

Technical Manual

WEBasDISK/xx

Rev. 1.3

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2. USER INFORMATION

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- 1. The board returned should have the factory default settings since a test is only possible with these settings.
- 2. In order to repair your board as fast as possible we require some additional information from you. Please fill out a Repair Form and include it with the defective board.
- 3. If possible the board will be upgraded to the latest version without additional cost.
- 4. Upon receipt of the board please be aware that your user specific settings were changed during the test.

Within the warranty period the repair is free of charge as long as the warranty conditions are observed. Because of the high test expenditure you will be charged with the test cost if no fault is found. Repair after the warranty period will be charged. This **JUMP***tec*[®] product is warranted against defects in material and workmanship for the warranty period from the date of shipment. During the warranty period **JUMP***tec*[®] will at its option either repair or replace defective products.

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2.4. Support, Problems, and Failure Analysis

It is not in the responsibility of **JUMP tec**[®] to supply you with information about standard PC technology.

Before contacting **JUMP***tec*[®] please check first our web page for available information (newest manuals, application notes etc.). If you can't solve the problem on your own with this documents, do not hesitate to contact us by email or phone. Please prepare yourself to answer a few questions like

- Which **JUMP***tec*[®] module(s) is(are) concerned?
- What serial numbers (xx??????)?
- What firmware version (at the bottom of the configuration web page)?
- Since when is this problem known?
- Is this problem already reported (to whom?)
- And so on...

Note: You can save time and increase the problem solving process by using the FAReq.DOT form from our web page <u>www.jumptec.de</u> for problem reports.

3. INTRODUCTION

JUMP*tec*[®]'s **WEBasDISK** acts just like any 100% IDE compatible hard disk drive. But the contents of that drive are read on the fly from any location on the Internet or local file servers including any MS Windows workstation. **WEBasDISK** allows you to boot any operating system that has IDE support from LAN or the Internet.

WEBasDISK can be connected to any computer system (referred to as *target system* or *target*) that supports IDE hard disks. **WEBasDISK** behaves like any other hard disk in that computer system. The data read from that hard disk is not necessary stored in **WEBasDISK** but can be dynamically synthesized from data found on any other computer (referred to as *server system* or *server*) connected to the local area network or through routers even the internet. The data must not necessarily be prepared to work with **WEBasDISK**. In that mode the data will be presented to that target system as a FAT compatible file system, which is supported by all major operating systems.

WEBasDISK can operate in two distinct modes: image mode and file mode.

In *image mode* the server contains a disk image that has been prepared for use with **WEBasDISK**. This allows total operating system independence. The data can be formatted in any way and can contain any file system.

In *file mode* the server contains any file system in the form of a recursive directory tree. **WEBasDISK** builds a virtual FAT file system on the fly that is presented to the target machines OS. The data is not read from the server until the target's OS requires it. The server does not need to be aware of **WEBasDISK**.

WEBasDISK uses the TCP/IP network protocol on the network connection side. It uses either HTTP or SMB (CIFS) to access the files. HTTP allows **WEBasDISK** to read the data from any web server in the Internet. SMB allows **WEBasDISK** to read the files on any MS Windows workstation or server. This is regular Windows peer-to-peer file sharing. No special configuration is required to use **WEBasDISK** in that environment. Linux also contains SMB support in the SAMBA package.

The IDE interface allows **WEBasDISK** to be used as a regular hard disk in most computer systems.

WEBasDISK contains a web server that allows you change any configuration options with any web browser.



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4. BENEFITS AND APPLICATIONS

- Remote hard disk
- Environment requires no moving parts
 - Flash disk replacement
 - Faster than chipDISK
 - o Auto update
 - Larger capacity
- Easy remote update
- Off-line boot on network failure
 - No additional software required
 - o on Server and
 - o on Target
- Development and Testing

5. FEATURES

5.1. IDE interface

- Target system is provided with data from server via IDE port
- Target system connects via 44 pos. 2 mm IDE interface
- Module power can be supplied via PIN 41 and 42 of IDE interface
- Behaves on IDE side as ATA compliant hard disk
- Operates as Master or Slave drive
- Boot from local flash without network connection
- Write sector cache to allow using OS's that require writing to boot device
- Selectable boot sectors for popular operating systems

5.2. Supported Disk Formats

- FAT12 disk format
- FAT16 disk format
- FAT32 disk format

5.3. Network Interface

- Connects network via 10/100Base-T, RJ45 Ethernet
- Network status can be indicated via LINK/ACTIVITY/SPEED LED
- Transmission protocol for Ethernet communication is TCP/IP based
- Implemented HTTP server allows module configuration via browser
- DNS/NETBIOS name resolution

5.4. Supported Server Protocols

- SMB (CIFS) Protocol to use access files on Windows NT/9x/ME/2000/XP and Linux/Samba machines
- SMB password support
- HTTP Protocol
- HTML page URL analyzer
- DHCP

5.5. Soft-/Firmware Functionality

- Boot OS via Ethernet from shared server directory
- File mode with FAT disk builder
- Image mode supports all disk formats
- Read data from flash/network
- Read only mode reports errors on writes
- Write changes back to server in Image Mode
- Write changes back to server in File Mode to a delta sector file
- File connection cache
- Automatic Share redirection on server file change
- File tree description files in file mode
- Image mode auto detects drive parameters from image file
- Permanent share redirection
- Boot from flash if no server connection or server share is an empty string
- Creates a snapshot of the current server files to flash
- Save multiple configurations (in EEPROM)
- Configuration password support
- Firmware update via FTP

6. INSTALLATION

6.1. Hardware Installation

WEBasDISK can be connected to the target system just like any 2.5-inch IDE hard disk. Simply attach the 44pin IDE connector with a standard IDE cable to your target system's IDE port. **WEBasDISK** receives its power through that connection.

By default **WEBasDISK** is configured as IDE master drive. **Remove** the M/S jumper closest to the IDE connector to have **WEBasDISK** operate as a slave drive.

	IDE		M/S	
43		3 1	↓ 1	
0		00	pо	
0		00	bo	

Attach a standard Ethernet cable to the RJ-45 Ethernet connector and hook it up to your 10/100Base-T Ethernet LAN.

Turn on the power of the target system. The networking LEDs should light up if the networking connection is physically working. After a short while the **WEBasDISK** status LED should light up.

If required enter the target systems BIOS setup to enable or detect the hard disks. Newer BIOSes are usually set to auto detect hard disks so this step is not required.

Some BIOSes may display the JUMPtec® WEBasDISK name or the drive's geometry.

If **WEBasDISK** is your boot drive and it has not been configured yet you may see a Boot Failure, No Operating System or similar error message. This is normal.

6.2. Server Preparation

If you want to use **WEBasDISK** with files located on a MS Windows Workstation or Server you need to:

- Create a new directory on server
- Copy operating system files or any files that you want to access on the target into that directory
- Right click on the directory in Explorer
- Select "Sharing..." from the menu
- Enter a "Share Name" in the dialog that appears and then press OK

Wad Properties	×
General Sharing	
Already shared via C:\	
O Not Shared	
_ ● Shared As:	
Share <u>N</u> ame: WAD	
<u>C</u> omment:	
Access Type:	
C <u>R</u> ead-Only	
C Depends on Password	
Passwords:	
Read-Only Password:	
Full Access Password:	
OK Cancel Apply	

To remotely boot MS-DOS you need at least the files IO.SYS, MSDOS.SYS, and COMMAND.COM in that shared directory.

6.3. WEBasDISK Express Setup

WEBasDISK contains a web server that allows you change all configuration options with a standard web browser. Simply type in the **WEBasDISK** IP address in the address or URL field of your browser. Some browsers might require the http:// prefix.

The first time you access WEBasDISK you need to type in the factory default IP address of 10.0.0.21

For this to work your PC needs to be (temporarily) configured for any IP address that starts with 10.0.0.xxx (the subnet mask for that is 255.255.255.0).

Currently there is no other way to gain access to **WEBasDISK** for the first time.

If you are using MS Windows you can right click on the "Network Neighborhood", select "Properties" from the menu, select "TCP/IP -> your Ethernet card", then "Properties" to specify an IP address.

Your browser should display **WEBasDISK** configuration home page:



From the Navigation bar close to the top of the page click on "Express Setup" to display Express Setup page.

Express Setup

WEBasDISK IP Address	10.0.0.21		
WEBasDISK IP Mask	255.255.255.0		
URL or Server Share Name			
Server IP (optional)	10.0.0.30		
Operating System	MS-DOS 6.22	•	
Emulated Disk Size	32 MB 💌		
			Save Changes

It is likely that **WEBasDISK**'s factory default IP address and mask is not ideal for your LAN. The server's Computer Name must be set for your environment. Enter a server share like "\\SERVER\SHARE" to access files from a MS Windows or Samba server. Enter a web site or subdirectory like

"http://www.**WEBasDISK**.com/wad". Then select the operating system that you would like to boot. This page allows you to adjust these settings.

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Option	Explanation	
WEBasDISK IP Address	Defaults to 10.0.0.21 and should be changed to match your networks address range.	
WEBasDISK IP Mask	Defaults to 255.255.255.0, which should be appropriate for most LANs.	
URL or Server Share Name	This is a combination of the server's Computer Name and the name of the shared directory. The syntax is \\server\share	
Server IP (optional)	This is an optional field. If you know the server's IP address and it is fixed then specifying it in this field speeds up the connect phase. In all other cases this field should be blank or 0.0.0.0.	
Operating System	Select the operating system that you want to use on your target system. This simply uses the correct boot sector. If your system is not listed or for a complete list of options refer to section 7.3 Server Configuration.	
Emulated Disk Size	This is the disk size that will be emulated. It must be larger then the total size of all files in the shared directory on the server.	

If you are using Windows you can right click on the "Network Neighborhood", select "Properties" from the menu, select the "Identification" tab to display or change the Computer Name.

Press the "Save Changes" button to have **WEBasDISK** save and retain the new settings. The new **WEBasDISK** IP address and mask take effect after power off the target system.

If everything was set up correctly the target system should boot the new operating system located in the server's shared directory when the power is turned back on.

After that you need to use the new IP to access the **WEBasDISK** configuration pages.

7. WEBASDISK CONFIGURATION

This section shows the configuration pages that are accessible with a standard web browser and describes the options in detail.

7.1. Navigation Bar

The navigation menu bar close to the top of the page is always present and allows you to quickly jump the various configuration sub pages





Home | Express Setup | Active | Server 1 2 3 4 | IP | Rebuild!

Option	Explanation	
Home	Home page with basic instructions and firmware revision number	
Express Setup	Easy initial configuration. Refer to section 6.3 WEBasDISK Express Setup	
Active	Activate any of the four pre configurable server configurations	
Server	Current server configuration	
1, 2, 3, 4	Any of the four server configuration slots	
IP	Internet gateway, IP, and DNS configuration	
Rebuild!	Have WEBasDISK re-read the server directory structure. Note this takes effect immediately. In the current version of WEBasDISK you need to reboot the target system or it will be presented with inconsistent data.	

Press the "Save Changes" button in the individual pages to have **WEBasDISK** save and retain the new settings from that page. To discard any changes you have made simply select another item from the navigation bar.

Depending on the nature of the settings they take effect immediately, after the next rebuild and reboot of the target system, or after the next power off.

Unless otherwise noted the changes take effect after the next rebuild of the directory structure and reboot of the target system. You can instruct **WEBasDISK** to automatically rebuild whenever the settings are saved. Refer to section 7.5 IP Configuration for details.

7.2. Home Page

This page gives a brief and general overview about the **WEBasDISK**. **Note:** In the bottom left corner, the current programmed firmware revision is shown.



In this example, the current programmed firmware revision is 0.2 build 014.

7.3. Server Configuration

These settings describe how to access the server and how the emulated disk should be presented to the target system.

Server Configuration

URL or Server Share Name		
Server IP (optional)	10.0.030	
User Name		
Password (if required)		
Disk Emulation	 File Mode (Simulated FAT) Image Mode (Any Disk Format) 	
Write Protection	 Read Only Read Source/Write Only To Cache Read/Write 	
Operating System	MS-DOS 6.22	
Disk Size	16 MB 🔽	
Save As Configuration	① 1 ○ 2 ○ 3 ○ 4 (Active server is 2)	
	Save Change	es

Option	Explanation			
URL or Server Share Name	This describes the server and the location of the file on the server. There are three different protocols implemented:			
	• SMB (CIFS) protocol to access MS Windows and Linux Samba Servers. This is a combination of the server's Computer Name and the name of the shared directory. The syntax is \\server\share. An optional subdirectory path can follow with each directory separated by backslashes.			
	• HTTP protocol to access any web server in the Intranet or Internet. The syntax is http://servername (i.e http://www. WEBasDISK .com/wad). An optional subdirectory path can follow with each directory separated by slashes.			
	• If this field remains blanks and no server is specified then the disk image that is stored in the on board flash is used.			
Server IP (optional)	This is an optional field. If you know the server's IP address and it is fixed then specifying it in this field speeds up the connect phase. In all other cases this field should be blank or 0.0.0.0.			
User Name (optional)	Login user name for the server. (Currently only used with SMB)			
Password (if required)	Login password for the server. (Currently only used with SMB)			

Disk Emulation	• <i>File Mode</i> (Simulated FAT): WEBasDISK builds the complete file system from the individual files located in the server directory. The synthesized file system will be any of the 3 FAT variants FAT12, FAT16 or FAT32. If a file named diskimg.bin is present WEBasDISK automatically switches to image mode even if file mode is selected.	
	 Image Mode (Any Disk Format): A file named diskimg.bin must be stored in the shared directory on the server. This file is the complete sector snapshot of any hard or flash disk. This image must start with a valid partition root sector. WEBasDISK uses the information in this sector to initialize its drive geometry. All other sectors are transparent and simply passed through to the target system upon request. If there is no diskimg.bin file WEBasDISK automatically switches to File Mode. 	
Write Protection	Read Only: All writes from the target system to the disk will fail.	
	• Read Source/Write Only To Cache: All writes are cached in WEBasDISK internal RAM (up to 13 MB). If the cache is full writes fail. All changes are lost when the power is turned off	
	• Read/Write: In Image Mode writes go directly to the image file on the server. In File Mode writes go to a delta file named waddelta.wdi and waddelta.wds in the shared server directory that contains only the written sectors. If the files are later deleted from the server only these changes are rolled back.	
Operating System	Select the operating system that you want to use on your target system. This simply uses the correct boot sector. If your system is not listed then choose the "None/Any/WADBOOT.SEC". In this case the disk is not bootable or a separate 512-byte boot sector file named wadboot.sec must be present in the shared server directory. A partition root sector file named wadboot.sec can optionally be present.	
	 None/Any/WADBOOT.SEC Windows NT/NT Embedded 	
	Windows CE Windows 98	
	 Windows 95 MS-DOS 6 22 	
	 DR-DOS 0.22 DR-DOS 7.03 V/v/Morks 	
	Linux FAT	
	If there is a file named wadboot.sec in the shared server directory this setting is without effect.	
Emulated Disk Size	This is the disk size that will be emulated. It must be larger then the total size of all files in the shared directory on the server.	
	 4 MB 8 MB 16 MB 32 MB 64 MB 128 MB 256 MB 512 MB 1 GB 2 GB (Sizes larger than 2 GB will be available in new firmware) 	

Save As Configuration	WEBasDISK supports four independent server configurations. This selection determines in which slot the current settings should be written. Note you can use this to simply copy configurations.
-----------------------	--

7.4. Active Server Configuration

WEBasDISK supports four independent server configurations. Only one of these can be active. This page displays the server share names of all configurations and allows you to select the currently active server.

Active Server Configuration

		Save Changes
Select Configuration	C 3 \\Acer\WAD C 4	
	C 2 \\DIETERP\WAD	

7.5. IP Configuration

This page allows you to change a variety of IP addresses to values appropriate for your network including **WEBasDISK**'s own IP address and also its configuration password.

IP Configuration

	Use DHCP	
WEBasDISK IP Address	10.0.0.21	
IP Mask	255.255.255.0	
Gateway IP	0.0.0.0	
WINS Server IP	0.0.0.0	
DNS Server IP 1	0.0.0.0	
DNS Server IP 2	0.0.0.0	
WEBasDISK Password		
Confirm Password		
	Automatically Rebuild Directory On A	All Saves
		Save Changes

Option	Explanation
Use DHCP	WEBasDISK's IP must be fixed.
WEBasDISK IP Address	Defaults to 10.0.0.21 and should be changed to match your networks address range.
WEBasDISK IP Mask	Defaults to 255.255.255.0, which should be appropriate for most LANs.
Gateway IP	IP address of the gateway or router. This is necessary in a LAN with more than one subnet or to access the internet.
WINS Server IP	Not implemented yet. Currently a broadcast will be used to resolve computer names.
DNS Server IP 1	IP address of the primary DNS server. This is required to resolve names like www. WEBasDISK .com to the website's IP address.
DNS Server IP 2	IP address of the secondary DNS server. This is optionally used if the first server cannot be reached.
WEBasDISK Password	This password is used to protect the configuration pages of WEBasDISK . If a password is assigned the web browser will prompt you for this password whenever you access any WEBasDISK web page except the home page. The user name is always "admin".

Confirm Password	If you change the password you must retype it here to avoid assigning a misspelled password. If you forget the password that you have assigned you need to contact JUMP <i>tec</i> [®] . A handling surcharge may apply.
Automatically Rebuild Directory	When checked all configuration saves also automatically trigger a rebuild of the cached server directory structure.
On All Saves	We recommend to always check this option.

8. ADVANCED TOPICS

8.1. Storing Files in Flash

You can store a snapshot of the currently connected server shared directory into **WEBasDISK**'s flash memory. This snapshot will be used whenever there is no network connection, the server is down or a blank server share name has been set up in the Server Configuration page.

This example assumes that **WEBasDISK**'s IP address is the default 10.0.0.21.

- Wait until the **WEBasDISK** activity LED (see chapter 10 Connector Locations and Pinouts) is off.
- Access the WEBasDISK configuration web page with http://10.0.0.21
- Enter http://10.0.0.21/snapshot in your web browsers address field.
- The status LED will be turned on and **WEBasDISK** pulls in all server data and stores it to the local flash.
- This process may take a number of minutes depending of the size of the files in the server's shared directory. Currently up to 30 MB of sector data can be stored in this way. During this time the LED is blinking several times
- When the status LED stays off the process is complete.

Attention:

- The Emulated disk size of the system you want to flash has to be 32 MB or less.
- Write Protection must be read only when you are booting operating systems which write accesses the boot medium during startup (i.e. MS WIN98), because saving files in offline mode isn't implemented in this version

In the current firmware version this is the only way to use the onboard flash for data storage. This area will be heavily expanded in new firmware versions to include writing to flash from the target system and background copying of server data to flash with an automatic change detection.

8.2. Configuration Files on the Server

The following files can be located in the server's shared directory:

File name	Explanation
diskimg.bin	This file is the complete snapshot of all used sectors on any hard or flash disk. This image must start with a valid partition root sector. WEBasDISK uses the information in this sector to initialize its drive geometry. All other sectors are transparent and simply passed through to the target system upon request.
wadboot.sec	If "None/Any/WADBOOT.SEC" is chosen as an OS then the disk is not bootable unless this 512-byte boot sector file is present.
wadroot.sec	If "None/Any/WADBOOT.SEC" is chosen as an OS then this 512-byte partition root sector file can be presented if necessary.
waddelta.wdi waddelta.wds	In <i>File Mode</i> writes from the target go to these two delta files that contain only the written sectors. In Read/Write File Mode WEBasDISK automatically creates these files. The files, if present, are re-read when WEBasDISK is powered up. If the files are later deleted from the server all changes recorded in these files are discarded.
wadserv.ini	This file allows you to configure WEBasDISK from the server. You can also use it to redirect WEBasDISK to use another or new server share. This is useful when you have to change anything on the server side while WEBasDISK (s) are accessing these files.

	Create a new share with the new files and a that. This procedure ensures consistent data The wadserv.ini is read whenever the director syntax of the file is similar to a MS Windows settings are defined:	wadserv.ini in the old share which points to a at all times. bry is rebuild and also during power-on. The s INI file. Currently two sections with optional
Sections of wadserv.ini	[Redirect] Server=\\server\share IP=10.0.0.30	Redirect section New server share name New optional server IP address
	Permanent=1	If successful, store new server in EEPROM
	[Options]	Options section
	DISKSIZE=10	DISK SIZE IN MBYTE

8.3. WEBasDISK Button

The button S1 is **NOT** a reset button (see chapter 10 Connector Locations and Pinouts).

Avoid pressing it while you power on the system or while the status LED is on. If you do then **WEBasDISK** may switch its IP to 10.0.0.21 or 89.0.0.55. Turn **WEBasDISK** off and hold down until the status LED goes on to reverse the effect.

The current version of **WEBasDISK** rebuilds the directory whenever you press the button during normal operation. This behavior is likely to change in future firmware versions.

8.4. Creating Boot Sector Files

To create the wadboot.sec boot sector file under MS Windows or DOS open the Command Prompt and enter the commands shown in bold type:

```
C:\WINDOWS> debug

-1 100 2 0 1

-rcx

CX 0000

:200

-nwadboot.sec

-w

Writing 00200 bytes

-q

C:\WINDOWS> _
```

Copy the created wadboot.sec and all the other files to the server's shared directory and configure the OS for **WEBasDISK** as "None/Any/WADBOOT.SEC".

Note: Creating a wadboot.sec file for a 32 bit-filesystem will be supported in the future firmware versions.

9. FIRMWARE UPGRADE

WARNING: Following these instruction incorrectly, interrupting power during the firmware update, or using an incorrect or corrupt firmware file **might destroy WEBasDISK** and prevent it from operating properly. This has happened if all of the LEDs will remain dark when restoring the power after running an update. In this case **WEBasDISK** must be returned to **JUMP***tec*[®] for repair at your expense.

This example assumes that **WEBasDISK**'s IP address is the default 10.0.0.21 and the firmware file name is net1r110.rom.

- Access the WEBasDISK configuration web page with http://10.0.0.21
- At the bottom of the page you will find the current firmware name that includes the version *xx* and build *bbb* number NET1R1*xx.bbb*.
- Obtain a new firmware file from **JUMP***tec*[®] and decompress it if necessary. The file should be named NET1R1*xx*.ROM where *xx* is the version number.
- Please note that the file name must be all upper case or all lower case. Rename the file if necessary.
- Consult the readme file (if existent in the firmware file archive) for restrictions on which old firmware version can be upgraded to which new versions.
- Enter http://10.0.0.21/init_flash in your web browsers address field.
- A message "Ready for an FTP firmware upload!" should be returned and the status LED will be turned on.
- Upload the firmware file with an FTP client. To do this under MS Windows open the Command Prompt and enter the commands shown in bold type:

```
C:\WINDOWS> ftp 10.0.0.21

Connected to 10.0.0.21.

220 NET+ARM FTP Server 1.0 ready.

User (10.0.0.21:(none)): press <RETURN> here

230 User none logged in.

ftp> type binary

200 Type set to I.

ftp> put netlr110.rom

.....

ftp> bye

C:\WINDOWS> __
```

The file is stored in **WEBasDISK**'s RAM at first. The flash cycle will begin after the connection has been closed with the **bye** command. Up to that point you can upload a new file if a previous upload failed or forgot the **type binary**.

After issuing the **bye** command the status LED will remain on and will flicker every few seconds. The whole process can take a few minutes (currently less than two). When the firmware has been flashed completely the status LED will be turned off. After that recycle the power and verify that **WEBasDISK** is working and the configuration page shows the new version and build number.

DO <u>NOT</u> turn off the power while the STATUS LED is still on after issuing the bye command. If the status LED is still on after 5 minutes have passed the upgrade has failed.

10. CONNECTOR LOCATIONS AND PINOUTS

10.1. Connector Locations and LEDs



Note: PIN 1 of connectors is marked with a square pad on the bottom layer! **Note:** S1 is <u>NOT</u> a RESET button! Please refer to chapter 8.3 WEBasDISK Button for its function.

D21 is a triple LED and indicates the network interface status.

- The upper red LED indicates that a 100 MBit network connection is established (speed indicator).
- The mid **yellow** LED indicates that **WEBasDISK** is connected to a network (**link** indicator).
- The bottom green LED indicates that data is transmitted (activity indicator).

10.2. Pinout Table

Pin X2 X5 X8 X1 1 /RESET TXD+ Reserved Vcc 2 GND TXD- GND I2CLK 3 IDE D7 RXD+ /MASTER I2DAT 4 IDE D8 NC GND GND 5 IDE D6 NC - - 6 IDE D9 RXD- - - 7 IDE D5 NC - - 8 IDE D10 NC - - 9 IDE D4 - - - 10 IDE D11 - - - 11 IDE D12 - - - 13 IDE D1 - - - 14 IDE D1 - - - 16 IDE D15 - - - 19 GND - - - 21 DMARQ - -		IDE44 2.5" HDD	Ethernet	Jumper	I2C
1 /RESET TXD+ Reserved Vcc 2 GND TXD- GND I2CLK 3 IDE D7 RXD+ /MASTER I2DAT 4 IDE D8 NC GND GND 5 IDE D6 NC GND GND 6 IDE D9 RXD- IDE IDE 7 IDE D5 NC IDE IDE 8 IDE D10 NC IDE IDE 9 IDE D4 IDE IDE IDE 10 IDE D11 IDE IDE IDE IDE 13 IDE D2 IDE IDE IDE IDE IDE 14 IDE D13 IDE I	Pin	X2	X5	X8	X1
2 GND TXD- GND I2CLK 3 IDE D7 RXD+ /MASTER I2DAT 4 IDE D8 NC GND GND 5 IDE D6 NC GND GND 6 IDE D9 RXD- IDE IDE 7 IDE D5 NC IDE IDE 8 IDE D10 NC IDE IDE 9 IDE D4 IDE IDE IDE 10 IDE D11 IDE IDE IDE 11 IDE D2 IDE IDE IDE 13 IDE D12 IDE IDE IDE 14 IDE D13 IDE IDE IDE 16 IDE D14 IDE IDE IDE 17 IDE D0 IDE IDE IDE IDE 18 IDE D15 IDE IDE IDE IDE IDE 22 GND IDE IDE <td>1</td> <td>/RESET</td> <td>TXD+</td> <td>Reserved</td> <td>Vcc</td>	1	/RESET	TXD+	Reserved	Vcc
3 IDE D7 RXD+ /MASTER I2DAT 4 IDE D8 NC GND GND 5 IDE D6 NC - - 6 IDE D9 RXD- - - 7 IDE D5 NC - - 8 IDE D10 NC - - 9 IDE D4 - - - 10 IDE D11 - - - 11 IDE D3 - - - 12 IDE D12 - - - 13 IDE D2 - - - 14 IDE D13 - - - 15 IDE D0 - - - 18 IDE D15 - - - 19 GND - - - 23 /IOW - - - 24 GND - - -	2	GND	TXD-	GND	I2CLK
4 IDE D8 NC GND GND 5 IDE D6 NC - - 6 IDE D9 RXD- - - 7 IDE D5 NC - - 9 IDE D4 - - - 10 IDE D10 NC - - 11 IDE D3 - - - 12 IDE D12 - - - 13 IDE D2 - - - - 14 IDE D12 - - - - - 15 IDE D1 -	3	IDE D7	RXD+	/MASTER	I2DAT
5 IDE D6 NC IDE 6 IDE D9 RXD- IDE 7 IDE D5 NC IDE 8 IDE D10 NC IDE 9 IDE D4 IDE IDE 10 IDE D11 IDE IDE 11 IDE D3 IDE IDE 12 IDE D12 IDE IDE 13 IDE D2 IDE IDE 14 IDE D13 IDE IDE 15 IDE D0 IDE IDE 16 IDE D14 IDE IDE 17 IDE D0 IDE IDE 18 IDE D15 IDE IDE 19 GND IDE IDE 20 NC IDE IDE 21 DMARQ IDE IDE 22 GND IDE IDE 23 /IOW IDE IDE 24 GND I	4	IDE D8	NC	GND	GND
6 IDE D9 RXD- 7 IDE D5 NC 8 IDE D10 NC 9 IDE D4	5	IDE D6	NC	-	
7 IDE D5 NC IDE 8 IDE D10 NC IDE 9 IDE D4 IDE IDE 10 IDE D11 IDE IDE 11 IDE D3 IDE IDE 12 IDE D12 IDE IDE 13 IDE D2 IDE IDE 14 IDE D13 IDE IDE 15 IDE D1 IDE IDE 16 IDE D14 IDE IDE 17 IDE D0 IDE IDE 18 IDE D15 IDE IDE 19 GND IDE IDE 20 NC IDE IDE 21 DMARQ IDE IDE 22 GND IDE IDE 23 /IOW IDE IDE 24 GND IDE IDE 25 /IOR IDE IDE 26 GND IDE<	6	IDE D9	RXD-		
8 IDE D10 NC IDE 9 IDE D4 IDE IDE 10 IDE D11 IDE IDE 11 IDE D3 IDE IDE 12 IDE D12 IDE IDE 13 IDE D2 IDE IDE 14 IDE D13 IDE IDE 15 IDE D1 IDE IDE 16 IDE D14 IDE IDE 17 IDE D0 IDE IDE 18 IDE D15 IDE IDE 20 NC IDE IDE 21 DMARQ IDE IDE 22 GND IDE IDE 23 //OW IDE IDE 24 GND IDE IDE 25 //OR IDE IDE 26 GND IDE IDE 29 /DMACK IDE IDE 30 GND ID	7	IDE D5	NC		
9 IDE D4	8	IDE D10	NC		
10 IDE D11 IDE D12 11 IDE D3 IDE 12 IDE D12 IDE 13 IDE D2 IDE 14 IDE D13 IDE 15 IDE D1 IDE 16 IDE D14 IDE 17 IDE D0 IDE 18 IDE D15 IDE 19 GND IDE 20 NC IDE 21 DMARQ IDE 22 GND IDE 23 /IOW IDE 24 GND IDE 25 /IOR IDE 26 GND IDE 27 IORDY IDE 28 BALE IDE 29 /DMACK IDE 30 GND IDE 31 IDEIRQ14 IDE 32 /IOCS16 IDE 33 IDEA0 IDE 36 IDEA2 IDE 37 IDE CS0* IDE 38	9	IDE D4			
11 IDE D3 IDE D42 12 IDE D12 IDE D4 13 IDE D2 IDE D4 14 IDE D13 IDE D4 15 IDE D1 IDE D4 16 IDE D14 IDE D4 17 IDE D0 IDE D4 18 IDE D15 IDE D4 20 NC IDE D4 21 DMARQ IDE D4 22 GND IDE D4 23 /IOW IDE D4 24 GND IDE D4 25 /IOR IDE D4 26 GND IDE D4 27 IORDY IDE D4 28 BALE IDE D4 29 /DMACK IDE D4 30 GND IDE D4 31 IDEIRQ14 IDE D4 32 /IOCS16 IDE D4 33 IDEA1 IDE D4 34 /PDIAG IDE D4 35 IDE CS0* IDE D4 38 IDE CS1* IDE D4 39<	10	IDE D11			
12 IDE D12 IDE D2 13 IDE D2 IDE D1 14 IDE D13 IDE D1 15 IDE D1 IDE D1 16 IDE D14 IDE D1 17 IDE D0 IDE D1 18 IDE D15 IDE D1 20 NC IDE D1 21 DMARQ IDE D2 23 /IOW IDE D2 24 GND IDE D2 25 /IOR IDE D2 26 GND IDE D2 27 IORDY IDE D2 28 BALE IDE D2 29 /DMACK IDE D2 30 GND IDE ID2 31 IDEIRQ14 IDE ID2 32 /IOCS16 ID2 33 IDEA1 IDE ID2 34 /PDIAG ID2 35 IDEA0 ID2 36 IDEA2 ID2 37 IDE CS0* ID2 38 IDE CS1* ID2 39	11	IDE D3			
13 IDE D2	12	IDE D12			
14 IDE D13 IDE D1 15 IDE D14 IDE D14 IDE D1 17 IDE D0 IDE D15 IDE D1 18 IDE D15 IDE D1 IDE D1 19 GND IDE D1 IDE D1 20 NC IDE D1 IDE D1 21 DMARQ IDE D1 IDE D1 23 /IOW IDE D1 IDE D1 24 GND IDE D1 IDE D1 25 /IOR IDE D1 IDE D1 26 GND IDE D1 IDE D1 27 IORDY IDE D1 IDE D1 28 BALE IDE D1 IDE D1 29 /DMACK IDE D1 IDE D1 30 GND IDE D1 IDE D1 31 IDEIRQ14 IDE D1 IDE D1 32 /IOCS16 IDE D1 IDE D1 33 IDEA0 IDE D1 IDE D1 36 IDEA2 IDE D1 <td< td=""><td>13</td><td>IDE D2</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	13	IDE D2			
15 IDE D1 IDE D1 16 IDE D14 IDE D1 17 IDE D0 IDE D1 18 IDE D15 IDE D1 19 GND IDE D1 20 NC IDE D1 21 DMARQ IDE D1 22 GND IDE D1 23 //OW IDE D1 24 GND IDE D1 25 /IOR IDE D1 26 GND IDE D1 27 IORDY IDE D1 28 BALE IDE D1 29 /DMACK IDE D1 30 GND IDE IRQ14 32 /IOCS16 IDE IRQ14 33 IDEA1 IDE IRQ14 34 /PDIAG IDE IRQ14 35 IDEA0 IDE IRQ14 36 IDEA2 IDE IRQ14 37 IDE CS0* IDE IRQ14 38 IDE CS1* IDE IRQ14 39 /	14	IDE D13			
16 IDE D14 17 IDE D0 18 IDE D15 19 GND 20 NC 21 DMARQ 22 GND 23 /IOW 24 GND 25 /IOR 26 GND 27 IORDY 28 BALE 29 /DMACK 30 GND 31 IDEIRQ14 32 /IOCS16 33 IDEA1 34 /PDIAG 35 IDEA0 36 IDEA2 37 IDE CS0* 38 IDE CS1* 39 /DASP 40 GND 41 Vcc 43 GND	15	IDE D1			
17 IDE D0 18 IDE D15 19 GND 20 NC 21 DMARQ 22 GND 23 /IOW 24 GND 25 /IOR 26 GND 27 IORDY 28 BALE 29 /DMACK 30 GND 31 IDEIRQ14 32 /IOCS16 33 IDEA1 34 /PDIAG 35 IDEA0 36 IDEA2 37 IDE CS0* 38 IDE CS1* 39 /DASP 40 GND 41 Vcc 43 GND 44 NC	16	IDE D14			
18 IDE D15 19 GND 20 NC 21 DMARQ 22 GND 23 /IOW 24 GND 25 /IOR 26 GND 27 IORDY 28 BALE 29 /DMACK 30 GND 31 IDEIRQ14 32 /IOCS16 33 IDEA1 34 /PDIAG 35 IDEA0 36 IDEA2 37 IDE CS0* 38 IDE CS1* 39 /DASP 40 GND 41 Vcc 43 GND 44 NC	17	IDE D0			
19 GND 20 NC 21 DMARQ 22 GND 23 /IOW 24 GND 25 /IOR 26 GND 27 IORDY 28 BALE 29 /DMACK 30 GND 31 IDEIRQ14 32 /IOCS16 33 IDEA1 34 /PDIAG 35 IDEA0 36 IDEA2 37 IDE CS0* 38 IDE CS1* 39 /DASP 40 GND 41 Vcc 43 GND 44 NC	18	IDE D15			
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21 DMARQ 22 GND 23 /IOW 24 GND 25 /IOR 26 GND 27 IORDY 28 BALE 29 /DMACK 30 GND 31 IDEIRQ14 32 /IOCS16 33 IDEA1 34 /PDIAG 35 IDEA0 36 IDEA2 37 IDE CS0* 38 IDE CS1* 39 /DASP 40 GND 41 Vcc 43 GND 44 NC	20	NC			
22 GND 23 /IOW 24 GND 25 /IOR 26 GND 27 IORDY 28 BALE 29 /DMACK 30 GND 31 IDEIRQ14 32 /IOCS16 33 IDEA1 34 /PDIAG 35 IDEA0 36 IDEA2 37 IDE CS0* 38 IDE CS1* 39 /DASP 40 GND 41 Vcc 43 GND	21	DMARQ			
23 /IOW 24 GND 25 /IOR 26 GND 27 IORDY 28 BALE 29 /DMACK 30 GND 31 IDEIRQ14 32 /IOCS16 33 IDEA1 34 /PDIAG 35 IDEA0 36 IDEA2 37 IDE CS0* 38 IDE CS1* 39 /DASP 40 GND 41 Vcc 43 GND	22	GND			
24 GND 25 /IOR 26 GND 27 IORDY 28 BALE 29 /DMACK 30 GND 31 IDEIRQ14 32 /IOCS16 33 IDEA1 34 /PDIAG 35 IDEA0 36 IDEA2 37 IDE CS0* 38 IDE CS1* 39 /DASP 40 GND 41 Vcc 43 GND	23	/IOW			
25 /IOR 26 GND 27 IORDY 28 BALE 29 /DMACK 30 GND 31 IDEIRQ14 32 /IOCS16 33 IDEA1 34 /PDIAG 35 IDEA0 36 IDEA2 37 IDE CS0* 38 IDE CS1* 39 /DASP 40 GND 41 Vcc 43 GND 44 NC	24	GND			
26 GND 27 IORDY 28 BALE 29 /DMACK 30 GND 31 IDEIRQ14 32 /IOCS16 33 IDEA1 34 /PDIAG 35 IDEA0 36 IDEA2 37 IDE CS0* 38 IDE CS1* 39 /DASP 40 GND 41 Vcc 43 GND 44 NC	25	/IOR			
27 IORDY 28 BALE 29 /DMACK 30 GND 31 IDEIRQ14 32 /IOCS16 33 IDEA1 34 /PDIAG 35 IDEA0 36 IDEA2 37 IDE CS0* 38 IDE CS1* 39 /DASP 40 GND 41 Vcc 43 GND 44 NC	26	GND			
28 BALE 29 /DMACK 30 GND 31 IDEIRQ14 32 /IOCS16 33 IDEA1 34 /PDIAG 35 IDEA0 36 IDEA2 37 IDE CS0* 38 IDE CS1* 39 /DASP 40 GND 41 Vcc 43 GND 44 NC	27	IORDY			
29 /DMACK 30 GND 31 IDEIRQ14 32 /IOCS16 33 IDEA1 34 /PDIAG 35 IDEA0 36 IDEA2 37 IDE CS0* 38 IDE CS1* 39 /DASP 40 GND 41 Vcc 43 GND 44 NC	28	BALE			
30 GND 31 IDEIRQ14 32 /IOCS16 33 IDEA1 34 /PDIAG 35 IDEA0 36 IDEA2 37 IDE CS0* 38 IDE CS1* 39 /DASP 40 GND 41 Vcc 43 GND 44 NC	29	/DMACK			
31 IDEIRQ14 32 /IOCS16 33 IDEA1 34 /PDIAG 35 IDEA0 36 IDEA2 37 IDE CS0* 38 IDE CS1* 39 /DASP 40 GND 41 Vcc 43 GND 44 NC	30	GND			
32 /IOCS16 33 IDEA1 34 /PDIAG 35 IDEA0 36 IDEA2 37 IDE CS0* 38 IDE CS1* 39 /DASP 40 GND 41 Vcc 43 GND 44 NC	31	IDEIRQ14			
33 IDEA1 34 /PDIAG 35 IDEA0 36 IDEA2 37 IDE CS0* 38 IDE CS1* 39 /DASP 40 GND 41 Vcc 43 GND 44 NC	32	/IOCS16			
34 /PDIAG 35 IDEA0 36 IDEA2 37 IDE CS0* 38 IDE CS1* 39 /DASP 40 GND 41 Vcc 42 Vcc 43 GND 44 NC	33	IDEA1			
35 IDEA0 36 IDEA2 37 IDE CS0* 38 IDE CS1* 39 /DASP 40 GND 41 Vcc 42 Vcc 43 GND 44 NC	34	/PDIAG			
36 IDEA2 37 IDE CS0* 38 IDE CS1* 39 /DASP 40 GND 41 Vcc 42 Vcc 43 GND 44 NC	35	IDEA0			
37 IDE CS0* 38 IDE CS1* 39 /DASP 40 GND 41 Vcc 42 Vcc 43 GND 44 NC	36	IDEA2			
38 IDE CS1* 39 /DASP 40 GND 41 Vcc 42 Vcc 43 GND 44 NC	37	IDE CS0*			
39 /DASP 40 GND 41 Vcc 42 Vcc 43 GND 44 NC	38	IDE CS1*			
40 GND 41 41 Vcc 42 42 Vcc 43 43 GND 44	39	/DASP			
41 Vcc 42 Vcc 43 GND 44 NC	40	GND			
42 Vcc 43 GND 44 NC	41	Vcc			
43 GND 44 NC	42	Vcc			
44 NC	43	GND			
	44	NC			

10.3. Pin Descriptions

X2 IDE and X5 Ethernet are standard interfaces so please refer to readily available documentation.

X8: /MASTER connect to GND to operate **WEBasDISK** as master drive. Leave open for slave operation.

X1: Vcc is 5V. I2CCLK and I2CDAT are the data and clock lines for the internal and external I2C bus.

11. COMPATIBILITY LIST

In the present hardware version of **WEBasDISK** there might be problems with some AT/ATX motherboards accessing WEBasDISK. On power up or reboot the BIOS auto detect is not able find WEBasDISK. This is caused by a missing IORDY support of the motherboard BIOS.

While a CPU BIOS tries to recognize an attached boot medium, it requests configuration data via a set of medium access registers from this storage medium. This registers are software emulated by the WEBasDISK and couldn't present information as fast as necessary. Therefor WEBasDISK drives the IORDY signal low to inform the attached CPU system about that delay. If this IORDY signal delay request is not detected by the motherboard BIOS, the CPU skips media detection after the preset timeout and continues startup process. Currently the only way to overcome this problem is a BIOS, which handles the IORDY signal correctly. Please contact your motherboard supplier in this case.

JUMP <i>tec[®]</i> device (used RAM)	BIOS	DOS	LINUX	MS WIN CE	MS WIN NTE	MS WIN 98 ¹⁾
<i>cool</i> MONSTER (64 MByte)	LEU2R116	ok	ok	ok	ok	ok
coolMONSTER/P3 (64 MByte)	LEU6R111	ok	ok	ok	ok	ok
MOPS <i>lcd</i> 4 (36 MByte)	P488R119	ok	ok	ok	ok	ok
MOPS <i>lcd</i> 6 (64 MByte)	P588R118	ok	ok	ok	ok	ok
DIMM-PC/386I (16 MByte)	D201R125	ok	to be tested	to be tested	to be tested	to be tested
DIMM-PC/ SC520	D501R101	ok	ok	ok	to be tested	ok
ETX-mgx	MOD1R22 2	ok	ok	to be tested	to be tested	to be tested
ETX-P1	MOD5R12 0	ok	ok	ok	ok	ok
ETX-P3	MOD6R12	ok	ok	to be tested	ok	ok

The following table shows different combinations of **JUMP tec**[®] mainboards (including shown BIOS version) and operating systems, which have been tested:

¹⁾ = For running complete MS WIN 98 system you need to install WIN 98 first on the target system you are using for WEBasDISK then you can copy these files to your server share directory, otherwise there are problems with different device drivers for different mainboards.

Note:

In **File mode** coping or deleting files in your server directory isn't possible after using this directory first time by WEBasDISK otherwise the system won't boot.

If you changed anything, you've to clear the two delta-files, what means all the changes you made so far with your **WEBasDISK** are lost, but then you can boot the system correctly again.

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12. SPECIFICATIONS

Electrical	supply voltage	5 ± 5%	[V]
	supply current	max. 300	[mA]
Mechanical	board dimensions	see picture 1: all mechanical dimensions	[mm]
	height	max. 18	[mm]
	connectors	RJ45, 2 mm IDE	
	mounting	4 drill holes, diameter 4 mm	
Temperature ¹⁾	operating	± 0 to +70	°C
	non operating	-10 to +85	°C
Humidity	operating	10 to 90 (non-condensing)	%
	non operating	5 to 95 (non-condensing)	%

¹⁾ The maximum operating temperature is the maximum measurable temperature on any spot of the modules surface. It is the users responsibility to maintain this temperature within the above specification.



picture 1: all mechanical dimensions in [mm]

13. LITERATURE, STANDARDS, LINKS

It is not in the responsibility of **JUMP***tec*[®] to supply you with information about standard PC technology. Please find below a selection of different information sources for your convenience.

13.1. PC/104-Bus

- PC/104 Specification Version 2.3 June 1996, PC/104 Consortium; <u>www.pc104.org</u>
- Embedded PCs, Markt&Technik GmbH, ISBN 3-8272-5314-4 (German)

13.2. ISA-Bus, Standard PS/2 Connectors

- ISA System Architecture, Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, ISBN 0-201-40996-8
- AT BUS Design IEEE P996 Compatible, Edward Solari, Annabooks San Diego CA. ISBN 0-929392-08-6 www.annabooks.com
- PC Handbook, Sixth Edition, John P. Choisser and John O. Foster, Annabooks San Diego CA. ISBN 0-929392-36-1, <u>www.annabooks.com</u>
- AT IBM Technical Reference Vol 1&2, 1985
- ISA Bus Specifications and Application Notes, January 30, 1990, Intel
- Technical Reference Guide, Extended Industry Standard Architecture Expansion Bus, Compaq 1989
- Personal Computer Bus Standard P996, Draft D2.00, January 18, 1990, IEEE Inc
- Embedded PCs, Markt&Technik GmbH, ISBN 3-8272-5314-4 (German)

13.3. PCI Specifications

- PCI Special Interest Group, c/o Intel Corporation
- PCI System Architecture, Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, ISBN 0-201-40993-3

13.4. RS232C

• EIA-232-E Interface between data terminal equipment and date circuit-terminating equipment employing serial binary data interchange (ANSI/IEA-232-D)

National Semiconductor's Interface Data Book includes several applications notes. These notes are also available online at http://www.national.com/. A search engine is provided to search the text of the available application notes. Entering "232" as search criteria shows you a current list of related application notes.

14. DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Filename	Date	Edited by	Changes to previous document revision
NET1M102.DOC	05-Oct-2001	DJP	first draft
NET1M110.DOC	09-Oct-2001	BRU	first release
NET1M111.DOC	23-Nov-01	MUP/BRU	release for SPS/IPC/Drives 2001
NET1M112.DOC	17-Dec-01	MUP/BRU	reworked version, added chapter 11 Compatibility List
NET1M113.DOC	15-Jan-02	MUP	expanded chapter 11 Compatibility List, completed temperature specification in chapter 12 Specifications, deleted note about disk size emulation restriction (only sizes < 1 GB available)