

Dentistry

Journalism

Music

Vocational  
education

Commer-

ce and busi-

ness

Arts and science

Home economics

Forestry

Min-

ing

Mechanical

Chemical

Civil

Agricultural

Land-grant college located in—

Land-grant college located in—

Nebraska	19	59	42	159	284	86	31	679	1	244	277	1,712	782	1,389	506	149	162	99	289	146	84		
New Hampshire <sup>6</sup>	46	45	38	188	28	37	31	152	0	24	29	679	44	—	—	—	—	—	3,569	555	2,729		
New Jersey	—	—	—	34	42	11	5	71	163	0	80	100	1,535	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	373	
New Mexico	—	—	—	1	3	6	9	58	77	0	36	23	37	37	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,033		
New York	—	—	—	351	374	435	744	1	155	5	744	(1)	101	2,059	182	(3)	(1) (2) (3)	115	—	42	1,294		
North Carolina	—	—	—	80	44	146	243	70	146	—	161	125	0	137	102	286	49	354	110	302	40		
North Dakota	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3,820		
Ohio	116	122	275	505	198	23	235	25	1,496	3	532	58	338	2,298	103	1,980	1,764	(8)	332	229	315	206	
Oklahoma	6	78	88	216	61	10	19	10	512	2	328	292	449	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	147	
Oregon	—	110	112	187	85	45	74	214	821	6	305	156	482	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,219	
Pennsylvania	—	82	59	225	386	204	104	252	311	1	441	65	133	689	77	424	361	71	—	—	—	225	
Porto Rico	—	21	85	2	21	—	—	—	120	0	60	28	166	13	420	—	—	—	45	—	—	183	
Rhode Island	—	21	31	60	32	69	213	0	21	—	85	91	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	109	
South Carolina	—	—	—	107	31	15	66	359	578	0	411	82	33	82	33	—	—	—	—	—	—	109	
South Dakota	—	—	—	19	45	5	52	107	176	0	95	126	214	149	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,407	
Tennessee	—	17	103	157	52	52	52	—	328	1	168	104	726	242	291	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,137	
Texas	—	86	234	433	257	—	75	—	1,085	0	581	10	265	177	68	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	
Utah	90	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	90	0	130	—	113	504	—	222	(5)	—	—	—	—	633	
Vermont	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	60	45	—	162	0	32	71	768	(2)	(3)	—	—	—	—	426	
Virginia	—	25	43	142	321	110	29	128	670	0	63	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	573		
Washington	—	(1)	34	(3)	50	192	57	24	472	13	205	(1)	47	156	1,104	(3)	319	66	111	120	(3)	7	
West Virginia	—	—	44	84	161	50	32	20	388	3	90	(1)	128	1,768	—	(3)	153	(3)	160	—	113	128	
Wisconsin	—	—	—	121	241	368	171	26	925	2	266	(1)	305	4,164	—	562	197	132	314	274	251	100	
Wyoming	—	—	—	—	14	49	17	15	4	31	118	62	—	46	346	—	139	217	9	—	—	4,849	
Total	2431	1,071	2,191	5,082	8,693	5,179	921	2,108	3,949	29	9,397	100	11,179	1,011	520	7,887	52	332	1,210	12,751	13,318	1,991	814
																						1047,755	

<sup>1</sup> Included in agriculture.  
<sup>2</sup> Included in architecture.  
<sup>3</sup> Included in arts and sciences.

<sup>4</sup> Included in mechanical engineering.  
<sup>5</sup> Includes all graduate students.

<sup>6</sup> Included in general education.  
<sup>7</sup> Includes hotel management.

<sup>8</sup> Included in commerce and business.  
<sup>9</sup> This total includes 156 graduate men.

<sup>10</sup> This total includes 76 graduate women.

Table 9.—**DEGREES**, Part I—Baccalaureate and advanced degrees conferred by institutions attended by white students, year ended June 30, 1927

## PART II—INSTITUTIONS FOR WHITE STUDENTS

Missouri.....	56	7	14	2		98	67	974	105	47	15	28	179	58	4	114	58	45
Montana.....	22	0	1	2		11	0	8	61	3	0	1	3	5	4	3	3	3
Nebraska.....	33	0	1	2		45	136	184	103	5	73	13	29	153	1233	11	7	
Nevada.....	3	0	1	2		4	42	28	1									
New Hampshire.....	17	0	3	2		6	69	56	6									
New Jersey.....	13	0	9	3		17	112	93	3									
New Mexico.....	3	0	1	2		10	1	6	16	116	91	20	3	2	0			
New York.....	96	35	13	11		18	96	283	148	198								
North Carolina.....	19	0	6	3		21	8	7	1	6	0							
North Dakota.....	15	0	3	2		9	71	145	136	8	1	167	38	54	247			
Ohio.....	91	2	5	2		39	18	16	68			29	2	28			(21) (21)	
Oklahoma.....	57	0	5	2		78	78	78	107	22	29	1	6	0	80	19	49	
Oregon.....	51	1	5	3		28	107	22	29	1	6	0	1	41	74	9	16	
Pennsylvania.....	93	1	12	3		3	38	8								7	17	
Porto Rico.....	5	0																
Rhode Island.....	4	0																
South Carolina.....	58	0																
South Dakota.....	16	0	2	1														
Tennessee.....	22	1	2	1														
Texas.....	119	0	10	3														
Utah.....	17	0	2	1														
Vermont.....	8	0	1	1														
Virginia.....	13	0	8	3														
Washington.....	34	1	3	6														
West Virginia.....	14	0	5	2														
Wisconsin.....	47	1	48	2		(6)	74	333	439	265	93		71	5	18	3	21	32
Wyoming.....	7	0	2	1		(8)	6	13	32	7			13	2	10	2	1	1
Total.....	1,731	68	327	22	132	93	1,302	3,428	3,414	1,468	352	109	6	1,339	202	584	1,625	229

- <sup>1</sup> Includes 1 degree of M. S. in forestry.  
<sup>2</sup> Includes 22 degrees of M. S. in commerce.  
<sup>3</sup> Includes 1 degree of master of forestry.  
<sup>4</sup> Includes 1 degree of M. S. in veterinary medicine.  
<sup>5</sup> Includes 19 degrees of M. S. in home economics.  
<sup>6</sup> Includes 1 degree of M. S. in home economics.  
<sup>7</sup> Includes 12 degrees of M. A. in commerce.  
<sup>8</sup> Includes 7 degrees of master of architecture.  
<sup>9</sup> Includes 2 degrees of M. S. in agriculture education and 6 in journalism.
- <sup>10</sup> Includes 1 degree of Ph. D. in business administration.  
<sup>11</sup> Degrees to 2 men included.  
<sup>12</sup> Degrees to 7 men included.  
<sup>13</sup> Includes 6 degrees of master of forestry.  
<sup>14</sup> Degree to 1 woman included.  
<sup>15</sup> Includes 12 degrees to men in hotel management.  
<sup>16</sup> Includes 13 degrees of M. A. in commerce.  
<sup>17</sup> Includes 1 degree of M. S. in pharmacy.  
<sup>18</sup> Includes 1 degree of M. A. in commerce.  
<sup>19</sup> Includes 1 degree of M. S. in agriculture education and 6 in journalism.

Table 9.—DEGREES, Part II—Baccalaureate and advanced degrees conferred by institutions attended by white students, year ended June 30, 1927

Land-grant college located in—	Engineering (men)										Total degrees																
	First degrees					Law					Medicine		Dentistry		Pharmacy		Miscellaneous										
	Architectural	Civil	Chemical	Mechanical	Miscellaneous	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women									
1	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	
Alabama	5	8	27	54	18	2	10	8	1	1	9	0	3	0	4	0	206	28	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Alaska																											
Arizona																											
Arkansas	1	1	7	4	6	3	3	5	8	12	11	80	5	49	7	105	4	20	0	0	7	1,185	1,148	260	265	11	6
California																											
Colorado																											
Connecticut																											
Delaware																											
Florida																											
Georgia																											
Hawaii																											
Idaho																											
Illinois	21	13	53	64	27	6	346	19	411	66	3	87	3	24	1	25	5	3	34	1	0	124	88	33	0	0	1
Indiana																											
Iowa	10	6	31	71	73	78	16	57	22	2	8	23	6	8													
Kansas	6	1	4	19	43	13	2	6	5	1	1	18	0														
Kentucky																											
Louisiana																											
Maine																											
Maryland																											
Massachusetts:																											
Amherst																											
Cambridge	17	842	17	120	65	14	132	154	74	14	132	154	74	56	7	5	74	18	7	4	174	18	74	10			

## PART II—INSTITUTIONS FOR WHITE STUDENTS

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Michigan	5	23	16	17	1	8	79	1	89	0	194	15	29	8	0	67	8	12
Minnesota	14	49	71	31	15	9	2	0	79	1	89	0	194	15	29	8	0	41
Mississippi		21	25	13												0	3	0
Missouri		9	24	19	8	27	4	3	20	23	0	20	1			1,079	161	34
Montana		7	5	19	8				3	3						0	0	0
Nebraska	1	3	4	20	25	17			3	48	1	47	5	24	0	45	3	4
Nevada		6	5						3	2						0	0	0
New Hampshire		4	7		20	5			7	2						0	0	0
New Jersey																0	2	4
New Mexico																	10	9
New York																		
North Carolina	5.	7	22	72	83				8	39	3	51	8			4	0	1
North Dakota		2		10	21	2										14	16	2
Ohio	14	10	29	47	26	3	33	207	246	75	3	64	1	41	0	15	1	46
Oklahoma	4	5	10	4	10	4										423	320	149
Oregon		13	25	38	17	8	11									33	22	0
Pennsylvania		11	9	40	47	27	22	49	4	3						523	421	106
Porto Rico																50	32	1
Rhode Island																131	62	11
South Carolina																	0	0
South Dakota																	0	0
Tennessee																	0	0
Texas																	0	0
Utah	15																0	0
Vermont																	0	0
Virginia	3	6	19	39	17	7	5			5						102	82	4
Washington		5	26	9	3	11	8	4	2							145	4	0
West Virginia		7	13	15	7	10	3	4	3							215	134	9
Wisconsin	(12)		20	40	55	26	6	1	12	2	65	1	19	6	0	255	144	36
Wyoming											2					0	0	0
Total	36	114	274	959	1,217	792	169	366	513	164	745	25	571	34	493	21	289	36
																178	13,874	7,221
																	0	0
																	445	164
																	210	79

<sup>7</sup> Doctors of science in engineering.

<sup>8</sup> Includes degrees to 2 women.

<sup>9</sup> Includes 17 master's degrees in medicine not before listed.

<sup>10</sup> Ph. D. in medicine not before listed.

<sup>11</sup> Includes degrees to 3 women.

<sup>12</sup> Included in agriculture.

106671—28—6

Table 10.—FEDERAL LAND-GRANT FUNDS—Income and disbursements from the 1862 land-grant fund, and income from other Federal land-grants for institutions attended by white students, year ended June 30, 1927

Land-grant college located in—	Land-grant fund of 1862 for the year ended June 30, 1927										Income from other Federal land-grant funds
	Receipts					Disbursements					
	Balance remaining unexpended July 1, 1926	Income on invested funds	Income from rentals, etc.	Interest on deferred payments of purchase money	Total available June 30, 1927	For salaries	For facilities	Total	9	10	11
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Alabama	0	\$20,280.00	0	0	\$20,280.00	\$20,280.00	0	\$20,280.00	0	0	0
Alaska	0	199.30	\$5,741.25	0	5,940.55	0	5,940.55	0	0	0	\$27,520.86
Arizona	0	6,633.34	0	6,633.34	6,633.34	0	6,633.34	0	0	0	0
Arkansas	0	42,870.04	0	\$30,67	43,210.71	0	43,210.71	0	0	0	4,583.23
California	0	20,332.75	3,926.22	0	29,369.29	25,056.49	0	25,056.49	\$4,312.80	0	0
Colorado	\$5,110.32	6,750.00	0	10,600.58	10,600.58	0	10,600.58	0	0	0	0
Connecticut	3,850.58	4,980.00	0	4,980.00	4,980.00	0	4,980.00	0	0	0	0
Delaware	0	12,385.81	0	12,385.81	10,965.81	0	10,965.81	0	1,420.00	0	3,163.27
Florida	0	16,954.14	0	16,954.14	15,516.98	\$1,437.16	16,954.14	0	0	0	0
Georgia	0	27,155.73	4,874.44	7,646.65	70,446.22	22,152.48	36,916.18	59,068.66	11,377.56	70,921.00	0
Hawaii	30,769.40	32,450.66	0	0	32,450.66	0	32,450.66	0	0	0	0
Idaho	0	17,000.00	0	0	17,000.00	0	17,000.00	0	0	0	0
Illinois	0	24,886.75	0	0	29,886.75	0	29,886.75	0	0	0	0
Indiana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iowa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kansas	4,998.39	23,095.07	530.00	0	28,623.46	16,820.02	7,641.17	24,461.19	4,162.27	0	0
Kentucky	0	8,644.50	0	0	8,644.50	0	8,644.50	0	0	0	0
Louisiana	0	9,115.69	0	0	9,115.69	9,115.69	0	9,115.69	0	0	5,440.00
Maine	0	5,915.00	0	0	5,915.00	5,915.00	0	5,915.00	0	0	0
Maryland	0	6,831.93	0	0	6,831.93	0	6,831.93	0	0	0	0
Massachusetts:											
Amherst	0	7,300.00	0	0	7,300.00	0	7,300.00	0	0	0	0
Cambridge	0	3,650.00	0	0	3,650.00	2,100.00	1,550.00	3,650.00	0	0	0
Michigan	0	70,713.11	0	0	70,713.11	0	70,713.11	0	0	0	0
Minnesota	0	109,565.42	0	5,268.50	114,833.92	114,833.92	0	114,833.92	0	0	0
Mississippi	0	5,914.50	0	0	5,914.50	0	5,914.50	0	0	0	8,476.86

## PART II—INSTITUTIONS FOR WHITE STUDENTS

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Missouri	0	5,291.27	133.19	0	5,424.46	5,424.46	0	5,424.46	5,424.46	0	7,320.00
Montana	2,994.19	6,308.08	7,146.34	4,448.35	20,896.96	16,383.38	16,383.38	16,383.38	16,383.38	4,513.58	26,848.04
Nebraska	53,044.56	32,919.04	0	0	85,963.60	9,272.16	0	9,272.16	76,691.44	16,559.53	16,559.53
Nevada	1,412.10	5,515.00	245.00	404.80	7,576.90	4,470.00	0	0	4,470.00	2,086.15	2,086.15
New Hampshire	0	4,800.00	0	0	4,800.00	0	4,800.00	0	4,800.00	0	0
New Jersey	0	5,800.00	22,427.28	0	5,800.00	3,500.00	2,300.00	5,800.00	2,300.00	0	0
New Mexico	1,862.61	4,064.03	34,428.80	0	28,333.92	25,460.80	0	25,460.80	2,893.12	0	0
New York	0	7,500.00	11,128.69	0	34,428.80	34,428.80	0	34,428.80	0	0	0
North Carolina	3,408.69	43,833.41	15,438.43	73,889.22	7,500.00	60,169.06	13,720.17	7,500.00	0	0	0
North Dakota	0	31,450.60	0	0	36,428.72	0	23,313.17	23,313.17	0	0	0
Ohio	4,978.12	10,939.40	0	0	13,172.92	9,900.00	0	9,900.00	13,115.55	13,566.72	110,209.12
Oregon	2,233.52	25,000.00	0	0	25,000.00	25,000.00	0	25,000.00	3,272.92	0	0
Pennsylvania	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Porto Rico <sup>1</sup>	0	2,500.00	0	0	2,500.00	2,500.00	0	2,500.00	0	0	0
Rhode Island	0	5,754.00	19,520.36	3,899.80	5,754.00	40,439.34	0	5,754.00	0	0	0
South Carolina	0	11,019.18	0	0	40,439.34	14,900.00	5,100.00	40,439.34	0	0	13,446.47
South Dakota	0	20,000.00	0	0	10,450.00	4,558.33	0	20,000.00	0	0	0
Tennessee	0	10,450.00	0	0	10,450.00	0	0	4,558.33	5,891.67	0	0
Texas	0	16,210.73	2,209.15	0	18,419.88	0	0	18,419.88	0	0	0
Utah	0	8,130.00	0	0	8,130.00	8,130.00	0	8,130.00	0	0	0
Vermont	0	20,658.72	0	0	20,658.72	0	0	20,658.72	0	0	0
Virginia	5,752.13	45,302.98	2,846.79	0	53,901.90	38,363.94	0	38,363.94	15,537.96	71,614.48	0
Washington	735.30	6,600.00	0	0	7,355.30	5,352.86	0	5,352.86	1,982.44	0	0
West Virginia	0	11,609.06	0	0	11,609.06	0	0	11,609.06	0	0	0
Wisconsin	2 (455.06)	5,241.79	7,937.46	2,032.26	14,776.45	0	0	14,776.45	0	0	8,785.14
Wyoming	2 120,754.85	875,969.83	88,666.17	39,499.46	1,124,890.31	856,618.94	119,993.16	976,612.10	148,278.21	448,019.93	57,579.07

<sup>2</sup> Overdraft subtracted from total.

<sup>1</sup> Does not participate in land-grant fund of 1862.

## LAND-GRANT COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

Table 11.—MORRILL-NELSON FUNDS—Receipts and disbursements of funds received under acts of Congress approved August 30, 1890, and March 4, 1907, by institutions attended by white students, year ended June 30, 1927

Land-grant college located in—	Receipts, 1926-27				Disbursements for instruction and facilities for instruction in—							Balance on hand July 1, 1927	
	Balance on hand July 1, 1926	Interest	Appropriation (year ended June 30, 1927)	Total	Agriculture	Engineering and mechanic arts	English language	Mathematical science	Natural and physical sciences	Economic science	Total	Teacher preparation in agriculture and mechanic arts	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Alabama-----	0	0	\$30,795.00	\$30,795.00	\$4,000.00	\$9,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$3,000.00	\$12,755.00	0	0	\$30,795.00	0
Alaska-----	0	0	50,000.00	50,000.00	1,334.98	10,876.71	2,001.65	2,386.94	22,159.54	0	0	50,000.00	0
Arizona-----	0	0	50,000.00	50,000.00	8,300.00	6,000.00	4,200.00	9,250.00	10,821.80	0	0	50,000.00	0
Arkansas-----	0	0	36,363.64	36,363.64	5,650.90	4,813.00	3,672.58	2,290.00	3,335.32	\$500.00	0	36,363.64	0
California-----	0	0	50,000.00	50,000.00	12,166.42	11,999.92	0	25,500.34	0	0	50,000.00	0	0
Colorado-----	0	0	50,000.00	50,000.00	10,616.61*	10,733.30	6,526.64	4,313.29	11,385.26	6,424.90	0	50,000.00	0
Connecticut-----	0	0	50,000.00	50,000.00	26,583.30	154.20	0	21,502.50	1,700.00	0	50,000.00	0	0
Delaware-----	0	0	40,000.00	40,000.00	2,271.43	17,016.22	3,783.37	2,666.66	14,262.32	0	40,000.00	0	0
Florida-----	0	0	25,000.00	25,000.00	9,520.00	7,040.00	1,900.00	1,700.00	4,840.00	0	25,000.00	0	0
Georgia-----	0	0	33,333.34	33,333.34	0	5,415.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	11,918.34	1,000.00	11,000.00	33,333.34	0
Hawaii-----	\$184.17	\$463.76	50,000.00	50,000.00	50,647.33	8,750.00	11,000.00	4,800.00	17,825.00	3,250.00	0	50,425.00	\$222.93
Idaho-----	0	0	50,000.00	50,000.00	10,991.66	10,480.00	4,245.00	2,680.00	15,633.34	6,550.00	0	50,000.00	0
Illinois-----	0	0	50,000.00	50,000.00	20,036.22	14,334.99	4,465.03	3,270.00	2,929.98	4,963.78	0	50,000.00	0
Indiana-----	0	0	50,000.00	50,000.00	20,160.00	4,925.00	4,925.00	3,000.00	13,450.00	3,250.00	2,500.00	50,000.00	0
Iowa-----	0	0	50,000.00	50,000.00	12,600.00	11,700.00	3,500.00	3,000.00	10,550.00	3,500.00	0	42,750.00	0
Kansas-----	0	0	50,000.00	50,000.00	0	20,499.94	11,133.34	7,641.72	10,725.00	0	0	50,000.00	0
Kentucky-----	0	0	42,750.00	42,750.00	6,525.12	11,820.00	4,280.00	5,774.88	14,370.00	0	0	42,750.00	0
Louisiana-----	0	0	29,829.50	29,829.50	30,251.14	7,600.00	8,140.00	4,300.00	4,451.14	9,760.00	0	30,251.14	0
Maine-----	0	0	50,000.00	50,000.00	13,866.85	14,050.00	3,260.00	3,500.00	10,550.00	3,500.00	1,303.15	50,000.00	0
Maryland-----	0	0	40,000.00	40,000.00	14,369.95	7,000.00	5,335.00	4,723.00	8,195.01	375.60	0	40,000.00	0
Massachusetts:													
Anherst-----	0	0	33,333.33	33,333.33	12,933.33	1,800.00	1,800.00	1,500.00	0	0	33,333.33	0	.12
Cambridge-----	.12	0	16,666.67	16,666.67	0	10,400.00	3,600.00	1,200.00	1,466.67	0	16,666.67	0	0
Michigan-----	0	0	50,000.00	50,000.00	10,326.86	17,896.64	6,780.00	3,196.60	8,066.60	3,733.30	0	50,000.00	0
Minnesota-----	0	0	50,000.00	50,000.00	22,800.00	9,500.00	5,400.00	2,500.00	9,800.00	4,841.66	0	50,000.00	0
Mississippi-----	0	0	21,900.00	21,900.00	6,058.33	7,850.01	1,650.00	1,500.00	21,900.00	0	0	21,900.00	0

## PART II—INSTITUTIONS FOR WHITE STUDENTS

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Table 12.—PROPERTY.—In institutions atten dedby white students, year ended June 30, 1927

Land-grant college located in—	Acres of land		Value of property						Total				
	Campus and farms	Under cultivation	Number of bound volumes in libraries	Value of library books	Apparatus, machinery, furniture	Livestock	Campus and grounds	Buildings and dormitories	Endowment from Federal land-grants <sup>1</sup>	Other endowments	Miscellaneous property	Basis of inventory	
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Alabama.....	1,046	630	46,000	\$75,000	\$393,551	\$15,000	\$154,000	\$1,105,500	\$253,500	0	0	\$1,996,551	
Alaska.....	1,800	13	7,628	16,458	103,093	0	3,137	181,810	0	0	0	0	304,498
Arizona.....	1,700	410	63,000	113,215	640,185	17,250	498,300	1,859,924	618,404	\$25,665	0	0	3,772,943
Arkansas.....	1,185	850	80,000	165,000	400,000	30,000	135,000	1,325,000	322,966	0	0	2,189,666	
California.....	5,983	1,044	939,906	1,743,183	3,192,973	63,051	6,624,463	14,132,701	834,920	10,964,140	\$3,004,433	0	41,081,914
Colorado.....	4,193	1,303	56,354	132,161	256,000	37,500	350,000	2,000,000	379,384	0	0	3,490,586	
Connecticut.....	1,740	500	21,000	35,000	452,155	64,372	109,295	1,911,110	135,000	0	335,031	2,853,540	
Delaware.....	291	190	35,000	175,000	357,873	9,560	310,665	1,671,333	832,000	0	146,608	2,628,317	
Florida.....	953	300	52,500	118,500	1,975,051	18,000	900,000	1,635,000	285,046	0	0	5,671,611	
Georgia.....	987	371	61,000	96,000	202,238	19,840	598,000	895,812	242,202	20,000	0	0	2,074,082
Hawaii.....	186	81	41,932	137,996	202,858	20,913	828,485	542,198	0	5,595	0	0	1,738,045
Illinois.....	1,740	540	90,000	119,000	427,000	130,000	1,250,000	2,001,332	649,013	408,802	0	0	3,977,332
Indiana.....	2,086	1,716	708,850	1,503,659	3,248,046	94,434	1,475,418	13,837,205	340,000	0	723,293	0	21,933,871
Iowa.....	4,535	2,300	89,951	115,948	1,289,194	82,433	466,738	3,183,348	5,535,574	592,463	102,518	163,388	5,641,549
Kansas.....	1,994	1,000	144,175	438,761	2,076,013	106,517	694,718	0	0	300,874	0	9,847,438	
Kentucky.....	12,918	3,702	87,497	275,692	1,130,161	90,272	682,323	2,063,350	505,508	0	0	5,347,306	
Louisiana.....	544	455	98,020	126,939	468,938	47,574	472,275	1,790,438	144,078	40,000	0	0	3,090,245
Maine.....	3,389	550	64,590	89,414	579,360	36,000	575,000	470,000	318,313	650	0	0	2,068,737
Maryland.....	422	200	150	73,724	97,615	13,653	335,820	885,998	118,300	617,620	23,332	0	2,178,176
Massachusetts:													2,989,562
Amherst.....	1,583	436	77,000	148,819	666,197	59,505	127,393	1,567,748	146,000	94,666	82,154	Cost.....	2,892,482
Cambridge.....	51,825	0	175,000	300,000	2,166,862	0	3,245,147	7,236,635	73,000	29,378,331	155,358	do.....	42,556,033
Michigan.....	5,046	1,431	51,760	134,639	1,186,287	96,846	389,757	3,040,500	1,003,495	0	0	5,851,524	
Minnesota.....	6,197	1,476,830	2,756,380	1,476,830	131,521	6493,454	13,297,032	3,678,466	3,264,515	0	0	32,678,735	
Mississippi.....	2,275	700	80,080	1,84,713	45,808	157,520	855,128	1,641,304	239,787	0	0	3,004,260	

## PART II—INSTITUTIONS FOR WHITE STUDENTS

Missouri	974	700	291,987	888,316	1,724,963	62,747	897,442	5,017,427	591,248	1,322,079	225,000	Both-----
Montana	997	700	32,064	80,160	1,254,578	14,450	205,305	1,539,901	797,902	0	0	Appraisal-----
Nebraska	5,236	1,504	213,000	465,196	708,479	136,900	2,416,395	4,786,600	950,523	0	488,390	do-----
Nevada	338	263	47,119	72,228	223,407	50,000	139,800	988,200	181,948	177,180	0	Cost-----
New Hampshire	835	150	57,459	59,000	330,000	23,000	125,000	2,250,000	960,000	960,000	45,000	Appraisal-----
New Jersey	862	450	162,225	523,675	953,188	50,000	1,726,259	4,746,720	116,000	3,458,158	0	Both-----
New Mexico	261	107	22,620	60,000	175,000	26,000	45,000	320,000	119,393	404,130	7,500	Appraisal-----
New York	1,695	600	761,868	1,154,976	2,700,509	42,035	544,644	10,923,345	688,576	18,716,850	0	Cost-----
North Carolina	490	400	26,256	53,588	346,890	25,413	166,867	3,073,761	125,000	100,000	100,000	Both-----
North Dakota	1,743	1,515	41,680	83,360	482,833	36,000	143,710	1,152,500	1,548,460	0	0	Appraisal-----
Ohio	1,118	700	300,147	741,728	2,166,045	(2)	3,316,329	8,709,889	750,372	376,672	0	Cost-----
Oklahoma	1,000	800	39,692	97,531	587,497	139,715	131,725	1,867,508	0	0	do-----	
Oregon	707	415	75,222	208,171	827,665	84,807	708,670	2,862,601	203,504	0	115,931	do-----
Pennsylvania	1,812	1,489	103,212	612,726	2,637,197	57,591	186,185	5,844,192	517,000	0	0	Appraisal-----
Porto Rico	280	200	17,000	32,000	265,376	3,300	78,675	564,886	0	87,900	0	Cost-----
Rhode Island	169	39	24,700	70,000	200,000	12,000	18,000	700,000	50,000	0	0	do-----
South Carolina	1,544	405	24,598	57,292	358,837	46,964	362,329	1,346,958	95,900	58,539	0	Appraisal-----
South Dakota	807	570	36,900	76,800	477,000	36,000	95,680	1,116,710	738,508	0	Both-----	
Tennessee	1,870	1,363	86,854	198,429	735,075	47,876	1,695,624	2,568,818	400,000	42,315	135,891	Appraisal-----
Texas	13,373	2,093	45,187	130,951	1,142,427	153,694	573,078	3,859,301	209,000	0	261,417	Cost-----
Utah	187	313	45,555	34,640	179,795	23,877	56,100	1,193,700	294,489	0	0	do-----
Vermont	480	150	120,812	185,000	165,000	13,697	100,000	1,670,000	135,000	1,222,985	280,000	Appraisal-----
Virginia	980	343	39,000	71,000	594,000	51,800	252,700	2,083,500	344,312	0	152,850	do-----
Washington	1,022	1,007	130,000	136,488	425,159	53,125	259,076	1,760,602	2,570,082	0	211,147	Cost-----
West Virginia	1,882	535	92,151	180,491	742,104	55,132	1,758,436	4,920,000	115,000	0	212,408	Appraisal-----
Wisconsin	1,823	800	337,000	988,075	2,689,246	113,698	8,486,330	538,680	355,267	0	18,000	Both-----
Wyoming	1,206	350	64,952	170,000	360,000	21,000	306,100	1,750,000	2,021,328	0	14,821,545	Appraisal-----
Total	163,493	42,119	6,996,291	15,276,449	48,940,600	2,544,900	43,887,015	171,448,715	27,071,465	72,095,077	9,054,066	-----
											390,318,305	

<sup>1</sup> Including value of unsold land.<sup>2</sup> Included in column 6.

Table 13.—SALARIES—In institutions attended by white students, year ended June 30, 1927

Land-grant college located in—	Of president			Of deans			Of professors			Of associate professors			Of assistant professors				
	Cash	Perqu-sites	Num-ber	Maxi-mum	Typical (me-dian)	Min-i-mum	Num-ber	Maxi-mum	Typical (me-dian)	Min-i-mum	Num-ber	Maxi-mum	Typical (me-dian)	Min-i-mum			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		
Alabama	\$7,500	\$1,200	9	\$5,500	\$4,000	\$2,700	28	\$3,600	\$3,000	\$2,700	9	\$2,700	\$2,500	\$2,400	\$2,200	\$2,100	
Alaska	6,000	3,400	2	5,400	5,100	4,900	11	3,750	3,500	3,250	2	3,250	3,250	3,250	2,800	2,200	
Arizona	8,000	3,600	4	6,000	4,250	4,250	48	6,500	4,100	4,100	24	4,100	3,200	2,000	2,000	2,000	
Arkansas	10,000	0	4	10,000	7,000	5,000	155	40	4,300	3,500	3,000	12	3,300	3,000	2,850	2,100	2,700
California	12,000	16,000	22	10,000	7,000	5,000	155	8,000	5,000	4,000	131	5,300	3,300	3,300	177	5,000	3,000
Colorado	8,500	800	2	5,000	4,500	4,500	23	4,100	3,600	3,000	31	3,633	2,750	2,400	34	2,400	2,100
Connecticut	7,500	1,000	2	5,000	5,000	5,000	17	4,400	4,000	4,000	7	3,750	3,250	3,250	8	3,250	1,800
Delaware	7,000	1,500	4	4,400	4,400	4,400	23	3,200	3,200	3,200	8	2,600	2,600	2,600	17	2,200	2,200
Florida	6,000	0	11	7,500	3,800	3,600	44	3,800	3,400	3,000	24	3,000	2,700	2,500	9	2,500	2,000
Georgia	8,500	1,500	13	—	—	—	22	4,000	3,500	3,000	24	2,700	2,550	2,400	10	2,300	2,100
Hawaii	10,000	0	1	8,000	—	—	22	4,800	4,800	3,600	16	3,000	2,700	2,700	8	3,300	3,000
Idaho	8,500	1,000	1	3,000	—	—	38	4,500	3,300	3,000	16	3,000	2,700	2,200	30	3,200	3,000
Illinois	15,000	2,500	3	8,000	8,000	8,000	123	7,500	5,500	5,500	55	6,000	4,000	2,900	108	4,000	2,500
Indiana	12,000	0	7	8,000	8,000	8,000	66	5,500	4,000	4,000	47	4,000	3,200	2,500	71	3,900	2,500
Iowa	12,000	3,000	8	7,250	6,000	6,000	82	7,000	5,000	3,000	88	4,500	3,200	2,300	86	4,500	2,800
Kansas	10,000	1,000	7	5,600	5,000	3,500	79	5,000	4,000	2,700	54	4,000	3,200	2,200	66	3,200	2,200
Kentucky	12,000	1,000	6	6,500	6,000	4,800	70	4,700	3,500	2,000	21	3,750	3,200	2,000	37	3,200	2,000
Louisiana	10,000	1,000	3	4,800	4,800	4,800	53	4,000	3,500	2,540	18	3,900	3,300	2,600	28	3,900	2,100
Maine	7,000	600	1	4,400	4,400	4,400	35	3,850	3,300	3,000	20	3,000	2,800	2,100	20	3,400	2,100
Maryland	15,000	0	14	7,500	6,000	3,500	67	7,500	3,600	2,000	27	3,800	2,700	2,440	35	3,000	2,500
Massachusetts:	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Amherst	7,500	1,500	5	5,500	5,000	4,000	21	4,500	3,720	2,020	11	3,900	3,300	3,000	25	2,940	2,100
Cambridge	12,000	1,000	6	7,000	6,000	4,500	42	5,500	5,000	3,500	56	4,500	3,500	3,060	60	3,600	2,400
Michigan	18,000	2,000	15	8,000	6,500	5,000	156	8,000	4,500	3,000	77	5,300	3,600	3,060	163	4,500	2,700
Minnesota	4,800	600	6	3,800	3,800	3,800	28	3,800	—	—	28	2,900	—	2,150	18	1,950	1,650
Mississippi	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Missouri	12,500	2,500	12	9,100	6,000	4,500	86	6,000	4,500	3,400	39	4,000	3,300	2,400	80	3,600	2,500
Montana	6,500	0	2	5,000	4,500	4,200	35	4,800	3,700	2,500	9	3,800	3,000	2,500	30	3,000	2,300
Nebraska	8,400	1,200	12	6,500	5,500	3,600	83	5,000	4,000	2,700	43	4,000	3,000	2,500	41	3,500	2,500
Nevada	12,000	1,000 <sup>(3)</sup>	7	6,000	4,200	4,000	24	4,500	3,600	3,000	10	3,000	2,700	2,200	10	2,500	2,000
New Hampshire	9,000	1,100	4	4,600	—	—	25	4,000	3,700	3,100	6	3,400	3,200	2,900	29	3,100	2,700

New Jersey	1,200	7	10,800	6,500	5,500	6,000	4,000	3,500	4,500	3,500	16	4,500	3,500	2,500	31	4,250	2,750	
New Mexico	8,000	2	3,800	13	3,500	21	3,000	2,000	2,400	2,900	2	2,000	10	2,700	2,300	1,900		
New York	20,000	2,500	12,000	6,000	6,000	255	10,000	3,500	3,000	2,800	23	3,000	26	3,000	171	5,000	2,500	
North Carolina	8,500	1,500	6,000	4,000	3,000	31	4,500	3,000	2,600	2,400	7	3,300	15	3,000	2100	2,200	2,200	
North Dakota	2,7,500	2	4,000	3,800	3,800	33	4,000	3,300	2,600	2,400	23	3,000	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	
Ohio	10,000	(4)	14	7,500	6,500	5,250	200	6,500	4,500	3,000	24	3,200	3,000	2,200	128	5,500	3,000	
Oklahoma	10,000	1,500	7	4,800	4,800	4,300	44	4,200	3,600	2,700	30	3,600	3,200	2,400	66	2,700	2,500	
Oregon	12,000	1,000	11	5,000	5,000	4,250	60	4,500	4,000	2,800	58	3,600	3,600	2,400	51	3,400	2,600	
Pennsylvania	15,000	1,500	6	9,500	6,500	6,000	85	5,000	3,800	2,500	1	3,000	2,900	2,300	85	3,500	2,600	
Porto Rico	7,500	2,500	3	6,200	3,100	3,100	23	3,600	3,600	2,500	1	3,000	3,000	2,400	19	3,000	2,700	
Rhode Island	6,000	1,800	6	4,750	3,500	3,500	17	3,400	3,300	3,000	18	2,500	2,400	2,000	6	2,700	2,600	
South Carolina	9,000	360	2	4,750	5,000	4,500	2,600	31	4,000	3,000	2,500	10	3,800	3,000	2,800	10	2,400	2,000
South Dakota	7,500	1,000	2	4,750	4,500	3,300	41	4,500	4,000	3,400	17	3,300	3,000	2,800	27	3,000	1,800	
Tennessee	12,000	900	2	7,000	5,500	5,500	54	4,000	4,000	2,750	33	3,250	2,500	2,100	19	2,700	2,400	
Texas	10,000	1,300	8	4,300	4,000	2,400	19	3,900	3,100	2,900	18	3,100	2,500	2,200	17	2,700	2,500	
Utah	6,000	2,000	5	5,000	5,000	1,800	52	3,600	3,400	3,200	14	3,000	2,800	2,400	42	2,400	2,200	
Vermont	10,000	2,000	2	5,100	4,500	4,100	33	4,100	4,100	3,400	12	3,300	2,600	2,600	20	2,600	2,500	
Virginia	7,500	800	10	5,000	4,000	3,600	29	4,500	3,300	2,200	13	3,500	3,000	2,450	33	3,300	2,500	
Washington	12,000	1,500	6	5,000	4,000	3,600	66	5,000	4,000	3,000	25	3,500	3,000	2,500	39	2,700	2,000	
West Virginia	9,000	3,000	6	5,500	5,500	5,500	66	5,000	4,000	3,000	26	4,284	3,660	3,240	9	3,360	2,600	
Wisconsin	20,400	2,400	4	7,500	5,750	4,000	135	9,000	6,000	4,000	73	4,750	3,750	3,100	96	4,250	3,000	
Wyoming	10,000	1,500	6	5,280	5,000	4,170	26	4,284	3,660	3,000	20	3,500	3,000	2,600	22	3,400	2,400	
Total	516,100	65,060	328	6,500	5,000	4,000	2,867	4,500	3,700	3,000	1,300	20	3,500	3,000	2,226	2,226	2,000	
Typical (median)	10,000	1,000	6	5,500	5,000	4,000	38	4,500	3,700	3,000	20	3,500	3,000	2,400	295	3,050	2,500	

<sup>1</sup> Contingent fund of \$9,000 in addition.<sup>2</sup> Salary for 1926.<sup>3</sup> House for president in addition to salary.<sup>4</sup> House and use of auto for president in addition to salary.

Table 14.—RECEIPTS, Part I—For instruction, administration, and permanent improvements in institutions attended by white students,  
year ended June 30, 1927

Land-grant college located in—	Federal funds		State funds from—		Private gifts for—		Institutional funds from—				From other sources	Total			
	Land-grant and Morrill-Nelson funds	Smith-Hughes funds	Mill-tax levy and appropriations for—		Current expenses	Permanent improvements and endowments	Interest on college endowment	Tuition and fees, less refunds	Charge for board and lodging	Departmental earnings					
			State endowment	Permanent improvements											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
Alabama	\$51,075	\$7,404	\$7,404	\$102,500	\$5,920	\$5,920	\$131,011	\$16,678	\$50,587	\$7,214	\$126,360	\$506,153			
Alaska	50,000			38,230				1,075	2,288			4,314	95,907		
Arizona	73,124			1,657,290				97,406	100,837	7,220		119,252	1,059,488		
Arkansas	42,997	3,911	(2)	\$325,000	\$879	\$325,000		77,032				17,553	1,068,123		
California	97,794	15,325	66,352	4,891,226	346,500	246,223	1,878,707	\$376,778	1,452,389	38,707		923,514	10,559,551		
Colorado	74,259	11,448	11,448	326,832	124,315	131,349	5,178	32,819	111,414		56,976	4,070	536,493		
Connecticut	56,750	5,310	5,310	235,000	160,500	160,500	20,903	75,352	66,551	120,161	243,930		22,409	887,029	
Delaware	44,980	5,300	5,300	235,000	4,511	50,000	2,500	103,707	110,075	57,174		10,002	16,638	729,834	
Florida	40,549			5,000	437,634				56,239	41,456	62,823		2,171	882,420	
Georgia	48,287	14,511	10,903	110,000									346,399		
Hawaii	50,464	991						255	12,573	24,431			8,827	322,601	
Idaho	159,119			467,163	75,000	1,797,058	20,349	7,000	807,580	148,151			7,356	902,292	
Illinois	82,450	15,790		3,602,468					365,695				38,906	6,876,658	
Indiana	68,567	22,967	27,467	1,030,500	104,624	57,378	10,748						195,384	1,998,525	
Iowa	79,887		20,084	1,806,207									75,000	2,838,506	
Kansas	73,625	7,625	6,502	930,250	240,000										
Kentucky	51,385	12,457	12,457	874,610	75,000			1,700	145,172	69,113			13,801	1,915,801	
Louisiana	44,385	4,544	3,692	528,639	253,013				69,687				113,977	1,081,083	
Maine	55,915			340,000	60,000									846,083	
Maryland	46,832	15,244	15,244	352,240	4,180,000			11,808							
Massachusetts:															
Amherst	40,633		3,313	692,015	24,912										
Cambridge	20,317													22,041	1,065,214
Michigan	120,713			1,462,337	739,331									128,000	4,402,917
Minnesota	180,739	21,137	94,936	3,709,468	602,118									2,363	2,963,245
Mississippi	36,286			235,691										1,233,192	7,848,391
														37,092	792,623

## PART II—INSTITUTIONS FOR WHITE STUDENTS

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Missouri	18,766	58,648	1,467,569	63,445	6,420	158,917	27,054	420,694	61,932	250,839	10,138	429,654	3,072,608	
Montana	94,751	4,637	2,240	211,258	96,939	-	-	-	32,947	15,419	46,302	-	504,638	
Nebraska	99,370	11,350	-	1,750,000	184,452	450,000	41,368	18,000	443,145	42,403	114,332	562,007	-	
Nevada	58,251	-	-	327,256	274,256	-	-	-	49,120	26,565	71,500	35,807	563,822	
New Hampshire	54,800	2,805	2,805	-	-	-	-	-	175,290	-	-	113,984	1,216,443	
New Jersey	56,800	8,802	8,802	762,199	110,675	55,000	1,584,304	110,675	374,395	388,499	-	38,748	3,773,277	
New Mexico	76,844	1,439	1,439	1,147,389	7,452	147,829	23,224	85,423	7,070	13,362	70,551	232,727	5,928,541	
New York	84,429	23,499	27,034	399,999	163,127	364,482	118,670	1,014,470	1,408,920	710,947	67,417	1,280	1,149,039	
North Carolina	41,000	5,540	-	(7)	-	-	-	-	167,188	176,079	22,560	9,181	189,768	
North Dakota	120,421	10,657	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,949	-	-	-	-	
Ohio	95,017	-	-	2,788,660	581,607	15,744	3,524	20,401	556,159	110,913	206,291	718,491	5,096,807	
Oklahoma	177,000	-	-	599,208	157,250	-	2,825	-	31,276	30,298	120,807	94,739	1,281,350	
Oregon	60,639	5,827	-	1,191,688	-	-	-	-	165,528	148,145	-	7,046	1,579,173	
Pennsylvania	76,020	33,529	33,529	901,746	12,882	-	598	-	579,508	133,707	449,364	-	11,535	
Porto Rico	8,50,541	-	-	2,239	322,219	-	3,395	-	31,458	-	-	-	6,698	
Rhode Island	52,500	(6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	972	15,490	103,867	35,633	15,312	
South Carolina	30,754	-	-	303,841	15,000	600,000	-	-	22,457	215,958	-	-	955,332	
South Dakota	103,885	8,337	-	348,600	173,833	-	-	-	57,400	17,788	69,202	1,187	656,069	
Tennessee	58,000	13,834	8,383	745,595	6,627	4,450	103,398	1,340	184,534	78,452	143,703	-	785,319	
Texas	47,950	5,130	5,130	934,103	383,500	-	-	-	85,936	500,457	351,025	-	1,348,411	
Utah	68,420	2,308	-	193,977	3,389	-	-	-	53,256	-	11,576	138	2,593,876	
Vermont	58,130	5,377	-	89,600	-	-	43,644	-	270,836	55,598	-	-	345,430	
Virginia	58,962	5,963	5,963	235,983	128,200	-	-	-	53,915	219,682	307,163	1,071	670,477	
Washington	147,435	3,492	-	940,388	276,814	-	-	-	138,651	58,401	98,353	-	48,472	
West Virginia	46,600	18,000	10,692	820,000	325,000	-	-	-	183,036	115,068	55,211	-	1,664,174	
Wisconsin	70,394	3,086	844	1,311,492	107,571	37,197	-	821,591	514,236	738,703	-	357,148	7,045,176	
Wyoming	143,510	4,409	3,344,946	232,570	-	1,009	173	-	58,663	64,355	-	48,724	888,939	
Total	3,816,670	377,308	464,264	44,077,392	11,103,260	807,385	5,768,780	3,719,785	13,204,266	6,306,748	7,714,007	135,825	6,599,979	104,095,669

<sup>1</sup> Including \$4,126 for delinquent taxes 1921-22.

<sup>2</sup> Included in column 5.

<sup>3</sup> Included in column 10.

<sup>4</sup> One-third of appropriation for triennium 1925-27.

<sup>5</sup> Funds returned to State; not available for institutional expenses.

<sup>6</sup> \$14,194 of this returned to State; not available for institutional expenses.

<sup>7</sup> Biennial State appropriation, 1925-27, shown in 1926 report.

<sup>8</sup> Including interest.

<sup>9</sup> This money and State money to match disbursed by State board of education.

Table 14.—RECEIPTS, Part II—Experiment stations and research in institutions attended by white students, year ended June 30, 1927

	26,850	94,883	181,733	14,487	728	15,215	776	1,051
	118,225	36,439	215,264	3	3	3	776	776
Missouri	60,000	78,427	138,427					
Montana	60,000	4,446	4,814					
Nebraska	60,000	4,500	25,733					
New Hampshire	60,000	290,621	92,891	443,512				
New Jersey	60,000	7,500	12,069	79,569				
New Mexico	60,000	535,231		595,231				
New York	60,000	(3)	15,784	62,338	138,122			
North Carolina	60,000		102,220	8,000	170,220	(?)		
North Dakota <sup>3</sup>	60,000							
Ohio	60,000	30,000	14,407	104,407		11,162	81,163	81,153
Oklahoma	60,000	79,500	52,139	191,639				
Oregon	60,000	3,000	2,759	83,325	79,500			
Pennsylvania	60,000					6,441	6,441	45,500
Porto Rico	60,000							
Rhode Island	60,000	82,433	6,418	66,418				
South Carolina	60,000	57,020	50,705	25,000	218,138			
South Dakota	60,000		18,048	5,426	141,394	25,000		
Tennessee	60,000		17,168	3,667	80,835	2,500		
Texas	60,000	303,225	106,921		470,146	25,050		
Utah	60,000	65,125	19,825	500	145,450			
Vermont	60,000			60,000				
Virginia	60,000	85,603	15,129	7,510	1,820			
Washington	62,826	19,607	66,045		160,732			
West Virginia	60,000	95,500	54,638		147,478			
Wisconsin	50,000	54,156	532,397		210,138			
Wyoming	60,000	40,217	4,518					5,021
Total	2,758,249	4,398,922	2,197,865	189,656	9,544,692	326,363	195,335	314,900
						510,235	489,041	288,007
								777,048

<sup>1</sup> See footnote 2, Part I.   <sup>2</sup> Funds returned to State, not available for institutional expenses.   <sup>3</sup> Biennial State appropriation, 1925-1927 (\$265,400), shown in 1926 report.

Table 14.—RECEIPTS, Part III—Extension and regulatory service. Grand total income of institutions attended by white students, year ended June 30, 1927

Missouri.....	200,921	80,360	133,458	15,177	429,916	24,236	50,073	74,309	---
Montana.....	49,507	98,157	103,618	147,754	103,618	50,000	50,000	21,977	3,774,832
Nebraska.....	30,503	7,199	46,293	13,044	97,039	50,000	2,135	2,135	868,490
New Hampshire.....	27,160	36,000	7,200	7,200	70,360	32,510	32,510	26,446	3,744,484
New Jersey.....	80,774	96,785	1149,082	36,710	326,641	10,000	42,345	52,345	758,702
New Mexico.....	41,036	397,641	629,203	28,111	77,746	53,564	1,300	54,864	1,410,546
New York.....	197,851	175,000	183,387	20,233	1,252,826	605,986	31,966	31,966	4,595,775
North Carolina.....	227,356	(1)	27,446	1,505	97,645	263,564	1,375	1,375	414,953
North Dakota.....	68,694					657,846	167,689	167,689	7,894,002
Ohio.....	228,775	257,368	1168,775	223,396	709,539	465,198	2,500	21,250	1,883,147
Oklahoma.....	166,423	130,000	85,338	250	263,564	263,564	167,689	167,689	459,008
Oregon.....	51,225	126,701	320,609						
Pennsylvania.....	336,987								
Porto Rico.....									
Rhode Island.....	11,568	913							
South Carolina.....	156,015	110,863	96,450		12,486	266,878	7,000	7,000	1,036,731
South Dakota.....	66,176	103,200	121,671	5,630	268,826	7,800	4,134	11,934	1,270,064
Tennessee.....	230,374		249,226	5,213	357,675	595,454	9,420	9,420	1,207,473
Texas.....	341,015								1,796,341
Utah.....	34,566	39,000	2,900		76,466	(6)	6,902	6,902	3,779,340
Vermont.....	35,474	33,200			68,674				574,248
Virginia.....	181,805	188,000	86,336	11,354	467,495				316,676
Washington.....	94,293	57,714	91,472		243,479				1,688,006
West Virginia.....	125,015	80,000	104,133		309,148	63,500	6,247	6,247	2,068,553
Wisconsin.....	165,779	125,137			290,916	249,072	234,382	63,500	2,185,918
Wyoming.....	24,400	130,000			154,400	154,400	3,227	3,227	8,488,613
Total.....	6,071,844	5,049,888	3,299,167	458,560	14,879,459	848,255	1,151,255	1,999,510	1,269,259
									133,075,872

<sup>1</sup> Not handled by the university.

<sup>2</sup> See footnote 2, Part I.

<sup>3</sup> Funds returned to State; not available for institutional expenses.

<sup>4</sup> Biennial State appropriation, 1925-27 (\$65,000), shown in 1926 report.

<sup>5</sup> See column 3.

Table 15.—EXPENDITURES, Part I—Salaries and wages (operation and maintenance) in institutions attended by white students, year ended June 30, 1927

Land-grant college located in—	Administration and general	Resident instruction	General library	Extension	Experiment station and other organized research	Physical plant, equipment and maintenance	Supplementary operations	Dormitories and dining halls	Athletics	Medical school hospitals	Total (salaries and wages)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Alabama.....	\$22,490	\$230,286	\$2,435	\$285,349	\$78,996	\$11,521	\$18,943	\$2,543	\$27,320	\$3,602	\$683,485
Alaska.....	9,392	48,869	18,475	52,175	113,735	53,622	26,519	13,902	—	7,384	65,573
Arizona.....	60,068	404,271	13,491	19,135	9,508	48,220	5,625	7,065	—	—	770,151
Arkansas.....	44,499	336,582	179,238	741,003	744,072	340,118	124,054	14,333	—	334,798	737,762
California.....	345,548	3,223,269	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3,346,463
Colorado.....	42,440	207,318	11,060	115,800	136,122	27,100	37,100	—	11,800	566	588,740
Connecticut.....	31,971	233,834	4,655	95,473	57,879	60,139	11,878	25,799	—	—	528,194
Delaware.....	31,242	171,363	7,711	6,987	24,848	1,825	3,125	—	—	—	1,025,124
Florida.....	76,070	412,334	6,300	36,724	447,619	5,832	3,725	20,041	16,872	—	1,025,617
Georgia.....	34,477	153,370	6,000	523,286	—	5,704	—	11,085	—	—	733,922
Hawaii.....	18,943	173,892	14,142	9,186	41,873	16,934	6,501	7,991	—	—	289,462
Idaho.....	50,026	375,170	12,788	68,673	73,924	22,929	22,382	—	—	—	573,914
Illinois.....	271,218	1,2,786,065	119,837	194,511	467,007	309,293	14,421	25,633	—	—	4,187,986
Indiana.....	91,278	906,514	14,554	433,988	478,519	145,947	—	—	46,222	—	2,107,042
Iowa.....	80,753	1,270,040	36,146	294,128	267,267	85,463	32,788	19,643	—	—	2,086,228
Kansas.....	75,258	1,029,604	20,632	213,561	95,487	90,761	—	—	19,457	15,976	1,560,766
Kentucky.....	44,809	527,916	10,317	328,411	173,075	17,905	—	—	—	—	1,106,428
Louisiana.....	59,045	426,888	18,486	257,237	125,552	28,040	—	—	—	23,000	918,248
Maine.....	38,892	331,512	8,406	73,129	85,356	67,864	8,355	29,587	—	—	643,003
Maryland.....	86,459	608,468	11,023	180,182	127,260	65,176	26,674	2,34,179	—	—	1,309,248
Massachusetts:											
Amherst.....	37,848	341,227	10,771	77,826	158,523	118,773	—	—	26,058	—	771,026
Cambridge.....	131,300	1,28,000	21,034	290,152	287,386	131,870	278,200	81,000	—	—	1,871,000
Michigan.....	73,327	891,694	121,174	73,105	536,545	178,426	174,732	8,639	—	14,058	1,734,275
Minnesota.....	231,101	2,213,801	4,183	430,196	128,575	58,461	28,023	26,836	6,204	422,549	4,409,607
Mississippi.....	50,213	186,456	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	919,707
Missouri.....	131,756	1,169,028	41,975	370,788	112,997	145,220	81,600	5,244	—	—	2,104,477
Montana.....	26,359	201,320	6,973	104,941	144,899	35,542	—	—	—	—	528,278
Nebraska.....	96,751	1,143,009	41,074	177,486	153,008	12,010	25,421	5,810	—	—	1,681,599
Nevada.....	22,354	204,556	6,357	47,763	46,350	29,580	26,609	13,955	2,724	—	400,448
New Hampshire.....	31,474	318,960	9,985	74,716	64,283	12,541	40,360	12,541	—	1,733	622,671

New Jersey	613,866	25,333	173,422	273,941	73,579	5,007	98,721	1,322,984
New Mexico	89,790	3,200	77,644	51,243	14,388	3,176	2,000	254,241
New York	12,951	2,371,295	(3)	379,030	250,313	264,568	220,936	254,392
North Carolina	408,921	7,923	492,498	96,913	32,707	5,544	59,077	4,254,674
North Dakota	52,633	253,522	8,287	100,964	163,976	45,573	8,555	1,170,626
Ohio	171,432	2,082,664	78,329	570,977	112,136	317,017	105,006	3,543,761
Oklahoma	57,016	518,784	10,167	250,844	68,965	50,289	4,199	988,314
Oregon	91,799	635,546	28,631	189,807	136,796	112,253	41,204	1,236,036
Pennsylvania	88,768	1,041,899	16,763	641,623	161,911	82,953	59,588	2,173,375
Porto Rico	51,035	285,330	7,650	-----	19,576	24,487	-----	388,078
Rhode Island	29,887	122,244	1,640	8,521	39,846	14,895	1,500	249,044
South Dakota	23,669	189,559	5,532	-----	95,149	21,918	7,474	30,736
Tennessee	42,582	279,473	6,078	188,550	94,299	48,668	11,366	677,014
Texas	49,622	379,105	23,185	234,497	84,562	55,905	18,598	866,899
Utah	75,267	561,730	10,700	440,250	277,377	53,344	232,279	1,794,282
Vermont	24,199	205,929	3,868	74,071	90,035	25,644	-----	424,099
Virginia	29,138	344,839	6,854	53,411	50,508	19,253	5,883	554,232
Washington	24,428	245,863	6,130	391,433	114,485	41,353	33,241	917,004
West Virginia	67,405	448,684	27,388	185,786	69,156	66,324	24,579	907,563
Wisconsin	67,204	740,070	4,508	204,604	122,609	-----	19,489	1,267,374
Wyoming	210,625	2,760,507	53,544	394,564	87,269	183,018	126,061	4,372,079
Total	48,788	291,681	13,026	64,851	86,930	24,919	10,763	559,353
	4,148,395	36,952,647	1,188,952	10,897,936	7,983,526	3,953,652	1,928,859	1,548,613
								436,990
								1,669,646
								70,709,216

<sup>1</sup> Research included.<sup>2</sup> Dormitories included in column 7.<sup>3</sup> Included in column 3.

Table 15.—EXPENDITURES, Part II—Materials, supplies, and other expenses (operation and maintenance) in institutions attended by white students, year ended June 30, 1927

Land-grant college located in—	Administration and general	Resident instruction	General library	Extension	Experiment station and other organized research	Physical plant, operation and maintenance	Supplementary operations	Dormitories and dining halls	Athletics	Medical school hospitals	Total materials, supplies, etc.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Alabama	\$6,284	\$34,322	\$370	\$150,790	\$31,856	\$10,909	\$175,288	\$7,544	\$52,496	\$1,491	\$471,350
Alaska	9,876					7,745					17,621
Arizona	29,324	36,634	3,496	31,399	94,139	55,826	49,654	59,880	46,712	7,214	364,278
Arkansas	45,934	2,065	101,983	27,436	30,314	798					280,260
California	144,461	17,568	217,639	281,700	179,004	358,673	20,339			313,634	1,983,122
Colorado	23,325	52,800	2,687	45,302	56,422	56,505	70,245			3,026	312,321
Connecticut	9,717	112,789	2,159	41,396	20,927	98,985	55,339	86,550	17,423		440,291
Delaware	11,604	18,040	2,261	12,910	29,588	12,712	13,150	86,161	5,444		208,870
Florida	41,722	33,636	4,412	15,266	56,159	51,314	46,730	75,246	82,451		403,936
Georgia	16,043	3,988	141,655		17,888	4,271	26,488				269,067
Hawaii	5,166	8,894	1,221	6,681	18,017	5,277	13,277	14,871			73,404
Idaho	11,320	55,485	499	31,180	26,614	133,208	14,429	67,220			339,905
Illinois	124,847	136,799	6,082	37,235	188,609	391,041	16,698	69,759			1,221,080
Indiana	32,734	264,314	4,247	132,719	150,085	193,817	36,046				914,725
Iowa	57,887	415,146	22,343	122,408	172,108	400,658	103,472	76,657			1,370,679
Kansas	77,044	55,968	8,646	39,876	85,803	80,503		13,833	57,057		418,780
Kentucky	37,025	74,514	8,144	150,858	168,572	144,133		54,204			637,450
Louisiana	93,049	21,040	968	174,992	31,568	124,936					480,582
Maine	33,487	79,934	1,440	39,326	29,697	72,618	11,017	86,269			353,488
Maryland	79,878	52,221	532	40,369	55,457	144,616	2,101,388				743,174
Massachusetts:											
Amherst	11,824	74,458	6,799	37,663	35,497	101,288	100	101,057	21,475		390,141
Cambridge	119,900	130,300	14,600	90,433	114,645	255,100	328,000	113,500			961,400
Michigan	15,330	187,993	1,374	93,302	127,776	441,771	223,381	8,030		7,673	760,539
Minnesota	109,674	207,561	10,239	40,672	55,230	129,341	893,677	310,675	220,104	179,467	2,657,246
Mississippi	47,935	10,389					44,208	119,533	35,369		480,977
Missouri	64,840	239,096	3,955	136,252	97,280	244,240	211,747	45,681	139,845		1,212,906
Nebraska	12,512	32,127	522	41,164	48,739	39,632		9,252			183,948
Nevada	46,164	560,170	3,558	44,091	106,210	288,360	120,757	104,144			1,306,379
New Hampshire	9,510	9,124	184	29,627	11,271	20,637	16,905	33,157	24,885		1,653,300
	83,658	83,658	601	19,348	61,301	75,651	61,301				356,274

New Jersey	49,736	69,206	2,701	60,786	144,185	133,979	4,794	263,509	728,886
New Mexico	10,102	16,378	4,421	49,484	27,063	37,120	11,699	1,884	157,778
New York <sup>a</sup>	255,020	1,498,965	45,080	(1)	252,687	284,670	193,045	451,382	3,040,655
North Carolina	15,509	56,888	710	110,950	38,489	45,002	10,586	148,121	464,941
North Dakota	14,843	31,976	2,003	33,352	110,941	49,644	—	14,815	257,773
Ohio	187,287	289,735	14,060	169,642	28,942	222,524	470,776	57,314	86,911
Oklahoma	8,041	142,653	44,276	23,644	58,717	57,984	31,564	52,699	1,477,200
Oregon	53,147	73,098	1,353	81,543	77,267	52,120	20,498	83,264	420,576
Pennsylvania	88,882	202,750	3,536	204,202	35,384	128,475	222,554	58,101	442,290
Porto Rico	16,960	25,784	1,502	—	7,269	10,355	11,726	—	943,884
Rhode Island	15,180	19,801	657	2,934	21,000	32,591	12,307	84,813	74,908
South Carolina	4,055	55,500	1,415	—	31,750	41,746	13,681	158,824	189,288
South Dakota	6,430	72,352	1,197	88,341	29,480	97,715	1,636	2,786	329,110
Tennessee	35,288	230,002	4,949	66,017	29,574	62,686	3,701	72,218	239,187
Texas	19,155	97,873	2,119	166,046	105,889	176,366	295,008	325,706	504,415
Utah	38,438	22,271	156	19,493	44,086	14,777	—	3,386	1,197,642
Vermont	13,549	33,837	2,896	14,533	18,307	22,538	2,752	35,317	142,607
Virginia	26,021	41,904	1,522	100,457	39,512	61,139	115,305	171,385	190,173
Washington	9,138	134,956	2,300	63,855	151,642	97,300	6,403	—	557,245
West Virginia	101,395	212,627	11,382	44,519	83,870	—	17,312	93,775	482,915
Wisconsin	71,557	546,166	1,907	207,096	13,269	432,992	472,303	257,826	552,520
Wyoming	34,237	29,572	719	15,297	26,483	25,094	329	47,019	2,466,435
Total	2,359,262	7,811,648	241,542	3,625,523	3,369,285	5,918,330	4,953,823	4,169,140	1,212,993
									1,276,196,
									34,937,742

<sup>1</sup> Research included.<sup>2</sup> Dormitories included in column 7.<sup>3</sup> Includes capital outlay for equipment<sup>4</sup> Included in column 3.

Table 15.—EXPENDITURES, Part III—Capital outlay. Expenditures in institutions attended by white students, year ended June 30, 1927.

Missouri	10,223	67,063	35,183	4,557	10,567	24,337	3,581	216	4,932	160,659	260,874
Montana	2,605	3,676	2,786	2,999	14,916	2,435	1,038	40	2,416	28,455	136,405
Nebraska	2,410	130,016	31,072	4,888	24,723	11,029	9,325	1,341	1,341	212,598	749,695
Nevada	1,899	7,622	3,737	2,932	6,644	2,933	1,986	158	158	43,173	152,168
New Hampshire	430	14,324	7,693	2,627	9,910	7,594	5,071			49,738	337,860
New Jersey	722	219,996	21,358	4,006	37,347	1,578	23,479			308,486	1,168,404
New York <sup>1</sup>	1,042	13,248	3,479	2,537	2,720	601	348	6,744	198	30,719	189,916
North Carolina	837	10,502	3,755	604	8,228	114				24,258	10,949
North Dakota											
Ohio	25,753	129,459	66,645	3,875	2,384	4,849	1,635	4,129	10,725	249,454	588,776
Oklahoma	1,631	15,844	5,182	1,363	11,798	5,801	210	1,531	38	43,338	176,826
Oregon	2,999	108,569	14,712	2,976	17,174	1,599				148,970	118,072
Pennsylvania	4,957	53,118	5,533	2,923	8,367	4,656	6,470	6,334		88,767	17,544
Porto Rico	764	12,330	4,294		14,638	4,039				37,308	86,777
Rhode Island	657	1,306	772	365	414	1,849				1,343	
South Carolina	75	30,441	8,765		6,348	9,019					
South Dakota	1,829	20,441	7,219	2,255	13,094	13,282	3,730	9,644	153	68,225	27,802
Tennessee	5,005	11,836	15,566	3,645	10,149	1,200	1,200	5,011		64,311	154,388
Texas	3,496	30,186	2,956	503	41,489	35,392	4,951	2,606	4,392	58,150	336,156
Utah	1,070	3,336	2,464	352	4,261	52	12,638	13,214	8,899	148,773	203,533
Vermont	132	2,041	4,922	729	4,124	289	38,991	31		11,656	
Virginia	426	12,577	3,059	846	2,879	48,078	9,686	75		61,493	10,778
Washington	3,162	63,426	6,656	8,140	19,633	2,803	6,745	13,687		77,626	158,774
West Virginia	23,762				6,090	3,720				124,162	465,835
Wisconsin	16,713	133,391	45,908	12,685	4,924	7,867	1,998	15,301	8,783	33,572	328,894
Wyoming		1,969	11,485	386	13,663	426		5,173		277,585	654,928
Total	276,135	1,988,484	796,983	143,465	612,864	615,832	157,821	215,067	80,315	103,517	4,990,473
										33,102	355,376
											14,076,455

<sup>1</sup> Research included.

<sup>2</sup> Dormitories included in column 7.

<sup>3</sup> Included in Part II, this table.

Table 15.—EXPENDITURES, Part IV—Grand totals for institutions attended by white students, year ended June 30, 1927

Land-grant college located in—	Administration and general	Resident instruction	General library	Extension	Experiment station and other organized research	Physical plant operation and maintenance	Supplementary operations	Dormitories and dining halls	Athletics	Medical school hospitals	Physical plant extensions (lands, buildings, and land improvements)	Trust funds	Grand total (all expenditures, Table 15, Parts I, II, and III)		
													13	14	
Alabama.....	\$28,942	\$272,638	\$6,211	\$446,380	\$119,173	\$24,392	\$198,064	\$10,685	\$80,120	\$5,252	\$35,052	—	\$1,226,908	—	
Alaska.....	30,182	48,869	621	65,228	103,947	169,134	15,057	113,171	77,881	73,821	68,069	—	96,798	—	
Arizona.....	90,720	47,036	65,228	296,112	147,149	81,260	5,908	489,730	46,712	14,674	68,069	—	1,240,220	—	
Arkansas.....	67,482	468,280	43,729	314,985	950,349	1,069,834	535,441	—	35,026	—	660,891	—	1,887,357	—	
California.....	503,720	4,095,585	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,330,372	11,516,576	11,537,509	—	
Colorado.....	67,165	263,127	14,367	166,102	200,452	85,605	107,745	—	15,326	—	56,473	—	376,362	—	
Connecticut.....	47,088	346,623	6,814	78,806	154,124	67,217	112,349	—	17,995	—	130,521	—	1,070	—	
Delaware.....	42,846	189,403	9,792	38,933	94,740	77,256	14,975	130,705	5,444	—	285,000	—	889,274	—	
Florida.....	122,189	470,538	17,012	54,806	548,905	94,072	51,595	104,635	114,614	—	462,100	—	2,040,556	—	
Georgia.....	94,709	182,951	9,988	669,553	—	23,592	4,271	38,933	—	—	20,000	—	18,480	—	
Hawaii.....	25,471	192,712	24,436	63,805	22,211	21,279	24,102	—	—	—	7,957	1,245	400,529	—	
Idaho.....	62,095	449,169	19,612	101,374	107,839	190,074	38,037	91,824	—	—	128,118	—	1,188,142	—	
Illinois.....	404,542	23,413,400	203,177	232,612	648,885	700,334	31,215	106,288	—	—	1,530,586	—	7,372,750	—	
Indiana.....	126,428	1,255,397	29,368	648,079	408,461	126,949	36,046	—	146,578	—	88,411	—	3,371,764	—	
Iowa.....	144,612	1,701,696	101,110	418,948	455,108	525,579	142,949	98,168	—	—	163,626	55,035	3,806,891	—	
Kansas.....	195,071	1,085,572	29,278	253,467	181,290	280,496	—	57,908	74,750	—	246,537	12,863	2,417,232	—	
Kentucky.....	82,412	632,608	28,324	473,614	351,292	168,805	—	60,293	—	—	280,019	577	2,083,974	—	
Louisiana.....	136,806	573,177	201,201	412,229	165,399	152,996	—	—	—	61,500	—	101,711	—	7,372,750	—
Maine.....	74,680	443,608	17,441	113,819	123,232	144,842	22,247	—	120,649	—	196,441	—	1,072,829	—	
Maryland.....	173,262	708,482	20,205	233,981	185,758	130,683	173,076	—	143,950	—	12,311	—	3,371,764	—	
Massachusetts:											367,730	26,274	—	2,163,401	—
Amherst.....	50,923	423,868	17,582	116,556	195,550	227,924	100	127,115	21,475	—	42,238	—	1,222,431	—	
Cambridge.....	251,200	1,332,000	42,600	—	405,800	606,200	194,600	—	—	—	33,700	—	3,331,100	—	
Michigan.....	91,035	1,106,478	32,935	354,948	405,850	265,352	239,814	18,801	—	21,800	695,334	—	2,266,530	—	
Minnesota.....	358,400	2,591,113	215,133	475,731	620,197	1,088,275	414,926	303,237	634,228	—	305,678	—	8,345,194	—	
Mississippi.....	99,224	196,845	4,183	472,302	185,639	190,196	172,231	146,699	46,933	—	19,678	294	—	—	
Missouri.....	206,819	1,475,187	81,113	511,597	220,844	413,797	326,928	64,635	177,122	—	260,874	145,730	3,884,646	—	
Montana.....	39,476	240,123	10,281	149,104	208,554	77,609	—	—	—	—	136,405	—	877,086	—	
Nebraska.....	145,325	1,833,795	81,704	226,470	283,941	311,129	146,178	110,294	—	—	121,440	—	4,010,271	—	
Nevada.....	33,763	221,602	10,278	80,322	64,265	56,857	46,447	—	—	—	152,168	—	760,002	—	
New Hampshire.....	42,622	416,942	18,279	100,823	93,549	137,444	93,263	—	—	—	144,317	21,499	337,860	2,811	

New Jersey	109,573	49,392	288,214	455,473	209,136	9,801	385,709	1,168,404	12,371
New Mexico	23,053	903,068	7,621	78,246	51,508	14,275	3,834	337	3,541,141
New York	736,318	106,168	127,128	631,717	534,983	457,613	672,318	189,917	412,170
North Carolina	69,184	3,869,960	78,072	( <sup>1</sup> )	138,122	138,310	213,942	226,860	7,748,160
North Dakota	51,872	479,057	12,112	605,985	95,331	10,478	53,096	10,949	1,893,146
Ohio	384,472	2,451,858	159,043	744,494	143,462	544,390	577,417	172,777	587,775
Oklahoma	66,688	676,681	16,428	296,923	103,407	114,807	61,790	50,696	5,859,190
Oregon	147,945	817,213	44,696	274,326	231,237	165,972	20,498	125,409	1,685,818
Pennsylvania	182,607	1,347,767	25,832	854,748	205,662	211,883	288,612	94,905	1,945,368
Porto Rico	67,859	323,444	13,446	-----	541,323	39,481	11,726	3,016	3,229,570
Rhode Island	45,724	143,350	3,069	11,820	61,260	49,335	13,807	117,417	176,826
South Carolina	27,799	275,509	15,712	133,256	72,683	24,935	199,264	39,926	56,764
South Dakota	50,841	372,266	13,494	279,326	136,873	159,665	14,202	13,795	118,072
Tennessee	89,895	620,943	43,700	304,159	124,285	121,187	27,250	98,035	17,544
Texas	97,918	689,789	15,775	606,779	424,755	271,102	509,925	432,351	86,777
Utah	63,707	231,536	6,478	93,896	138,382	40,473	47,626	49,370	18,190
Vermont	42,819	380,717	14,672	68,673	42,080	47,626	-----	87,002	463,972
Virginia	50,875	298,344	10,711	492,736	156,876	187,062	204,701	154,388	816,886
Washington	79,705	647,066	36,353	247,781	240,331	166,427	48,636	356,156	1,194,850
West Virginia	168,569	976,459	16,090	345,213	210,199	-----	113,264	12,151	50,931
Wisconsin	298,895	3,440,064	101,359	614,345	105,462	623,877	600,362	421,907	1,950,465
Wyoming	83,025	323,222	25,230	80,534	130,076	50,439	11,092	68,387	2,182,369
Total	6,783,791	46,752,779 <sup>1</sup>	2,227,477	14,666,924	11,965,675	10,487,815	5,932,810	1,730,297	128,141,765
Per cent	5.3	36.5	1.7	11.5	9.3	8.2	4.6	2.4	2.7

<sup>1</sup> Includes income transferred to endowment, \$1,372,141.<sup>2</sup> Research included.  
<sup>3</sup> Dormitories included in column 7.<sup>4</sup> Included in column 3.  
<sup>5</sup> School of tropical medicine.

Table 16.—RECAPITULATION OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES in institutions attended by white students, year ended June 30, 1927

Land-grant college located in—	Total receipts (columns 3, 4, and 7 include capital funds)						Total expenditures					
	Federal funds	State funds	Private gifts	Institutional funds	Earnings	Miscellaneous receipts	Grand total receipts	Operation and maintenance		Capital outlay		Grand total expenditures
								Salaries and wages	Materials, supplies, etc.	Equipment	Lands, buildings, and land improvements	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Alabama.....	\$321,681	\$15,739	\$242,283	\$285,448	\$115,295	\$1,301,500	\$683,485	\$471,350	\$37,022	\$35,052	\$1,226,909	-----
Alaska.....	50,000	38,230	1,075	2,288	4,314	95,907	65,573	17,621	11,335	2,069	96,788	1,294,220
Arizona.....	165,885	626	226,581	125,033	36,143	1,211,558	70,151	91,255	68,185	60,962	3351	-----
Arkansas.....	270,414	1,035,201	1,166,496	111,893	165,298	1,606,466	373,762	230,260	141,588	569,062	208,375	1,516,576
California.....	288,180	6,237,660	2,129,414	2,734,439	357,966	4,73,614	12,237,273	6,346,463	1,983,122	360,796	1,330,372	11,537,509
Colorado.....	206,808	616,675	52,215	90,279	50,166	1,016,143	588,740	312,321	18,828	56,473	976,362	-----
Connecticut.....	149,740	478,987	589	102,939	104,371	135,617	125	862,124	440,291	130,521	1,070	1,100,076
Delaware.....	130,317	436,434	55,200	104,371	135,617	125	862,124	300,124	208,870	35,280	285,000	889,274
Florida.....	239,326	724,039	2,500	251,974	225,629	136,749	1,030,117	1,026,617	406,936	145,903	462,100	2,040,556
Georgia.....	300,578	286,153	52,316	104,279	211,406	1,012,722	733,922	269,097	20,978	20,000	18,480	1,062,477
Hawaii.....	51,455	252,291	1,055	26,140	73,232	10,083	414,256	289,462	73,404	28,461	7,957	1,245
Idaho.....	239,815	627,047	-----	52,692	162,512	-----	1,102,066	673,914	339,905	46,205	128,118	400,529
Illinois.....	336,736	6,058,425	71,778	814,791	565,455	147,102	8,044,287	4,187,085	1,221,080	331,388	1,530,586	1,188,142
Indiana.....	345,298	1,774,794	78,570	466,345	335,328	339,446	3,349,781	2,107,042	914,725	229,225	88,411	7,372,750
Iowa.....	328,332	2,423,887	-----	444,881	514,636	-----	3,711,336	2,086,228	1,370,679	131,323	163,626	3,371,764
Kansas.....	272,212	1,394,202	-----	321,623	391,660	4,868	2,384,565	1,50,766	418,780	178,286	246,207	1,726,758
Kentucky.....	321,194	2,253,308	3,890	176,222	228,705	102,202	2,085,521	1,106,428	637,450	59,500	280,019	2,083,974
Louisiana.....	278,093	9,000	183,664	83,174	149,704	1,671,648	918,248	480,582	131,457	196,441	1,072,829	-----
Maine.....	178,325	491,499	-----	218,714	781,642	1,080,812	353,488	64,027	12,311	1,309,243	1,231,174	1,072,829
Maryland.....	133,040	14,343	933,905	373,767	26,033	2,342,730	1,309,243	84,705	26,274	2,163,401	-----	-----

## PART II—INSTITUTIONS FOR WHITE STUDENTS

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Massachusetts:															
Amherst (M. A. C.)	131,877	941,873	-	75,490	241,851	47,574	1,438,665	771,026	390,141	19,026	42,236	-	-	1,222,431	
Cambridge (M. I. T.)	20,317	2,201,668	-	1,322,600	2,662,000	458,000	-	4,402,917	1,871,000	961,400	-	33,700	465,000	3,331,100	
Michigan	340,627	528,195	-	410,608	409,157	562,464	8,915,946	1,734,570	760,539	71,994	698,334	3,266,100	3,266,530		
Minnesota	412,195	5,255,022	305,000	2,642,034	409,087	440,034	4,409,872	4,409,507	2,657,746	345,555	717,612	305,678	8,435,698		
Mississippi	286,534	518,616	-	93,373	136,087	1,474,644	919,707	480,977	13,538	19,678	13,538	-	1,434,194		
Missouri	378,219	1,735,595	165,337	680,639	408,382	406,660	3,774,882	2,104,477	1,212,906	160,659	260,874	145,730	3,884,646		
Montana	208,985	528,195	-	32,947	98,363	754,766	-	868,490	528,278	183,948	28,455	136,465	-	877,086	
Nebraska	274,347	2,271,977	-	433,394	80,499	59,337	3,744,494	1,681,569	1,396,379	212,395	749,695	-	4,010,271		
Nevada	148,754	263,911	120,135	86,066	310,760	270,523	7,200	758,702	400,448	155,300	43,173	152,168	8,913	760,002	
New Hampshire	144,765	677,298	-	-	-	-	-	622,671	396,274	49,793	337,860	2,811	-	1,409,409	
New Jersey	205,376	1,586,236	1,607,528	566,163	481,390	149,082	4,595,775	1,322,984	728,896	308,486	1,168,404	12,371	3,541,141		
New Mexico	178,319	123,503	-	2,601,770	1,421,498	60,599	38,010	711,661	814,932	4,254,674	1,777,778	-	412,170		
New York	365,779	2,208,177	55,117	2,601,770	1,421,498	259,280	327,363	1,893,147	4,254,382	3,040,655	189,916	262,915	-	7,748,160	
North Carolina	333,906	738,126	2,338	232,134	133,961	28,951	459,008	1,703,826	1,170,926	4,254,941	30,719	226,860	1,892,146		
North Dakota	239,772	8,000	-	28,324	-	-	-	624,546	257,773	24,258	10,949	-	917,526		
Ohio	323,792	3,719,950	242,664	1,205,051	317,204	204	5,988,661	3,543,761	1,477,200	249,454	588,775	-	859,190		
Oklahoma	403,423	2,825	1,194,192	165,282	168,775	1,850,955	9,988,314	4,420,576	43,338	176,826	-	56,764	1,685,918		
Oregon	177,991	1,445,458	6,441	172,574	148,145	159,027	2,110,067	1,236,036	442,390	148,970	118,072	-	1,945,308		
Pennsylvania	506,336	1,258,884	16,499	758,822	600,627	44,156	3,141,368	1,177,375	943,884	88,767	-	-	3,229,570		
Porto Rico	50,541	324,458	74,226	3,395	19,154	515,930	3,388,078	74,908	37,308	86,777	-	-	587,071		
Rhode Island	124,068	734,971	31,774	145,918	24,429	1,036,731	249,044	189,283	7,455	-	-	-	463,972		
South Carolina	246,769	616,687	25,000	90,516	266,663	114,098	1,270,064	391,749	329,110	68,226	27,802	-	816,886		
South Dakota	238,398	691,353	-	58,586	10,038	205,473	677,014	299,137	64,311	154,388	-	-	1,194,850		
Tennessee	362,208	760,606	117,859	194,995	239,323	121,671	1,796,311	504,889	506,156	356,156	50,931	-	1,836,551		
Texas	454,095	1,877,884	-	366,581	958,403	123,367	3,779,630	1,794,642	1,187,773	203,533	2,985	-	3,347,215		
Utah	165,794	298,102	3,890	58,813	31,401	16,239	574,248	424,099	142,607	11,656	-	300	578,662		
Vermont	153,981	124,150	314,480	55,598	163,467	816,676	554,232	190,173	61,493	10,778	-	27,793	844,469		
Virginia	301,760	645,569	-	69,595	541,974	139,108	1,698,006	917,004	557,245	77,626	158,774	7,500	1,718,149		
Washington	308,046	1,301,662	-	144,898	222,475	91,472	2,068,553	907,563	482,915	124,152	435,835	-	1,950,465		
West Virginia	249,615	1,304,692	-	212,560	224,918	104,133	2,185,918	1,267,374	552,529	33,572	328,894	-	2,182,369		
Wisconsin	286,173	4,859,215	144,768	1,347,192	1,785,336	65,929	8,488,613	4,372,079	2,466,435	277,586	654,928	60,806	7,831,833		
Wyoming	227,910	742,142	1,009	108,696	69,453	74,097	1,223,307	559,353	194,827	33,102	355,376	67,351	1,210,009		
Total	13,024,071	66,949,739	7,117,093	28,613,176	16,523,890	5,847,903	133,075,872	70,709,216	34,987,742	4,990,473	14,076,455	3,427,879	128,141,765		
Per cent	9.8	50.3	.5	10.2	11.3	3.9	-	27.3	3.9	11.0	2.6	-	100.0		
Median per cent	15.1	51.4	.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

\* Includes income transferred to endowment, \$1,372,141.

### Part III. NEGRO LAND-GRANT COLLEGES

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#### DIRECTORY, 1928—Negro land-grant colleges

1. *Alabama*.—State Agricultural and Mechanical Institute for Negroes, Normal—J. F. Drake.
2. *Arkansas*.—The Agricultural, Mechanical and Normal School, Pine Bluff—
3. *Delaware*.—State College for Colored Students, Dover—R. S. Grossley.
4. *Florida*.—Florida Agricultural and Mechanical College for Negroes, Tallahassee—J. R. E. Lee.
5. *Georgia*.—Georgia State Industrial College, Savannah—B. F. Hubert.
6. *Kentucky*.—Kentucky State Industrial College, Frankfort—G. P. Russell.
7. *Louisiana*.—Southern University and Agricultural and Mechanical College, Scotlandville—J. S. Clark.
8. *Maryland*.—Princess Anne Academy, Princess Anne—T. H. Kiah.
9. *Mississippi*.—Alcorn Agricultural and Mechanical College, Alcorn—L. J. Rowan.
10. *Missouri*.—Lincoln University, Jefferson City— —.
11. *North Carolina*.—The Negro Agricultural and Technical College, Greensboro—F. D. Bluford.
12. *Oklahoma*.—Colored Agricultural and Normal University, Langston—Z. T. Hubert.
13. *South Carolina*.—The Colored Normal, Industrial, Agricultural and Mechanical College of South Carolina, Orangeburg—R. S. Wilkinson.
14. *Tennessee*.—Agricultural and Industrial State Normal School for Negroes, Nashville—William J. Hale.
15. *Texas*.—Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College, Prairie View—W. R. Banks.
16. *Virginia*.—Virginia Normal and Industrial Institute, Ettricks—John M. Gandy.
17. *West Virginia*.—West Virginia Collegiate Institute, Institute—John W. Davis.

This section of the bulletin concerns only the 17 negro land-grant colleges. A comparative summary of these colleges for 1916–17, 1921–22, and 1926–27 is shown in Table 17. Fifteen of these colleges are included in a general survey of negro colleges which was undertaken in 1927.

During 1926–27 a total of \$778, 989 was expended for new buildings, as shown in Table 18, and property was appraised at \$10,340,698. Receipts and expenditures were reported as follows:

Receipts	Amount	Per cent	Expenditures	Amount
Federal funds—	\$332, 954	9. 2	Operation and maintenance:	
State funds—	1, 818, 226	50. 5	Salaries and wages—	\$1, 125, 592
Private gifts—	177, 914	4. 9	Materials, supplies, etc.—	1, 069, 454
Tuition, fees, etc.—	254, 465	7. 1	Capital outlay:	
Earnings—	793, 451	22. 0	Equipment—	167, 884
Miscellaneous receipts—	227, 793	6. 3	Lands, buildings, etc.—	816, 501
Total	3, 604, 803	100	Trust funds—	33, 747
			Not detailed—	199, 074
			Total	3, 412, 252

Staff members numbered 421 full-time men, 342 full-time women, 37 part-time men, and 23 part-time women. (See Table 19.) The total number of resident college students enrolled was 1,166 men and 1,922 women, while the total of all students, including secondary grades and summer schools, was 5,026 men and 10,985 women. (See Table 20.)

Outside of the 17 negro land-grant colleges, negro students are enrolled in the land-grant colleges in the North and West. Not all of these institutions keep separate records of these students, but the following table shows that in 1926-27 there were about 400 negro men and women students enrolled in 24 northern and western land-grant colleges:

*Negro students in northern and western land-grant colleges*

Land-grant college located in—	Men	Women	Land-grant college located in—	Men	Women
Arizona.....	3	3	Nebraska.....	18	23
California.....	35	49	Nevada.....	1	0
Colorado.....	1	0	New Hampshire.....	2	0
Idaho.....	1	0	New Jersey.....	4	0
Illinois.....	80	(1)	New York.....	(3)	(3)
Indiana.....	7	1	Ohio.....	(3)	(3)
Iowa.....	12	3	Pennsylvania.....	2	1
Kansas.....	13	9	South Dakota.....	1	0
Maine.....	0	2	Vermont.....	1	1
Massachusetts—Amherst.....	2	0	Washington.....	2	3
Michigan.....	3	3	Wisconsin.....	(3)	(3)
Minnesota.....	(2)	37	Total.....	189	135
Montana.....	1	0			

<sup>1</sup> Included with men.

<sup>2</sup> Included with women.

<sup>3</sup> Not separately recorded.

### LIBRARIES

Inadequate libraries were mentioned in the 1926 bulletin. Since then 9,012 volumes have been added, making a total of 64,211 volumes, compared with 55,199 in 1926; \$10,132 was spent for salaries of library staffs, \$9,114 for materials, and \$4,542 for books. Delaware has no library and has not assembled one during the past year. Kentucky, with 900 volumes; Georgia, with 1,200 volumes; Louisiana, with 2,000 volumes; and Texas, with 5,829 volumes; made no additions to their libraries in the past year. Alabama added 200 volumes, Arkansas 100, Maryland 25, Mississippi 75, Missouri 3,700, North Carolina 811, Oklahoma 342, South Carolina 300, Tennessee 1,700, Virginia 784, and West Virginia 800. Alabama, Florida, and Texas raised the appraisal value of their libraries. With 16,000 students using 64,000 library books, the need for additional reference books is clearly an urgent one, and the colleges should recognize the economy of larger expenditures for well-chosen books and library service.

## RECEIPTS OF NEGRO LAND-GRANT COLLEGES

Considering percentages only of total receipts, the negro land-grant colleges compare favorably with the institutions attended by white students.

*Percentages of receipts from different sources*

Source	52 land-grant colleges	17 negro land-grant colleges
Federal funds		
State funds	9.8	9.2
Private gifts	50.3	50.5
Institutional funds (tuition, etc.)	5.4	4.9
Earnings	17.7	7.1
Miscellaneous sources	12.4	22.0
Total	4.4	6.3
	100.0	100.0

The chief difference is that the 52 land-grant colleges receive more from tuition and fees, while the 17 negro institutions depend more on earnings, such as dormitories, board, etc. A similar comparison is made for expenses:

*Percentages of expenditures for different purposes*

Purpose	52 land-grant colleges	17 negro land-grant colleges
Operation and maintenance:		
Salaries and wages	55.2	35.0
Materials and supplies	27.3	33.3
Capital outlay:		
Equipment	3.9	5.2
Lands, buildings, etc.	11.0	25.4
Trust funds	2.6	1.1
Total	100.0	100.0

These figures show that the salaries in negro land-grant colleges are comparatively smaller, and a larger proportion of annual funds was expended on lands, buildings, and physical plant extensions (capital outlay).

Considering the total receipts for all purposes, including capital funds, the negro land-grant colleges received from Federal funds 9.2 per cent. *Federal aid* furnished institutions in the following States over one-fifth of their total receipts: Georgia 38.8 per cent, Maryland 28 per cent, South Carolina 27.8 per cent, Alabama 26.9 per cent, and Mississippi 21.5 per cent. *State funds* provided 51.7 per cent; these funds amounted to over two-thirds of the total receipts for six institutions—Arkansas 78.6 per cent, Missouri 75.8 per cent, Kentucky

71.8 per cent, West Virginia 71.5 per cent, Florida 71.2 per cent, and Oklahoma 67.3 per cent; while institutions in Alabama and Georgia received only a fifth of their money from State sources. Tennessee received over \$167,000 in *private gifts*—nearly a third of its total receipts; and four other institutions in Louisiana, Maryland, Georgia, and South Carolina received small amounts. From *institutional funds* Alabama received 28.3 per cent, Georgia 14.8 per cent, Mississippi 13.2 per cent, and North Carolina 11.3 per cent, while Delaware and Florida received practically nothing from this source. The following colleges derived over one-fourth of their funds from *earnings*: Texas 47.5 per cent, Delaware 43.7 per cent, Mississippi 27.9 per cent, North Carolina 26.5 per cent, and Georgia 25.7 per cent; but Arkansas and South Carolina received only a few hundred dollars from earnings. Virginia listed 41.9 per cent of receipts from miscellaneous funds, without indicating the source. A total of \$778,989 was expended for new buildings, which are listed by institutions in Table 18.

Table 17.—COMPARATIVE SUMMARY of negro land-grant colleges

Professors, students, finances	1916-17 <sup>1</sup>	1921-22	1926-27
<b>I. PROFESSORS AND INSTRUCTORS</b>			
Professors, instructors, and extension workers.....	544	591	823
<b>II. STUDENT ENROLLMENT</b>			
Students in—			
Agriculture.....	2,054	.....	.....
Trades.....	2,825	.....	.....
Home economics.....	2,115	.....	.....
Nursing.....	116	.....	.....
Other.....	4,242	.....	.....
Total student enrollment, excluding duplicates.....	11,352	10,028	17,587
Secondary students in the following courses:			
Academic.....	4,263	.....	3,830
Agricultural.....	717	.....	746
Trades.....	2,110	.....	1,554
Home economics.....	1,969	.....	1,512
Nursing.....	99	.....	27
Total, excluding duplicates.....	4,338	.....	3,930
College students in the following courses:			
General.....	462	.....	1,913
Normal.....	517	.....	735
Agricultural.....	177	.....	219
Mechanic arts.....	144	.....	118
Home economics.....	113	.....	478
Nursing.....	50	.....	52
Total, excluding duplicates.....	1,274	.....	3,088
Students in military science.....	1,415	1,319	1,251
<b>III. CERTIFICATES AND DEGREES</b>			
Certificates granted.....			438
Degrees conferred.....			327
<b>IV. LIBRARIES</b>			
Bound volumes in libraries.....	70,047	46,518	64,211

<sup>1</sup> In 1921 the land-grant college in Virginia was changed from Hampton to Ettricks.

Table 17.—COMPARATIVE SUMMARY of negro land-grant colleges—Con.

Professors, students, finances	1916-17	1921-22	1926-27
<b>V. RECEIPTS</b>			
State funds from—			
Endowments granted by State (Georgia) .....	\$324,626	670,051	\$8,000 \$1,134,244
Appropriations for support .....	267,469	530,100	683,982
Appropriations for permanent improvements .....			
Total State aid .....	592,095	1,208,151	1,818,226
United States from—			
Land-grant of 1862 .....	24,154	24,153	24,153
Other land-grants .....	5,778	5,778	(5,778)
Morrill-Nelson appropriations of 1890 and 1907 .....	253,858	251,262	250,969
Total Federal aid .....	283,790	281,193	280,900 ✓
Institutional funds from—			
College endowment .....	129,498		
Tuition and fees .....	241,929	52,334	109,934
Board and lodging .....	Included.	545,407	590,056
Departmental earnings .....	49,159	68,514	194,439
Private gifts .....	498,656	56,300	177,914
Total .....	919,242	722,555	1,072,343
Smith-Hughes Act (vocational) .....		31,653	57,832
Other sources .....	18,295	245,439	375,502
Grand total receipts of institutions .....	1,813,422	2,488,991	3,604,803
<b>SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS</b>			
Total receipts from—			
Federal funds .....	284,750	313,036	332,954
State funds .....	592,095	1,208,341	1,818,226
Private gifts .....	498,656	56,300	177,914
Institutional funds .....	371,427	735,161	254,465
Earnings .....	49,159	68,514	793,451
Miscellaneous .....	17,335	107,639	237,793
Grand total receipts .....	1,813,422	2,488,991	3,604,803
<b>VI. EXPENDITURES</b>			
Salaries and wages (operation and maintenance) .....			1,125,592
Materials and supplies (operation and maintenance) .....			1,069,454
Equipment (capital outlay) .....			167,884
Lands, buildings, and land improvements (capital outlay) .....	No data.	No data.	816,501
Trust funds .....			33,747
Not itemized .....			199,074
Total expenditures .....			3,412,252
<b>VII. VALUE OF PROPERTY</b>			
Buildings and dormitories .....	2,790,792	4,205,871	6,441,202
Farms and grounds .....	586,228	1,408,578	1,634,275
Libraries .....	49,770	49,663	99,271
Apparatus and machinery .....	525,279	472,120	1,327,893
Livestock .....	86,856	104,565	72,803
Land grants and funds .....	479,631	435,430	472,616
Miscellaneous .....	3,087,624	12,924	292,638
Total .....	7,606,180	6,689,151	10,340,698

Table 18.—NEW BUILDINGS and additions to buildings completed during the year in negro land-grant colleges, year ended June 30, 1927

*Alabama*.—Grayson Hall for boys' dormitory—\$25,000.

*Florida*.—New dormitory for housing girls—\$80,000; dining hall—\$5,000; new science hall for classrooms—\$1,000; Paddyfote cottage for residence—\$1,400; mechanic arts department for trades building—\$5,000.

*Kentucky*.—Boiler house for central heating plant—\$7,000.

*Louisiana*.—Laundry addition—\$6,559; dairy barn—\$1,014; agriculture auditorium for science (not completed)—\$28,217.

*North Carolina*.—Dairy barn—\$21,717.

*South Carolina*.—Young Women's Christian Association building for activities—\$10,000.

*Tennessee*.—Hale Hall for women's dormitory—\$135,282; Harned Science Hall for college recitation hall—\$96,416; memorial library for library and administration building—\$70,021.

*Texas*.—Blackshear Hall, dormitory for girls—\$13,289; athletic club house—\$1,611; dining hall extension—\$10,407; warehouse (addition)—\$270; teachers' cottage—\$2,013; farm building (addition) for farrowing house—\$555; miscellaneous small items—\$1,533.

*Virginia*.—Heating plant—\$4,910; refrigeration plant—\$5,200; two dormitories—\$99,560; lands—\$25; gymnasium—\$1,463; sundry equipment—\$11,191.

*West Virginia*.—Gore Hall, dormitory for boys—\$124,836; home economics cottage for practice—\$8,500.

Total cost of buildings and additions—\$778,989.

Table 19.—STAFF—Members of administrative and instructional staff in negro land-grant colleges, year ended June 30, 1927

Negro land-grant college located in—	General administration												Resident instruction												Extension service							Grand total										
	Full time staff						Part time staff						Practice school and secondary			Collegeiate			Total <sup>1</sup>				Agriculture and home economics				Other extension				Full time		Part time		Full time		Part time		Men		Women	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23																				
Alabama.....	7	3	3	2	8	5	6	8	8	8	0	2	0	2	1	1	1	1	13	12	3	0																				
Arkansas.....	4	0	0	1	10	10	4	10	10	10	2	2	10	7	5	10	10	10	10	10	12	12	1																			
Delaware.....	1	1	2	3	8	8	1	4	4	4	5	5	10	7	5	10	10	10	10	10	12	12	1																			
Florida.....	7	5	1	1	12	12	7	4	20	16	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0																				
Georgia.....	0	2	1	1	16	4	12	6	4	6	2	10	3	27	0	0	0	0	27	0	0	0	14	5																		
Kentucky.....	4	0	0	0	9	8	14	9	16	13	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	0	0	0	17	16	4	2																
Louisiana.....	3	2	1	2	1	3	18	10	5	8	9	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0												
Maryland.....	4	3	3	2	12	4	7	7	1	22	3	16	7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0										
Mississippi.....	2	3	3	2	18	7	7	10	1	22	3	16	7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0										
Missouri.....	2	3	2	1	10	9	14	5	16	9	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0										
North Carolina.....	3	2	4	0	23	19	10	13	19	27	11	16	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	31	11	0	0	0	0												
Oklahoma.....	4	4	2	1	10	10	10	10	10	34	15	3	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	0	0	10	13	10	6														
South Carolina.....	6	9	18	13	26	9	42	34	34	34	17	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0											
Tennessee.....	6	6	2	0	7	2	8	5	26	17	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0										
Texas.....	5	4	4	0	5	5	8	3	25	18	18	17	29	5	7	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	0	0	27	39	39	39	39	39	39											
Virginia.....	5	7	6	2	11	23	13	18	17	29	5	7	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	0	0	27	52	52	52	52	52											
West Virginia.....	3	4	2	10	7	14	9	19	14	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	29	19	5	5	5	5											
Total.....	64	56	30	13	188	135	193	104	301	216	88	54	142	111	35	14	133	87	421	342	37	23																				

<sup>1</sup> Excluding duplicates; includes summer school. See Table 27.

Table 20.—STUDENT ENROLLMENT

Negro land-grant college located in...	Resident students enrolled												Total, including summer school <sup>2</sup>	
	Correspondence students in courses for credit <sup>1</sup>				Pupils in training schools				Secondary College					
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Boys	Girls	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
Alabama					76	109	48	14	8	138	182	112	156	
Arkansas					56	64	117	126	14	180	204	93	109	
Delaware					45	45	93	0	10	45	103	44	103	
Florida					67	110	95	183	48	70	210	363	197	
Georgia					86	65	120	71	20	3	226	139	209	
Kentucky	1	8	5	11	41	32	75	73	45	129	161	234	120	
Louisiana	3	42	42	62	114	154	35	51	5	78	191	294	191	
Maryland					52	51	51	51	6	57	57	57	57	
Mississippi					268	156	65	24	472	268	308	199	199	
Missouri	15	38			75	77	78	102	153	179	136	160	160	
North Carolina	455	301	165	97	65	23	165	126	103	0	333	0	69	
Oklahoma			45	97	215	294	63	215	69	172	321	104	265	
South Carolina									119	124	334	418	317	
Tennessee									114	118	304	232	541	
Texas									89	201	392	319	720	
Virginia	7	120	42		289	294	204	365	85	277	578	936	522	
West Virginia	11				139	173	79	209	173	209	252	348	238	
Total . . .	499	754	215	108	1,147	1,178	1,723	2,207	1,166	1,922	4,036	5,307	3,568	

<sup>1</sup> Excluding correspondence students.<sup>2</sup> For summer school. See Table 27.

Table 21.—ENROLLMENT BY COURSES—DEGREES—Student enrollment by courses and baccalaureate degrees conferred in negro land-grant colleges, year ended June 30, 1927

Negro land-grant college located in—	Secondary		Vocational <sup>1</sup>		Total		Collegiate		Total	
	Academic <sup>1</sup>	Trades	Home economics	Nursing	General	Normal	Agriculture	Mechanic arts	Home economics	Nursing
Alabama	298	51	171	71	113	5	0	22	6	—
Arkansas	243	22	119	88	243	5	0	22	11	—
Delaware	148	26	93	33	138	18	45	10	4	—
Florida	109	7	194	9	112	278	54	167	33	—
Georgia	14	132	—	144	191	62	266	23	3	—
Kentucky	148	21	8	38	148	28	—	129	64	35
Louisiana	268	17	152	2	95	268	48	57	76	11
Maryland	103	8	51	—	103	22	—	11	2	—
Mississippi	332	76	16	7	213	424	53	0	56	—
Missouri	152	—	—	—	152	39	—	119	20	34
North Carolina	291	96	—	—	279	165	65	363	49	—
Oklahoma	147	10	101	6	75	189	20	71	47	7
South Carolina	357	157	210	—	186	152	0	99	18	32
Tennessee	351	51	231	—	54	351	98	0	375	9
Texas	347	29	1	3	23	380	—	282	421	40
Virginia	454	25	—	—	75	569	84	0	192	42
West Virginia	82	136	—	—	68	218	38	—	261	25
Total	3,830	746	1,512	27	1,554	3,930	731	1,251	1,913	318

	Graduates <sup>2</sup>		Students, excluding duplicates		Graduates <sup>2</sup>		Students, excluding duplicates		Graduates	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Certified certificates	Degrees

<sup>2</sup> Includes certificates and degrees.

<sup>1</sup> Includes elementary students not counted in total.

## PART III—INSTITUTIONS FOR NEGROES

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Table 22.—RECEIPTS—For instruction, administration, and permanent improvements in negro land-grant colleges; year ended June 30, 1927

Negro land-grant college located in—	Federal funds		State funds from mill tax levy and appropriations for—		Institutional funds from—				Other sources	Total income		
	Land-grant and Morrill-Nelson	Smith-Hughes (vocational teacher training)	Operation and main-tenance		Permanent improvements, lands, buildings, etc.	Private gifts	Tuition <sup>1</sup>	Board and lodging	Departmental earnings			
			4	5								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Alabama	\$19,205	\$2,360	\$17,360			\$2,390	\$12,355	\$6,296	\$20,302		\$80,208	
Arkansas	13,636	839	68,000			3,167		306	602		86,550	
Delaware	10,000		21,000				18,420	5,807	231		55,458	
Florida	25,000		78,585				91,231	3,164	7,266		443,207	
Georgia	16,666	3,000	10,000			\$500	1,528	10,233	1,526		50,668	
Kentucky												
Louisiana	8,506	2,494	48,494	37,000	7,905	7,000	15,308	230			119,032	
Maryland	20,171	3,350	57,100	28,055	1,300	1,640	29,268	5,902			163,531	
Mississippi	10,000		18,120			3,348	1,262				35,670	
Missouri	34,914		60,843			265	43,303	2,088			162,637	
3,125			142,825			7,036	32,551	512			188,303	
Oklahoma												
North Carolina	16,500	2,356	67,356	25,249		14,827	32,025	15,589	5,358		179,260	
South Carolina	5,000	2,400	49,250	47,200		3,242	31,008	1,281	3,901		143,282	
Tennessee	30,754	2,599	111,025	15,000	900	15,967		638			5,750	
Texas	12,000	2,850	70,000	100,000	167,309	21,956	70,965	11,309			206,633	
Virginia	12,648	4,817	72,550	34,396		49	135,883	99,737	37,196		525,576	
West Virginia	26,996	5,947	54,236	17,685		21,447		4 38,792	5,225		496,442	
10,001			187,300	82,256		8,648	64,128		24,548		293,205	
Total	275,122	57,832	1,134,244	683,982		177,914	109,984	590,056	194,439		227,733	
											3,604,803	

<sup>1</sup> Less refunds; includes all instruction and laboratory fees; excludes athletic, social, and health fees.  
<sup>2</sup> Including \$20,749 from Smith-Lever funds.

<sup>3</sup> Veterans' Bureau for rehabilitation.  
<sup>4</sup> Boarding department included.

Table 23.—EXPENDITURES, Part I—Salaries and wages (operation and maintenance) in negro land-grant colleges, year ended June 30, 1927

Negro land-grant college located in—	Administration and general	Resident instruction	General library	Extension	Experiment station and other organized research	Physical plant, operation and maintenance	Supplementary operations	Dormitories and dining hall	Athletics	Medical school hospitals	Total (salaries and wages)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Alabama	\$6,025	\$16,277									\$24,278
Arkansas	8,790	28,579									39,688
Delaware <sup>1</sup>											
Florida	55,882	23,201	\$78			1,720					64,902
Georgia	2,275										28,510
Kentucky	7,980	37,090									45,070
Louisiana	5,734	44,718									50,452
Maryland	4,760	16,880									22,490
Mississippi											
Missouri	22,210	63,223	2,160								103,666
North Carolina	13,977	48,451	1,500								93,191
Oklahoma	8,500	57,430	1,100								81,490
South Carolina	12,500	60,000	900								117,889
Tennessee	6,600	40,075									60,489
Texas	15,692	113,910	1,488								172,884
Virginia	14,889	68,156	1,706								100,237
West Virginia	3,962	103,342	1,200			261					120,326
Total	180,776	721,332	10,132	28,260	4,039	60,139	25,972	65,545	7,977	3,420	1,125,592

<sup>1</sup> Detailed information not available. See grand total in Part IV.

Table 23.—EXPENDITURES, Part II—Materials, supplies, and other expenses of operation and maintenance in negro land-grant colleges,  
year ended June 30, 1927

Negro land-grant college located in—	Administration and general instruction	Resident instruction	General library	Extension	Experiment station and other organized research	Physical plant, operation and maintenance	Supplementary operations	Dormitories and dining halls	Athletics	Medical school hospitals	Total (materials supplies, etc.)	12
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Alabama	\$2,028	\$5,060	\$80	\$12,384	\$21,025	\$2,510	\$8,570				\$39,273	
Arkansas	2,160	4,364									18,908	
Delaware	1											
Florida	42,560										128,501	
Georgia	4,413	1,268									22,141	
Kentucky	222											
Louisiana	1,069	1,813									16,599	
Maryland	546										69,587	
Mississippi	1										14,862	
Missouri	2,415	5,911	1,968	\$1,314	30,919	5,434	16,377					
North Carolina	7,436	5,918	303		7,746	6,570						
Oklahoma	7,000	5,000	800									
South Carolina	4,000		1,000									
Tennessee	8,504	38,558	193									
Texas												
Virginia	2,866	12,422	377									
West Virginia	4,520	11,614	4,393									
Total	89,739	91,928	9,114	1,314	12,384	314,038	82,756	430,134	35,917	2,130	1,069,454	

<sup>1</sup> Detailed information not available; see grand total in Part IV.

Table 23.—EXPENDITURES, Part III—Capital outlay in negro land-grant colleges, year ended June 30, 1927

Negro land-grant college located in—	Equipment (capital outlay)						Lands, buildings, and land improvements (capital outlay)					
	Administration and general	Resident instruction	General library	Extension	Experiment station and other organized research	Physical plant, operation and maintenance						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Alabama.....	\$520					\$129			\$2,945			
Arkansas.....	\$337											
Delaware <sup>1</sup> .....	1,375											
Florida.....	40,980											
Georgia.....												
Kentucky-Louisiana.....	1,644											
Maryland.....	427											
Mississippi <sup>1</sup> .....	1,848											
Missouri.....												
North Carolina.....	71											
Oklahoma.....												
South Carolina.....	500											
Tennessee.....	3,482											
Texas.....	2,095											
Virginia.....												
West Virginia.....	83											
Total.....	49,396											
	44,378											
		4,342										
			429									
				14,581								
					5,318							
						42,823						
							3,383					
								3,034				
									167,884			
										816,501		

<sup>1</sup> Detailed information not available. See grand total in Part IV.

## PART III—INSTITUTIONS FOR NEGROES

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Table 23.—EXPENDITURES, Part IV—Grand totals for negro land-grant colleges, year ended June 30, 1927

Negro land-grant college located in—	Administration and general	Resident instruction	General library	Extension	Experiment station and other organized research	Physical plant operation and maintenance	Supplementary operations	Dormitories and dining halls	Athletics	Medical school hospitals	Physical plant extensions (lands, buildings, and land improvements)	Trust fund	Grand total (all expenditures, Parts I, II, and III)	14
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
Alabama	\$8,053	\$21,863	\$80		\$21,025	\$2,510	\$13,491				\$13,000		\$80,022	
Arkansas	11,287	34,318			\$15,132	12,768	14,642				6,674		75,158	
Delaware	26,453						93,717						53,863	
Florida	139,422						7,577	2,361					373,411	
Georgia	6,688	24,469	78		1,720	6,522	1,236						50,651	
Kentucky	8,202	38,734	296		\$1,314	30,919	5,434						85,609	
Louisiana	6,803	7,154	140			8,726	7,420						16,257	
Maryland	16,880	17,296	54,342			27,593							41,302	
Mississippi	24,625	80,118	4,123			60,851							145,211	
Missouri													202,768	
North Carolina	21,484	55,939	3,553			21,671	16,929	27,538					179,260	
Oklahoma	8,500	57,430	1,500			47,398	28,961	2,586					148,275	
South Carolina	20,000	70,000	1,900	26,499		40,000	8,000	2,661					190,642	
Tennessee	14,082	40,075				26,985	11,445	67,903					490,374	
Texas	23,291	163,840	2,662			71,179	51,635	142,297	5,281				492,765	
Virginia	17,838	86,286	3,458			23,640	8,253	6,909					233,543	
West Virginia	8,482	120,728	5,593		261	38,842	9,284	69,575					363,741	
Total	372,660	911,980	23,788	29,574	16,852	438,119	114,046	596,255	50,146	8,584	816,501	33,747	3,412,252	

Table 24.—RECAPITULATION OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES in negro land-grant colleges, year ended June 30, 1927

Negro land-grant college located in—	Total receipts						Total expenditures					
	Federal funds	State funds	Private gifts	Institutional funds	Earnings	Miscellaneous receipts	Grand total receipts	Operation and maintenance			Capital outlay	Grand total expenditures
								Salaries and wages	Materials, supplies, etc.	Equipment	Lands, buildings, and land improvements	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	14
\$21,565	\$17,360	\$22,692	\$18,651	\$80,268	\$24,278	\$39,273	\$3,471	\$13,000	\$7,747	\$75,158	\$80,022	
14,475	68,000	3,769	306	96,550	39,688	18,908	2,141	6,674	(1)	1,53,863	1,53,863	
10,000	21,000	231	227	55,458	(1)	128,301	51,767	128,241	(1)	373,411	373,411	
21,726	10,000	\$500	7,486	10,661	43,207	64,902	51,221	141	50,668	28,510	50,651	
19,666	10,000	13,066	13,066	50,668	50,668	50,668	50,668	50,668	50,668	50,668	50,668	
85,494	85,155	7,905	7,000	15,538	119,032	45,070	16,599	1,940	427	35,791	85,600	
85,155	18,120	1,300	11,750	35,200	163,331	50,452	69,587	4,120	35,950	14,862	166,257	
11,000	11,000	1,300	1,640	4,610	35,670	22,490	18,862	4,120	(1)	4,1302	145,211	
23,321	23,321	21,489	45,391	162,637	(1)	188,303	103,666	86,362	12,740	(1)	202,768	
10,000	10,000	9,290	33,063	9,290	179,260	93,191	56,125	4,095	25,249	179,260	179,260	
34,914	34,914	142,825	142,825	9,290	143,282	81,490	66,785	12,740	12,740	12,740	12,740	
3,125	3,125	17,465	20,185	47,614	206,633	117,899	32,160	21,001	18,982	101,675	148,275	
18,856	92,005	9,450	6,710	32,722	55,750	523,576	60,499	102,343	3,348	324,050	190,042	
7,400	96,450	126,353	15,967	638	82,274	496,442	172,894	253,397	36,794	29,680	490,374	
57,353	126,353	230,000	167,309	29,143	235,620	99,166	100,237	34,956	11,191	111,159	283,543	
14,550	14,550	106,946	37,245	38,792	122,877	233,205	127,455	120,285	120,285	101,675	363,741	
17,465	17,465	32,943	71,921	33,196	64,128	377,081	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	
32,943	71,921	10,001	269,756	26,672	3,604,803	1,125,592	1,069,454	167,584	816,501	33,747	3,412,252	
10,001	269,756	26,672	3,604,803	227,738	6,3	35,0	22,0	5,2	25,4	1,1	2,100,0	
332,954	1,818,226	177,914	254,465	798,451	100,0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
9.2	50.5	4.9	7.1	7.2	21.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	
11.3	51.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Median per cent.....												

<sup>1</sup> Detailed information not available.<sup>2</sup> Base is \$3,213,178; see above footnote.

Table 25.—PROPERTY—In negro land-grant colleges, year ended June 30, 1927

Negro land-grant college located in—	Acres of land						Value of property					
	Campus and farms	Under cultivation	Bound volumes in libraries		Apparatus, machinery, and furniture	Live-stock	Campus grounds	Buildings and dormitories	Endowment	Other property	Basis of inventory	Total
			2	3								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Alabama												
Arkansas	187	90	5,200	\$23,000	\$32,000	\$1,800	\$183,000	\$135,375				\$875,755
Delaware	182	132	1,900	4,000	45,000	2,000	55,000	75,000				181,000
Florida	200	180				14,930	2,880	31,000	94,509			154,927
Georgia	219	121	2,509		4,575	25,060	4,875	3,000	280,550			478,610
Kentucky	116	70	1,200	1,000	8,000	1,500	150,000	275,000	1 \$26,666			462,166
Louisiana	300	160	900	1,150	6,450	3,300	39,000	286,000	2 47,256			387,656
Maryland	500	200	2,000	2,000	5,000	5,500	500,000	375,000				891,500
Mississippi	117	85	900	750	22,000	3,840	11,000	115,000				152,590
Missouri	960	375	1,575	2,600	75,000	6,500	10,000	260,980	3 209,871			564,951
Tennessee	98	88	9,200	8,000	10,000	1,600	80,000	462,500				562,100
North Carolina	128	90	5,106	7,600	276,451	4,000	163,600	520,161				982,904
Oklahoma	320	225	3,140	4,800	87,000	6,275	16,575	233,225				347,875
South Carolina	140	85	4,050	3,400	154,150	5,500	75,200	653,903				892,153
Texas	231	140	4,000	10,000	55,550	4,300	100,000	668,000				838,830
Virginia	1,436	300	5,829	8,112	221,904	9,962	58,275	648,256				1,030,387
West Virginia	297	190	8,124	9,784	134,898	6,971	109,625	594,986	4 188,823			1,045,087
Total	5,479	2,565	64,211	98,271	1,327,893	72,803	1,634,275	6,441,202	472,616	292,638		991,757
												10,340,698

<sup>1</sup> Includes \$16,666, other Federal land-grants; \$10,000, other endowment funds.

<sup>2</sup> Includes \$1,256, land-grant fund of 1862; \$46,000, State appropriation.

<sup>3</sup> Includes \$113,575, land-grant fund of 1862; \$96,296, other Federal land grants.

<sup>4</sup> Includes \$172,156, land-grant fund of 1862; \$16,667, other Federal land grants.

Table 26.—MORRILL-NELSON FUNDS—Receipts and disbursements of funds received under acts of Congress approved August 30, 1890, and March 4, 1907, for negro land-grant colleges, year ended June 30, 1927

Negro land-grant college located in—	Receipts year ended June 30, 1927						Disbursements for instructions in—						Balance unexpended July 1, 1927								
	Balance on hand July 1, 1926		Appropriation		Total available		Agriculture and mechanic arts		Engineering and mechanic arts		English language		Mathematical science		Natural and physical sciences		Economic sciences		Teacher training in agriculture and mechanics		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Alabama	\$19,205.00	\$19,988.00	\$1,881.08	\$4,986.82	\$1,640.00	\$1,840.00	\$1,650.00	\$6,051.50	\$18,049.40	\$1,938.60	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Arkansas	13,636.36	13,636.36	1,500.00	3,500.00	900.00	1,000.00	2,500.00	3,200.00	13,636.36	13,636.36	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Delaware	10,000.00	10,003.24	1,078.98	2,212.22	1,050.00	910.00	1,399.77	2,370.00	980.00	10,000.97	2,227	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Florida	25,000.00	4,510.00	8,880.00	5,060.00	1,960.00	5,060.00	2,740.00	1,850.00	2,355.00	25,000.00	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Georgia	16,666.66	16,785.30	2,550.00	7,642.50	1,020.00	900.00	1,235.00	2,535.00	900.00	16,682.50	55.80	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Kentucky	7,250.00	7,250.00	1,380.00	1,680.00	1,260.00	1,150.00	2,840.50	3,600.00	700.00	1,080.00	7,250.00	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Louisiana	20,170.50	20,170.50	2,970.00	3,400.00	4,360.00	3,400.00	3,600.00	3,000.00	900.00	20,170.50	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Maryland	10,000.00	10,000.00	1,620.00	3,300.00	1,980.00	1,980.00	1,000.00	1,200.00	900.00	10,000.00	10,000.00	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Mississippi	28,100.00	28,100.00	6,647.76	5,454.91	4,296.63	1,740.00	3,637.70	5,163.00	500.00	28,100.00	28,100.00	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Missouri	3,995.56	3,125.00	7,120.56	206.94	1,632.49	138.12	4,601.87	513.90	26.20	7,119.52	1.04	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
North Carolina	16,500.00	16,500.00	5,360.00	6,000.00	1,640.00	1,700.00	1,800.00	1,800.00	954.14	16,500.00	24.01	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Oklahoma	5,000.00	5,022.48	1,058.31	1,019.98	577.76	323.32	599.98	424.98	4,998.47	4,998.47	24.01	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
South Carolina	25,000.00	25,612.94	3,402.50	9,749.86	2,124.10	1,746.11	2,099.94	1,327.49	4,350.00	25,000.00	612.94	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Tennessee	12,000.00	14,069.90	-----	3,465.00	3,600.00	3,375.00	1,900.00	1,900.00	1,900.00	13,690.00	379.90	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Texas	112,648.50	12,648.50	873.05	4,475.99	742.83	1,468.83	4,542.98	544.82	544.82	12,648.50	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Virginia	16,666.66	16,666.66	5,400.00	3,800.00	2,000.00	4,066.66	1,490.00	1,490.00	16,666.66	16,666.66	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
West Virginia	10,000.00	10,000.00	10,001.45	807.98	3,587.37	2,000.00	1,000.00	1,250.00	10,000.03	10,000.03	1.42	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total	250,968.68	258,528.89	35,846.60	76,317.14	36,189.44	22,938.76	40,828.58	34,839.85	8,552.64	255,512.91	3,015.98	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

<sup>1</sup> Interest, \$148.50.

Table 27.—SUMMER SCHOOLS—Staff and enrollment in summer schools in negro land-grant colleges (summer of 1926)

Negro land-grant college located in—	Number of weeks in summer session 1926	Instructional staffs		Student enrollment							
				Elementary		Secondary		College		Total	
		Men	Women	Boys	Girls	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Alabama	6	5	3			4	58			4	58
Arkansas	6	4	9	15	15	8	100	4	55	27	170
Delaware	5	2	6					3	40	3	40
Florida	8	15	9	49	96	21	289			70	385
Georgia	6	9	5	10	104	20	75	10	25	40	204
Kentucky	6	9	5			8	20	8	134	16	154
Louisiana	12	14	3			6	111	10	120	16	231
Maryland <sup>1</sup>											
Mississippi	6	10	4			4	92	10	34	14	126
Missouri	8	8	2			8	13	22	76	30	89
North Carolina	6	15	9			53	301			53	301
Oklahoma	9	26	11	0	3	13	37	91	542	104	582
South Carolina	5	18	14			13	75	18	219	31	294
Tennessee	12	28	17			41	370	71	628	112	998
Texas	12	25	18			28	268	151	738	179	1,006
Virginia	12	14	16	19	403	9	75	10	201	38	679
West Virginia	9			37	43			31	256	68	299
Total		202	131	130	664	236	1,884	439	3,068	805	5,616

<sup>1</sup> No summer school.

Table 28.—FEDERAL LAND-GRANT FUNDS—Receipts and disbursements from the 1862 land-grant fund, and income from other Federal land grants for negro land-grant colleges, year ended June 30, 1927

Negro land-grant college located in—	Land-grant fund of 1862 for year ended June 30, 1927							Income from other Federal land-grant funds	
	Receipts			Disbursements					
	Balance unexpended July 1, 1926	Income for year ended June 30, 1927	Total	For salaries	For facilities	Total	Balance unexpended July 1, 1927		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Georgia	\$8,000.00								
Kentucky	1,255.00	\$1,255.00	\$1,255.00				\$1,255.00		
Mississippi	6,814.50	6,814.50	6,814.50				6,814.50		
North Carolina	\$2,253.95	5,754.00	8,007.95	1,800.00	6,113.05	7,913.05	\$94.90	\$5,777.77	
Virginia		10,329.36	10,329.36				10,329.36		
Total	2,253.95	24,152.86	26,406.81	23,384.36	12,927.55	26,311.91	94.90	5,777.77	

<sup>1</sup> Not included in total; \$8,000 is annually appropriated by the State in lieu of any claim on the 1862 land-grant income.

