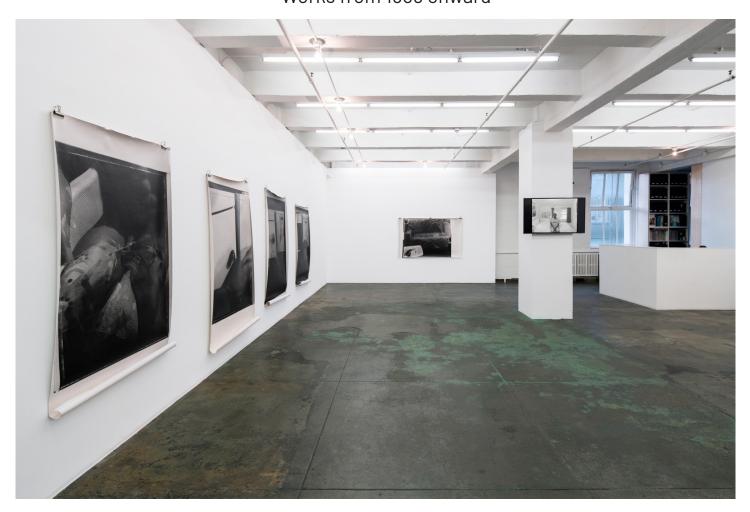
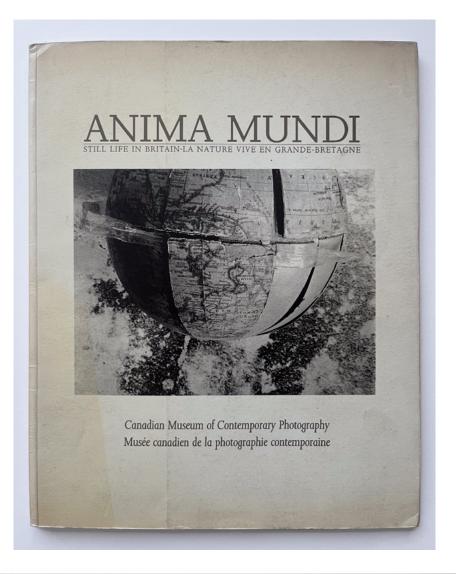
Thomas Erben Gallery

Oladélé Ajiboyé Bamgboyé Works from 1989 onward



Oladélé Ajiboyé Bamgboyé - Works from the '90s, Thomas Erben Gallery
October 26 - December 13, 2023
Installation view from entrance (photo credit: Fernando Sandoval/MW).



Born in 1963 in Nigeria, Oladelé Bamgboyé has been a full-time artist since his graduation in 1985 from Strathclyde University in Glasgow. He is self-taught in photography. He has exhibited his work in a number of Scottish galleries including the Fruitmarket Gallery and Stills Gallery in Edinburgh; in Glasgow, at Transmission Gallery, Glasgow Print Studios and Third Eye Centre, where he had a solo

exhibition in 1987. Bamgboye's work follows three contiguous tracks: self-portraits, interiors and still lifes.

All three are made by performance and prop mastery in the artist's rooms: a kitchen, a bathroom and a bedroom, draped with clothes and printed fabric, hung with paintings and decorated with collectibles; from the bedroom,

a deep panoramic view of parkland and buildings that is Bamgboyé's entrance through a window into Glasgow.

This delimited site acts continuously on his

memory and imagination. His rooms are a repository for cultural symbols and stereotypes that he collects and jumbles together on shelves and ledges. His environment is layered in personal association just as he layers information onto his negatives by multiple exposure. The texture and tonal range thus achieved in the print capture for Bamgboyé a quality of light and shadow that he remembers from his birthplace in West Africa. Interiors are for him

invented landscapes, pictures of a place etched in his mind but abraded by nostalgia and cultural displacement. Oladélé Bamgboyé est né au Nigeria en 1963. Diplômé en 1985 de l'Université Strathclyde de Glasgow, il se consacre par la suite à la création artistique. En matière de photographie, c'est un autodidacte. Ses œuvres ont été exposées dans bon nombre de galeries écossaises, notamment à la Fruitmarket Gallery et à la Stills Gallery, au Glasgow Print Studios et au Third Eye Centre, à Glasgow. Ce dernier établissement lui a d'ailleurs consacré une exposition particulière en 1987.

L'œuvre de Bamgboyé emprunte trois voies parallèles: l'autoportrait, la scène d'intérieur et la nature morte. Faisant appel aux accessoires et à l'interprétation, l'artiste crée sa mise en scène dans son appartement: cuisine, salle de bains et chambre sont tendues d'étoffes imprimées et de vêtements, décorées de tableaux et d'objets de collection; dans la chambre, une grande fenêtre offrant une vue panoramique sur un parc et des édifices constitue le point d'entrée de Bamgboyé dans la ville de

Glasgow.

Cette vue, bien délimitée, agit sans cesse sur sa mémoire et son imagination. Si bien qu'il a fait de son appartement un entrepôt de symboles et de stéréotypes culturels qu'il entasse pêle-mêle sur les rayons et les corniches. Les associations personnelles forment ainsi la trame de son environnement, de la même façon que les clichés multiples créent la trame de ses négatifs. Le grain et la variété de tons ainsi obtenus permettent à Bamgboyé de simuler les ombres et la lumière du coin de pays où il est né en Afrique occidentale. Les intérieurs sont pour lui des paysages inventés, des images d'un lieu gravé dans son esprit, mais qui s'effritent sous l'effet de la nostalgie et de l'éloignement culturel.

O L A D É L É B A M G B O Y É



Anima Mundi: Still Life in Britain (pp. 26-27), 1989 Canadian Museum of Contemporary Photography / National Gallery of Canada



Bird of Paradise, Panel #3 Installation at Smith Art Gallery, Scotland, 1989

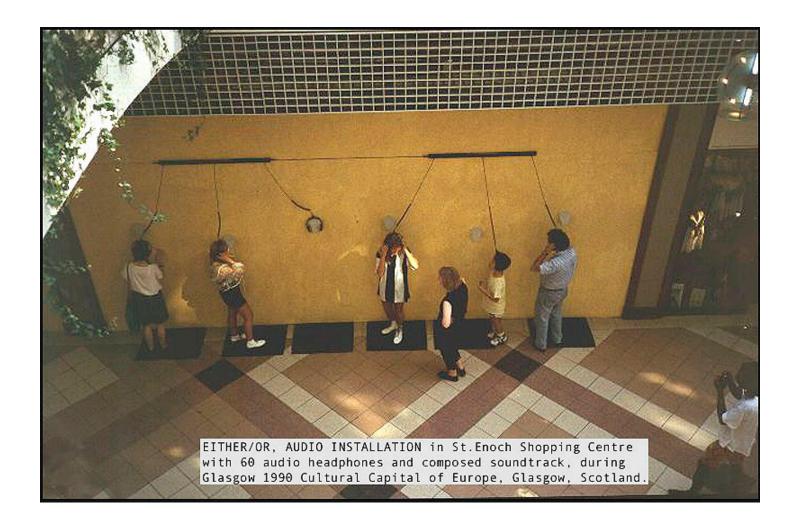


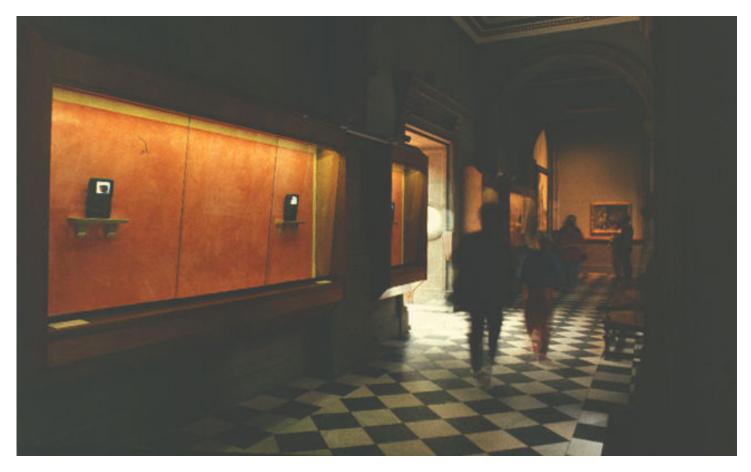
Bird of Paradise, Panel #4 Installation at Smith Art Gallery, Scotland, 1989





Birds of Paradise, triptych, 1989 Silver gelatin prints, 50 x 40 in. each

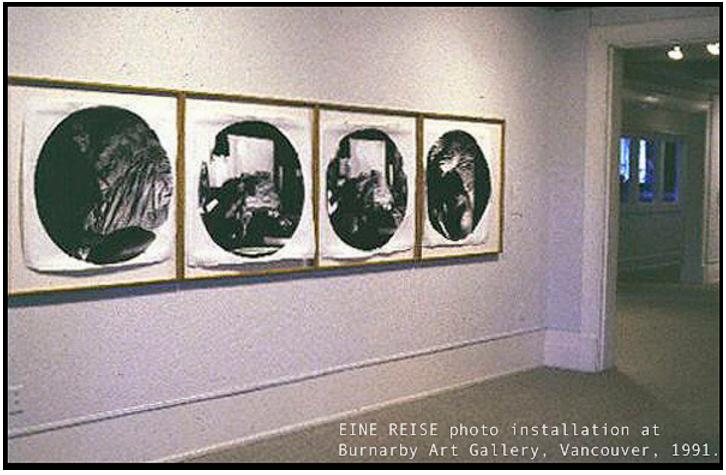






Harbour (pp. 14-15), 1993 Magazine, Vol. 2, no. 3, spring 1993





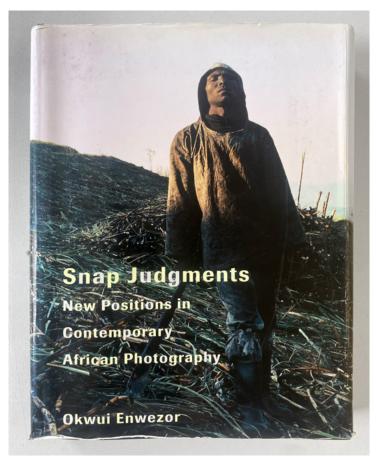








Eine Reise, 1991 Silver gelatin prints



Snap Judgments: New Positions in Contemporary African Photography, Guggenheim 2006 (exhibition catalogue).

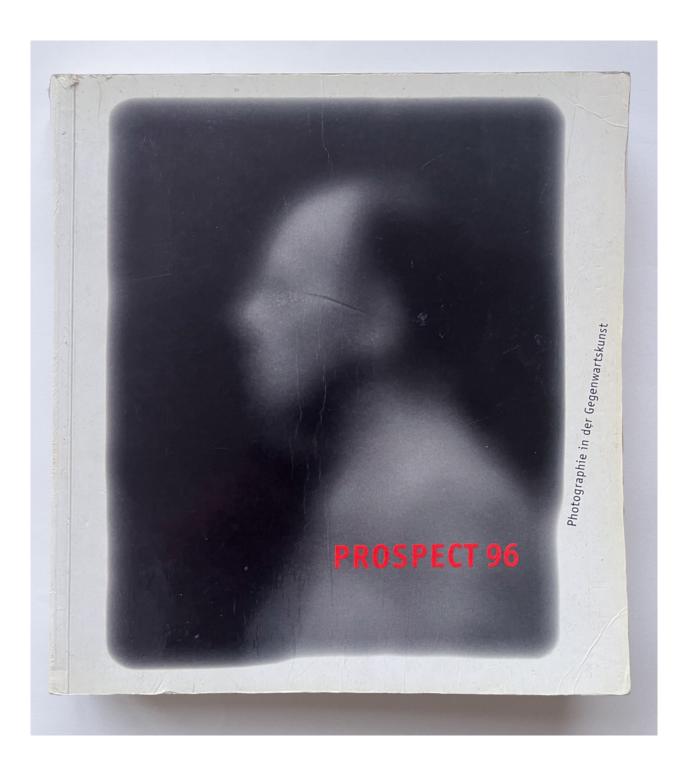


Snap Judgments: New Positions in Contemporary African Photography (pp. 48-49), Guggenheim 2006 (exhibition catalogue).





Arise (I + II), 1991 Silver gelatin prints, 75 x 50 in. each



Prospect 96 - Photographie in der Gegenwartskunst, 1996 (exhibition catalogue).



Prospect 96 - Photographie in der Gegenwartskunst (pp. 50-51), 1996 (exhibition catalogue).





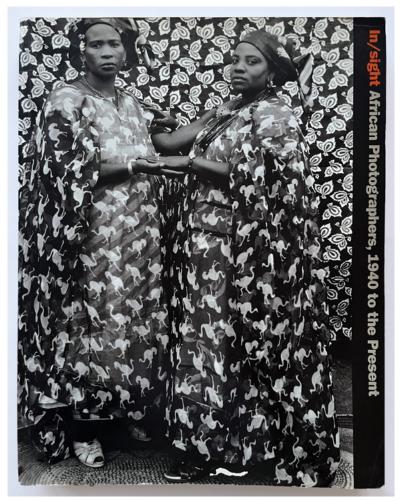






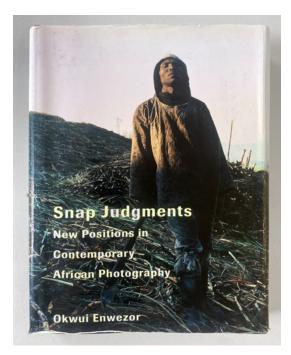


Defining Self Sufficiency, series, 1993 Silver gelatin prints, 72.5 x 48 in. each Edition of 6 (+ 1AP)





In/Sight: African Photographers, 1940 - Present, 1996, Guggenheim.



Snap Judgments: New Positions in Contemporary African Photography, Guggenheim 2006 (exhibition catalogue).



Snap Judgments: New Positions in Contemporary African Photography (pp. 50-51), Guggenheim 2006 (exhibition catalogue).



Snap Judgments: New Positions in Contemporary African Photography (pp. 52-53)



Snap Judgments: New Positions in Contemporary African Photography (pp. 54-55)



Snap Judgments: New Positions in Contemporary African Photography (pp. 56-57)

















Celebrate, Series, 1994 C-prints, 25 x 25 in. (each) Edition of 9 (+ 1AP)





Prospect 96 - Photographie in der Gegenwartskunst (pp. 48-49), 1996 (exhibition catalogue).



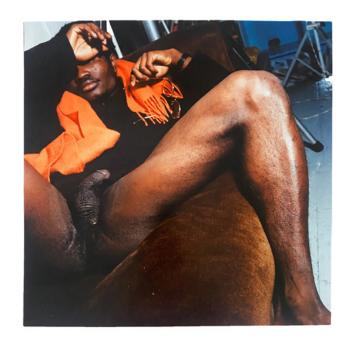


In/Sight: African Photographers, 1940 - Present (pp.164-165), 1996, Guggenheim.

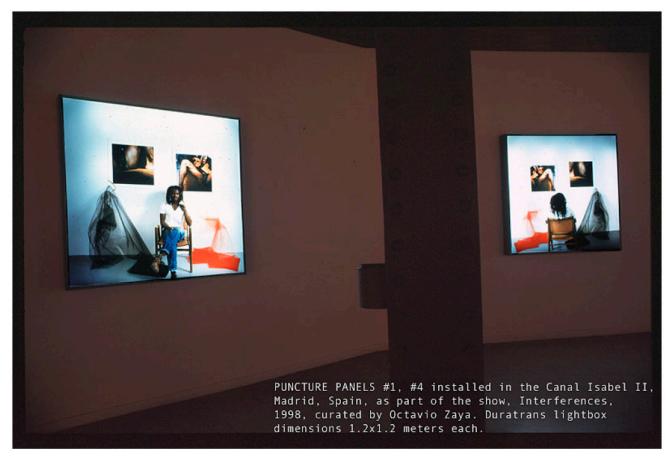








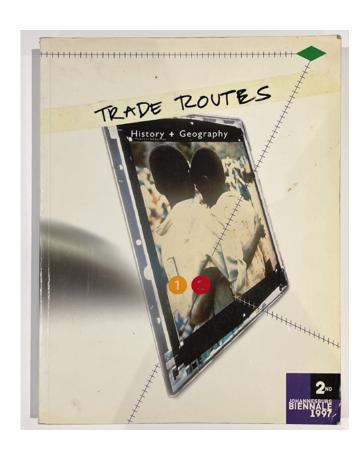
Puncture, series, 1994 C-prints

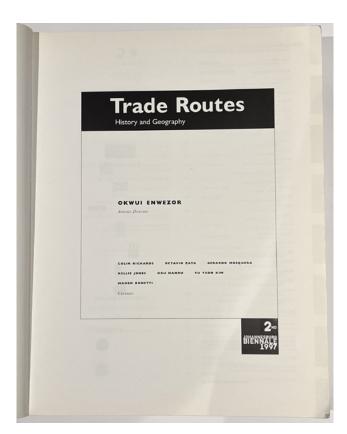


Installation at the Canal Isabel II Exhibition: Interferences, 1998.

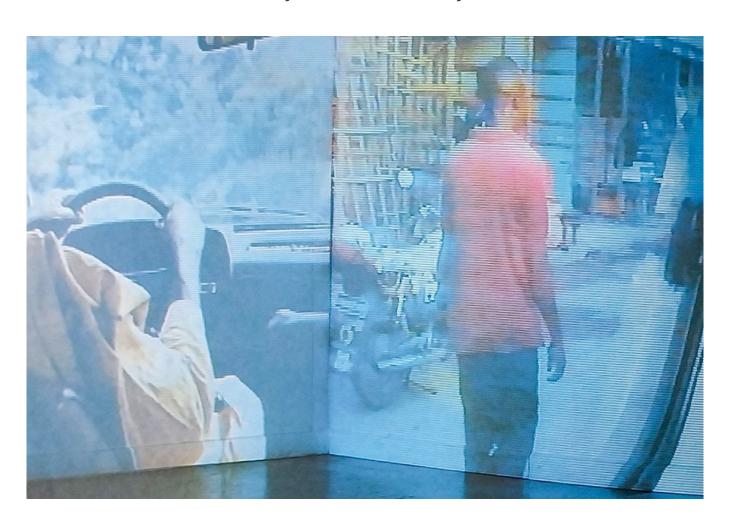


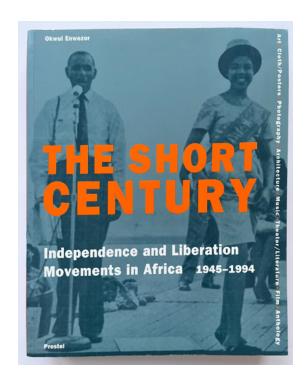
Installation at Whitechapel Gallery, London Exhibition: 1994 Whitechapel Open, 1994





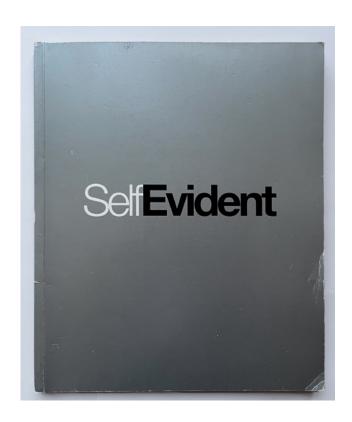
Trade Routes: History + Geography, Exhibition catalogue for 2nd Johannesburg Biennale, 1997





The Short Century - Independence and Liberation Movements in Africa, 1945–1994, 2002, MoMA PS1 (exhibition catalogue)





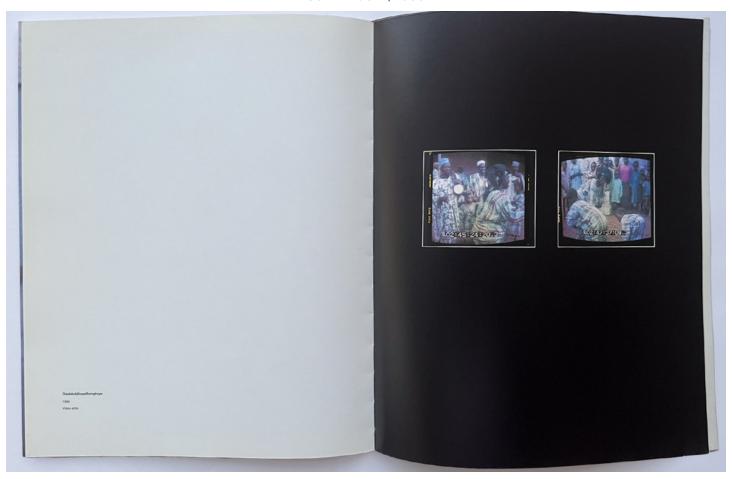


Self Evident (unpaginated), 1995 Ikon Gallery (exhibition catalogue)





Self Evident, 1995













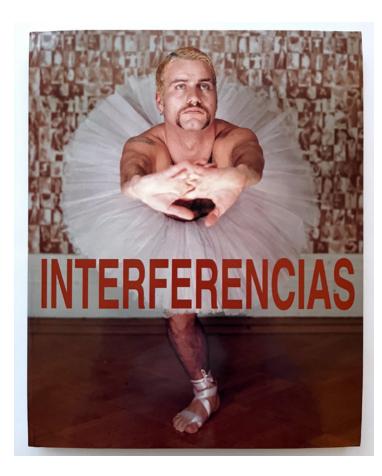


The Lighthouse, 1989 (revisited in 1996)
Photograph, found frame, coat hanger, 21.6 x 30.7 x 2 in. each



THE LIGHTHOUSE REVISITED, photo-object installation as part of Die Anderen Modernen, at the Haus de Kulturen de Welt, Berlin, Germany, 1996. Photograph, found frame, coat hanger. Dimension: 55x78x5 cms each.

Die Anderen Modernen, 1996 Haus de Kulturen de Welt, Berlin, Germany (installation view)





Interferencias, 1998



do como imagen, en su destruda eticrescencia y sustanciariada, y de indocijar discludirmente para manifestario y monumentalizardo como "lo real". Si bien es cierto que estos motivos de representación contradiciorios se han molido en el molino de la elaboración de imágenes, proporcionando a cambio distintas claves para la percepción en el alto y caliente registro del voyeurismo, del consumismo, del glamour, del gusto —o en la esfera máos mundana de la arónica documental-, los artístas contemporáneos se han desmarcado con una venganza destinado a explotar sus múltiples y ricas posibilidades. Oladélé Bamgboyé explora el fértil aunque recargado terreno de la masculinidad negra; su relación con la cultura popular, su mitologización y objetificación en el seno de la imaginación popular. Transforma la fotografía en instrumento anolítico, y nos adentra en rituales performativos en los que el cuerpo masculino negro aparece como un objeto de intenso deseo fetichista, un paquete de placer monificado, y al mismo tiempo como un repulsivo signo de degeneración sexual.

Jugando al escendite con estraña y directa sexualidad, su arte asume posiciones de ambivalencia crítica, eludiendo la función central del género como construcción reproductiva. Sus obras critican con dureza la reciente avalancha de inexpresividad, laxitud y estilo documental que se observa en la obra de numerosos artistas. Sirviéndose tanto de la fatografía en blanco y negro como del color, así como de diversas técnicas de impresión, las obras de estos artistas no son meramente descriptivas, sino que están cargadas de significado asociotivo. La crítica de Bamgboyé consiste, en parte, en usar su propio cuerpo desnudo como escenario de sus investigaciones, superponiendo, elidiendo y deconstruyendo diversos fragmentos para crear polimpsestos ricamente esculpidos y densos entornos de



parles que se enredan hasta su desaparición. La relación entre la mirada, el equipo fotográfico y el objeto se representan por tanto como contingentes y en pugna.

Pese a que estas representaciones escenificadas producen imágenes altamente eróticas, tan hermosas como teatrales, se niegan, irónicamente, a liconizar lo real, y prefieren subrayar su deficiencia. La obra de Bamgbo-

yé no se limita a explotar las particularidades del cuerpo masculino negro como ideal. Emplea la interacción de éste con un complicado conjunto de códigos, como medio para inventar, contextualizar, definir y reelaborar su identidad, conservando al mismo tiempo su individualidad y evitando coer en la trampa del esencialismo. En este sentido, podríamos decir que su obra habla más de subjetividad que de identidad.

En otras palabras, especialmente en sus videos y cortometrajes, Barngboyé se sirve del tema del retorno para explorar los diversos instrumentos que emplean los inmigrantes para recuperar un sentimiento de territorialidad e identidad mediante el revestimiento temporal de la memoria. Sus peliculas a menudo yuxtaponen, como proyecciones dipticas, el pasaje de su Nigeria natal y el de la Escocia donde transcurrió su infancia, creando así la que W.E.B. Dubois llamó una "doble conciencia". Aquí los territorios se funden unos con otros, el tiempo se dilata, la memoria se ve inmersa en un torrente de signos —extranje ro/nativo, yo/otro, inmigrante/no inmigrante—que presentan la identidad como una presencia en constante mutación, como una pregunta que intentamos responder e incluso, a voces, ejecutor.

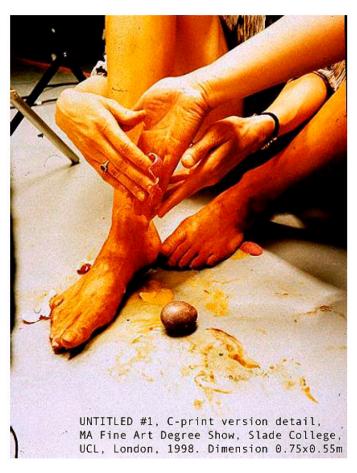
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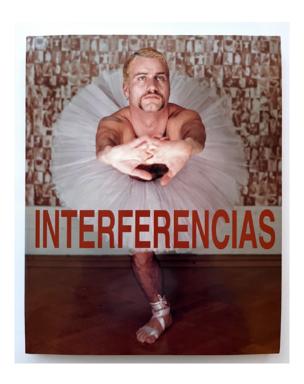
The Lighthouse Revisited, 1996 Interferencias (pp. 22-27), 1998





Untitled #1. C - print.

Untitled #2. C - print.





Interferencias (pp. 28-29), 1998



Palette (Able). Installation at centro Atlantico de Moderno, Gran Canaria. Exhibition: Transatlantico, 1998.





The Unmasking II, Thomas Erben Gallery, 2000 (installation view)



The Unmasking II, Thomas Erben Gallery, 2000 (installation view)

Thomas Erben Gallery

www.thomaserben.com

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

OLADELE BAMGBOYE

THE UNMASKING, PART II and earlier photoworks

April 13 through June 10, 2000

Opening: Thursday, April 13

Thomas Erben is very pleased to inaugurate his new gallery space at 516 West 20th Street with the first US solo show of the London based Nigerian artist Oladele Bamgboye.

On view will be *THE UNMASKING*, *PART II* a visually enticing interactive computer installation using technology to offer a modernized version of the museum experience. Earlier large scale black and white photographs complement the artist's interest in the unmasking of existent imposed structures whether they be museological, historical, anthropolical or value systems.

On an iMac, one video channel documents the British Museum's relocation of its Egyptian collection as well as stored items of the Yoruba art collection, Glenbow Museum, Calgary. The second channel shows Bamgboye scanning antique objects which, since they do not fulfill prescribed requirements of form and style, are in storage at the San Antonio Museum, TX.

Both videos exude a strong sense of the places given to the objects, a sense of time and memory and refer to structures through which a hierarchy of objects, of cultural significance is established and maintained.

Placed opposite, an e-machine (a cloned iMac) displays digitally generated 3D images of the scanned objects, floating freely in space, publicly accessible and manipulable through function keys. Lightbox-versions as well as a scanner and a 3D-modeler complete the installation. The audience is invited to scan and model their personal artifacts.

The photoworks *ARISE I and II*, from 1989, present Phoenix like images of the artist's nude body, photographed from behind against a fabric printed with ears of corn - a symbol of fertility - draped to emulate a sea of fire.

UNMASK - ARISE:

As in the computer installation, where the artist creates new objects beyond a superimposed system of values and historical classification, the emergence of a unrestricted consciousness constitutes the foundation of Bamgboye's esthetic discourse.

Thomas Erben Gallery

www.thomaserben.com

Oladele Bamgboye

Thomas Erben Gallery 516 West 20th Street, Chelsea Through June 10

The British artist Oladele Bamgboye, born in Nigeria in 1963, comes with impressive credentials. He has appeared in international exhibitions like Documenta X and the last Johannesburg Biennial and was included in the memorable exhibition of African photography at the Guggenheim in New York in 1996.

For his first New York solo he has brought both early photographs and a new digital-based multi-piece. The latter, created during a residency at ArtPace in San Antonio, is in part an electronic update on ethnology and its obsession with authenticity. It is also a cyberspace take on the ever present question of the status of the original in the age of mechanical reproduction.

He has scanned a handful of ancient Egyptian artifacts into one computer, then digitally manipulated the images to create new candycolored shapes. Clones of these customized, presumably unique forms appear on a second computer. This exercise in archiving as reinvention is accompanied by digital films, one of a laborious reinstallation of Egyptian art at the British Museum, the other of Mr. Bamgboye sitting at a terminal making his scans.

Viewers of the Erben show are invited to have small items of their own scanned for inclusion in a boundless online museum where display is dust-free and all things are of equal value.

Mr. Bamgboye presents these somewhat abstract ideas with wit and style, and with the glitches inevitable in a technology that has only recently been taken seriously as an art medium.

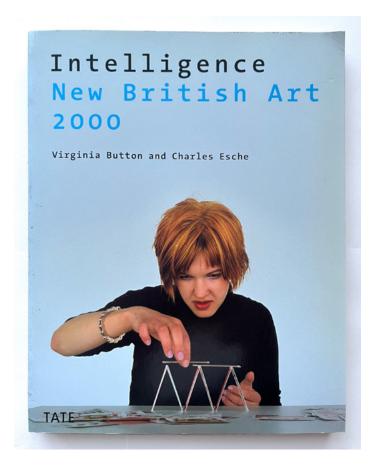
The show's main visual interest comes from large-print 1980's photographs in which the artist's nude figure seems to be half-submerged in backgrounds of patterned fabric or wallpaper. The pictures may look computer-assisted but were produced from studio setups, giving the question of "the real" yet another workout.

HOLLAND COTTER

THE NEW YORK TIMES, FRIDAY, MAY 12, 2000

ART IN REVIEW

516 West 20th Street New York NY 10011-2820 phone 212-645.8701 fax 212-645.9630 email info@thomaserben.com

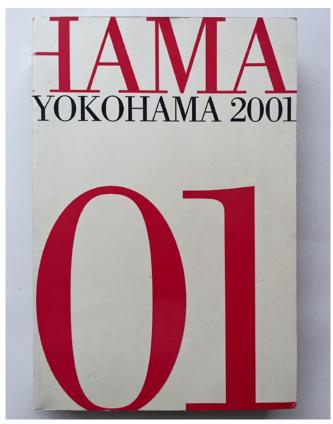




cratic spirit of enquiry. Using hisself as a subject, in his early photographs he attempted to convey a sense of disjuncture between his body and its surrounding, his contoured figure at doct without some reference, no matter how the entirety of their experiences and cossider chromogrames, they suffer he affliction of never being discussed without some reference, no matter how their "stranger status". To attitut carry with those in the world.

**District Asia Shoribare of Asi

Intelligence – New British Art 2000, first Tate Triennial of Contemporary British Art, 2000.



Yokohama, Triennale, 2001

