

Build a musical horn for your car Digital audio from your VCR UHF prescaler for your counter

Solid-state devices for 1 GHz
Build a synthesized RF generator
$\mathbf{\$ 6 0}$ computer modem you can huild

# THE INCREDIBLE SHRINKING IC 

## Weller.

Soldering, desolderinc, or boith from the same unit? Weller! WTCPF\& so derinc station features Weller "closed loop" ternperat sre control for maximum accuracy and effic ency. Choose from 18 t p patterns and 3 tempera ure ranges DS500 power vaclum desoldering station works with external air zystem.
DS100 provides ident zal desoldering performance linkec with temperaturecontrciled solder ng facility.

Wh ch one is for you?

## from Cooper The Toolmaker.

# DOWN-TO-EARTH PRICES ON OUT-OF-THIS-NORLD PERSONAL COMPUTERS AND COMPONENTS. 

Look at this!


## Ohio Scientific Superboard II $\$ 299$

- It's the first complete computer system on a board.
- Superboard II uses the ultra powerful 6502 Microprocessor
- 8K Microsoft BASIC-in-ROM
- 4K static RAM on board, expandable to 8 K
- Full 53-key keyboard, with upper and lower case. Plus user expandability.
- Video interface and audio cassette interface.
The Ohio Scientific Superboard II at $\$ 299$ - in today's economy - has got to be the best buy by far. It will entertain you with spectacular graphics made possible by its ultra high resolution graphics and super fast BASIC. It will help you in school or industry, as an ultra powerful scientific calculator. Advanced scientific functions and a built-in "immediate" " mode allow you to solve complex problems without programming.

The Superboard II can be expanded economically, for business uses, or to remotely control your home appliances and security. Even communicate with other computers.
Read what's been written about Superboard II:
"We heartily recommend Superboard II for the beginner who wants to get into microcomputers with a minimum cost. A real computer with full expandability."
-POPULAR ELECTRONICS, MARCH 1979

[^0]-BYTE, MAY 1979

## Look at these easy hardware prices:

610 Board For use with Superboard II and Challenger 1P8 K static RAM. Expandable to 24 K or 32 K system total.Accepts up to two mini-floppy disk drives. Requires +5 V@4.5 amps.s 298
Mini-Floppy Disk Drive Includes Ohio Scientific's PICO DOS software and connector cable. Compatible with 610
expander board. Requires $+12 \mathrm{~V} @ 1.5$ amps and +5 V @ 0.7 amps . [Power supply \& cabinet not included.] ..... 299
630 Board Contact us for important details. ..... 229
AC-3P 12" combination black and white TV/video monitor. ..... 159
4KP 4K RAM chip set. ..... 79
PS-005 5V 4.5 amp power supply for Superboard II. ..... 45
PS-003 12 V power supply for mini-floppies. ..... 45
RF Modulator Battery powered UHF Unit. ..... 35
CS-900B Metal case for single floppy disk drive and power supply. [While stock lasts.] ..... 49
AC-12P Wireless remote control system. Includes control console, two lamp modules and two appliance modules, for use with 630 board. ..... 175
AC-17P Home security system. Includes console, fire detector, window protection devices and door unit for use with 630 board. ..... 249
C1P Sams C1P Service manual ..... 8
C4P Sams C4P Service manual ..... 16
C3 Sams Challenger III manual ..... 40
Ohio Scientific and independent suppliers offer hundreds of programs for the Superboard II, in cassette and mini-floppy form.
Freight Policies Allorders of 9100 or more are shipped teight prepard. Orders of tess than $\$ 100$ please add $\$ 4.00$ to cover shipping costs. Ohio residents add $5.5 \%$ Sales Tax.
Guaranteed Shipment ..... Clieveand Consumer Compaters S Componentis guarantees shipment of computer systems Within 48 hours upon receipt of your onde entitles you to $\$ 35$ of software, FREE.
To Order: Or to get our free catalog CALL 1-800-321-5805 TOLL FREE. Charge your order to your VIBA or MASTER CHARGE account. Ohio residents call: [2
Or write, including your check or money order, to the address listed below.
CLEVELAND CONSUMER COMPUTERS \& COMPONENTS
P.O. Box 46627
Cleveland, Ohio 44146
Order Form: cleviand coneums P.O. Box 46627
$\square$ Superboard II \$299.$\square 610$ Board $\$ 298$$\square$ AC-3P 12" B/W Monitor $\$ 159$.
$\square$ Mini-Floppy Disk Drive $\$ 299$. ..... $\square$ C1P Sams Manual $\$ 8$.[Attach separate sheet for other items.]
NAME
ADDRESS
CITYSTATEZIP:
PHONE:
Payment by: VISA MASTER CHARGE

$\square$
MONEY ORDER
Credit Card Account \#
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ Interbank \#[Master Charge]
TOTAL CHARGED OR ENCLOSED $\$$
$\qquad$ [Ohio Residents add $6.5 \%$ Sales Tax] Orders of less than $\$ 100$, please edd $\$ 4.00$ to cover shipping costs. Orders will be accepted from U.S. and Canada only. Al prices quoted are U.S., date of publication, standard UPS shipoing FOB the factory.

## The more logical way to look inside an IC.

LTC Logical Analysis Test Kits: everything you need for over 90\% of your digital testing.

Everything you need is at your fingertips. Circuit-powered. And easy to use. Ready to read logic activity at a glance, point-by-point or IC by IC. Or to inject digital signals for testing

Let the LEDs of our Probes, Pulsers and Logic Monitors light the way to answers for your troubleshooting, design and educational needs. The Logical Analysis Test Kit comes in two versions: our $\$ 270.00^{*}$ High-Speed Kit, LTC-2, which captures pulses as narrow as 6 nsec, rep rates to 60 MHz ; and our $\$ 240.00^{*}$ Standard Kit, LTC-1, which goes to $50 \mathrm{nsec}, 10 \mathrm{MHz}$. Both include complete manuals, accessories and a compact, custom-molded case. Either way, you've got a strong case for simplified digital testing.
Smarter tools for testing and design.

# CLOBAL SPECIALTIES CORPORATION 

70 Fulton Terr., New Haven, CT 06509 (203) 624-3103, TWX 710-465-1227 OTHER OFFICES: San Francisco (415) 648-0611, TWX 910-372-7992
Europe: Phone Saffron-Walden 0799-21682, TLX 817477
Canada: Len Finkler Ltd., Downsview, Ontario
Call toll--free for details 1-800-243-6077
*Suggested U.S. resale. Available at selected local distributors. Prices, specifications subject to change without notice. (c) Copyright 1980 Global Specialties Corporation

THE MAGAZINE FOR NEW IDEAS IN ELECTRONICS
Electronics publishers since 1908

SPECIAL FEATURE
41 THE INCREDIBLE SHRINKING IC
A short history of integrated circuits, and a look at their future. Bonaventura Antony Paturzo

## BUILD THIS

## 45 SATELLITE TV ANTENNA

The 8 -Ball-a satellite TV antenna you can build
for under \$750. H.D. McCullough
49 SYNTHESIZED RF GENERATOR
The Programma-2 covers a range of 300 kHz to 30 MHz and costs about $\$ 3100$ less than its commercial counterparts. Gary McClellam

53 ELECTRONIC MUSICAL HORN
Don't blow your horn in traffic-play it!
Fred Blechman and David McDonald

## 57 S60 MODEM

Part 3-The conclusion of this article presents the software
your computer will need to use the modem. Robert Ward.
64 UHF PRESCALER
Extend the range of your frequency counter up to 650 MHz . Bill Owen

4 LOOKING AHEAD
Tomorrow's news today. David Lachenbruch
22 SATELLITE TV NEWS
The latest happenings in an exciting new industry.
Gary H. Arlen
61 SOLID-STATE MICROWAVE DEVICES
How semiconductors can be made to oscillate in the gigahertz ( $1000-\mathrm{MHz}$ ) range. Joseph J. Carr

70 HOBBY CORNER
Some answers, some questions, and some useful
information. Earl "Doc" Savage, K4SDS
72 NEW IDEAS
A prize-winning application from a reader.

VIDEO 73 SERVICE QUESTIONS
R-E's Service Editor solves technicians' problems.

AUDIO
67 DIGITAL AUDIO FROM YOUR VCR
At last you can do digital recording at home. Here's a
description of how audio information is stored in a
"video" format. Leonard Feldman

## EQUIPMENT REPORTS

28 Non-Linear Systems Touch Test 20 DMM
30 BBC-Metrawatt-Goerz Model MA1H VOM
Heathkit Model IM-2400 Frequency Counter
31 Radio Shack Model PRO-2002 Programmable Scanner
32 Kantronics Mini-Reader Morse Code and RTTY Decoder


| 16 | Advertising and Sales Offices |
| ---: | :--- |
| 110 | Advertising Index |
| 82 | Computer Market Center |
| 16 | Editorial |
| 111 | Free Information Card |

$\begin{array}{ll}24 & \text { Letters } \\ 79 & \text { Market Center }\end{array}$
74 New Products
What's News

## ON THE COVER

The first integrated circuit made its appearance 20 years ago. It held four transistors. Today, devices containing well over 50,000 transistors are available and IC's with several hundred thousand transistors on a single silicon chip are in the planning stage. Learn where we've been and where we're headed. The story starts on page 41


ALTHOUGH PRICES are slowing coming down, satellite TV antennas still represent a substantial investment. You can build the 8Ball for under $\$ 750$, using readily avallable materials. Plans for this antenna begin on page 45.


DIGITAL AUDIO RECORDING is now available to anyone owning a VCR. Turn to page 67 for a detailed explanation of the method involved and the standards that have been established for this technique.

Radio-Electronics, (ISSN 0033-7862) Published monthly by Gernback Publications. Inc., 200 Park Avenue South. New York, NY 10003. Second-Class Postage Paid at New York, N.Y. and additional mailing offices. One-year
subscription rate: US.A and US possessions $\$ 13.00$ subscription rate: U.S.A. and U.S. possessions. $\$ 13.00$. Canada. $\$ 16.00$. Other countries, $\$ 20.50$. Single copies reserved Printed in U S A

Subscription Service: Mail all subscription orders, Subscription Service: Mail all subscription orders, changes, correspondence and Postmaster Notices of Subscription Service, Box 2520, Boulder, CO 80322

A stamped self-addressed envelope must accompany all submitted manuscripts andor artwork or photographs if their return is desired should they be rejected. We disclaim any responsibility for the loss or damage of manuscripts andor artwork or photographs while in our possession or otherwise

## BETA'S COMEBACK

It's no secret that the Beta home VCR format has been taking a clobbering from VHS at the marketplace. A slight Beta comeback began in late 1980, and now a new series of recorders may lead to a more complete reversal of the situation. Sony has redesigned its recorders from the ground up-changing, miniaturizing, and producing a complete new look that truly capitalizes on the smaller size of the Beta cassette.

The first of the new Beta's is the new $91 / 2$-pound portable described here last month, to be . introduced in the U.S. by both Sony and Zenith. The second, containing many of the features of the portable, is a new AC home unit that is just over three inches high and has the appearance of a fine hi-fi component. The old cassette-loading elevator has been replaced by a slot in the front, and the complex series of belt drives by six tiny motors. The reel-drive motor is so small that it fits into the spindle. The home unit, less than half the size of its predecessor, is programmable for two weeks (four channel changes) and contains a wide variety of special effects, with all functions controlled by an infrared wireless remote unit.

One of the unit's striking features is a multi-purpose fluorescent display panel, that shows the time when the unit is turned off. When it's turned on, it replaces the traditional tape counter with a display showing elapsed playing time in minutes and seconds, activated by counting sync pulses electronically. The panel is also used for setting the automatic programmer, cuing the user through the step-by-step setup process. One of the recorder's soft-touch electronically activated pushbuttons can put up to nine index pulses on the tape for instant program-segment locationsand those indexing pulses are indicated on the display. A separate multi-LED display indicates tape remaining in the cassette. By fall, Sony and Zenith are expected to offer as many as five different VCR's using the new Beta design-which, of course, is compatible with other Beta recorders. It will record in Beta II or Beta III speeds and play back in those or Beta I.

Giant-screen TV is moving ahead with two unique rear-projection designs. The most unusual is a new set by Zenith. When turned off, it looks like a furniture cabinet about the size of a lowboy 25 -inch console. When the "on" button is pressed on the infra-red wireless remote control, the top of the cabinet hinges back and a 45 -inch lenticular screen rises slowly upwards. When you're finishing viewing, just click the remote off and the screen descends back into the console
The unit uses three 5 -inch projection tubes made by Zenith, with faceplates angled so that the picture is self-converging. The tubes' spot size is claimed to be the smallest in the industry and peak brightness is said to be 180 foot-lamberts.
Another advanced rear-screen projector design will be fielded this fall by Magnavox, Philco, and Sylvania, all subsidiaries of North American Philips. The cabinet is far bigger than Zenith's and the picture measures 50 inches. The entire system-electronics, tubes, and optics-has been designed from the ground up for projection. The most striking aspect of this set is its special fresnel screen. It incorporates 1000 lenticular lenses surrounded by a black matrix, similar to that used in picture tubes, to increase contrast. The enhanced contrast results in a picture with quality close to that of a direct-view tube. The manufacturer claims that the system presents 410 lines of resolution from direct video input ( 330 from an off-air picture), with a 40 to 1 contrast ratio in 50 -foot-candle ambient light, and a wide viewing angle.

Both the Zenith and the Philips projectors, priced at \$3,500 and \$3,750 respectively, use f/1 lenses built by U.S. Precision Lens Co. A new extremely compact lens system, designed for rear-projection, currently in the works, is expected to give birth to the next generation of small-cabinet sets next year. This new system, combined with such approaches as Zenith's pop-up, should lead to new popularity for projection sets.

Many-but not quite all-of the traditional functions of the Sears catalog may be taken over by the videodisc. As an experiment, Sears is distributing the electronic version of its 236 -page summer catalog to 1000 owners of Pioneer LaserDisc players. The optical disc is divided into 13 "merchandise shops," directly addressable by frame number, and 13 "fashion shows and demonstrations," which may be called up by dialing the proper chapter number. The latter consist of demonstrations in motion and sound, the former of still frames illustrating and describing the merchandise. There are nearly 18,000 items on the single-sided disc, which would run only 28 minutes if played straight through. In addition to copies at the homes of player owners, Sears will have the disc catalog available at some catalog order stores and counters. Interestingly, although Sears uses the optical system for its catalog, it is selling only the CED capacitance-type disc player for consumer use.

## "No one else gives you as many functions in a handineld DMM. <br> Now youcan move up to Fluke。

We've got great news for perple who've been holding sut for a high quality, high performance IDMM at a moxkerate price: Fluke's new ninefunction moxiel I) XXM is now available at select electronies supply stores.

With a suggester IJ.S price of only $\$ 5249$ and features you wornt find in any (ether handinedd IDMM. the D) 8 (4 is ant exceputional value. Here's why.
leggic level and contimuity testing: A real time-saver for troubleshoonting prasive circuits in pel)'s, calles, relay panels and the like. The 1) Xth has a switch-shectable audible tome and visual symbols to indieate continuity or logic levels.

Direct temperature readings in ${ }^{\circ}$ C: Usex with any K-typx
thermocouple, the 1) 8 ( 4 (klivers fullycompensatex readings in ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ from $2(2)^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+12\left(3^{\circ}\right)^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, for checking heating and refrigeration systems. Peak hold feature captures transients: A short-term memory in the I) X0Y captures and holds the peak reading of a motor starting current.

And more: $0.1 \%$ basic de accuracy, conductance, 26 measurement ranges, battery, safety-designed test leads and a one year parts and lalour warranty. A full line of accessories is also available to extend the measurement capabilities of your DMM.

Ask your dealer about the powerful, versatile I) so4 and the rest of Fluke's new Series I) line of low-cist digital multineters.


## From the world leader in DMMis. Now we've designed one for you.



## Specialists in demand by employers in '80's

Graduate computer scientists will be recruited by more firms than graduates in any other specialty, according to a recent survey of 947 employers hiring technical graduates in 1981. Mechanical and electrical engineers are also in demand and will be recruited by two-thirds of the companies surveyed.

The demand for new specialties will be increased by the new technologies now developing. The survey source, Peterson's Guides Annual Survey of Technical Career Opportunities, lists 100 companies that are seeking nuclear engineers, 27 that are hiring meteorologists, 40 that are recruiting marine engineers, and 21 that need solar engineers.

## Digital radio broadcasts

In a U.S. radio "first", San Francisco station KQED-FM has aired a series of concerts recorded live using digital audio. The complete season of the San Francisco opera, as well as concerts of other San Francisco musical organizations, were included in the station's nationally broadcast programs. Station KQED is using a Sony PCM-100 digital processor for the recording and broadcasts, which are beamed to 244 National Public Radio affiliates via the National Public Radio satellite.

The reaction of tisteners and participating radio managements has been "extremely positive," says KQED. A typical comment is that the digital recordings are
"identical" to a direct live audio pickup (unlike analog recording, which has inherent tape hiss and a much smaller dynamic range). The station's chief engineer says, "The PCM recordings sound exactly like live broadcasts. In $A / B$ comparisons, I can't tell the difference."

The digital system has advantages other than fidelity. Tape and storage costs can be cut since the digital recordings are stored on videocassettes instead of reel-to-reel analog tape. The tapes suffer no detectable loss of quality with age and use, and they can be copied an unlimited number of times with perfect accuracy.

## Electronics Hall-of-Fame Center proposed

Two vice presidents of the National Electronic Service Dealers Association (NESDA), Gene Dillingham and Bill Lawler, are leading a project to inaugurate a Hall-ofFame Center as a tribute to those who have made significant contributions in the field of electronics. It would include for starters such figures as Thomas A. Edison, inventor of the electric light, motion pictures, and the phonograph; Lee deForest, the father of radio; Hugo Gernsback, publisher, inventor, and electronics prognosticator, and David Sarnoff, color-TV pioneer.

Dillingham and Lauder presented the plan to NESDA's House of Representatives, which approved the project January 31, 1981.

NESDA is inviting EIA, NEDA, ITA, NAEDA, NABER, NAVA, NATESA, and all other national associations in the electronics in-


KQED'S CHIEF ENGINEER FRED KROCK and music director Victor Ledin with Sony's PCM-100 digital audio encoder.


# Only from NRI! 

## Complete home entertain in one fast-track home-



# ment electronics service study course. 

Only NRI gives you so much training for your money. Look what you learn to service...

| Color TV | Musical Instrument |
| :--- | :--- |
| Black \& White TV | Amplifiers |
| Portable TV | AM/FM Tuners |
| Videotape | Tape Recorders |
| Recorders | Speaker Systems |
| Video Disc | Record Players |
| Players | Auto Radio |
| Cable TV | Antennas |
| Equipment | Auto Stereo |
| Public | Microprocessor |
| Address | Controls |
| Systems |  |
| Portable | Burglar Alarm |
| Radios | Systems |
|  | and more! |

Master the world of entertainment electronics with training from NRI. Only NRI gives you so much in a single, unified course. You're prepared to enter this lucrative field at any point, specialize or be a generalist. From computer-controlled TV to videotape recorders to laser beam video disc players, NRI training is complete.

## Learn at Home <br> in Your Spare Time

And you learn right at home, at your convenience, without quitting your job or wasting time and gasoline going to night school. NRI "fast-track" training makes learning easier...NRI "hands-on" projects give you practical bench experience as you progress. You not only get theory, you actually build and test electronic circuits, equipment, a complete audio system or color TV.

## Computer-Programmed TV, Videotape Recorder, or Stereo

As part of your training, you assemble and keep NRI's 25 " (diagonal)
color TV. It's complete with built-in digital tuning that lets you program an entire evening's entertainment. As you build it, you study circuit operation stage by stage, see how electronic faults can be detected and corrected, get practical bench experience that gives you extra confidence.


Training Equipment and instruments included... yours to keep.
Or, as your practical experience project, you can elect to construct NRI's solid-state tuner and amplifier, complete with speakers. Or train with a fine videotape recorder. Any way you choose, you keep all equipment, get all 67 lessons covering home electronics completely.

## Professional Instruments Included

Your training also includes the NRI Discovery Lab, ${ }^{\text {® }}$, where you'll build and study electronic circuits, perform practical experiments that make theory
come alive. You'll get professional instruments, too, like the 6 -function, 26 range Beckman LCD digital multimeter. And as you assemble your TV, you even build key instruments so you know them from the inside out... a digital CMOS frequency counter, 5 " solid-state oscilloscope, and a 10 -function integrated circuit TV pattern generator.

## NRI Training the Choice of the Pros

More than 60 years and a million students later, NRI is still first choice in home-study schools. A national survey of successful TV repairmen shows that more than half had home-study training, and among them, it's NRI 3 to 1 over any other school. We'll be happy to send you the survey summary on request. Find out how NRI can work for you.

## Send for Free Catalog... No Salesman Will Call

Send today for our free 100 -page catalog which shows all the equipment and instruments, complete lesson plans, opportunities in this wide-open field, and convenient time payment plans to fit your budget. Or explore other NRI opportunity courses like Microcomputers and Microprocessors, Communications Electronics, Electronic Design Technology, or Digital Electronics. Send the postage-paid card today and see what "complete" really means. If card has been removed, please write to us.


NRI SCHOOLS
McGraw-Hill Continuing Education Center 3939 Wisconsin Ave. Washington, D.C. 20016
We'll give you tomorrow.
continued from page 6

## Lithium photo batteries

A new high-performance cylindrical photographic battery with a storage (shelf) life of more than five years is now available. introduced by Duracell International Inc., it is the first cylindrical lithium battery available for consumer use in this country.


DURACELL's PX28L LITHIUM BATTERY
The new 6 -volt battery is made up of two 3 -volt cells. It is directly interchangeable with present alkaline and silver-oxide types and fits a wide variety of $35-\mathrm{mm}$ cameras.

Most photo batteries have a storage life of only one to two years, and many serious photographers change them oftener than once a year, to be sure of dependable service. The Duracell PX28L can be stored in a camera for more than five years with little or no loss of energy.

## Telematic acquires RCA division

Telematic, a manufacturer of TV service components and an early constructor of test jigs and adapters, has acquired the RCA Test Jig and Adapter Division.

The company will manufacture the RCA test jig and adapters as an independent line. It will continue to make its own test jig and adapters. The combination will enable Telematic to service practically every television set in use today.

All products will be supplied from Telematic's plant at 108-02 Otis Avenue, Corona, NY 11368.

## Hitachi wins lawsuit

Hitachi, Ltd., Tokyo, Japan, has announced that the billion-dollar antitrust and antidumping lawsuits filed by Zenith Radio Corp. and National Union Electric Corp., against 21 Japanese and U.S. companies, including Hitachi and two of its subsidiaries, have been dismissed by the U.S. District Court in Philadelphia. The complaints,
filed in 1970 and 1974, alleged that the defendants and almost 100 alleged co-conspirators had conspired to take over the U.S. market for television receivers and other consumer electronic products by concerted dumping and price discrimination, and by pursuing unlawful acquisitions in the United States.

The decision by Judge Edward R. Becker, coming after more than ten years of litigation, granted Hitachi's motion for summary judgment as to all of plaintiffs' claims under the Sherman Act, Robinson-Patman Act, Clayton Act, and the 1916 Antidumping Act. Last year the Court granted Hitachi's motion for summary judgment as to all but minor aspects of plaintiffs' other claims under the 1916 Act. That ruling has been appealed and is pending before the U.S. Court of Appeals in Philadelphia.

## Local TV stations may triple in three years

If positive action is taken on rule-making procedures now before the FCC, the number of channels available to the TV viewer in most areas will increase within three years to at least three times the number now available.

That statement was made by Lo-Power Digest, a new publication aimed at entrepreneurs who may be interested in the proposed new field for investment. It is based on the FCC's decision to take applications for new low-power stations under the same rules as regular "translator" stations, that simply repeat the programs of present TV stations in areas where the coverage is not good.

The result has been a flood of applica-tions-supposedly exceeding 1,000 per month - for the new stations. It is hoped that new highly stable low-power solidstate transmitters may allow the FCC to relax some of the rules now applicable to high-power stations to allow the low-power stations to operate at a lower cost than is now possible. That, plus low-cost cameras and video-tape systems, may make lowpower local TV stations feasible in smaller cities that are not now considered large enough to support a local station.
"Low-power television broadcasting, the first new broadcast service considered by the FCC in 20 years, offers the same possibilities as the advent of commercial television broadcasting in the 1940's," says Charles D. Ferris, Chairman of the FCC. "It poses the exciting challenge to commercial and noncommercial entrepreneurs of creating programming to make the new service attractive to Americans.'

The proposed new service would operate on UHF channels, with a power maximum of 1,000 watts-enough to cover aimost any average-sized city. Stations would be licensed to drop in on nearly any channel
where they could prove that no interference would be caused to existing stations.

FIRST $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ MILITARY LASER


HUGHES AIRCRAFT ENGINEER William Tomita adjusts the transmitter on an advanced prototype model of the first carbon-dioxide laser developed in the United States for tactical military applications. The transmitter and its electronics will be housed in the white casing at left. The new laser will have several key advantages over the solid-state lasers now used in military rangefinding. A carbon-dioxide laser will penetrate battlefield smoke and dust better than a solid-state device. It also operates in the same waveband as the tank's thermal-imaging system. That means that the laser will reach any target that the gunner can see through his thermal night sight. The new laser is harmless to the human eye and can be used safely in training exercises.

## Direct satellite broadcast endorsed by FCC

At a recent meeting, the FCC endorsed the general idea of direct television broadcasting from satellites to private homes. It also took under consideration a COMSAT proposal to provide that service.

Few of the details of the proposed service were worked out, but the Commission expects to be able to give final approval to the new service sometime in 1981. The FCC has already warned microwave communications systems that they may have to cease operating in the $12-\mathrm{GHz}$ band, because of possible interference with the sat-ellite-home TV signals.

Television broadcasters are not happy with the new proposal; the National Association of Broadcasters suggests that the service should be studied further, and then approved by Congress before implementation. "Any interim approval by the FCC is shortsighted," stated NAB president Vincent T. Wasilewski.

R-E


# TWEIVE STRONG heath/Zenith Your 

## Pick a strong partner

A computer purchase is the beginning of a long term partnership between you and the people you buy from. Your ongoing need for software and accessories requires a partner who will stand by you with a growing line of products. And nowhere will you find a more complete line of hardware, software and accessories than at your Heathkit Electronic Center. Here are twelve strong reasons to make Heath/Zenith your partner.

## 1. The All-In-One Computer

The heart of the Heath/Zenith line is the stand-alone 89 Computer: It's a complete system with built-in $51 / 4$-inch floppy disk drive, professional keyboard and keypad, smart video terminal, two $\mathbf{Z 8 0}$ microprocessors, and two RS-232C serial I/O ports. It comes with 16K RAM, expandable to 64 K .

## 2. Peripherals

These include the popular Heath/Zenith 19 Smart Video Terminal, loaded with professional features. And the 14 Line Printer, priced as low as $\$ 495$. Other printer brands are on display including highspeed, typewriterquality printers.

## 3. Software

Word processing, includes reliable, easy-to-use Zenith Electronic Typing and powerful, full-featured WORDSTAR
Small Business Programs, feature General Ledger and Inventory Control.
HUG, Heath Users' Group, offers members a library of over 500 low-cost programs for home, work or play.

## 4. Programming Languages



For your own custom programs, Microsoft languages are available in BASIC (compiler and interpreter), FORTRAN and COBOL.

## 5. Operating Systems

Three versatile systems give you the capability to perform your specific tasks.
CP/M by Digital Research makes your system compatible with thousands of popular CP/M programs. UCSD P-System with Pascal is a complete program development and execution environment. HDOS, Heath Disk Operating System gives you a sophisticated, flexible environment for program construction, storage and editing.

## 6. Utility Software

Expand the performance range of your computer with a broad selection of utility tools, including the best of Digital Research and the complete line of innovative Softstuff products.

## 7. Disk Systems

The 8-inch Heath/Zenith 47 Dual Disk System adds over 2 megabytes of storage to your


89 Computer. Diskettes are standard IBM 3740 format, double-sided, double-density.
The 51⁄4-inch 87 Dual Disk System adds 200 K bytes of storage to your 89 . Both disk systems feature read/write protection and easy plug-in adaptability.

## 8. Self-Study Courses

Learn at your own pace with Programming Courses that teach you to write and run your own programs in Assembly,
BASIC, Pascal or COBOL.
A course on Computer Concepts
for Small Business gives you the understanding to evaluate the ways a computer can benefit your business Personal Computing is a complete introduction to the fundamentals for the novice. Every Heathkit/ Zenith course is professionally designed for easy, step-bystep learning.

## All Heath/Zenith

Computer Products are available completely assembled and tested for commercial use. Or in easy-to-build, money-saving kits.

# REASONS TO MAKE COMPUTER PARTNER 

## 9. Expansion Options

Communicate with the outside world through a Threeport EIA RS-232C Serial Interface.
Expand RAM to 64 K with easy-to-install expansion chips.

## 10. Accessories

Your Heathkit Electronic Center has the latest in modems, black-and-white and color video monitors, computer furniture and a full line of supplies, accessories, books and parts.

## 11. Service

No one stands by you like Heath/Zenith We help you get your system up and running smoothly. Service is avaitable from trained technicians, over the phone or at one of 56 Heathkit Electronic Centers.

## 12. Value



Your money buys you more because
Heath/Zenith prices are among the industry's most competitive. Make your own comparison and find out how much you can save.
Complete, integrated computer hardware and software, designed to serve you and to grow with you - that's what to look for in a strong partner. And with Heath/Zenith you get it all under one roof.


## All at your Heathkit Electronic Center

Pick the store nearest you from the list at right. And stop in today for a demonstration of the Heath/Zenith 89 Computer System. If you can't get to a store, send $\$ 1.00$ for the latest Heathkit ${ }^{\text {b }}$ Catalog and the new Zenith Data Systems Catalog of assembled commercial computers. Write to Heath Co., Dept. 020-804, Benton Harbor, MI 49022.

## Visit Your Heathkit Electronic Center*

where Heath/Zenith Products are displayed, sold and serviced.

| PHOENIX, AZ <br> 2727 W. Indian School Rd 602-279-6247 | MISSION, KS 5960 Lamar Ave 913-362-4486 | CLEVELAND, OH 28100 Chagrin Blvd 216-292-7553 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ANAHEIM, CA 330 E. Ball Rd 714-776-9420 | LOUISVILLE, KY <br> 12401 Shelbyville Rd 502-245-7811 | COLUMBUS, OH 2500 Morse Rd. 614-475-7200 |
| CAMPBELL, CA 2350 S. Bascom Ave. 408-377-8920 | KENNER, LA 1900 Veterans Memorial Hwy | TOLEDO, OH 48 S. Byrne Rd 419-537-1887 |
| EL CERRITO, CA 6000 Potrero Ave 415-236-8870 | 504-467-6321 <br> BALTIMORE, MD 1713 E. Joppa Rd 301-661-4446 | WOODLAWN, OH 10133 Springtield Pike 513-771-8850 <br> OKLAHOMA CITY, OK |
| LA MESA, CA 8363 Center Dr. 714-461-0110 | ROCKVILLE, MD 5542 Nicholson Lane 301-881-5420 | 2727 Northwest <br> Expressway <br> 405-848-7593 |
| LOS ANGELES, CA <br> 2309 S. Flower St 213-749-0261 | PEABODY, MA 242 Andover St 617-531-9330 | FRAZER, PA 630 Lancaster Pike (Rt. 30) |
| POMONA, CA <br> 1555 N. Orange Grove Ave 714-623-3543 | WELLESLEY, MA 165 Worcester Ave 617-237-1510 | 215-647-5555 <br> PHILADELPHIA, PA 6318 Roosevelt Blvd. 215-288-0180 |
| REDWOOD CITY, CA 2001 Middiefield Rd. 415-365-8155 | DETROIT, MI <br> 18645 W. Eight Mile Rd. $313-535-6480$ | PITTSBURGH, PA 3482 Wm. Penn Hwy |
| SACRAMENTO, CA 1860 Fulton Ave 916-486-1575 | E. DETROIT, MI 18149 E. Eight Mile Rd 313-772-0416 | WARWICK, RI <br> 558 Green wich Ave <br> 401-738-5150 |
| WOODLAND HILLS, CA <br> 22504 Ventura Blvd. <br> 213-883-0531 | HOPKINS, MN 101 Shady Oak Rd 612-938-6371 | DALLAS,TX 2715 Ross Ave 214-826-4053 |
| DENVER, CO 5940 W. 38th Ave 303-422-3408 | ST. PAUL, MN 1645 White Bear Ave 612-778-1211 | HOUSTON, TX 1704 W. Loop N 713-869-5263 |
| AVON, CT <br> 395 W. Main St. (Rt. 44) <br> 203-678-0323 | BRIDGETON, MO 3794 McKelvey Rd 314-291-1850 | SAN ANTONIO,TX 7111 Blanco Road 512-341-8876 |
| HIALEAH, FL 4705 W. 16th Ave 305-823-2280 | omaha, NE 9207 Maple St. 402-391-2071 | mIDVALE, UT <br> 58 East 7200 South 801-566-4626 |
| PLANTATION, FL <br> 7173 W. Broward Blvd. <br> 305-791-7300 | ASBURY PARK, NJ 1013 State Hwy. 35 201-775-1231 | alexandria, va 6201 Richmond Hwy. 703-765-5515 |
| TAMPA, FL <br> 4019 W. Hillsborough Ave 813-886-2541 | FAIR LAWN, NJ <br> 35-07 Broadway (Rt. 4) <br> 201-791-6935 | VIRGINIA BEACH, VA 1055 Independence Bivd 804-460-0997 |
| ATLANTA, GA 5285 Roswell Rd 404-252-4341 | AMHERST, NY 3476 Sheridan Dr 716-835-3090 | SEATTLE, WA 505 8th Ave. N. 206-682-2172 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { CHICAGO, IL } \\ & 3462-66 \text { W. Devon Ave. } \\ & 312-583-3920 \end{aligned}$ | JERICHO, L.I. NY 15 Jericho Turnpike 516-334-8181 | TUKWILA, WA 15439 53rd Ave. S. 206-246-5358 |
| DOWNEŔS GROVE, IL <br> 224 Ogden Ave <br> 312-852-1304 | ROCHESTER, NY 937 Jefferson Rd 716-424-2560 | MILWAUKEE, WI 5215 W. Fond du Lac 414-873-8250 |
| INDIANAPOLIS, IN 2112 E. 62 nd St 317-257-4321 | N. WHITE PLAINS, NY <br> 7 Reservoir Rd <br> 914-761-7690 | *Units of Veritechnology Electronics Corporation in the U.S. |

## editerial

## Becoming An Author

Wherever I go, the most often asked question is: "How do I go about writing an article for Radio-Electronics?' I do not dismiss that question lightly. Our readers represent a vast untapped reservoir of knowledge. Each and every one of you has developed a special expertise in at least one particular area. Many of you have unique ideas and knowledge that is not widely known. The drive to acquire knowledge and share knowledge and ideas with others is immense. In fact, that is the main function of Radio-Electronics. It is a vehicle for the exchange of knowledge and ideas. For those reasons we encourage our readers to write articles.

What do you get out of writing an article? Aside from the extra income and recognition of having your name in print, there's the satisfaction of sharing your knowledge with others. In effect, you have advanced the knowledge of the members of this industry and have helped people just like yourself. Indeed, it is a rewarding and satisfying achievement.

Submitting an article is not difficult. It is simply a matter of sending it to my attention. The best first step, however, is to send me an outline of the article to see if we're interested in the subject. If we are, we'll tell you to go ahead and perhaps even make a few suggestions regarding your outline.

There are far too many steps involved in writing an article for us to cover here. However, we do have an Author's Guide that will answer many of your questions. If we've managed to stir your curiosity, then send a self-addressed stamped envelope to Author's Guide, Radio-Electronics, 200 Park Avenue South, New York, NY 10003, and we'll send you one.

Now what's your excuse for not writing an article?


ART KLEIMAN
Managing Editor

Hugo Gernsback (1884-1967) founder
M. Harvey Gernsback, editor-in-chief

Larry Steckler, CET, publisher
Arthur Kleiman, managing editor
Josef Bernard, K2HUF, technical editor
Carl Laron, WB2SLR, assistant editor
Jack Darr, CET, service editor
Leonard Feldman
contributing high-fidelity editor
Karl Savon, semiconductor editor
Herb Friedman, communications editor
Gary H. Arlen, contributing editor
David Lachenbruch, contributing editor
Earl "Doc" Savage, K4SDS, hobby editor
Ruby Yee, production manager
Robert A. W. Lowndes, production associate
Joan Burwick, production assistant
Gabriele Margules, circulation director
Arline R. Fishman,
advertising coordinator
Cover photo by Robert Lewis
Radio-Electronics is indexed in Applied Science \& Technology Index and Readers Guide to Periodical Literature.

## Gernsback Publications, Inc

200 Park Ave. S., New York, NY 10003
President: M. Harvey Gernsback
Vice President: Larry Steckler Secretary/Treasurer: Carol A. Gernsback

ADVERTISING SALES 212-777-6400
Larry Steckler
Publisher

## E.AST

Stanley Levitan
Radio-Electronics
200 Park Ave. South
New York. NY 10003
212-777-6400
MIDWEST/Texas/Arkansas/Okla.
Ralph Bergen
The Ralph Bergen Co.
540 Frontage Road-Suite 361-A
Northfield. Illinois 60093
312-446-1444

## PACIFIC COAST

Mountain States
Marvin Green
Radio-Electronics
413 So. La Brea Ave Los Angeles. Ca 90036 213-938-0166-7

## SOUTHEAST

Paul McGinnis
Paul McGinnis Company
60 East 42nd Street
New York. N.Y. 10017
212-490-1021


# NOW SONY TEACHESYOU THE THEORY BEHIND VIDEOCOLOR SYSTEMS AT THE TOUCHOFA BUTTON. 

It's a whole new way of getting an education in color video technology-Sony-style.
The classroom is home or shop. The seat-your most comfortable. The hours-your own. The method--five videocassettes and five accompanying booklets that make up a complete, self-paced learning program. With Sony teaching.

Called "Color Systems," this second course in Sony's Video Fundamental Series is designed for those who require a thorough background in all aspects of color theory as it applies to the video industry today.

You'll see clear demonstrations that unravel the mysteries of color circuitry-from cameras to CRT's. You will learn about the equipment and signals used for testing, plus useful techniques for troubleshooting color video systems. Each cassette comes with its own study booklet, whose self-review questions show you when you're on top of the material and ready to move on.

You can order a preview tape. individual tapes on a specific subject or the entire Color Systems course in Betamax or U-matic format.

Course Contents: 1. Properties of Color. 2. Color Camera Systems. 3. Video Display Systems. 4. Encoding NTSC Color. 5. Decoding NTSC Color.

Whether you own, sell or service video equipment, or have an overall electronics background, "Color Systems" will make you thoroughly at home in the world of color video technology.

## SONY COLOR SYSTEMS COURSE

I'm interested in learning color video technology. Please send me: COLOR SYSTEMS SERIES-COMPLETE
( 5 cassettes/booklets. customized alhum and binder supplied)
Betamax $\square 1 \mathrm{hr} . \square 2 \mathrm{hr}$.
$3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ U-matic
INDIVIDUAL LESSONS
(Price per cassette /booklet)
Betamax $\square 1 \mathrm{hr} . \square 2 \mathrm{hr} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.
3/4" U-matic
$\$ 81.00$
Circle lesson \# and indicale quantity desired in space provided.
1 . 2 _ 3 $3-\quad 4$
PREVIEW TAPE
Betamax $\square 1 \mathrm{hr} . \square 2 \mathrm{hr}$..
$\$ 12.50$
U-matic
$\square$ .7....
$\$ 28.00$
Add appropriate sales tax and $\$ 1.75$ per cassette $\$ 8.75$ for complete course) for handling and shipping. (UPS in continental U.S. If outside, add $\$ 30.00$ for Export Charges. plus Collect Freight Charges: special handling is extra.) For phone orders. call (213) 537-430C. x331. or visit your local SONY Video Products Dealer.

We honor VISA and MasterCard via phone or mail.
Name
Address
City
$\qquad$
Mostercard

Zip Code $\qquad$ Phone $\#$

VISA/MasterCard Number
Exp. Date
Signature
Mail to: Sony Video Products Company. Tape Production Services. 700 W. Artesia Blvd.. Compton. California 90220.
$\square$ Please send additional information.
NOTE: Tapes returnable if defective when received. Please allow two weeks for delivery.

## SONY <br> Video Communications

Sony. Betamax and U-matic are registered trademarks of the Sony Corp.

## "If yourre going tolearn electronics, you might as well learn it right!"



You've probably seen ad. vertisements from other electromics schools. Maybe you think they're all the same.
They're not?
CIE is the largest independent home study school in the world that specializes exclusively in electronics.

## Meet the Electronics Specialists.

When you pick an electronics school, you're getting ready to invest some time and money. And your whole future depends on the education you get in return.

That's why it makes so much sense to go with number one . . . with the specialists. . . with CIE!

## There's no such thing as bargain education.

If you talked with some of our graduates, chances are you'd find a lot of them shopped around for their training. Not for the lowest priced but for the best. They pretty much knew what was available when they picked CIE as number one.

We don't promise you the moon. We do promise you a proven way to build valuable career skills. The CIE faculty and staff are dedicated to that. When you graduate, your diploma shows employers you know what you're about. Today, it's pretty hard to put a price on that.

## Because we're specialists, we have to stay ahead.

At CIE, we've got a position of leadership to maintain. Here are some of the ways we hang onto it.

## Oure step-by-step learming

includes "hands-on" training.

At CIE, we believe theory is important. And our famous Auto-Programmed ${ }^{\circledR}$ Lessons teach you the principles in logical steps.

But professionals need more than theory. That's why some of our courses train you to use tools of the trade like a 5 MHz triggered-sweep, solid-state oscilloscope you build yourself-and use to practice troubleshooting. Or a Digital Learning Laboratory to apply the digital theory essential to keep pace with electronics in the cighties.

## Our specialists offer you personal attention.

Sometimes, you may even have a question about a specific lesson. Fine. Write it down and mail it in. Our experts will answer you promptly in writing. You may even get the specialized knowledge of all the CIE specialists. And the answer you get becomes a part of your permanent reference file. You may find this even better than having a classroom teacher.

## Pick the pace that's right for your.

CIE understands people need to learn at their own pace. There's no pressure to keep up. . no slow learners hold you back. If you're a beginner, you start with the basics. If you already know some electronics, you move ahead to your own level.

## Enjoy the promptness of CLE's "same day" grading cycle.

When we receive your lesson before noon Monday through Saturday, we grade it and mail it backthe same day. You find out quickly how well you're doing!

## CLE can prepare you for your FCC License.

For some electronics jobs, you must have your FCC License. For others, employers often consider it a mark in your favor. Either way, it's government-certified proof of your specific knowledge and skills!

More than half of CIE's courses prepare you to pass the governmentadministered exam. In continuing surveys, nearly 4 out of 5 CIE graduates who take the exam get their Licenses!

## Associate Degree

Now, CIE offers an Associate in Applied Science Degree in Electronics Engineering Technology. In fact, all or most of every CIE Career Course is directly creditable towards the Associate Degree.

## Send for more details and a FREE school catalog.

Mail the card today. If it's gone, cut out and mail the coupon. You'll get a FREE school catalog plus complete information on independent home study. For your convenience, we'll try to have a CIE representative contact you to answer any questions you may have.

Mail the card or the coupon or write CIE (mentioning name and date of this magazine) at: 1776 East 17th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 44114.


Cleveland Institute of Electronics, Inc.
1776 East 17th Street. Cleveland, Ohio 44114 Accredited Member National Home Study Council
$\square$ IES... I want the best of everything! Send me my FREE CIE school catalog - including details about the Associate Degree program - plus my FREE package of home study information.
Print Name
Address__Apt._ Ap_

City

Age Phone (arca code)
Check box for G.I. Bill information: $\square$ Veteran $\square$ Active Duty
MAIL TODAY:

## satellite tiv nown

## PRIVATE TERMINAL EQUIPMENT DROPS INTO \$1,800 RANGE

At the latest gathering of the Satellite Private Terminal Seminar in Washington in early spring, the cost of home satellite receivers dropped to an all-time low. Complete packages of equipment were available for as little as $\$ 1,800$. In truth, a realistic package of antenna, tuner, LNA, and associated hardware still costs around $\$ 3,000$ for a parabolic dish; and that means a retail price of up to $\$ 6,500$ for the same equipment. But if you'll be satisfied with a spherical antenna and lesser quality hardware, you can get into satellite TV for under $\$ 2,000$.

Close to 2000 people showed up for the SPTS conference and there were more than 50 exhibits. Even Ralph Nader stopped by to offer a word of encouragement. A number of new vendors showed up with equipment, such as SatFinder Systems, which unveiled several equipment packages. Its SS-1 deluxe rotatable antenna setup includes a 10 -foot fiberglass dish, a polar mount, LNA and polarity motor, additional equipment, and directions on how to install a foundation, forms, and assembly. For $\$ 1700$ less, the company offers a hand-rotatable unit with a scaled down equipment package.

National Microtech came with a glossy package of literature and a full-line of equipment, starting with its Apollo XK package for $\$ 3,980$ (including $120^{\circ}$ LNA, 10 -foot dish and KLM receiver). Remote tunable receivers were available from many new suppliers.

The success of the conference bodes well for the next SPTS conference slated for August 14-16 in Omaha. Details are available from Satellite TV Technology Inc., PO Box G, Arcadia, OK 73007.

Among the fascinating visual glimpses during the conference were the array of dishes spread out all around the grounds and parking lots of the hotel where the meeting was held. The exhibits even lapped over to nearby streets, where one vendor parked his car, with a trailer and small-dish antenna in tow.

## DISHES AT BROADCASTERS CONVENTION



## NETWORKS GOING ALOFT

The increasing interest in satellite communications by major TV broadcasters was evident at the National Association of Broadcasters convention. In much the same way that the cable TV industry plowed into satellite usage five years ago, broadcast operators now seem ready to get into the act effectively. AT \& T, which now carries much of the network TV broadcasting via microwave circuits nationwide, was on hand to show off several of its new services for satellite transmission-including an impressive all-digital process that it can now use for FM radio satellite transmission.

As at other conferences, the parking lot was packed with dishes, including a novel "SimulSat" dish that was unveiled by Satellite Communications Network, a small New Jersey firm. The antenna, which looks like a cut-off version of a 10 -meter dish, can pick up signals simultaneously from as many as four different satellites.

The ABC, CBS, and NBC TV networks are going to test the idea of sending all of their programming via satellite. The test, due to begin in October, will last about three years and probably use the latest AT\&T Comstar satellite ( $87^{\circ}$ west longitude). One network official said the networks expect to know within a year if the satellite feed is preferable to the expensive and extensive set-up of terrestrial microwave facilities that the networks now use.

AT\&T may have another interesting new customer-the world's largest printer, R. R. Donnelley and Sons. The company wants to transmit high-speed data- 1.5 million bits per second to its regional printing plants. It would be the first commercial use of AT \& T's satellites for such massive data transmission.

## AROUND THE SATELLITE CIRCUIT

RCA Americom has developed a new satellite TV distribution technique that makes it possible to put earth stations in areas subject to terrestrial microwave interference. Optimized Video Transmission (OVT) is a method that makes it possible for a TVRO to be co-located with TV studios in electronically congested downtown areas. The new technology can produce a substantial improvement in the picture by eliminating the low-level impulse noise that is often prevalent in small earth stations; in essence, the system shaves off part of the bandwidth to eliminate interference from other RF transmissions.

Wold Communications, which is offering expanded video programming for broadcast and private TV networks, will begin using two transponders on the new AT\&T satellite, probably beginning around next March 1.

Satellite Music Network is now beaming two audio channels-Modern Country music and Pop Adult music-via Westar to radio stations around the country.

CONTRIBUTING EDITOR


# Introducing the TECH 360 DMM. Never has it been 

 so easy to do so much forBeckman's TECH 360 bench/ portable DMM puts unmatched capability and convenience at your fingertips.

Yu can select from 8 functions and 31 ranges with one turn of the single selector switch.

On or off the bench, you can accurately measure all complex waveforms with True RMS AC functions. Extend resistance measurement to $1 / 100$ ohm resolution. Read temperatures from $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $1265^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Perform continuity checks

so little. quickly, with audible and visible indications. Measure up to 10 amps without adding special adaptors. All with $0.1 \%$ basic Vdc accuracy.

## 12,000 hour battery life

Designed for ultimate ease of operation, the TECH 360 delivers 12,000 hours continuous service (up to 4 years of normal use) from standard heavy-duty batteries. You'll never have to search for power outlets or contend with ground loop errors. The expense of rechargeable battery packs is eliminated.

The TECH 360 is available for just $\$ 289$ (U.S. only), including batteries. The companion TECH 350 (without RMS and temperature measuring capability) is priced at $\$ 229$.

For information on the complete line of Beckman DMMs and accessories, call your local distributor today. For the one nearest you call: (714) 993-8803 or write Beckman Instruments, Inc., ElectroProducts Group, 210 South Ranger Street, Brea, California 92621.

## letters

## NATIONAL IC's

I have good news for readers who have had trouble locating the National IC's used in my recent projects. The National MM 5369EST/N is available for $\$ 2.85$ postpaid, and the 74 C 90 N is available for $\$ 1.82$ postpaid. Both IC's may be ordered from Circuit Specialists Co., PO Box 3047 , Scottsdale, AZ 85257-and for these parts only there is no minimum order.
They also have other hard-to-find parts. GARY McCLELLAN

## LED VU METER

We noticed Brad Albing's article, "Led VU Meter for Your Hi-Fi," in the May Radio-Electronics. It was good, but he is quite out of date in saying that "at the present time, only Exar is manufacturing an IC suitable for use in a VU meter." National Semiconductor has been making the LM3916 for over a year now, and it covers the VU range from +3 VU to -20 VU . This IC includes complete out-put-current drivers for LED's so that no external transistors or current-limiting re-
sistors are needed Also, when used in conjunction with an LM3915, it can cover a wider range to -40 VU per the application notes in the LM3916 data sheet.
ROBERT A. PEASE,
Staff Scientist
National Semiconductor Corporation Santa Clara, CA

You're absolutely correct. However, Mr. Albing is not at fault. When he wrote the article, well over a year ago, the statement was correct. Our editorial staff must accept the responsibility for not catching this when we published the article.-Editor

## BALLY ARCADE INFORMATION

I noticed Mr. Cornett's letter on page 23 of the May issue of Radio-Electronics. One would infer from it that there was no other Bally-oriented information source available. In actuality, I have been publishing the Arcadian Newsletter since November, 1978.
I realize that this is a pure oversight on Mr. Cornett's part, since he has been a
subscriber for quite a while, and it was his advertisement in issue number 11 that started his current operation.

I would appreciate a mention of the Arcadian in the next available issue of Radio-Electronics, to inform your readers of an alternative or concurrent information/software/hardware source. Our subscription rate is $\$ 12.50$ per year.
ROBERT FABRIS,
Arcadian, 3626 Morrie Drive,
San Jose, CA 95127

## PIRATE BROADCAST STATIONS

I am shocked and disgusted with the article, "Pirate Broadcast Stations" (Radio-Electronics, May 1981), wherein the author, Robert Grove, not only reports their existence but makes the article a plug for them. As I see it, a reputable magazine is now advocating breaking the law.

The article clearly shows the current leftist rhetoric against the "establishment," "thumbing their noses at the FCC," etc. I do not go along with the


## INTERNATIONAL FM-2400CH

## FREQUENCY METER FOR TESTING MOBIE TRANSMITTERS AND RECEIVERS

## Portable - Solid State • Rechargeable Batteries

The $F \mathbf{F M}-2400 \mathrm{CH}$ provides an accurate frequency standard for testing and adjustment of mobile transmitters and receivers at predetermined frequencies.
The FM-2400CH with its exterided range covers 25 to 1000 MHz
The frequencies can be those of the radio frequency channels of opera-

cies of the receiver between 5 MHz and 40 MHz .
Frequency stability: $\pm .0005 \%$ from $+50^{\circ}$ to $+104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
Frequency stability with built-in thermometer and temperature corrected charts: $\pm .00025 \%$ from $+25^{\circ}$ to + $125^{\circ}$ (.000125\% special 450 MHz crystals available).

- Tests Predetermined Frequencles 25 to 1000 MHz
- Extended Range Covers 950 MHz Band
- Pin Diode Attenuator for Full Range Coverage as Signal Generator
- Measures FM Deviation

FM-2400CH (meter oniy) ..... $\mathbf{\$ 6 9 0 . 4 9}$
RF crystals (with temperature correction)................. \$28.89 ea.
RF crystals (less temperature correction) ............... $\$ 21.92$ ea IF crystals ............. catalog price

Write for catalog


NTERNATHOWAL CRYSTAL MFG, CO., IAC.
10

## DM-10 LOW OHM METER MODULE

# ALLNEW! 

 FREQUENCY METER MODULE LOW COST DM-11, " 5 Hz to 100 MHz " Measure frequencles from 5 Hz to 100 MHz on your - Input Sensitlvity: $<100 \mathrm{~Hz}<80 \mathrm{MV}$digital voltmeter with a resolution of $31 / 2$ digits -
$100 \mathrm{~Hz}-60 \mathrm{MHz}<30 \mathrm{MV}$

Measures resistance from 10 mllllil tms to 20 ohms. Now you can measure resistance down to rimillion ns with this low cost, easy to primted circutt board copper paths and grounid cables. Special zero balance control nuils out input cable ressistance to insure accurate readings. Your OVM set to 2 V range during operation.

easy to use - pertect for field service- aab testing home hobbyist! Connect the DM- 11 to your DVM, set
the DVM to the 2VOC range, connect a signa to the the OVM to the $2 V O C$ range, connect a signal to the
OM- 11 via a BNC cable (not included) and measure the trequency of any source. HI LO Range LED's insure fast accurate readings. - Frequency Range 5 Hz to 100 MHz Completely - Input Impedance 1 MegDhm assembled and tested
Ready

8 CHANNEL SCOPE MULTIPLEXER, DM-12

Convert your single channel scope into a 4 or 8 channel instrumentit just connect the OM-12, 8 channel scope multiplexer to your scope, clip the 8 input proses to he signal syou want to view. Simple, easy. 3 MHz . Features separate spacing and frace amplitude controls and selectable sampling rate - all to insure easy clear scope display.

-8 TL compatible input channels ( 1 TL load per channel) can drive 500 hm scope cable. Maximum full screen amplitute 1.6 Volts adjusta-- Trace amplitude and spacing controls.

- trace amplituel and spacing co
- 8 color coded input cable, $24^{\prime \prime}$ long with insulated - Eligatertal clips 9 VDC power supply included (Mode - Exterinal 9 VDC power
MMAC-2)
$-S^{\prime \prime} \times 35^{\prime \prime} \times 2^{\prime \prime}$
- BNC Output Cable Accessory (Model PSA-2 add $\$ 14.95$ ).

 $\underbrace{\text { All }}_{\text {for } 5239.99}$ - Size $6.25^{\prime \prime} \times 3.75^{\circ} \times{ }^{\circ}$ MMAC.2) BNC Input Cable Accessory (Model PSA-2 add \$14.95)


# LEARN PROGRAMMING FROM A TO Z-80 

These two Sams books stress experimentation as the key to Jearning about your Zilog Model Z-80. The Z-80 is a rather sophisticated microprocessor and is becoming increasingly popular to many computer users.
Book 1 of 2-80
MICROPROCESSOR
PROGRAMMING AND
INTERFACING explores Z-80
software as well as the topic of machine language programming. Book 2 focuses on interfacing digital circuits with the Z-80 CPU, PIO and CTC chips
If you're a Z-80 operator, you'll enjoy this Sams approach to learning about the computer's capabilities. Order today and start learning about your Z-80


SAMS
BOOKS
Mail to: Howard W. Sams \& Co., Inc., 4300 West 62nd St. P.O. Box 7092, Indianapolis, IN 46206.

## 2-80 Microprocessor

Programming \& Interfacing.

## Book 1

2-80 Microprocessor
Programming \& interfacing,
Book 2 No. $21610 \$ 14.95$
Two volume Set $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { No. } 21611 \$ \$ 24.95 \\ & \text { Amount of order }\end{aligned}$
Deduct $10 \%$ if order is $\$ 20$ or more
Add local sales tax where applicable
Shipping \& handling costs $\$ \overline{2.00}$
Total amount of order $\$$
$\square$ VISA $\square$ MasterCard interbank No.
Account No.
Expiration Date
Name (print)
Signatur
Addre
city
all toll-free 1-800-428-3696 for the name of your local sams Book outlet or to order by phone. Offer good in U.S.A. only. Offer expires 12/31/81. AD108

Visit Sams at Wescon. Booth Nos. 1516 \& 1518.
CIRCLE 15 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD
proposition that the establishment is totally wrong in all that it does; that the FCC is guilty of "censorship," or that the outlaws provide "a breath of air" in a sea of drivel.
The next time you are over the ocean in a jet, let us hope that this "drivel" (your pilot calling traffic control, for example) is not drowned out by some illegal nitwit who is selfishly using something that is not his to use.
Let us give credit where credit is due. I have been in radio communications for nearly half a century; I have always found the FCC to be honest, fair, and conscientious. I have worked in practically all types of radio, and I have always felt that $99 \%$ of my fellow workers in the industry have bent over backward to obey the rules; that without such voluntary cooperation, of course, the FCC would be powerless, and the airwaves would be a nightmarish mess. (Take a look at the citizens-band mess.) I also feel that the legal amateurs have earned their right to a portion of the spectrum, and resent being crowded out by the outlaws.
Finally, radio is international. Granted, the agreements are not perfect; but they are a reminder that the nations can and do get together in some things of mutual benefit (such as the postal service, World Health Organization, etc.). How an American magazine could run an article that condones these frequency thieves is beyond my comprehension.
BEN LANE
Tolovana Park, OR

## Bearcat ${ }^{\text {210XL }}$ Super Scanner

Look what you get with the Bearcat $210 \times \mathrm{L}$. Exciting, new spaceage styting. No-crystal pushbutton tuning. New, 18 channel 6 -band coverage of over 6000 frequencies And features like 2 frequencies. And features like scan speeds. Automatic Squelch Search, and Lockout. Direct Channet Access. Selective Scan Delay And much more. Theres never been a Scanner like the Bearcat 210 XL .
TTAKE IT PROM A SMART OPGRATOR" Dm Abm BEARCAT 210XI SCANNER $\$ 229$.


+229 shipping in the continental U.S. Send your cashier's check or money order to our address below or order by phone if you have a Visa or Master Charge card.

854 Phoenix Box $1002 \square$ Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106 U.S.A. Call TOLL-FREE (800) 521-4414 or outside U.S. A. (313) 994-4444 CIRCLE 55 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

## AUDIO POWER METER

In reference to the article, "Audio Power Meter" in the February 1980 Radio-Electronics: there's an error on page 46 in the component-piacement guide: D7 (diode D7) is placed backwards. The schematic on pages 44/45 is correct

After many frustrating hours, where my right channel wasn't operating, whiłe the left channel worked perfectly, I found that the above was the solution. Other than that, I'm very happy with the meter DAVE KRABBENHOTT

## CABLE TV

Recently, I read your editorial, "Cable Television-The Cloud Behind the Silver Lining" (Radio-Electronics, February 1981), and I am very disturbed by what I have been reading in your magazine, and elsewhere, with respect to the future of broadcast television and cablevision.

I, for one, do not wish to see cable compete with the networks or local stations if commercials are going to dominate the cable-TV networks the way they have on broadcast television.

I do not mind paying for cable-TV if I can watch a program without the loud and annoying commercials, watch programs that are slanted towards the consumer (auto repair, food-purchasing, etc.), watch recent quality movies (regardless of movie ratings), and enjoy a multitude of cable's exclusive services, such as the interactive systems. In the near future, those interactive systems will allow a home to be wired via the cable company for intrusion alarms, allow the elderly to call for emergency aid, and provide other services requiring two-way communications.

The interactive systems might be expanded to allow for a variety of discussion shows presenting information and answering questions via cable, or a tollfree telephone number, on a number of subjects such as satellite TV, amateur radio, minor television repairs, bicycle repairs, automobile maintenance and repair, cooking, cabinet-making-the list could go on and on.

There are just too many "time-fillers" on broadcast television, and not enough quality programming like Perry Mason or Bonanza, where the family can learn tidbits about law or obtain new viewpoints on the fair way to treat people. "How to" programs could help the con-sumer- even the most inept homeownerto fight back at inflation. This, then, is the big challenge I see for cable-TV: to put "learning" back into television and take out the wasteful time-fillers. To add more commercials, or more shows like Dukes of Hazzard, is not a "service" to the public but a disservice. To pay for that kind of nonsense is just like rubbing salt into an open wound, and is an injustice to us all.

In summary, I don't mind paying for a service (something that offers potential benefit to us all), but I do mind, and object to, paying for more commercials and lower-grade programming that only allows us to waste away in our easy chairs in front of the idiot box
KENNETH PROCTOR, E.E
Bricktown, NJ

E. Auto:anging on Volts ard Ohms

E Eas $\boldsymbol{\text { E }}$ reading $31 / 2$ digit display

- CMCS-LSI odvanced circaitry
- Autojolari:?
- Automatic indication, unit and signs
- Easy to operate
- Economically powered with two " $A A^{\prime}$ 1.5 V batteries
- Low battery drain, 300 hours continuous operation
- Low battery warning sign
- Lo Power and Normal Ohm ranges
- Range hold
$\square$ Buzzer continuity check
- Zero adjist feather-touch button
- AC/DC Lc $\Omega / \Omega$ function selection by feather-tcuch button
- Safety fused
- Pocket-size, compact, lightweight, nicely balanced
- Shock resistant ABS housing
- Reliable, accurate, and rugged

See your A.W. Sperry distributor today or contact A.W. Sperry Instruments Inc., 245 Marcus Blvd., Hauppauge, N.Y. 11787. 800-645-5398 Toll-Free (N.Y., Hawaii, Alaska call collect 516-231-7050).

## A.W. SPERRY INSTRUMENTS INC. The Measurable Advantage.

# equifornent reports 

## Non-Linear Systems Touch Test 20 DMM



CIRCLE 101 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

THE TOUCH TEST 20, RECENTLY INTRODUCED BY Non-Linear Systems, Inc. (533 Stevens Ave., Solana Beach, CA 92705), is one of the most versatile digital multimeters on the market today. Using state-of-the-art technology, this unit offers ranges, functions, and features that would never have been found in such a compact instrument just a few years ago.

But state-of-the-art technology is wasted unless the unit is well-designed, accurate, and easy to use. I am happy to report that the tech-
nology in the Touch Test 20 is anything but wasted. Although the range-changing scheme is a little unusual, the Touch Test 20 does well on all counts and looks to be a winner.

In addition to having the usual voltage, current, and resistance capabilities, the Touch Test 20 will also measure temperature (Fahrenheit from $-40^{\circ}$ to $302^{\circ}$ and Celsius from $-40^{\circ}$ to $150^{\circ}$ ), capacitance, and conductance The unit also features diode and continuity tests (using an audible signal). All ranges and functions are selected by small, front-panel mounted "touch-buttons." Red LED's above each function button tell you which function is in use. When you switch functions, an audible signal confirms that change

Ranges are changed using the three "decimal point" buttons located immediately below the $31 / 2$-digit, LED display. Touching one of those buttons repositions the decimal point on the display so that it's located above the button used. Although it's easy to use, this scheme is somewhat different than the range-changing schemes found on most DMM's, so it's a good idea to read the instructions carefully before using the unit

When the Touch Test 20 is turned on, it
automatically switches to the DC-VOLTAGE function and the 1000 -volt range. $D C$ voltages from 10 microvolts to 1000 volts can be measured over six ranges. An accuracy of $\pm 0.2 \%$ is claimed by the manufacturer. The input impedance is 10 megohms and the $A / D$ converter uses an integrating technique that offers high noise-rejection and good stability, with a minimum of critical components. AC-voltage from 10 microvolts to 750 volts ( RMS ) is measured over six ranges. Accuracy is $\pm 0.5 \%$ using an average-responding converter. The input impedance is again 10 megohms. ACcurrent from 10 microvolts to 10 amps is measured over four ranges. DC-current from 0.01 microamp to 10 amps is measured over seven ranges.
Resistance is measured over seven ranges Accuracy of the readings is said to be $\pm 0.25 \%$ In all but the highest range ( 20 megohms ) the test voltage is less than 0.2 volt. That allows in-circuit tests to be made without "turning on" semiconductor devices. The Touch Test 20 has a special DIODE TEST function that reads the forward voltage drop across the diode Another useful function is the continuity test. In this mode, the Touch Test 20 emits an audi-

## CLASSIC VALUE Model 333 CIRCUIT BOARD HOLDER



Suggest retail price is $\$ 35.95$
Contact your local dealer or PANAVISE today.
PANAVISE PRODUCTS. INC., 2850 E. 29TH ST., LONG BEACH. CA. 90806, (213) 595-7621

## The world of electronics gee-wizardry


-YOURS FREE.
32-pages of test instruments - from the latest digital multimeters to the famous EICO scopes. Security systems. Automotive and hobbyist products. Kits and assembled. EICO quality. EICO value. For FREE catalog, check reader service card or send 50d for first class mail.


108 New South Road Hicksville, N.Y. 11801
ble tone that varies in proportion to the resis－ tance measured．

The Touch Test 20 can also be used to mea－ sure capacitance．It does so for capacitances from 1 picofarad to 200 microfarads over three ranges．The listed accuracy is $\pm 1 \%$ ．When the Touch Test 20 was used to measure a lab－ calibrated， 0.334 microfarad capacitor，the unit measured it as 0.333 microfarads．A com－ ponent－test adaptor is provided which simpli－ fies the connection of capacitors，resistors，and other devices to the front－panel jacks．

For those who need to make conductance measurements．the Touch Test 20 will do it for conductances from 0.01 nanosiemens to 199.9 nanosiemens．The listed accuracy is $\pm 0.2 \%$ ． This feature is useful when testing insulation or in any situation where extremely high resis－ tances are involved．

The Touch Test 20 is neatly packaged in a $2.9 \times 6.4 \times 7.5$－inch case．The unit weighs less than three pounds and is powered by a charger－ type unit（supplied）for fixed operation or by three，＂D－type＂，lead－acid cells for portable operation（a line－operation－only model is also available）．The lead－acid cells will operate the unit for up to six hours．The cells take 16 hours to recharge．

The instruction manual is quite complete and covers theory of operation，service，calibra－ tion，and other technical topics．There is a full schematic and several pages of interior photos to aid in parts identification．The unit is cover－ ed by a one－year limited warranty．

The Touch Test 20 is a pleasure to use and you have to try it to appreciate it．The Touch Test 20 has a suggested retail price of $\$ 467.00$ with the lead－acid cells，$\$ 435.00$ without．R－E continued on page 30

Put Professional Knowledge and a COLLEGE DEGREE
in your Electronics Career through HOME STUDY

## Earn Your DEGREE

No commuting to class．Study at your own pace，while continuing your present job．Learn from easy－to－understand les－ sons，with help from your home－study instructors whenever you need it．

In the Grantham electronics program， you first earn your A．S．E．T．degree，and then your B．S．E．T．These degrees are $a c$－ credited by the Accrediting Commission of the National Home Study Council．

Our free bulletin gives full details of the home－study program，the degrees awarded，and the requirements for each degree．Write for Bulletin R－8I． Grantham College of Engineering 2500 So．LaCienega Blvd． Los Angeles，California 90034


USE
YOUR reader service CARD

## For faster

 service USE ZIP CODE onall

FOOROMLY̌ \＄129．95 Learn Computing
From The Ground Up

| From The Ground |
| :--- |
| Bulld a Computer kit that grows |
| with you，and can expand to 64 k | RAM，Microsoft BASIC，Text Edi－ tor／Assembler，Word Processor， Floppy Disks and more．

## EXPLORER／85 <br> Here＇s the low cost way to learn the fundamentals of com－ puling．the all－important basscs you＇ll need more and more as you advance in computer skilis．For iust $\$ 129.95$  with all the features you need to learn how to write end use programs．And it can grow into a system that is a match for any personal computer on the matkel．Look ai and These fealures： 8085 Ceniral Processing Unit．the microprocessor＂hear！＂of the Explorer／月5．（foin the microprocessor heart of the Explorer／85．（Join the millions who will buy and use ine $8060 / 8085$ this year alone！）．Four 8 －hit plus one 6 －bil input／output parts alone！）．Four 8 －hi prus one 8 －bit input／oulput ports rom which you can input tand output your programs，as well as control exterior switches．relays．lights．etc．a cassette control exterior switches．relays．lights．etc．a cassette interface that leta you store and reload programs you ve learned to write selue learned to write，deluxe 2，00 hyte opertatin systemimonitor make it easy to learn computing in several mportant ways it an systert monitor makes it easy to earn computing several mportant ways：In allows simpler．faster writ ing and entering of program a It pernits

 －ing and entering of programs－It permits access by you to all parts of the system so you can check on the status ofany point in the progrem so It allows racing each pro－
gram step by step with provinion tor displaying all the gram step by step with provinion tor displaying ail the
contents of the CPU（regsters，flags，etc．） does much more！ You get all this in starting level（Level A）of the Explorer／／8s for only $\$ 129.85$ ．Incrediblel To use．junt
plug in your keyboard／display－Power you donply have them，see our special offers below．
Level A computer

LEVEL B－This＂building block＂converts the mother board into a two－siot S100 bus（industry standard）com－
puter．Now you can plug in any of the hundreds of $S 100$

 LEstpaid．－When you reach the point in learning thal re－
quires more memory，we offer two choicess ether add 4 k quires more memory．we offer two choices．either add
of a memory directly on the motherboard，or add $16 i \mathrm{k}$ ．年k of memnry by means of a single S 100 cand．our famous
LAWS．
Level D kn：（CHECK ONE）．．．4k on board ．．． 98.88

 ＂IAWS＂．．． 2299.85 plus $\$ 2$ pal
LEVEL E－An important＂building block＂＇it activates
the Bk ROM／EPROM space on the motherboard Now just the 日k ROM／EPROM space on the motherboard Now just
plug in one Bk Microsof BASIC or your own custom

－Microsof EASIC -1 Is the language that aliows you to 8 k cassetre version of Microsoft BASC．（requires Level
B and 12 k of RAM minimum；we sugest a 16 k S 100 IAWS 8 ROM see above）．\＆84． 85 posipald We suggest either the 4 k Level D RAM expansion or a 18 K S 100 ＂AWWS＂．$\$ 899.98$ plus SP PAL．＂ C Disk version of Microsoft BASAC．（requires Level B．
32 k of RAM．floppy disk controller． $\mathrm{a}^{\prime \prime}$ ．fopy disk 2k of RAM，floppy disk controller， $\mathrm{a}^{\prime \prime}$ floppy disk drive
3325 postpaid．
TEXT EDITOR／A
is a sottware tool（a prigram）designed to simplify the task
of writing of writing programs．As your programs become longer hours of promplex，the assembler can save you many ehhanges，and saves the programs on cassettes The assem－
bler performs the clerical lask of bier performs the clerical lask of translating symbolic
code into the computer－readable object code The editor／ code into the computer－readable obiect code The editor／
assembles program is aveilable either in cassette or a ROM versi／an


 $8^{\prime \prime}$ FLOPPY DISK－A remarkable＂building block．
Add our 8＂floppy disk when you need faster operation Add our 8 hoppy disk when you need faster operation．
more eonvenient prugram solorage perhspat business ap－
plication，and access to the therally thousands of programs －plication，and access of the lveragaly thousands of progr ams －and propram languages available today．You simply plog


 EP／M 2．2 Disk Operating System：includes Text －that give your Explorer／ss access to thousands of existing
$\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}$－based programs $\quad \$ 15000$ posipaid． CP／M－hased programs．．$\$ 15000$ posipaid．
NEED A POWER SUPLY？Consider our AP－It can
supply all the power you need for a fuly expanded EX－
and supply all the power you ned for a fuly expanded Ex
ploref／85（note：disk drives have their own power supply） Plus the AP，file fisk neatives into the theitrawn power supply）Explorer steet
cabinet（see below）．
 cabinet A TERMINAL？We
NEED A NEED A TERMINAL？We
offer you chooces the least ex．
pengive one is our Hex offer you chocess the least ex－
pensive one is our Hex
Keypad／Display kit that dis．
plays the information on a
calculator－type screen．The
other chotce is our AsC11
Keybard／Computer Terminul
kit that can be used with either

# cure the 10 most common nuisances in PA instantly 


fact: These 10 problem solvers in your toolbox are like 10 new tricks up your sleeve. Or 10 hours of saved time. Or money in the bank. They make molehills out of troubleshooting mountains, without soldering, or splicing, or internal equipment modifications.
Problem: Solution:

| Input Overload | A15AS Microphone Attenuator-prevents overload. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Phasing | A15PRS Phase <br> Reverser for balanced lines |
| Low: <br> Frequency Noise | A15HP High Pass Filter-reduces lowfrequency noises and proximity effect. |
| HighFrequency Noise | A15LP Low Pass Filterreduces objectionable high-frequency noises. |
| Lack of Presence | A15PA Presence Adapter-adds intelligibility and brilliance. |
| Sibilance | A15RS Response Shaper-sibilance filtering, plus flattened response. |
| Line Level to Mic Input | A15LA Line Input Adapter-converts balanced low-impedance mic input to line level input. |
| Matching/ Bridging/ Isolating | A15BT Bridging Trans former-matches balanced or unbalanced devices of different impedances. |
| Troubleshooting | A15TG Tone Generator -700 Hz signal helps check levels, connections, mixer inputs, and cables. |
| Microphone Impedance Matching | A95 and A97 Series Line Transformersmake it possible to connect low-impedance lines to mid- and highimpedance inputs (or vice-versa.) |

BBC-Metrawatt-Goerz Model MA1H VOM


CIRCLE 102 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

THERE'S A NEW ENTRY INTO THE FIELD OF measuring equipment, the BBC-MetrawattGoerz model MA1H analog VOM. The model MAlH is small, but quite versatile. There are six AC-voltage ranges: 1.5 to 500 volts (full scale). The nine DC-voltage ranges, 150 millivolts to 1000 volts (full scale) are selected by the front-panel selector-switch (as are all of the meter's ranges), but the zero- 1000 -volt range (DC) uses a separate input jack. Current (AC and DC ) is measured over five ranges: 5 mA to 5 amps (full scale). An additional DC-current range of $0-50$ microamps ( $\mu \mathrm{A}$ ) can be selected by switching the meter to the 150 -milli-volt-50-microamp range. Because the meter needle's deflection is the same for those two ranges, the manufacturer decided to save a switch position by combining them. To get the proper reading, simply use the appropriate meter scale. All voltage and current ranges are calibrated in the 1.5-15-50 system, which simplifies making readings.

Resistance is read on four ranges; $\times 1, \times 10$, $\times 100$, and $\times 1000$. The $\times 1000$ range can be used for checking semiconductors, since the current is limited to only 0.083 mA . The meter also has a DB scale, that measures from +5 to -15 dB . Zero dB is defined as 0.775 volts across 600 ohms. A calibrating chart is included in the instruction manual, with instructions for converting readings to dB , and the multiplier factor used.

All ranges are selected by a single switch in the center of the panel. The meter scale is larger than average and the markings are very clear and easy to read.

The instruction manual gives instructions and a calibration chart for rough-checking capacitors. We tried it out on a couple of filter capacitors, including one known to have a bad section. It read the values of the good sections quite accu rately, and caught the open one.

The manual is written in three languages: English, French, and German. All functions are covered, plus instructions for servicing and recalibration if needed. The only thing missing from the manual (that I noticed) was a statement of the unit's accuracy. Using a $0.1 \%$ (full
scale) voltmeter as a standard, I did some quick tests and found that the model MAlH's accuracy (at least on the voltage ranges I checked) fell well within $0.1 \%$. That's ample accuracy for practical service work.

Overall, it's a nice-looking instrument, and very easy to use. The meter scale and rangeand function-selector-switch are on the front panel; the test leads plug into jacks on the top of the case, which keeps them out of the way. Four jacks are used: COMMON, OHMS, vOLTS AND AMPS (AC/DC), and the 1,000 -vOLT range. Those jacks are the recessed type, so no bare metal is exposed. The test-lead tips are novel and handy. They have very short, sharp tips, for probing closely-spaced points. Just above the tips is a set of springs allowing them to be plugged into any standard banana jack. A protective collar is built into the handle, to prevent accidental contact with potentially dangerous voltages and currents.

The model $M A / H$ has a suggested list price of $\$ 74.00$ for the meter and test leads. A carrying case is available for $\$ 22.00$. From BBC-Metrawatt-Goerz, 165 Fieldcrest Ave, Raritan Center, Edison, NJ 08837.

R-E
Heathkit Model IM-2400 Frequency Counter


EVER-RESPONSIVE TO THE NEEDS OF THE electronics industry, the Heath Company (Benton Harbor, MI 49022) has introduced a compact, hand-held frequency counter designed for portable use. The model IM-2400 covers a frequency range of 50 Hz to 512 MHz and uses five rechargeable nickle-cadmium cells (included).

Published specifications include a typical sensitivity of 10 millivolts, with 25 -millivolt sensitivity guaranteed throughout the range of the unit. Input impedance is claimed to be 1 megohm shunted by less than 20 picofarads in the $50-\mathrm{Hz}-50-\mathrm{MHz}$ range; 50 ohms in the $40-512-\mathrm{MHz}$ range. Input protection is $150-$ volts RMS to 100 kHz , dropping to 10 -volts RMS at 50 MHz . Input protection in the $40-512-\mathrm{MHz}$ range is 5 -volts RMS . The time base uses a $10-\mathrm{MHz}$ master clock with a listed stability of $\pm 1$ part per million. Temperature stability is claimed to be $\pm 10$ parts per million from 0 through 40 degrees Centigrade.

Time bases of 1 or 0.1 second can be selected from the front panel. Resolution is determined by the range and time base chosen. With the RANGE switch in the $50-\mathrm{Hz}-50-\mathrm{MHz}$ position, and the time base switch in the 1 -second posi-
tion, the resolution will be 10 Hz ; with the time base switch in the 0.1 -second position, the resolution will be 100 Hz . With the range switch in the $40-512-\mathrm{MHz}$ position, and the time base switch in the 1 -second position, the resolution will be 100 Hz ; with the TIME BASE switch in the 0.1 -second position, the resolution will be 1 kHz .

The model $/ \mathrm{M}-2400$ is, of course, a kit and, although I took great care in assembling the unit, I did have one serious problem; a solid short betweer two parallel traces on the printed-circuit board. When I could not find the source of the problem, I finally tried to eliminate it by gouging a deep channel in the board between the two shorted tracks. Doing that got rid of the problem and I can only guess that it was caused by a tiny bit of metal that was imbedded in the board itself.

Three methods of calibration are outlined in the instructions; using a standard communications or AM broadcast receiver, using another frequency counter and a signal generator, or using a laboratory-standard frequency generator. I used the second method and then checked the calibration against another frequency generator as well as a laboratory-standard generator. The results were well within the published specifications.

The quality of the service manual is always important, and, as usual, Heath has done an excellent job. Included with the manual is a large fold-out schematic and a complete technical description of the circuitry. All solidstate devices are listed with their circuit identification number, their Heath part number, and, where possible, substitutes. All pin-outs and transistor leads are clearly identified.

The model IM-2400 measures $1^{5 / 8} \times 3^{3 / 8} \times$
$8^{3 / 8}$ inches. The display uses LED's that, though casy to read under any lighting condilions, consume quite a bit of current, making use of the optional battery eliminator/charger a good idea. An optional telescopic antenna with a BNC fitting (to match the one on the unit) is also available.

All-in-all, if you take your time building the model IM-2400, and treat it with any degree of care, it should perform well for many years. The model IM-2400 sells for $\$ 144.95$ ( $\$ 190.00$ assembled); the optional battery eliminator/charger sells for $\$ 4.95$.

R-E


IN A FIELD OF RAPIDLY CHANGING CONSUMER electronics, Radio Shack ( 1400 One Tandy Center, Fort Worth, TX 76102) stayed with their keyboard-entry programmable scanner, the model PRO-2001, an unusually long length of time. That scanner was a lead item in their catalog for many years. Now, a new top-of-the-line programmable scanner, the model

PRO-2002, is dominating the Tandy line.
The new scanner is no miniature; it is virtually the same size as its predecessor. Frequency coverage is broader than some competitive units and includes the following ranges: $30-50$, $108-136,138-174$, and $410-512 \mathrm{MHz}$. That means that the often-overlooked Federal government and military allocations in the $138-144$ and $410-420 \mathrm{MHz}$ segments of the spectrum are available to the listener.

Frequency steps for scanning and searching are at $5-\mathrm{kHz}$ intervals on low and high band, $12.5-\mathrm{kHz}$ intervals on UHF, and $25-\mathrm{kHz}$ intervals in the AM aircraft band. There is no way to extend the unit's frequency limits, as is possible with some other scanners.

The model PRO-2002 is a 50 -channel mi-croprocessor-controlled, frequency-synthesized programmable scanner. Frequencies entered are stored in five memory banks that can be called up in any combination. Scanning rate is selectable (six or three channels per second), as is search rate (eight or three steps per second). Another feature is the ability to store five separate search ranges, one in each of the five memory banks.

The scanning receiver uses either an integral whip antenna or an external antenna, connected using a rear-apron Motorola-type jack. Additional rear-apron connections include a TAPE-OUT jack for recording and an externalspeaker jack. A two-pin recessed jack for DC is also available for mobile operation. The AC line-cord is permanently attached

A 9-volt battery (not included) is used to retain the frequencies in memory when the $A C$ line-voltage is interrupted. The battery is accessible from the back of the unit. The fluorescent display provides frequency, channel

## PriceWithout Sacrifice.



## HITACHI V-302B \& V-152B

Put a proven Hitachi dual-trace oscilloscope on your bench for as little as $\$ 735$. Our V-152B 15 MHz model includes unprecedented sensitivity ( $1 \mathrm{mV} /$ div.)... 10 X sweep magnification...front panel XY operation...trace rotation...Z-axis input...and more. Need greater bandwidth? Our V-302B model is the only 30 MHz dual-trace scope with signal delay line priced under $\$ 1000$, with all the above features, to make your testing operations fast, easy, and accurate. Reliability is exceptional, too. (As you'd expect from a manufacturer with over 20 years of experience "outscoping" the competition.) So exceptional, in fact, that Hitachi quality is backed by a 2 -year warranty...the longest in the industry. Whether you use it for teaching or repairs, for video, audio, or computer testing, you can't find more scope for your dollar than at Hitachi. Write for more details.

# Hitachi...The measure of quality. 

\author{

- V-152B 15 MHz Dual Trace <br> \$735* <br> - V-302B 30 MHz Dual Trace <br> \$995* *Probes included.
}
number, delay, priority, channel and search bank, manual mode, program mode, search mode, and lockout symbols. The display is quite bright and easy to read.

The model PRO-2002 contains an internal digital clock that displays hours, minutes, and seconds. A rear-apron slide switch allows the clock to be disconnected if desired during mobile operation to prevent battery drain when the vehicle is unattended for long periods of time.

A PRIORITY function may be used on any of the 50 channels; when activated, a signal appearing on the channel will automatically cause the scanner to lock on that channel until the signal is no longer present.

Search, lockout, and delay functions are conventional enough and work well. If an active frequency is found during the search
function, pressing the MONITOR button will automatically insert that frequency into memory in place of the channel being displayed. If you attempt to program an out-of-range frequency, an error message will be displayed.

The Radio Shack model PRO-2002 uses 1 LSI microprocessor, 1 LSI phase-locked loop, 9 CMOS integrated circuits, 13 additional IC's, 44 discrete transistors, and 75 diodes.

Sensitivity on the AM aircraft band is nominally 1.0 microvolt ( 10 dB signal-to-noise ratio at $60 \%$ modulation); low and high band FM sensitivity is 0.5 microvolt, and UHF sensitivity is 1.0 microvolt ( 20 dB signal-to-noise ratio at 3 kHz deviation).

Low and high band spurious-signal rejection (at band center) is 50 dB ; UHF is not specified. UHF spurious signals (especially primary images) have been a common complaint among

## GET TO KNOW COMPUTERS

Introduce yourself to the world of computers. Speak their language, feel their sensors and get to know them inside and out. FutureTec $180^{\circ}$ is a complete Z-80 base computer developed by electronic educators and is all you need to get started in the fastgrowing world of computers. This is a hands-on, user oriented computer now offered at the special introductory price of $\$ 225$. Satisfaction guaranteed or return within ten days for full refund.

FutureTec 180 can open doors for you into a world
 of scientific data that is as far reaching as space itself. How do computers think? What is a memory device? What is address decoding to peripheral devices? Answers to these questions and many more are covered in our easy step-by-step home instruction manual.

Our FutureTec 180 computer includes a spacious mahogany case with built-in power supply and reserve capabilities for external application. Powerful Concept ${ }^{\text {® }}$ software monitor system which allows machine language programming with BASIC ease and full on-board display section with tone indicator for audio-visual reinforcement makes learning easier. Automatic scrolling is included plus telephone-type keyboard for ease of operation. Execution of your program can be stopped any time, memory address or registers can be changed and your program can be continued with single key stroke.
In fact 25 keyboard functions like data search, computing and tracing jump relatives and hardware testing facilities makes a truly user friendly operating system.

Experience a $180^{\circ}$ turn in your career - send Assembled today for your Future'Tec 180 computer.

## SPECIFICATIONS <br> Z-80 CPU (Central Processing Unit) <br> Advanced Machine Language <br> Concept Software Monitor <br> Clock Frequency 2 MHz <br> $1 K \times 8$ RAM <br> 2716, 2K ROM <br> Regulated Power Supply 5V @ 1.2 amp <br> Dual Transistor Display Drivers <br> High Brightness LED's

40 Pin Edge Connector for Expansion \& Peripherals
Fully Expandable
National
$12 \frac{114}{}$ " Wide $\times 10^{1 / 4}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ Long $\times 31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ High
Users Association
FUTURETEC180
To order call 216-961-4041 or write P.O. Box 5784, Cleveland Ohio 44101
Price $\$ 225$ each $\square$ Personal Check $\square C a s h i e r s$ Check/Money Order
$\square$ VISA $\square$ MasterCard (Bank No
Exp Date $\qquad$ AcctNo

Signature
Name (print) $\qquad$ Address

City _State Zip

Allow 4 to 6 weeks for delivery.
programmable scanner users. Sharp selectivity, is very difficult to achieve in low-cost consumer radios.

Selectivity is listed as $\pm 9 \mathrm{kHz}$ at -6 dB and $\pm 15 \mathrm{kHz}$ at -50 dB . Best IF rejection occurs at 154 MHz ( -80 dB ). An IF frequency of 10.7 M Hz is normally found in all Radio Shack scanners.

The priority channel is sampled every three seconds, causing a 100 -millisecond interruption of whatever scanner function happens to be in operation at the moment. Normally that's not a problem.

The delay function provides a 3 -second hold on any channel searched or scanned that becomes active when checked. That allows reply time for the other units during two-way communications reception. Without the DELAY function, rescan or search will continue immediately after the carrier disappears.

The unit will accept all normal narrowband FM signals, $\pm 7 \mathrm{kHz}$. One crystal and one ceramic filter are used to tighten up the IF bandwidth; the second conversion frequency is 455 kHz . Squelch sensitivity is approximately 1 microvolt (signal plus noise-to-noise at 25 $d B$ ). Power consumption is nominal; 19 watts during $A C$ operation and 10 watts during mobile use

While the model PRO-2002 is slightly more difficult to operate than some competitive units, the routine is easy to learn. An audiotone generator beeps each time a program key is pressed, confirming that the command has been entered.

Another of the unit's features is the window detector; when the receiver stops on a searchdiscovered channel, it stops on the center frequency. That means that the frequency displayed will be accurate, even though there is a strong carrier.

We found the overall RF sensitivity to be quite good, nearly equal to a much higherpriced competitive scanner. It is certainly adequate for the majority of applications. Searchrate programmability and search-direction choice (up or down) are also advantages, adding to the flexibility of the unit. A CLEAR button allows the user to remove an accidentallyentered frequency.

All in all, we were pleased with the Radio Shack model PRO-2002 scanning receiver. It sells for $\$ 399.95$.

R-E

it seems hard to believe that just a few years ago, the only economical means available to copy radioteletype was the tele-printer-a particularly cumbersome, noisy, mechanical behemoth.

Recent improvements in digital technology have now made possible a variety of attractive alternatives, not the least of which is the new


## REDUCE SHOCK HAZARD. NEW, VARIABLE ISOLATION TRANSFORMER, ONLY \$143.75.

Here's extra safety for personnel protection for equipment. Absolutely necessary for servicing or testing any transformerless equipment-industry, lab, school or field

New WP-29 ISO-V-AC lets you set isolated output voltage to precise
value you need. Monitor either isolated output or direct input voltage on panel meter. It's the most versatile isolation transformer you can buy!

Two isolated outputs: polarized standard two-wire socket and banana
jacks (so isolated AC may be applied directly to circuit points). Completely portable. Thermal overload protection of transformer and output protected by 2 -amp. circuit breaker. Output leads supplied

## VIZ Isotap ${ }^{\circledR}$ isolation transformers



WP-26A Isotap
400 VA isolated. 500 VA direct. Outputs at 105,120 and 135 V . $\$ 77.00$


WP-27A Isotap II 400 VA isolated only. Outputs 25 to 150 V AC
in 5 V steps
\$79.95


WP-28 Porta-Isotap
150 VA isolated, 500 VA direct. Output $105-130 \mathrm{~V}$ TV adapaters supplied Carrying strap.
$\$ 57.00$

VIZ RELIABILITY.
VIZ is a 50 year-old company. Our instruments are fully warranted, parts and labor, for a year. All units tested to NBS standards.
We offer service and parts availability for a minimum of ten years. Over 15 repair depots in U.S.A.

AC Leakage Tester


WT-540B
For safety.
Detects AC leakage in appliances and equipment Calibrated at 0.5 and 0.75 mA \$36.75

Want full technical details and a demonstration? Call toll-free, 1-800-523-3696, for the VIZ distributor near you.

## Look to VIZ for value, quality and availability. Over 70 instruments in the line.

VIZ Mfg. Co., 335 E. Price St., Philadelphia, PA 19144

Kantronics Mini-Reader
Designed for reception flexibility, the MiniReader could well be the most versatile reader available to date. It is certainly the most compact reader available at this writing.
About the size of a standard calculator ( $5^{3} / 4$ $\times 35 \times 11 / 4$ inches), the compact Mini-Reader features a bright, 10 -character, fluorescent alphanumeric display. The characters displayed move from right to left, and the display is easy to read.
It compares very favorably with its predecessor, the Field Day 2 SWL model. And it's $\$ 150.00$ cheaper!
Radioteletype (RTTY) messages are displayed at $60,66,75$, and 100 words-per-minute. Since the internal active-filter monitors the "mark" signal only, "shift" is of no consequence. Normal or inverted mark/space is also
of no importance.
On Morse reception, the Mini-Reader will track automatically at speed of $3-80$ words-per-minute. Code practice with the little unit is a snap; simply insert a key into the appropriate jack and watch the display as you practice your keying. This will show up a sloppy fist every time. At the press of a button, the speed of the received Morse code can be displayed.
The Mini-Reader will also decode 100 - or 300 -baud ASCII. While the ASCII message is hard to follow at those speeds, the device can display individual characters to analyze data bursts.

When not being used to monitor the busy radio bands, the Mini-Reader can be used as a 24-hour clock, displaying hours, minutes, and seconds. The versatile little unit can also be used as a 24 -hour timer. One uṇusual feature


SPECIAL REPRINT
BUILD A BACKYARD SATELLITE TV RECEIVER


## Don't miss out again!

Send away today for your 36 -page booklet containing complete reprints of all seven articles in the series on Backyard Satellite TV Receivers by Robert B Cooper Jr.
This all-inclusive report gives you all the data you need to build your own Backyard Satellite TV Receiver.

- TELLS ALL ABOUT domestic satellite communications, with full details on how you can pull those elusive TV signals from space.
- LEGAL REQUIREMENTS, technical specifications, and how you, the home constructor, can meet them. Find out what mechanical and electronics skills you need.
- RECEIVER CHARACTERISTICS, technical details and specifications, along with examples of actual receivers built at comparatively low cost.
- ANTENNAE DESIGN... and exactly how you can build a spherical antennae, while keeping total earth station cost for the complete system under $\$ 1,000$
- THE FRONT END is critical when you build your own system. We help you explore several different approaches to making one that will work for you.
- RECEIVER-SYSTEM hardware, and how it goes together to bring you direct-from-satellite TV reception in your own home.


## To order your copy:

Complete coupon and enclose it with your check or money order for $\$ 6.00$ U.S. We will ship your reprint, postpaid in U.S. and Canada within 6 weeks of receipt of your order. All others add $\$ 4.00$ for postage. New York State residents must add 48 c sales tax.

of the Mini-Reader is that it can be used as an audio-frequency counter, capable of reading from $0-79 \mathrm{kHz}$.

## Our test

We plugged the Mini-Reader into the exter-nal-speaker jack of a popular general-coverage receiver so that we could see if the unit performed as claimed. Tuning in the familiar audio "diddly-diddly" of radioteletype, we adjusted the receiver tuning dial until the MiniReader's "ready" light blinked, indicating that we were centered in the audio passband. When the appropriate function key was pressed, the latest world news began to move across the display.

Next, we tuned in the CW portion of the 80 -meter amateur band. Sure enough, the Mini-Reader worked perfectly. Admittedly, sloppy fists made some copy difficult, but even those could still be interpreted!

Perhaps most important of all, our generalcoverage receiver could detect no RF interference from the unit. This was indeed a pleasant surprise. Even the earlier SWL model, though well-shielded, caused some interference at certain frequencies. The Mini-Reader was completely clean.
All in all we were very pleased with the Mini-Reader; it did everything that was asked of it, and more. Kantronics has done well in providing so much in such a small package

The new Kantronics Mini-Reader is an important step forward in accessory technology. It lists for $\$ 314.95$, and is available from your local Kantronics dealer. From Kantronics, 1201 E 23rd Street, Lawrence, KS 66044.

R-E

## C.E.T.

FOR TECHNICIANS WHO ARE READY FOR THE FUTURE


CERTIFIED ELECTRONICS TECHNICIAN Certification is available in the following areas AUDIO MATV COMMUNICATIONS MEDICAL INDUSTRIAL

MEDICAL
RADIO-TV

Write to: THE INTERNATIONAL SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED ELECTRONICS TECHNICIANS 2708 West Berry, Fort Worth, TX 76109

Please send me
] Free booklet: CAREERS IN THE ELEC TRONICS INDUSTRY (a stamped selfaddressed envelope is enclosed)
[] Information about the CET Test.
(] A list of test administrators in my state/country.
0 I am already a CET. Send me information about ISCET membership. CET No

NAME
ADDRESS $\qquad$
CITY
STATE
ZIP $\qquad$

## Now the stars are within your reach Movie Stars Concert Stars Sports Stars



Your favorite stars are coming off the satellites right now in one of the greatest selections of family and adult entertainment ever offered. And now there's a new satellite receiver system that puts it alt within your reach - at a price that's witr in reach.

## The new Heathkit Earth Station

It includes a 3-meter Satellite Antenna with a single-axis adjustable mount that lets you direct your antenna to receive signals from the entire satellite arc. It's a heavy-duty, commer-cial-quality antenna, made by Scientific-Atlanta and designed for long, reliable performance.

Special Low-Noise Amplifier and Down-Converter converts signals to 500 MHz band for transmission on ordinary TV cable.

The Receiver features electronically-synthesized tuning for stable, dritt-free reception, and 24 channel selections or a broad variety of programming. It even includes a special Zenith Space Command Remote Control so you can change progra ns without leaving your easy chair.
Special Earth Foundation Kit anchors your antenna firmly to withstand winds of up to 100 mph .

## Unique Site Survey Kit

You can trust Heath to do it right. The first step in establishing your station is the purchase of a special Site Survey Kit that includes everything you need to determine a clear line-of-sight to the satellites. So you know your location is correct before you buy the Station.

## Easy-to-follow, step-by-step assembly

Like all Heathkit products, the Satellite Earth Station includes a clearly written manual that guides you every step of the way through assembly and installation. And over-t te-phone assistance is always available.

For complete details and prices on the Heathkit Earth Station and 400 other electronic kits for home, work or play, send today for the latest free Heathkit Catalog or visit your nearby Heathkit Electronic Center:

*Healikit Electronic Centers are urits of Veritechnology Eleatronics Corporation.
Viewirig of some satellite TV channels may require the customer to obtain permission from, or make payments to. the programming company. The customer is responsible for compliance with all local. state and federal governmental laws and regulations, including but not limited to construction, placement and use. For use only in Continental U.S. This device has not been approved by the Federal Communications Commission. It is not, and may not be, offered for sale or lease, or sold or leased, until the approval of the FCC has been obtained.

## EOUPMENT AND TRAIIIIMG NO OTHER SCHOOL CAN MATCH.

## NTS HOME TRAINING INVITES YOU TO EXPLORE MICROCOMPUTERS, DIGITAL SYSTEMS AND MORE, WITH STATE-OF-THE-ART EQUIPMENT YOU ASSEMBLE AND KEEP.

Without question, microcomputers are the state of the art in electronics. And NTS is the only home study school that enables you to train for this booming field by working with your own production-model microcomputer.

We'll explain the principles of troubleshooting and testing your microcomputer and, best of all, we'll show you how to program it to do what you want.

You'll use a digital multimeter, a digital logic probe and other sophisticated testing gear to learn how to localize problems and solve them.

We
believe
that training
on production-
model equipment,
rather than home-made learning devices,
makes home study more exciting and relevant. That's why you'll find such gear in most of NTS's electronics programs.

For instance, to learn Color TV Servicing you'll build and keep the 25 -inch (diagonal) NTS/HEATH digital color TV.

In Communications Electronics you'll be able to assemble and keep your own NTS/HEATH 2-meter FMi transceiver, plus test equipment.

But no matter which program you choose, NTS's Project Method of instruction helps you quickly to acquire practical know-how.

Send for the full color catalog in the electronics area of your choice-discover all the advantages of home study with NTS!

NTS also offers courses in Auto Mechanics, Air Conditioning and Home Appliances. Check card for more information.

 THANDAR'S COMPLETE PORTABLE TEST BENCH


## LCD HAND HELD MULTMETER

## TM354 3½ Digit

- DC Volts : 1 mV to 1000 V - AC Volts : 1 V to 500 VAC rms $\bullet$ DC current: $1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ to 2 A - Resistance : $1 \Omega$ to $2 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ - Diode Check - Basicaccuracy: $\pm 10.75 \%$ of reading +1 digit) Battery life : Typically 2000
hours hours


4000 hrs BATTERY LIFE

## LCD BENCH WULTIMETERS

# TM351 31/2 Digit 

 - DC and AC Voits : $100 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ to $1000 \mathrm{~V}(750 \mathrm{~V}$ AC rms) - DC and AC current : 100 nA to 10A (20A for 10 secs) ccuracy: $\pm(0.1 \%$ of reading +1 digit - Battery life: up to 4000 hours
## TM353 3½ Digit

- DC and AC Volts : $100 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ to 1000 V ( 750 V AC rms) -DC and AC current: 100 nAro 2 A



##  <br> LULTIWETERS

DM350 31/2 Digit;
34 ranges; $0.1 \%$. basic accuracy


DM235 3½ Digit; 21 ranges; $0.5 \%$ basic accuracy; $\$ 69.95$
PDM35 31/2 Digit; Hand held; 16 ranges; $1 \%$ basic accuracy; $\$ 39.95$


SC110 SINGLE TRACE LOW POWER 2" OSCILLOSCOPE
This truly portable oscilloscope, the only British product to win a Gold Medal at the 1980 Brno Trade Fair, boasts the following specification: Bandwith : DC to 10 MHz - Sensitivity: $10 \mathrm{mV} /$ div to $50 \mathrm{~V} /$ div Sweep Speeds : $0.1 \mu \mathrm{secs} / \mathrm{div}$ to $0.5 \mathrm{secs} / \mathrm{div}$ - Power Requirements: 4 to 10 VDC from $4^{\prime} \mathrm{C}^{\prime}$ cells or AC adaptor Size and weight $255 \times 150 \times 40 \mathrm{~mm} ; 800 \mathrm{gms}$ excl. batteries


## TF200 8-Digit LCD

- Frequency Range : $10 \mathrm{~Hz}-200 \mathrm{MHz}$ (to 600 MHz with TP600) - Sensitivity: 10 mV rms $20 \mathrm{~Hz}-100 \mathrm{MHz}, 30 \mathrm{mV}$ rms $10 \mathrm{~Hz}-20 \mathrm{~Hz}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}-200 \mathrm{MHz} \oplus$ Timebase accuracy : hetter than $0.3 \mathrm{ppm}-$ Battery life: Typically 200 hours $\$ 299$ (inc, batts).


## PFM200 8-Digit LED Hand Held Meter

- Frequency Range : $20 \mathrm{~Hz}-200 \mathrm{MHz}$ (to 600 MHz with TP600) Sensitivity : Typically 10 mV . Timebase accuracy : better than 2 ppm . Battery life: Typically 10 hours - $\$ 99.95$


## TP600 600MHz Prescaler

- Frequency Range : 40 MHz to 600 MHz - Sensitivity: 10 mV - Output : Typically 500 mV peak-peak $\$ 79$


## THANDAR SATISFACTION WARRANTY:

If for any reason, whatsoever, you are not completely satisfied with your purchase, return is within 30 days of purchase date for a full refund - it's as simple as that!

## TO ORDER CALL TOLL FREE: 800-526-5311 We accept Master Charge or Visa

New Jersey Residents add appropriate Sales Tax. Prices shown in U.S. currency only POSTAGE AND HANDLING up to $\$ 100$ add $\$ 3$. Over $\$ 100$ add $\$ 5$

## THANDAR ELECTRONICS INC

P.O. Box 8247, Haledon, New Jersey, 07538 Tel: 201-790-3141

## TEGHMOLOGY TODAV

 The Inecrealilite

Integrated shinheresenali a monytomo wey from
 of cies



 granted ioulimalis she vo ongeghat the state of the in in compmex leyic was RTL (Resstor-1sraisistore ogit), and a tiny marvel calcd an ( 0 peaimp was just appearing. Integrated-circuit technology has come a long way in the 20 years since the introduction of the first IC a four-transistor, RIL flip-flop), but the best is yet to come. Let's take a look at how the IC came into being.

Ten years after Bell Laboratories 1947 demonstration of their point-contact transistor, Jack Kilby, of Texas Instruments. set to work on building electronic circuits out of discrete semiconductor components. His intention was to show his superiors that entire circuits could be made out of a "solid" piece of semiconductor material. Early in 1959 such a "solid circuit" was shown at the Institute of Radio Engineers show. That circuit was a flip-flop and its resistors, capacitors, and transistors were made entirely from monolithic germanium.

At about the same time, Robert Noyce, then manager of research and development at Fairchild Semiconductor, decided to turn his own ideas into a practical device. (His ideas were to use diffused or deposited resistors, isolate on-chip devices with reverse-biased p-n junctions, and interconnect circuit elements through holes in the silicon dioxide by the evaporation of metal onto the surface of the wafer.)

Today Kilby and Noyce are both credited with the invention of the IC. although, at the time of their work. trends in the semiconductor industry already seemed to point to the development of integrated circuits. Advances in manufacturing processes had enabled semiconductor devices to saturate the market by 1960 . One problem remained: As the products that used those discrete devices grew in complexity, the number of interconnections between the devices also grew. It reached a point where products couldn't be assembled quickly enough to use all of the available devices. What was needed, now that semiconductors were plentiful. were ways of


FIG. 1-SIMPLIFIED SCHEMATIC of a typical RTL device, the MC792P, a triple 3-input NOR gate.
speeding production of the end-product. The integrated circait was the logical solution.

## The first IC's

The first commercially available monolithic IC was a four-transistor. RTL (Resistor-Transistor Logic) flip-flop introduced in 1961 by Fairchild Semiconductor. By the end of 1961 , production quantities of logic IC's were being produced by both Fairchild Semiconductor and Texas Instruments. Some early contracts for the "mass-produced" IC's came from the military (TI supplied special circuits for the Minuteman missile program), and from the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, with Fairchild the supplier. An RTL circuita triple, 3 -input NOR gate-is shown in Fig. 1.
Transistor-Transistor Logic (TTL) came about because of the drawbacks of


FIG. 2-THIS 11-stage ring counter is an early (1963) example of a TTL IC.
earlier schemes used to couple transistor stages. Diode-coupled and directcoupled methods were unsatisfactory because of IC process-variations, and resistor-capacitor coupling suffered from lack of speed. In 1961. James Buie, an IC designer at Pacific Semiconductors (now part of TRW), devised a coupling scheme that isolated transistor stages by using coupling transistors; his method proved to be relatively independent of process variation. Buie's work evolved into today's TTL IC (see Fig. 2).

By the mid-1960's, Fairchild had turned to linear IC's. Robert Widlar, then one of the designers at Fairchild. was responsible for the first practical IC op-amp. the $\mu \mathrm{A} 709$. Widlar also designed the $\mu \mathrm{A} 702$ high-impedance opamp, the first IC comparator ( $\mu \mathrm{A} 710$ ), and the first compensated IC op-amp. the $\mu \mathrm{A} 741$. Widlar's design ideas seemed radical in his day because he used transistors to replace "simple" circuit elements such as resistors.

While bipolar IC technology was developing, some designers concentrated on the FET (Field-Effect Transistor) and its applications. RCA Laboratories was especially active in that area of semiconductor development. In 1957 John Wallmark of RCA was granted a patent for an FET. He saw the FET not as merely a discrete device, but as groups of devices connected together and forming logic patterns for computers. His concept. which he called "integrated logic nets," wouldn't lead to actual devices until a few years later, and then under someone else's supervision.

In 1959 Steven Hofstein, a recent recruit to RCA, and Frederic Heiman, another young engineer, set to work towards a specific goal. They wanted to produce a silicon-insulated-gate FET that was to be used in a multi-thousandtransistor circuit. They succeeded in 1962. (See Fig. 3.)

Hofstein and Heiman demonstrated the IC capabilities of their MOSFET (Metal Oxide Semiconductor Field Ef-


FIG. 3-CROSS-SECTION of a metal-oxide semiconductor device. By 1963, RCA had built IC's containing several hundred of these each.
fect Transistor) by building a $2,50()^{2}-\mathrm{mil}$ (a mil is $1 / 1000$-inch) chip containing 16 MOSFET's by the end of 1962. By 1963 RCA had built chips with several hundred MOS devices.

Although MOSFET IC's promised far simpler processing, much less power consumption, and greater levels of integration than bipolar IC's, there were still formidable problems in their manufacture. Among those were oxide defects and an extreme sensitivity to static charge. The MOSFET's were also much slower and required different supply voltages than bipolar devices. Because of those problems. and others, few companies stayed very long with MOSFET technology. In fact, for most of the 1960's there were only two companies producing MOS IC's-General Microelectronics (founded in 1963) and General Instrument. Even RCA, which had done a considerable amount of pioneering work in MOS, shifted its main concern back to the more lucrative bipolar devices.

But the industry kept a watchful eye on MOS technology, waiting for new developments. The wait wasn't a long one, as we'll see.

The first ROM (Read-Only Memory) appeared in early 1967. Offered by Fairchild, the ROM was a 64 -bit MOS device arranged into 164 -bit words. A 1.024-bit ROM was offered by PhilcoFord a year later. As ROM's increased in density, the term firmware (for software in ROM) soon became popular.

## Enter the microprocessor

In August 1969 Busicom Corporation of Japan commissioned Intel Corporation to design calculator IC's. At that time many of the MOS IC's produced in the United States went into calculators,
and most of those calculators were made in Japan. Busicom wanted a set of IC's that would support a family of calculators, with ROM's used for custom-
izing. Intel's design was approved by Busicom in October 1969 and in June 1971, Intel introduced the 4004 microprocessor family (designed by Federico Faggin, now president of Zilog). The 4-bit 4004 was the first microprocessor; it was built using p-channel MOS technology. and measured $150 \times 110$ mils. Just as the increasing complexity of discrete transistor circuits had seemed to point to the development of the integrated circuit. so too the increasing complexity of some random logic designs now seemed to show the need for a centralized computational/control element. Intel. however. was not alone in producing the "calculator-like" IC"s. Fairchild. American Microsystems. Texas Instruments, Electronic Arrays, Rockwell, and Mostek all had contracts to build the devices. The MOS IC had truly come into its own. Shipments increased in one year from $\$ 15$ million to $\$ 35$ million and by the end of 1970. the total was over $\$ 100$ million. The importance of MOS technology had grown faster than most people in the industry had expected.

Other advances in state-of-the-art IC manufacture accelerated the growth of an already expanding industry. The use of an electron beam to produce the masks used in IC photo-lithography rad-



FIG. 4-THE INTEL 8086, a 16-bit LSI (Large-Scale Integration) microprocessor. Note the difference in density between this chip and the one shown in Fig. 2. (Photo courtesy Intel Corporation.)
ically changed one aspect of IC manufacture, as expensive and bulky ruby lithography equipment was made obsolete. As circuits increased in density and complexity, clean rooms became cleaner still. Doping (the introduction of impurity atoms into the silicon) methods were improved. Ion implantation, accelerating impurity ions into silicon using very high voltages, was a great improvement over thermal diffusion. Ion implantation's initial use was for highdensity memories, with Mostek Corporation being the first to use the method in its IK p-channel dynamic RAM (Ran-dom-Access Memory). With increasingly complex circuits, IC manufacturers relied more on computer modeling programs and computer-assisted design for circuit analysis and mask layout.

The first 8 -bit microprocessor, the 8008, was offered by Intel in sample quantities in early 1972. The price was $\$ 200$. The 8008 could be interfaced to the standard memory products of the time, and with its 14 -bit addressing capability, could address as many as 16,384 bytes. The $125 \times 170$-mil device was being shipped in "kits" (with memory and peripheral IC's) by the spring of 1973. By that time National Semiconductor had demonstrated its generalpurpose controller/processor, a 4-bit microprocessor that could be used to build processors with word lengths of up to 32-bits. Rockwell had also joined the race with its own 4-bit parallel proces-


THESE INTEGRATED CIRCUITS from RCA are housed in "flat packs," one of the first sitandardizec IC cases.
sor. AMI. Signetics, and Western Digital were also developing processors. Everyone seemed to be joining the microprocessor competition.

Intel's 8080 helped usher in the second generation of microprocessors. That n-channel device had four times the addressing capability and about ten times the throughput of the earlier 8008. The designer of the 8080 . Masatoshi Shima, later left Intel to join Zilog where he designed the Z80. Early in 1974, RCA introduced the first CMOS (Complementary MOS) microprocessor the 1802; the TMS 10\%0, Texas Instruments' best-selling 4 -bit microcon-
troller, was also introduced. In March of 1974. Motorola finally took the wraps off its 6800 microprocessor. The 6800 was supported by RAM, ROM, and interfacing IC's, plus Motorola's Exorcisor development system. By the fall of 1975, nearly 40 different microprocessors were available.

## The state of the art

As IC designers took more of a systems approach to their creations, the single-chip microcomputer was developed. The first 8 -bit single-chip microcomputer was Intel's 8048 (although Michael Cochran and Gary Boone of Texas Instruments received the basic patent for the single-chip microcomputer in 1971). Today, there's a new generation of 16 -bit microprocessors: Intel's 8086, Zilog's Z8000, Motorola's 68000, and National Semiconductor's 16000.

The RTL flip-flop introduced in 1961 had four bipolar transistors. Today, a typical 16-bit high-performance microprocessor, such as the 68000 , has 68,000 transistors. The recent introduction of the 64 K RAM marked the beginning of a new phase of IC technology, VLSI (Very Large Scale Integration).

VLSI is still basically in the development stage. In 1978 the U.S. Department of Defense initiated its VHSIC (Very High Speed Integrated Circuit) development program, designed to provide an impetus for VLSI work, with an emphasis on speed. Contracts have already been awarded for the initial phase of the six year, $\$ 210$ million program. Among other things the Federal effort hopes to develop devices with up to 250.000 gates, using circuit features as small as 0.5 micrometer (millionth of a meter). Contrast that with the 13,000 gates and 3.2 micrometer minimum circuit feature of the Motorola 68000.

How best to use VLSI technology is still uncertain, but one thing does seem sure: VLSI will be used to build ever denser memory chips, perhaps with a million bits or more of RAM, and with access times a fraction of that of today's fastest devices. Some say an entire mainframe computer will be possible with a handful of IC's.

Early in the 1970 's. 20 -micrometer line widths were common in IC circuit geometrics. By the mid-1970's those dimensions had been cut in half. As the decade ended, advanced devices with 3 to 4 -micrometer line widths were available. Some say that devices with line widths of less than 1-micrometer will be common by the end of the 1980's.

Some views on the future of IC technology, especially those concerning the future of VLSI, take on an almost Christmas-wish aspect. Nevertheless. considering how far we've come from that first four-transistor flip-flop, the next 20 years could be very interesting indeed!

R-E

IF YOU'RE A REGULAR READER. YOU'VE heard about TVRO stations-special setups used by cable-TV companies and others to receive the four-gigahertz $(4,000 \mathrm{MHz})$ signals from satellites.

One of the most expensive components of a TVRO system is the antenna. The 8 -Ball antenna described here is one of the few that you can build yourself and is relatively inexpensive and easy to align.

With it, and a couple of other special components, you can watch blackedout sporting events, commercial-free movies, and other choice television fare usually available only on cable-TV systems.

What you need in addition to the antenna are an LNA (a special Low-Noise Amplifier to boost the very weak signal picked up by the antenna) and a downconverter to process the $4-\mathrm{GHz}$ TV signal so it can be viewed on an ordinary TV set. You can also purchase a special TV set that has a down-converter built into it if you wish.

Before going any farther, take a minute or two to study the various photographs of the antenna in various stages of assembly. The complete TVRO antenna consists of a 12 -foot

## SATELIITE

 TV ANTENA
## Before you can receive

satellite television, you need
the appropriate antenna.
This inexpensive design can be built
from common materials.
"dish" or reflector that captures the incoming signal and focuses it at the waveguide horn feeding the LNA. This article covers the construction of the dish. The 8-Ball's dish consists of two main sections. One is the steel frame that provides a rigid, durable support fixture. The other is the wood-lattice assembly to which the reflector surface (screen wire) is fastened. An important feature of this type of construction is that it is not necessary to build the heavy metal frame to close tolerances. However, you should keep all the metal ribs within a half inch or so of their intended positions.

The redwood lattice is attached to the frame with adjustable bolts about every two feet vertically and every three feet across. Those bolts allow the lattice (hence the reflector surface) to be adjusted to conform to the precise curve required. When adjusting the antenna, the vertical wood strips should be set to within a sixteenth of an inch of the exact curve

The steel frame (see Fig. 1) consists of three horizontal ribs (HR1, HR2, and HR3) and five vertical ribs (VRI through VR5) plus the rear legs and braces. The frame is made from $1 / 8$-inch thick $11 / 2 \times$
H.D. McCULLOUGH


> NOTE: ALL MATERIAL $1-1 / 2 \times 1-1 / 2 \times 1 / 8 \cdot$ INCH ANGLE IRON.
> VERTICAL RIBS EQUALLY SPACED
> (APPROX. $36^{\prime \prime}$ APART)

FIG. 1-THE METAL FRAME provides a rigid and durable support structure. The only critical factor in its construction is the setting of the angular bend in the three horizontal members.


FIG. 2-THE HORIZONTAL CURVATURE of the 8-Ball reflector is developed by the bend in the horizontal ribs and by horizontal brace as shown in $a$. The five vertical ribs in $b$ all lie on an arc that has a radius of 30 feet.


FIG. 3-THE FIVE VERTICAL LATTICE STRIPS are prepared by drilling holes according to the measurements shown. Three strips are 12 feet long with eight holes; two are 10 feet long with six holes.
$11 / 2$-inch galvanized angle iron. Each horizontal rib is cut through at the center so it can be bent (see Fig. 2-a) and secured with a brace (HB) and end braces (HEB). The angle formed should be approximately 163 degrees. To establish the precise surface curvature with a minimum of final adjustments. the angle must be set very accurately.

A very small error in the location of the bolt holes where the brace and end braces are attached to the horizontal rib will cause a large error at the ends of the rib. Position the rib and braces according to Fig. 2-a and clamp them together with "C" clamps or locking-type pliers. Drill the holes and set the pieces aside temporarily.

When the horizontal brace is properly shaped and bolted. the angle and location of the brace will be such that the five points on each horizontal rib where a vertical rib is attached will lie on a circle with a radius of 30 feet as shown in Fig. 2-b. The procedure just described sets the curve of the frame and, therefore. the reflector surface in a horizontal direction.

## Lattice preparation

There are five vertical lattice strips made of $3 / 4 \times 3$-inch redwood. Two of the strips are 10 feet long. and three are 12 feet long. Prepare them by drilling holes according to the measurements shown in Fig. 3. The strips can be stacked and all drilled at once: or. better yet. drill the three 12 -foot pieces and then the two 10 -foot pieces. The holes will take $1 / 4$ inch bolts so use a $9 / 16$-inch bit: assembly will be easier.

You'll need nineteen 12 -foot pieces of $3 / 4 \times 2$-inch redwood stock for the horizontal ribs. Thirteen of those are used as-is. To get the angles at the corners of the lattice (see Fig.4) cut two other pieces to 11 feet 4 inches, two pieces to 8 feet 10 inches. and two pieces to 6 feet 2 inches. The corner diagonal pieces will be covered later.

To establish the curve in the vertical direction, the five $3 / 4 \times 3$-inch redwood strips will be attached to the vertical steel ribs with adjustable bolts as shown in Figs. 5 and 6. Note that the spacing between the vertical steel rib and the vertical wood strip is identical for all five vertical ribs at any specific distance up or down from the middle horizontal rib. Thus. we see from Fig. 5 that all five vertical strips are touching the steel ribs at their centers. and that 24 inches up and down from center. the space between the wood strip and steel rib is $13 / 16$ inch for all five of the ribs. At 48 inches from each side of center, the spacing is $3^{7 / 32}$ inches. and it is $7 / 4$ inches at 72 inches from center. The combination of the vertical curve formed by properly setting the adjustment bolts and the curve formed by the horizontal ribs will establish a precise reflector surface.

## PARTS LIST

Frame: The following are all $11 / 2 \times 11 / 2-$ inch, $1 / 8$-inch thick galvanized br primed angle iron.

| Part no. | Length | Quantity |
| :---: | ---: | :---: |
| HR1 | 12 ft. | 1 |
| HR2 | 12 ft. | 1 |
| HR3 | 12 ft. | 1 |
| HB | 10 ft. | 3 |
| HEB | 6 in. | 6 |
| VR1 | 9 ft. | 1 |
| VR2 | 12 ft. | 1 |
| VR3 | 12 ft. | 1 |
| VR4 | $12 \mathrm{ft}$. | 1 |
| VR5 | 9 ft. | 1 |
| B1 | $16 \mathrm{in}$. | 4 |
| B2 | $233 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. | 2 |
| BF | $74 \mathrm{in}$. | 1 |
| BR | $104 \mathrm{in}$. | 1 |
| B3 | $32 \mathrm{in}$. | 2 |
| B4 | $59 \mathrm{in}$. | 2 |
| B5 | $30 \mathrm{in}$. | 2 |
| B6 | $30 \mathrm{in}$. | 2 |
| B7 | $83 \mathrm{in}$. | 1 |
| B8 | $92 \mathrm{in}$. | 1 |
| RL | $8 \mathrm{ft}$. | 2 |
| RLX | $4 \mathrm{ft}$. | 2 |

Wood lattice strips (5/8 or $3 / 4$-inch redwood):
Size
$2 \mathrm{in} . \times 12 \mathrm{ft}$.
$3 \mathrm{in}. \times 12 \mathrm{ft}$.
$3 \mathrm{in} . \times 10 \mathrm{ft}$.
Quantity
22
3
2

Bolts ( $1 / 4 \times 20$ thread):

| Length | Quantity |
| :---: | :---: |
| $3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. | 72 |
| 4 in. | 10 |
| 5 in. | 10 |
| $8 \mathrm{in}$. | 10 |
| 12 in. | 6 |

Miscellaneous (quantities in parenthesis):
$1 / 4$-inch nuts (196)
$1 / 4$-inch ID washers (72)
No. 8-11/4-inch brass wood screws (140)
aluminum screen ( 26 inches $\times 75 \mathrm{ft}$., 0.011 in . dia. wire, $1 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. mesh or heavy-duty 0.025 in. dia. wire, $1 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. mesh)
staples (rustproof)
glue
inclinometer
radius wire
anchor bolts (4)
'J" brackets (4)
Note: Some of these items will be called for in Part 2.

## Assembling the frame

Prepare each horizontal rib as shown in Fig. 2 by attaching braces HB and HEB with $3 / 4$-inch bolts

Next. place the three horizontal ribs on blocks and attach the five vertical rihs as shown in Fig. 1 and Fig. 7. Use $3 / 4$-inch bolts. Note that because of the braces. each horizontal rib will have a different number of holes drilled in itso be sure to get the ribs in their proper positions. The top view in Fig. 2-b shows how the vertical ribs are posi-


FIG. 4-THE REDWOOD LATTICE ASSEMBLY
shows the locations of the 36 adjustment bolts.
Those bolts set the curvature in a vertical direc-
tion. The arc of curvature is again 30 feet.


FIG. 5-SIDE VIEW of the top half of one vertical rib with wood lattice attached.

FIG. 6 (right)-DETAIL OF LATTICE ATTACH. MENT showing use of nuts and washers on adjustment bolt.
tioned (note that the bottom of VR3 goes under $B F$ ).

Tighten the nuts only finger tight until all the pieces shown in Fig. 1 are installed and then tighten them securely. Whether assembling the 8 -Ball from a kit. or from scratch, you'll find that some holes may not align perfectly. Make sure that everything is located properly, then align the holes with a tapered punch. Hold the pieces in place with clamping-type pliers while you insert the bolts.



FIG. 7-THE THAEE HORIZONTAL RIBS are supported on blocts while the three main vertical members are attached to the framework.

## Putting it all together

The next step is to assemble the redwood lattice as shown in Fig. 4. Mark all five vertical strips every eight inches (Fig. 8) for ease in positioning and installing the horizontal strips. Start at the
center and work outward-it's a good idea to displace the first mark half the width of a horizontal strip so that you can line up the edge of each $3 / 4 \times 2$ with one of the marks. All 19 horizontal strips are spaced on 8 -inch centers except for


FIG. 8-MARK ALL FIVE VERTICAL STRIPS every eight inches to make installing the horizontal strips easier.


FIG. 9-ADJUSTMENT BOLTS are set for proper spacing between vertical frame rib and wood strip. Here a $71 / 4$-inch spacer aids adjustment at 72 -inch point.

The following are available from McCullough Satellite Systems, PO Box 57, Highway 62-East, Salem, AR 72576: The 12 foot 8-Ball Satellite Television Antenna Kit, $\$ 750.00$. Includes everything except staples and concrete for mounting base. Frame is $11 / 2 \times 11 / 2$-inch angle iron with all pieces cut to fit and drilled. One coat of primer applied. All $5 / 8 \times 2$ and $5 / 8 \times 3$ redwood strips. Aluminum screen is 0.011 inch diameter wire in a $1 / 16$-inch mesh. Add $\$ 60.00$ for heavy-duty mesh, $\$ 50.00$ for extra bracing and $\$ 100.00$ for galvanized frame.

The heavy mesh ( 0.025 inch diameter wire, $1 / 8$-inch mesh) is about $2^{1 / 2}$ times as heavy as the regular mesh and will with stand abuse by hall, ice, etc. much better than the regular mesh. The extra bracing is necessary if you plan to move the antenna about. It makes the framework very rigid.

The 12 -foot 8 -Ball with galvanized frame, heavy mesh and extra bracing is a commercial-grade antenna named "Octasphere" and is available for $\$ 1195.00$. Feed horn (fits LNA with WR-229 Input): Sheet metal with brass flange, $\$ 40.00$ Aluminum $\$ 60.00$. RG-213 cable (loss 25 $\mathrm{dB} / 100$ feet at 4 GHz ), $\$ 0.50$ per foot. FM- 8 cable (loss $13 \mathrm{~dB} / 100$ feet at 4 gHz ), $\$ 0.60$ per foot. Avantek $120^{\circ}$ LNA ( 50 dB gain) \$690.00 including DC block; \$650.00 without DC block. All prices are FOB, Salem, AR.
the very top and bottom strips. Those will be about $3 / 4$-inch closer in.

Now attach the adjustment bolts to the $3 / 4 \times 3$-inch vertical wood strips (except for the adjustment bolts at the ends of the two outermost strips) using the bolt lengths shown in Fig. 5. Note that the 8 - and 12 -inch bolts are actually contimitued on page 78

THERE SEEMS TO BE A CRYING NEED FOR a good, low-cost RF signal generator on the average workbench. However, it appears that this is something that no manufacturer has realized yet. For the most part, you have to make do with an under-\$100 RF generator that is usually kit-built and quite drifty. To compound the problem, the dial accuracy usually leaves something to be desired, and an external frequency counter must be used for calibration whenever high precision is required. The answer is to buy-or most often to lease-a frequency synthesizer when you need a high-performance RF signal-source. But since prices start at about $\$ 3200$, owning one usually isn't too practical!

Enter the Programma-2 RF generator. Now, for less than $1 / 32$ of the cost of a commercial model, you can build an RF
output is rich in harmonics, allowing frequency coverage into higher parts of the spectrum.

Four thumbwheel switches allow you to set the exact frequency you want with ease; there's no squinting at a tightly packed dial. The switches make it easy to return to a specific frequency, and that makes alignment of equipment a lot easier!

Another important feature is a 50 ohm RF output. This low-impedance output allows you to use such accessories as attenuators, which are a must for low-level RF work. You can't use attenuators on conventional RF signal
case, they can be special-ordered, although, since there are two different manufacturers for these parts, finding them may not be as difficult as you think.

Finally, a few words about calibration. Forget about conventional signalgenerator alignment procedures. This unit can be aligned using only the builtin error indicator, and a receiver that can pick up one of the WWV trans-

GARY McCLELLAN

The Programma-2 synthesized RF generator can be built for about $\$ 100$, yet offers many of the same features found on commercial units costing over $\$ 3000$.
generator with many commercial features. You get crystal-controlled accuracy at any frequency you selecttypically $\pm 0.0005 \%$, short term. What that means is that if you set the unit for 30.01 MHz , the output is $30,010,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ $\pm 150 \mathrm{~Hz}$ !

Since the unit is crystal controlled and incorporates a frequency synthesizer, any frequency you select will be locked tightly. The prototype drifts less than 10 Hz from a cold start-in an hour of operation. After that, any drift that occurs is negligible.

As far as features are concerned, this project covers a basic frequency range of 3 to 30 MHz in $10-\mathrm{kHz}$ steps. Flip a switch and you get 300 kHz to 3 MHz in $1-\mathrm{kHz}$ steps. Thus, this RF generator covers the frequencies most often used for IF/RF alignment, and for general experimentation. In addition, its RF
generators, and that makes some tests (like checking sensitivity) very difficult.

Other features include adjustable RF output, switchable AM/CW operation, and an error indicator.

Construction isn't too difficult, despite the device's many features. The electronics are on three PC boards. RCA-type connectors are used to simplify interconnecting the boards and to make adjustments or servicing easier in the future. The boards are all singlesided (most synthesizers require doublesided boards to keep system noise down) and can be easily made (or pur-chased-see Parts List).

All components used in this project have been on the market for at least three years, so you should have few problems in obtaining them. The tuning diodes (D201-D203 on the VCO board) may be difficult to locate. If that is the
mitters. A frequency counter is helpful, but not necessary.

## About the circuit

Let's get acquainted with the Pro-gramma-2 RF generator by taking a look at the circuitry. The boards contain a number of different circuits, and the time spent discussing them should pay off. It's hard to build an advanced project like this without knowing much about it. One thing though: you should have a basic knowledge of how frequency synthesizers work to appreciate this discussion. If you have followed my previous articles on synthesizer-type projects (see the June 1980, July 1980, and October 1980 issues of Radio-Electronics) you should have no problems.
This device is built on three PC boards-VCO, control, and switch (see Fig. 1). The VCO (Voltage-Controlled


FIG. 1-RF SIGNAL GENERATOR consists of three main sections: control board, VCO, and switch decoder.

Oscillator) board contains the RF-generating circuitry, a divider, an ampli-tude-modulation circuit, an RF poweramplifier and a power supply. That sounds like quite a bit, but actually each circuit block is very simple. The whole thing uses seven IC's and 1 transistor

Next comes the control board, which contains $a \div 2$ divider, a programmable divider, a crystal-controlled reference. a phase detector, loop filter, amplifier, and sinewave converter. All that circuitry is compressed into six IC's and I transistor. Isn't IC technology wonderful? It would normally take a big card cage full of boards loaded with discrete components to replace just those small boards!

The last board is the switch board that contains a decoder and switches power to the proper VCO circuit, depending upon frequency.

Let's discuss each board in general and then cover the control board specifically. The other boards will be discussed in greater detail later.

As you can see from Fig. 1, the VCO board contains the RF-generating circuitry. Three separate VCO's are required to cover a frequency range of 3 to 30 MHz because of the limitations of
the tuning diodes used to set the frequency. It is prohibitively expensive today to make a single VCO sweep the entire range; 3 VCO's simplify things and keep the cost down. Following the VCO's, there is a simple divide-by- 10 circuit that reduces the VCO frequencies to values needed by the control board. (Also, the output from the divider provides IF range frequencies, extending the range of this instrument down to 300 KHz )

The RF-output range is selected by the HI-LO switch. From that point, the RF signal goes through an amplitudemodulation circuit, which can add a $500-\mathrm{Hz}$ tone to the signal if desired. The RF is amplified by a single-stage amplifier and goes to the RF-OUTPUT connector. The remaining circuitry on this board is a simple 5 -volt and 15 -volt power supply; the 5 -volts is for onboard circuitry, while the 15 -volts is for the control board.

The control board is an extension of the VCO board. It receives the divideddown signal from the VCO board, and divides it again by 2. This supplies a signal that the programmable divider can handle easily; such devices trade off speed for programmability. The programmable divider divides the input

## PARTS LIST CONTROL BOARD

All resistors $1 / 4$ watt, $5 \%$, unless otherwise noted
R101-R115, R123, R124, R131-100,000 ohms
R116, R119-10,000 ohms*
R117-2200 ohms
R118-47 ohms*
R120-150 ohms*
R121-1 megohm
R122-68,000 ohms
R125, R126-33,000 ohms
R127-100 ohms
R128-5,000 ohms, trimmer potentiometer, horizontal PC-mount
Capacitors
C101-0.001 $\mu \mathrm{F}$, ceramic disc
C102, C103, C114, C115-0.1 $\mu \mathrm{F}, 50$ volts, Mylar*
C104-22 $\mu \mathrm{F}, 16$ volts, tantalum*
C105- $100 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, electrolytic, 16 volts
C106-C108-0.1 F, $\mu^{\dagger} 6$ volts, ceramic disc
C109-100 pF, ceramic disc
C110-220 $\mu \mathrm{F}, 6.3$ volts, electrolytic
C111-5-35 pF trimmer (E.F. Johnson 275-0430-005 or equivalent)
C112-39 pF, mica
C113-68 pF, mica
C116-0.001 $\mu \mathrm{F}, 50$ volts, Mylar

## Semiconductors

IC101-CD4013 dual D flip-flop with set/reset
IC102-CD4059 programmable divide-by-n counter
IC103-CD4046 phase-locked loop
IC104-78L05 five-volt, 100 mA , regulator
IC105-CD4060 14-stage rippled counter
IC106-CA3130AE op amp (RCA)
Q101-2N3906 PNP
Q102-MPS-A13 Darlington, NPN
D101-1N5229 4.3-volt, 500 mW , Zener diode
XTAL $101-2.048 \mathrm{MHz}, 32 \mathrm{pF}$ parallelmode, $\pm 0.005 \%, \mathrm{HC}-33 / \mathrm{U}$ case
S1-S4-BCD thumbwheel switch (C\&K 332110000 or equivalent)
J101-8 pin IC socket
Miscellaneous: PC board, IC sockets, 4 -conductor ribbon cable, wire, solder, etc.

## *Do not substitute

## A complete set of three boards for the

 Programma-1 is available for $\$ 22.00$ ppd. from: Techinico Services, PO Box 20 HC , Orangehurst, Fullerton, CA 92633. CA residents please add 6\% tax; foreign orders please add $\$ 3.00$ for shipping. Order No. SSG-1.A complete set of parts, excluding boards, crystal, transformer and casê, is available for $\$ 112.00$ ppd. from: Circuit Specialists, Inc., PO Box 3047, Scottsdale, AZ 85281. Order No. KT-5. Phone orders (800) 528-1417; all other inquiries (602) 966-0764. AZ residents please add tax.

Crystal (see Parts List) may be obtained from: JAN Crystals, 2400 Crystal Dr., Ft. Myers, FL 33906. (813) 9362397.


FIG. 2-HEART OF THE CONTROL BOARD is a programmable divider, IC102, used to determine the signal generator's output frequency from the switch settings.
frequency by whatever divisor has been set by the frequency switches. and outputs the resulting signal to the phase detector.

Meanwhile, a crystal-controlled clock circuit generates a $500-\mathrm{Hz}$ signal that drives the phase detector. The detector compares the two signals and outputs error information to the filter, which removes any trace of $500-\mathrm{Hz}$ signal. The DC voltage from the filter is fed to the amplifier, which raises it to levels suitable to drive the VCO's. Thus, the synthesizer loop is completed, and can generate RF signals set by the frequency switches. The remaining circuitry is a square-to-sine-wave converter. All it does is convert the $500-\mathrm{Hz}$ clock-circuit pulses into a $500-\mathrm{Hz}$ sinewave that drives the amplitude modulator, giving a clean-sounding tone.
The switch board is another extension of the VCO board. It selects the one of the three VCO circuits that matches the FREQUENCY-SET switch positions. For example, when frequencies between 03.00 and 05.00 are
set on the switches, the $3-5 \mathrm{MHz}$ VCO circuit is selected. Selection of the appropriate VCO is done by decoding the switch postions with a simple CMOS decoder on this board. The appropriate VCO is selected by switching power to it.

## Control board theory

Let's discuss the first board to be built. Refer to the control board schematics, Figs. 2 and 3, for details as you read about it. The board uses CMOS IC's throughout. This type of design is used not only to keep power consumption down, but to minimize noise as well. CMOS logic tends to be a lot less noisy than TTL and the RF signal is cleaner. Besides that, CMOS blocks like the CD4059 programmable divider are far easier to work with than their TTL counterparts!

The circuit is quite straightforward. The divided-down RF signal is fed to the board's div input and drives ICIOI. a CD4013 divide-by-2 flip-flop. The input circuitry, C101 and R101/R102, is
interesting-it acts as a level-translating interface. The signal at the DIV input is TTL level ( 0 - or 5 -volts) and all logic levels on the control board are 0 or 9 -volts. Those components bias the CMOS flip-flop to the point where a TTL signal will drive it. The divided output from the flip-flop drives IC 102 , a CD4059 programmable divider. It divides the input signal by a frequency determined by the settings of the FRE-QUENCY-SET switches, and outputs the result.

Right now, that IC is one of the simplest and most effective (read "foolproof' ') ways of making a programable divider. The output drives IC 103, a CD4046 phase detector. The IC compares the signal from the divider with a $500-\mathrm{Hz}$ reference, and outputs correction pulses to a loop filter that smooths them into a DC voltage. That's the job of C102-C104 and R118-R120. The phase detector also has an output that goes low when the two inputs are unequal. That drives transistor Q101 and lights the ERROR lamp on the front


FIG. 3-PARTIAL SCHEMATIC of the control board, showing connections to $\mathbf{J 1 0 1}$ (to which the switch board connects).

VCO board where it can be used to am-plitude-modulate the RF signal, if desired. Rounding up the circuitry on this board is a simple 9 -volt regulator that uses IC104, a 78 L 055 -volt device. Since 9 -volts is required, D101, an 1 N5229 4.3-volt Zener, is inserted in series with the regulator to raise the voltage to the correct value.

## Construction

The control board foil pattern is shown in Fig. 4. (A complete set of all three PC boards is available for those who do not wish to make their own. See Parts List.) Do not attempt to use point-to-point wiring techniques-the result will be a noisy RF signal.

A few tips on the quality of parts you use should be mentioned. When it


FIG. 4-FOIL PATTERN for the control board. Prepared boards are available-see Parts List.


FRONT PANEL of the completed Programma-2 synthesized RF generator. Its layout gives the unit a professional appearance.
panel. The user can easily tell if the instrument is putting out the right frequency or not.

The loop filter's output drives IC 106 , a CA3130 op-amp. That device is used to increase the voltage from the loop filter so that it can drive the tuning diodes on the VCO board. It's just a noninverting amplifier with a gain of 2.2.

The $500-\mathrm{Hz}$ reference signal is generated by IC105, a CD4060 oscillator/ divider circuit. That IC has a Pierce crystal-oscillator that works with

XTAL101 to produce a $2.048-\mathrm{MHz}$ signal. The signal is divided down to 500 Hz by a set of binary dividers. The $500-$ Hz output serves as the phase-detector reference, as outlined earlier, and generates clock pulses for the square-to-sine-wave converter.

Capacitor C114 and resistor R122 integrate the squarewave into a rough triangle wave that is then filtered into a smooth sinewave by the Q102 circuitry. The output, which appears at the MOD terminals, goes back to the
comes to substitutions, this project will tolerate some departure from the values called out. However, it isn't a good idea to make substitutions for the parts marked with an asterisk in the Parts List. Most of those components are in the loop filter, and deviations in value or quality will affect performance. Be sure you use Mylar capacitors where specified (those green capacitors often found in transistor radios). Also be sure to use tantalums where called for; other types may be too leaky and that will make the RF signal noisy. Be sure to get top quality parts and the instrument should give excellent performance and long life.

You may want to order the 2.048 MHz crystal right away. Generally, such crystals are made to order, and it takes about a month to get them. Give the supplier the specifications for XTAL101, and you should have one shortly. Price? About $\$ 5.00$.

Next month. we'll finish building the Programma-2's control board and show you how to connect the unit's front panel FREQUENCY-SET switches to the board.

R-E

## FRED BLECHMAN and DAVID McDONALD

It's said that "music hath charms to soothe
the savage beast." Build this musical horn for your
car and find out whether that's true during rush hour.

THE FIRST AUTOMOBILES. TRAVELING AT the breathtaking speed of 15 miles per hour, used warning horns operated by squeezing a large rubber bulb to force air through an orifice. As the car evolved so did the horn, going through the "aah-oog-aah" mechanical contraption to the standard electronically-operateddiaphragm horn that has been in use for years. Now you can move into the space age by building your own electronic musical horn for under $\$ 35$.

The Musical Horn is designed for 12 volt vehicles and uses digital integrated circuits and programmable read-only memories (PROM's) to generate virtually any desired tune. depending on the PROM's installed. Pre-programmed PROM's are available for several tunes (see parts list). The popular "La Cucaracha" is described in detail here.

## How it works

You don't have to understand how the Musical Horn works to use it. The discussion that follows is expressed in lay terms for the electronics-oriented non-musician, to describe how the digi-
tal circuitry creates the musical notes.
Music is composed of sound of specifically related frequencies (notes) that are sustained for particular durations (beats). Consequently, if we can generate those frequencies in proper relationship to each other, and provide a means to control their duration, we can make music!

## The musical scale

There are several different musical scales (tone-series with specific frequency relationships) in use throughout the world. In the United States, the standard scale is the Equally Tempered Chromatic Scale, using the American Standard pitch of $A=440 \mathrm{~Hz}$. By definition, the frequency of each note is exactly $2^{1 / 12}$ (two-raised-to-the- $1 / 12$ th-power or 1.0594631 ) times the preceding note. This is most easily shown on a piano keyboard, a section of which is illustrated in Fig. 1 with the frequency of each key. The circled numbers are reference numbers for use later.

Our challenge is to generate electronically a range of specifically related fre-
quencies. Obviously, separate oscillators could be used-a very expensive and complicated approach. Or, we could have a single master oscillator and provide numerous "taps"-using resistors or capacitors-to generate each note. That approach is used in many inexpensive toy electronic organs. We're going to do it digitally, though. and without a keyboard.

The approach used here is shown in block-diagram form in Fig. 2. Twelvevolt car-battery power is regulated to supply 5 -volts to all IC's. A variable low-speed clock triggers an 8 -bit upcounter that is initially set to zero when power is applied. The counter's binary output sequentially addresses a 256 -location "song" PROM. Each location contains a 4-bit binary code that defines which of 16 possible notes should be generated at that moment.

The 4-bit binary code that appears on the output of this PROM is the "note command" code, and is directed to one set of inputs of a data comparator. Meanwhile, a variable high-speed clock strobes another 8-bit up-counter whose


FIG. 1-1 $1 / 2$ OCTAVES on a piano-style keyboard. Circled numbers refer to values contained in the tone-generation program.


FIG. 2-HEART OF THE MUSICAL HORN is the data comparator, which determines when, and for how long, each tone will sound.


FIG. 3-SONG PROGRAM for "La Cucaracha." Program starts at upper left. Dots represent logichighs; blanks, logic-lows.
binary output sequentially addresses a "tone" PROM with 256 locations. Certain specific addresses in this PROM contain a 4-bit code that corresponds to one of 15 possible tones, or a space (no tone). At these specific note locations. the 4 -bit code for the desired note appears at the PROM's output, and is di-
rected to the other set of data-comparator inputs.

When the two data comparator inputs correspond exactly, the comparator outputs a pulse to a flip-flop used as a delay element and wave-shaper. The output of the delay portion of the flipflop passes the pulse back to the high-
speed 8 -bit counter and resets it to zero. The second section of the flip-flop changes the pulse to a square wave at one-half of the pulse frequency. The square wave is then amplified and fed to a speaker. The transistor amplifier is operated directly from the 12 -volt supply.

What all this amounts to is that the low-speed clock and song PROM determine the specific notes and duration. while the high-speed clock and tone PROM generate each desired note by counting the number of cycles to reach an addressed memory location. This will become clearer as we go through the circuit in detail.

## How it works

Figure 4 is the schematic of the horn. A 555 astable multivibrator. IC1, with C1. C2. R1, R2. and R3. generates pulses at pin 3. Their frequency is determined by the setting of R1, the TUNESPEED control. It takes 256 pulses for an entire tune, and you can control how fast the complete tune plays by setting RI-from very slow ( 27 seconds) to very fast ( 2.3 seconds).
Two 7493's. IC4 and IC5, are cascaded to form an 8 -bit counter. The pulses from ICl clock IC4, a divide-by16 binary counter. The Q9. Q1, Q2 and Q3 outputs go to IC8 to address the least-significant four bits, AD, A1, A2, and A3 of the 8 -bit input. The Q3 output of IC4 (every 16th pulse) also clocks IC5. another divide-by-16 counter. whose Q) Q1. Q2 and Q3 outputs form the most-significant four bits-A4, A5. A6. A7-to complete the addressing to IC8. Wherever power is applied (switch S1 held closed) IC2 puts out a momentary logic-high pulse at output Q . which resets both IC4 and IC5 to zero. Now each clock pulse from Q of IC1 causes the address to IC8 to advance by one location. from zero to 255 . The outputs of IC8. data lines D 4 . D1. D2 and D3. are inputs to data comparator IC10 at A0. A1. A2 and A3

## The song program

Looking back at Figure 1, notice that most keys have a circled number indicated, as well as a frequency. The circled number is a decimal number from 1 to 15 to represent that particular note. Zero is no note-that is, silence. Not all the keys are numbered, since the 4 -bit binary code used in programming these numbers only allows for $\emptyset$ - 15 in decimal.
The number 5 . for example, represents middle C $(26 \mathrm{I} .63 \mathrm{~Hz})$. Now look at Fig. 3, the actual programming of IC8 for "La Cucaracha". Start at the lower left corner. The first horizontal row is memory address $\emptyset$. Each row shows four vertical columns. Each column has a decimal value, going from left to right, of $8,4,2$ and 1 . You may recognize this as a binary sequence, or a 4 -bit binary code. A black dot in a column signifies a


FIG．4－MUSICAL HORN SCHEMATIC．Transistor Q2，a 2N301，is a special germanium type－do not attempt to use a silicon－type in its place．

Resistors $1 / 4$－watt， $5 \%$ unless otherwise specified
R1－100，000 ohms，potentiometer
R2．R7－10，000 ohms
R3－1000 ohms
R4－100，000 ohms
R5－ 500 ohms，potentiometer
R6，R9－ 100 ohms
R8－ 330 ohms
R10－see Table 1

## Capacitors

C1－ $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ，electrolytic
C2，C4，C5－0．01 $\mu \mathrm{F}$ ，ceramic disc
C3－ $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ．ceramic disc
C6－10 $\mu \mathrm{F}$ ，electrolytic

## PARTS LIST

## Semiconductors

IC1－IC3－555 timer
IC4－IC7－7493 4－bit binary counter
IC8，IC9－N82S129 or equivalent $256 \times 4$－ bit PROM（see below）
IC10－7485 4－bit magnitude comparator
IC11－7473 dual JK master／slave flip－flop
IC12－LM309K，LM340K or 7805 K 5 －volt regulator
Q1－2N3904 or similar
Q2－2N301
D1，D2－1N4003， 200 PIV
S1－N．O．momentary pushbutton switch
Miscellaneous：PC board， 8 －ohm speaker or horn，IC sockets，hardware，etc．

NOTE：The following are available from PPG Electronics，Dept．RE， 14663 Lanark St．，Van Nuys，CA 91402：Complete kit including PC board and all parts except case and IC8（No．1082），$\$ 39.95$ ；PC board only（No．782），\＄11．95；IC9 tone PROM （PPG－0），\＄6．95；IC8 song PROM（＂Cuca－ racha＂：＇PPG－1，＂Dixie＂：PPG－2，＂Charge＂： PPG－3），\＄6．95 each；2N301 output tran－ sistor，$\$ 1.99$ ．Add $\$ 2.00$ shipping \＆han－ dling for orders within U．S．CA residents please add $6 \%$ tax．
＂ 1 ＂or logic－high output；a blank indi－ cates a＂＂or logic－low output．The ＂ 1 ＂column corresponds to data line $D$（ of IC8；the＂ 2 ＂column controls data line D1；＂ 4 ＂controls D2，and＂ 8 ＂de－ termines the output at D3．Putting all that together，the black dots for each row（memory address）of IC8 determine the logic states of the four data－output lines．When IC4 and IC5 input an ad－ dress to IC8，what they do in effect is to look at the contents of that address and
set the output data lines to the corre－ sponding logic levels．

Confused？Well，another sketch（Fig． 5）and some examples will help．The musical notation shown in Fig． 5 is non－ conventional in some respects，but more easily understood by non－musical readers．A＂solid＂note with a stem is ！ beat，which occupies four memory ad－ dresses in the song IC（IC8）．An ＂empty＂note with a stem is 2 beats， and needs 8 memory addresses．The
legend shows the other symbols and the number or beats associated with them． Each note is shown conventionally on the staff； C is shown one line below the staff，for example．The numbers above the staff represent beats－a total of 64 for the entire tune．（ 64 beats times 4 addresses per beat equals the total of 256 addresses in IC8）．

Looking at Fig． 3 again，we see that address（binary from IC4 and IC5）contains a black dot in only the
" 2 " column. This means that the 4 -bit binary code for 2 ( $\emptyset \emptyset 1 \emptyset$ ) will appear at the output data lines of IC8. The number " 2 " corresponds here to the note " $G$ " (below " C ") in Fig. 1 and is also the first note shown in Fig. 5, with a duration of 1 beat. Remember, 1 beat takes 4 memory locations in the song chip. However, the end of each note is cut off one-quarter beat short to signify the end of that note, so only address locations $\$ 1$, and 2 are programmed with a " 2 ". Location 3 is blank-silence. Locations 4, 5, and 6 and then 8,9 , and 10 also hold a " 2 " in memory. This means that, so far, three distinct " $G$ " notes have been commanded, each with a single beat duration (beats 1,2 and 3 ), just as shown in Fig. 5.

The next note we want is a " $C$ " for beats 4,5 , and 6 . That begins at IC8 memory address 12 (binary input from IC4 of $110 \emptyset$ and from IC5 of 90 . Here, black dots are in columns 4 and 1, for a binary output from IC8 of $\emptyset 101$, decimal " 5 ." This corresponds to " C " in Fig. 1. The note duration continues through IC8 address 22, followed by a zero at address 23 to cut off the note after 3 beats. Addresses 24 through 30 play the note " $E$ " (decimal " 7 "' in Fig. 1) for 2 beats as shown by the Fig. 5 score. "Rests," such as beats 18 thru 21, are simply blank memory locations for that duration.

The tune program continues through address 255 and then starts again at 0 .

## Tone generation

So far, IC8 has defined the note and duration commands, but how do the notes actually get generated? Refer back to the schematic (Fig. 3).

Another 555, IC3, with capacitor C5 and resistors R5, R6, and R7, generates pulses at pin 3 at a frequency determined by the setting of PITCH potentiometer R5. Those pulses are from 500 to 1000 times faster than the tune-speed pulses from IC1. The IC3 pulses clock binary counter IC6, which cause IC6 and IC7-another pair of 7493's--to upcount in the same manner as described earlier for IC4 and IC5. The 4-bit binary outputs of IC6 (least-significant bits) and IC7 (most-significant bits) form an 8-bit address word for IC9, another 256 $\times 4$ PROM. That PROM is specially programmed to generate tones. Figure 6 shows the memory locations for each note in IC9. Here's how a tone is generated:

As IC6 and IC7 count upwards at the frequency generated by IC3, the output of IC9 at each count is that contained by the memory location addressed at that instant. That output is fed from data lines D0, D1, D2, and D3 to the B $0, B 1$, B2, and B3 inputs of IC10, a 7485 data comparator. Remember that the binary output of IC8 at that point is being fed to the "A" inputs of IC 10 , which is looking for an exact match at its " $A$ " and " $B$ "




$$
\begin{array}{lllllllllllllll}
\text { BEAT } & \rightarrow 50 & 51 & 52 & 53 & 54 & 55 & 56 & 57 & 58 & 59 & 60 & 61 & 62 & 63 \\
64
\end{array}
$$



FIG. 5-SIMPLIFIED SCORE for "La Cucaracha." Horizontal rectangles represent "rests"-periods when no music is played.


FIG. 6-TONE GENERATOR program. Start reading at upper left. The lower the number assigned to a note, the lower its frequency (see text).
inputs. Only when the " $A$ " and " $B$ " inputs of IC10 are identical does IC10 generate a logic-high output at pin 6. As IC6 and IC7 address the memory locations of IC9, most locations are "blank." (all zeros). Finally, at decimal address 89 the binary number 1011 appears (decimal 11 or musical note " $B$ "' in Fig. 1). This is, at that moment, the " $B$ " input to IC10. If the " $A$ " input also has this same input (1011) then pin 6 of IC10 goes high, and IC6 and IC7 are reset to zero by a pulse from pin 12 of IC11-a. If, however, the " $A$ " input is not 1011 , but
instead is the command for a different note, then IC6 and IC7 keep counting upward. Decimal address 94 contains the binary code 1110 (decimal 14), which would be the next lower frequency musical note, "A\#," in Fig. 1.

We'll finish discussing how the Musical Horn generates tones when we conclude this article next month. We'll also give you some pointers that will help make building and troubleshooting the circuit much easier. After all that's done, we'll show you how to mount the Musical Horn in your car.

## BUILD THIS

Part 3BEFORE YOUR COMputer can communicate using the modem you've constructed, it has to be programmed to behave like a terminal. Let's take a close look at the software that's needed.

## A terminal emulator

Here is a very simple terminal emulator. You should be able to fit this small software package into a comer of PROM if you wish. It is simple enough for most novices to be able to adapt it to their particular situations quickly. While by no means sophisticated, it is an excellent tool for beçoming familiar with timesharing systems and with the hardware and software treatment of serial communications. We will present it in machine language but most users will be able to program the same routines in BASIC.

The fundamental concern in the package is to use existing software whenever
possible. Thus we assume that a command nterpreter and parameter-parser (the parser evaluates an expression such as " $\mathrm{n}=\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b} \times \mathrm{c}$ ", determines what ope a-ions are to be performed in what sequence, and provides the proper instructions to the microprocessor) are a valable elsewhere in the system-for example in the operating system or the morito: That not only shortens developmert time and eases the patching to machine-dependent $1 / O$ devices, it also allow the finished product to become an integrated part of the existing software. The user may simply issue a command rather than have to load a subsystem, transier control to it, and then, finally, issue that command.

The serminal-emulator software uses nine :wo-letter commands. Eight of those, shown in the flowchart in Fig. 16, select various options. The ninth (see Fig. 17, invokes (calls into action) the
emulator itself. A glossary is provided to clarify terms used in the description that follows that may not be familiar to you.

The baud rate is set by the command "SS nnnn" where "SS" instructs the software to set the baud rate and "nnnn". is a hex number corresponding to the divisor that will derive the correct baud rate from the baud-rate generator. The commands " S 1 " and "S2" select one or two stop-bit formats, respectively. The recognition character is set by the command "RC $n$ " where "RC" tells the program that the recognition character is about to be set, and " $n$ " is the hex value of that character. Odd or even parity is set by "PO" or "PE" and, finally, the echo source (remote or local) is set by "RE" or "LE."
These few commands may be more than you need. The baud rate, for instance, is probably already controllable by your hardware or software. The source



FIG. 16-EIGHT OF THE NINE two-letter commands used in the terminal emulator select the options.


FIG. 17-A MAIN POLLING LOOP, a TX data loop, and an RX data loop comprise the terminal emulator. The command "TE" invokes the emulator.
of the echo may also be controllable, if not locally, then by issuing a command to the "answer" station. Most users will prefer to run at 300 baud all the time. which usually implies sending only one stop bit. Finally, we have never encountered an installation using odd parity. Thus you may want to set those options in the emulator permanently and implement only TE.

The terminal-emulator program supplied in assembly language in Table 2 should run on most 8080 and $\mathrm{Z80}$ systems (ours uses an 8080). The program assumes that certain subroutines, or their equivalents, are included in your computer's monitor. Those subroutines are described in Table 3

To eliminate some machine-dependence, and to illustrate a useful pro-
gramming technique, parity is set by the software, rather than the UART, although most UART's are capable of performing this function themselves. We have included a test in the receive data-path to eliminate the nulls often sent as line-feed delays. That is a peculiarity necessary for the correct operation of our own teletype simulator. If you need that, you may also find that you need to expand it to test for and ignore other such characters, notably the ASCII "DEL" (7F hex).

In order to make the emulator as transparent to the user as possible, it retains control until the ASCII character "ESC" (1B hex) is typed. If you don't have that character on your keyboard. you will need to select a replacement. Choose it carefully. You want to avoid conflicts with other special-meaning characters. not only those used by your system. but also those used by the "answer" station.

The package is really just a collection of short subroutines to be called by your command interpreter. That means that the exact command syntax is determined by the command syntax you now use. You must avoid conflicts among the new commands and your existing command vocabulary.

Each command routine begins by pushing the command interpreter's starting address onto the stack. That allows a RETURN statement to send control back to the interpreter. Figure 18 shows a simplified flowchart of the typical interpreter to help you in understanding and identifying the routine involved. In that illustration, parameters are not parsed and assigned values until needed by the "action" routine.

The emulator shown in Fig. 17 may be broken down into five units. The main loop has only four steps. It polls first the keyboard and then the serial-input port. If data is available at either source, an appropriate service path (either RX DATA LOOP or TX DATA LOOP) is invoked. Those two paths are the two largest units in the routine. Finally there is a short exit path and an initializationentry path.

In adapting those routines to your machine, the first step is to study the hardware. Get your manuals, tind the data sheets on your UART and baud-rate generator IC's. and study the I/O drivers in your computer's software.

In investigating the baud-rate generator you must determine if it has a control register and, if so, how to select the appropriate mode of operation. You must learn the address of the control register and determine whether the baud-rate generator requires any initialization or clearing procedure.

You must identify the address of the baud-rate generator's data register. Most of those data registers will accept two bytes of data that may or may not be


TABLE 2 (continued)

| S2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { STA } \\ & \text { RET } \end{aligned}$ | FORMAT |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MVI | A.CW2 | LOAD TWO STOP BIT CONTROL WORD |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { STA } \\ & \text { RET } \end{aligned}$ | FORMAT |  |

written to the same address. You will also need to know which byte (least-or most-significant) should be written first. Also, find out if any special control word must be written to set up for the data-write.

Finally, you must know the frequency of the clock signal input to the baud-rate generator. Your baud rate will be determined by dividing that frequency by the number written to the baud-rate generator's data register.

Study the UART's control register until you understand how to select the transmission format specified in the listing in Table 2. You must know which bit of the UART's status register reflects "data ready" (and whether it is active high or active low-we assume active high in our routines). Again you will

FIG. 18-PARAMETERS ARE NOT PARSED and assigned values until needed by the "action routine" in this command interpreter.


## TABLE 3

COMMAND INTERPRETER-This routine collects lines of input of the form 'COMMAND parameter parameter....parameter.' It identifies the command portion and compares it to a table of valid commands. If a match is found in the table, control is transferred to a routine located at an address retrieved from the appropriate table entry. Before the transfer of control, the command interpreter inserts its own address on the top of the stack so that the selected action routine may be exited with a normal return.

PARAM-This routine returns the value of the next command line parameter in the HL registers. Recognizes both hexadecimal numbers and ASCII literals.

TTY-This is the local output device driver. In this package it simulates a teletype on a CRT. Requirements are that it accept its input in the accumulator and that the data remain in the accumulator at exit.

KYSTS-Local input routine. Checks the status of the keyboard. On "data ready" condition, returns the data in the accumulator with the zero flag cleared. On "data not ready", returns with zero-flag set.

SRSTS-Local serial-input routine. Checks the UART status' register for a "data ready" indication. Like the above routine, any received data is returned in the accumulator with the zero-flag cleared. When there is no data ready, return is with the zero-flag set.

SROUT-Local serial-output routine. This routine outputs the contents of the accumulator to the serial port. Contents of the accumulator are unchanged at exit.
need the correct addresses for the control register, the status register, the "transmit data" register, and the "receive data" register. Note that there are sometimes separate status words for the transmit and receive status-registers.

Once you have collected that information, you are ready to write some "best guess" I/O drivers. Those are SRSTS, KYSTS, SROUT in Table 3. I suggest that until you are more familiar with the workings of serial communications you try to ignore error-and paritychecking. Don't get involved with them unless they're absolutely necessary to clear your UART.

When you have those routines written (see the end of Table 2 for a sample), set them up as an endless loop to test them. That will allow you to view the TX DATA output on a triggered scope. Similarly, a function generator may be used at the input to generate garbage to check the receive function. If you get a receive-indication constantly, even without an input signal, you have probably guessed wrong about the active state or position of the data-ready status flag.

Having mastered the above, you are ready to attempt to integrate the routines into your software. Your first task is to identify the command interpreter
and parameter parser. The command table should be obvious because of its list of ASCII commands. A few monitors however, tokenize (translate into a kind of shorthand) their commands before looking them up. In that case the table is just more numbers. If you don't have an assembly-language listing, your user's manual-or a local computer club-may be able to help you.

The command interpreter can be found by following the program flow from the start. It will be one of the first routines encountered. A tipoff is that it almost always ends with the mnemonic PCHL.
To find the parameter parser, read through the action routines of commands that require an argument, "DUMP nnnn'" (where "nnnn'" is a memory address), for example. If a version of PARAM is not called in those action routines, then suspect that all parsing is done before the command is invoked. Go back to the code that fills the input buffer and trace its path. In that approach, the arguments will be valued and stored in fixed memory locations immediately after the input buffer is filled. If you can spot the memory locations, you can simply load the values you need directly from them instead of calling PARAM.


> New frontier for experiments. Solid-state devices let you explore the 1 GHz region and beyond.

JOSEPH J. CARR

Part 2USING SOLID-STATE DEvices to generate microwave signals required solving some complex problems. This month we'll continue our look at the development of those devices.

## Gunn oscillators

The Gunn device will oscillate in the transit-time mode using only a simple resistance for the load. The efficiency in that mode, however, is only one- to five-percent, so relatively large amounts of DC power are required to generate small amounts of RF power.

If we place the Gunn device inside a resonant cavity, and bias the device for the delayed transit-time mode, then we will obtain better efficiency and some flexibility of the operating frequency.

Figures 8 and 9 show two methods for mounting a Gunn device inside a resonant cavity. Figure 8 shows a cutaway view of a coaxial cavity. The cavity is one-half of a wavelength long, while the base of the Gunn device is placed at the one-eighth wavelength point. A conductive "dowel" supports the Gunn device and connects it to the ends of the cavity; the dowel is also the center conductor of the coaxial cavity.

A tuning screw is used to vary the operating frequency of the device. It effectively changes the dimensions of the cavity, and can fine tune the operating frequency over a small range.

The oscillations on the inside of the
cavity are coupled to the outside world through a short coupling loop that is situated parallel to the dowel center conductor. The load impedance of the Gunn device is set by the position of the coupling loop, and is adjusted for the best compromise between the stability of the operating frequency and the maximum output power.
While simple, the coaxial cavity suffers from a few basic problems. It is a low-Q tank, and is sensitive to factors such as temperature and load impedance variations. The Gunn device in a coaxial cavity may also tend to oscillate on a


FIG. 8-CUTAWAY VIEW of a coaxial cavity. The cavity is half a waveiength long and the base of the Gunn device is placed at the one-eighth-wavelength point.
harmonic of the tank frequency.
A rectangular waveguide can also be used as a tuned cavity if one end is blocked off and the Gunn device is placed at the one-eighth wavelength point as shown in Fig. 9. The DC bias is provided to the Gunn device through an RF choke that is designed to block the microwave RF.
The dimensions of the cavity are determined by the placement of a partition. Energy from the cavity is coupled into the waveguide-transmission line through an opening called an iris. The size of that iris is a trade-off between


FIG. 9-RECTANGULAR WAVEGUIDE used as à tuned cavity. The DC bias is provided to the Gunn device through an RF choke designed for microwave use.


FIG. 10-THE CURRENT-VERSUS-VOLTAGE curve for a PN junction diode. Note the high reverse current when the voltage exceeds the avalanche point, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Z}}$.
maximum output power and a sensitivity to changes in the load and internal impedances of the Gunn device.

## IMPATT devices

The IMPATT (IMPact Avalanche Transit Time) diode was proposed in 1953 by W.T. Read of Bell Laboratories. Read's suggestion was that the phase delay in a PN junction diode between an applied RF voltage and an avalanching current could be used for negative resistance operation at microwave frequencies. In Read's model diode, carriers drifting through a depletion region cause the negative resistance. Fabrication difficulties prevented the construction of a working Read diode until the mid-60's. In 1965, however, R.J. Johnson of Bell Labs verified the validity of Read's model when he generated approximately 80 milliwatts of RF energy at 12 GHz from a silicon PN junction diode. Read's diode depends upon impact avalanche and transit-time phe-
nomena, so was given the acronym IMPATT. It has now been recognized that Read's structure is just one of several that will result in IMPATT operation.

Figure 10 shows the current-vs-voltage curve for a PN-junction diode. For our present purposes we will consider only operation in the reverse-bias region, i.e., the region in which $V$ is less than zero. There is a critical breakdown voltage $V_{Z}$ in the reverse bias region. At reverse potentials less than this value, the current through the PN junction is a very small leakage current. But the current suddenly increases when the voltage exceeds $V_{Z}$ : the junction is operating in avalanche. The increased current is due to secondary emission or avalanche multiplication, in which electrons of the leakage current have a high probability of colliding with other electrons. The result is a very rapid increase in reverse current. In ordinary signal or rectifier diodes, the avalanche phenomenon can be destructive. Certain types of diodes, however, are able to control the avalanche process by using properly doped semiconductor material. Zener diodes and controlled avalanche rectifiers are in that category.

Consider the IMPATT diode structue shown in Fig. 11. The PN junction of interest is on the left side of the structure. Note that the right hand contains an $n-n^{+}$junction. The $n^{+}$region forms a contact of low resistivity for the electrode, and prevents metallic ion migration (much as in the Gunn structure) into the active region.

The center region is made up of n-type material and is the active zone. That active region must be doped to the extent that it is fully depleted at breakdown. We want to insure that a very


FIG. 11-IMPATT DIODE structure. Electrons generated in the avalanche zone will flow into the drift zone of the n-region.
small electrical field will cause velocity saturation of the electrons.

The electrons generated in the avalanche zone of the IMPATT diode shown in Fig. 11 will flow into the drift zone of the $n$-region. It takes very little added voltage to cause a large increase in current in that mode.

Let's consider a situation where an IMPATT device is biased to a potential just below $V_{Z}$; i.e., in the reverse-bias region but not quite to the avalanche point. We must select such a bias that a small added potential will throw the device into the avalanche region. Let us further assume that the IMPATT device is operated in parallel with a high$Q$ resonant tank circuit (i.e., the IMPATT device is operated inside of a resonant cavity). The reverse-biased PN junction will create a noise signal that shock-excites the tank circuit into oscillation. The RF voltage produced by the resonant tank is added to the bias voltage, causing the diode to go into the avalanche mode on positive peaks of the cycle.

The number of electrons generated by avalanche multiplication is a function of the applied voltage (Fig. 12-a) and the number of charge carriers present. Because of that dual dependence, the avalanche current pulse (Fig. 12-b) continues to increase even after the RF voltage cycle has passed its peak. During that process the charge density at the avalanche point grows exponentially while the avalanche charge current (Fig. 12-c) drifts toward the other end of the drift zone.

Does the IMPATT produce negative resistance? Note that the current reaches a peak (Fig. 12-c) as the sinewave RF voltage goes through its zero crossing point (Fig. 12-a); a 90-degree delay with respect to the voltage peak. The criterion for negative resistance is a phase difference of 90 degrees or more between the applied voltage and the series current, so we may conclude that the IMPATT is a negative-resistance device.

The pulse current in the external tank circuit (Fig. 12-d) is semi-square and represents a current lag over applied voltage of more than 90 degrees. Those two factors are shown together in Fig.


FIG. 12-AVALANCHE CURRENT pulse (b) continues to increase even after the RF voltage cycle has reached its peak (a).


FIG. 13-THE PULSE CURRENT in the external tank circuit is a semi-squarewave and lags the applied voltage by more than 90 degrees.


FIG. 14 -DOUBLE-DRIFT IMPATT device. In this device the avalanche region brackets the PN junction.
13. Two factors combine to cause the positive external current during the negative excursions of the RF waveform: the time delay of the avalanche process and the drift time of the avalanche charge. Instead of absorbing
energy, in the manner of a positive, or ohmric, resistance, the IMPATT offers a negative resistance.

The IMPATT device just described is known as a single-drift device. But an avalanching PN junction produces both kinds of charge carriers; i.e., holes and electrons. The single-drift IMPATT uses only the electrons, and returns the holes to the cathode p-region. That fact limits the efficiency of the single-drift devices to less than 15 percent.

Greater efficiency is obtained through the use of a double-drift IMPATT device, such as shown in Fig. 14. That is a $p^{+}-p-n-n^{+}$structure in which the avalanche region brackets the PN junction. The $p^{+}$zone serves as an ohmic contact for hole charge-carriers, while the $\mathrm{n}^{+}$ region serves the same purpose for electrons. The output efficiency is increased over that of the single-drift variety because the holes drift across the p-zone very nearly in phase with the electrons drifting across the $n$-zone.

## IMPATT applications

The previous discussion has demonstrated that the IMPATT device will function as an oscillator at microwave frequencies. If an IMPATT is placed inside of a high-Q resonant cavity, and biased with a DC potential slightly below the avalanche potential, then noise pulses will ring the cavity to produce the RF sinewave that actually drives the junction into the IMPATT mode of oscillation. IMPATT operation occurs because the voltage of the ringing waveform (an RF signal) adds algebraically with the DC bias, causing the junction to go into the avalanche mode on peaks of the RF cycle. If the device is correctly biased, then, the junction will be in the avalanche condition for most of the positive half of the RF sinewave excursion
Although the IMPATT device is an oscillator that is capable of producing substantial peak-pulse powers at microwave frequencies, it is not universally applied because it is a noisy source (avalanching is a noisy process). For that reason, one does not ordinarily see IMPATT's as receiver local oscillators.
IMPATT's are used primarily at frequencies above 3 or 4 GHz , with frequencies up to 100 GHz having been obtained. Many high-power IMPATT's require operating potentials between 75 and 150 volts DC; a fact seen as a disadvantage by some. Also, IMPATT's are usually operated from constant-current power supplies, also a disadvantage.
The applications of the IMPATT are not limited to oscillator service. There is one report of IMPATT's being used as microwave frequency multipliers. Many IMPATT's are used as amplifiers. In fact, it has been claimed that most IMPATT applications are as amplifiers, not as oscillators. IMPATT amplifiers


FIG. 15-IMPATT AMPLIFIERS have just one port and must be coupled to a circulator.
have only one port, so must be coupled to a circulator to isolate input and output ports of the amplifier as shown in Fig. 15. That type of amplifier is called a reflection amplifier.

## TRAPATT diodes

IMPATT diodes are generally limited to operation at frequencies above 3 or 4 GHz . The problem of lower operating frequencies is one of finding a method for stretching the duration of the transit time. Until 1967, it had proven difficult to use solid-state devices to generate any significant amount of power in the $1-\mathrm{GHz}$ region. In 1967, however, engineers working for RCA succeeded in exciting an IMPATT-like device into a different mode of operation. One set of trials produced pulse powers of 425 watts with an efficiency of 25 percent. Further work with that new mode yielded efficiencies up to 60 percent, with later work producing efficiencies as high as 75 percent. Tuned tank circuits developed at RCA in that era permitted a tuning range that was continuous over 0.9 to 1.5 GHz .

It appeared that the problem of increasing the transit time had been solved, but no one really knew why! At the time the basic work on the TRAPATT device was going on there was no good theory that explained the observed behavior. Workers at RCA dubbed the new mode the anomalous mode, perhaps reflecting the fact that they had no theory of operation.

At least two different theories were advanced to explain the behavior of the anomalous mode. Bell Laboratories advanced the theory that the high efficiency and lowered frequency of operation was explained by the fact that a trapped plasma was created in the device between sweeps of the IMPATT mode of operation. The theory held that the trapped plasma shielded the charge carriers from the external voltage field, causing them to drift out of the plasma at low velocity. That theory led to the acronym by which the device is now known: TRAPATT (TRApped Plasma Avalanche Transit Time).

Next month we'll finish discussing the TRAPITT diode and show you how it and the IMPATT are related. We'll conclude this three-part series with a look at the BARITT device. R-E

YOU DON'T HAVE TO REPLACE YOUR present VHF counter-you can upgrade it with the simple prescaler described here for only $\$ 30.00$. The circuit will allow you to extend the useful range of your frequency counter 10 times, to a maximum frequency of 650 MHz . A $45-$ MHz counter can now go up to 450 MHz and a $60-\mathrm{MHz}$ counter will measure frequencies up to 600 MHz . With an updated UHF counter you will be able to check synthesized TV receivers and 2meter amateur and commercial transmitters. as well as marine and $450-\mathrm{MHz}$ communications equipment.

The small I $\times 2$-inch PC board contains a high-speed ECL (Emitter Coupled Logic) prescaler IC and a singlestage common-emitter amplifier. Its small size will allow it to fit inside most frequency-counter cabinets. The circuit requires 5 -volts DC at $50-75 \mathrm{~mA}$. The prescaler can also be installed in a separate enclosure with its own power supply and used without any modification being made to the counter.

## Theory of operation

The prescaler circuit (Fig. 1) works by amplifying the input signal to a level where it can be divided by the prescaler IC. The output signal from this IC will be exactly one-tenth the frequency of the input signal. There is no accuracy specification. The prescaler always divides exactly by 10 . If the input signal is 450 MHz , then the prescale output-signal will be 45 MHz . Of course, the frequency counter does not know that you have prescaled the input signal so you will have to make allowances for the decimal point being in the wrong place. (The correct decimal-point position is one place to the right.) It may be possible to modify the frequency counter by using a two-pole switch that both applies power to the prescaler and shifts the decimal point one place to the right.

The PC board has a ground plane on the component side. Grounding is critical at UHF frequencies and this ground plane provides a very short path to ground. Any component lead going to ground is simply soldered to the ground nlane on that side of the board.

## Construction

Foil patterns for both sides of the board are provided in Figs. 2 and 3. and a parts-placement diagram, as seen from the component (ground plane) side of the board is shown in Fig. 4. The positive leads are marked by a dot or stripe on the bodies of tantalum capacitors C4 and C5 and they must be placed through the holes that are not part of the ground plane on the component side of the board. The negative leads of C4 and C5 get soldered to pads on the circuit side of


Your old, slow, frequency counter isn't obsolete. Build this inexpensive prescaler and extend your counter's range as high as 650 MHz .

the PC board as well as to the ground plane. (Amy component lead that intersects the ground plane should be soldered to it.) There is a hole adjacent to C3 and R2 where a piece of excess component lead is to be placed and soldered to both sides of the PC board. That feedthrough wire provides the ground for pins 12,13 , and 14 of the prescaler IC. There is also a hole next to pin I of ICI that needs a similar feedthrough wire.

The 5 -volt ground. input, and output connections are shown along the lower edge and side of the PC board in Fig. 4. The signal input should be made through coaxial cable such as RG-174/U. The shield of the coax should be soldered to

the prescaler PC-board ground plane and to the ground lug of the counter's RF-input connector.

## Connection and use

The available space and internal layout will determine the best way to modify the counter for the prescaler. Several possible interfacing schemes are shown in Figs. 5 through 8. It will be helpful for you to have a schematic of your counter so you can determine where the signal exits its amplifier and enters the logic and counting circuitry. A DPDT switch can usually be mounted on the counter's front or rear panel and used to switch the counter's input connector to the prescaler's input, or a second input connector (preferably a UG-1094/U BNCtype with solder lug) can be added.

Figure 5 shows the simplest connection scheme, requiring no modification to the counter. The circuit in Fig. 6 shows the addition of a DPDT switch to permit the counter's input connector to be used by either the counter or the prescaler. The one in Fig. 7 allows you to bypass the counter's amplifier and couple the prescaler's output directly to the counter's logic- and counting-circuitry. The arrangement in Fig. 8 will work the best. but requires the addition of a switch and a second input connector along with some knowledge of the

## PARTS LIST

All resistors $5 \%, 1 / 4$ watt
R1- 10 ohms
R2- 100 ohms
R3-47 ohms
R4-75 ohms
R5-220 ohms

## Capacitors

C1-C3, C6-C8-820 pF, monolithic
C4, C5-3.3. $\mu \mathrm{F}, 25$-volt, tantalum
Semiconductors
D1. D2-1N914
Q1-2N2857 high-frequency, NPN-type
IC1-650-MHz prescaler (Plessey SP 8680
or Fairchild 11C90)
S1"-DPDT switch
Miscellaneous: PC board, 16-pin IC socket. coax, BNC connectors*, solder, etc.

Note: Need for items marked with ""." depends on user's requirements (see text).

The following are available from Optoelectronics, Inc., 5821 N.E. 142 nd Ave., Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33334, TeI. 800-327-5912 (orders only), 305-771-2051:
Kit of all parts (PSL-650 Kit), $\mathbf{\$ 2 9 . 9 5}$
Double-sided PC board (PSL-650 Board), $\$ 6.95$
Counter probe ( $\mathbf{P - 1 0 0 \text { ), } \$ 1 3 . 9 5}$
Telescoping antenna w/right-angle BNC connector (TA-100), \$9.95
SP8680 or 11C90 IC, \$16.95

- 2 N2857 transistor, $\$ 2.95$

Minimum order $\$ 15.00$-if less, add $\$ 2.00$ for special handling. Please include $5 \%$ of total order for shipping, handling and insurance. COD $\$ 2.00$ additional. Florida residents please add $4 \%$ tax. Visa and Mastercard accepted.


FIG. 1-PRESCALER CIRCUIT is not complicated. Not shown here are connectors and switch, since those will vary according to needs of user.


FIG. 2 (ABOVE)-BOTTOM of the double-sided PC board. Many of the IC's pins are not connected to anything.

FIG. 4 (RIGHT)-SHIELD OF COAXIAL CABLES is soldered directly to ground plane, as is "case" lead of 2N2857 transistor.

FIG. 3 (BELOW)-GROUND PLANE on component side keeps lead-lengths short, as required at UHF frequencies.


FIG. 5-OUTPUT of the prescaler can be connected directly to input of counter.


FIG. 7-USING THIS ARRANGEMENT, outputs of prescaler and counter's amplifier are applied directly to counter's logic/counting circuits.
counter's circuitry. The switched 5volts in Fig. 8 can be used to shift or eliminate a decimal point, as well as to conserve power when the prescaler is not being used

If you wish, the PC board can be mounted inside the counter's cabinet with double-sided foam tape.

The use of a 10 - or 15 -ohm resistor $(\mathrm{RI})$ in series with the prescaler's 5 -volt input reduces power consumption, as well as improving sensitivity

Signals from signal generators. frequency synthesizers, and other types of oscillators can be direct-coupled to the prescaler’s input. Transmitters must never be direct-coupled to the prescaler input or damage may result from overload.

A length of RG-58/U coax with a BNC connector on one end and mini-alligator clips on the other end can be used as a direct-coupled probe. For measuring transmitted RF frequencies an antenna can be attached to the prescaler's input connector. A stiff piece of wire can be used, or a telescoping antenna with a built-in right angle BNC connector. By using an antenna. transmitted RF pow-er-levels from less than a watt to several thousand watts can be handled easily, without damaging the counter. R-E


FIG. 8-PREFERRED SETUP uses two separate inputs. Switched 5 -volts turns prescaler on and off and can also be used to move decimal point (see text).

# Digital Audio using your VCR 

LEONARD FELDMAN
CONTRIBUTING HI-FI EDITOR

## Existing video-cassette recorders can be adapted for use in digital audio applications. Here are some details of the EIAJ standard for home-use PCM encoders and decoders.

WHILE THE AUDIO INDUSTRY SEEMS slated for a long-drawn-out debate as to which type of disc format is best suited for digital audio-reproduction (at least a half dozen video/audio and audio-only digital disc schemes have been proposed and demonstrated successfully), when it comes to storing audio information in digital form on tape, there is at least some stability

Fortunately for the future of digital audio, a group of Japanese manufacturers, all members of the EIAJ (Electronic Industry Association of Japan) realized that unless they could agree on standards for taping digital audio information, the new technology might well go the way of quadriphonic sound. where too many competing systems resulted in public disenchantment. Accordingly, the EIAJ (whose membership includes just about every manufacturer involved in digital audio and VCR manufacturing) was able to come up with a set of standards that they have labelled EIAJ Technical File STC-007, Home Use PCM Encoders and Decoders. PCM, of course, stands for Pulse Code Modulation and is just another way of saying digital audio.

## The PCM processor

For those unfamiliar with the way
that digital audio recording works, a brief review might be in order. A PCM (or digital audio-processor) is an electronic component that converts an analog (continuous) signal into a num-ber-code consisting of millions of pulses per second. Each number (or "word"), expressed in binary form, represents a sampled amplitude of the analog waveform. In that digitized form, the description of the waveform can be stored on tape (or, for that matter, on discs), providing that the bandwidth-capability of the storage medium is adequate. In playback, the function of the PCM processor is reversed. The millions of pulses, fed back to the processor as they are read from the tape, are reconverted into an analog electrical signal that is then fed to the usual stereo amplifier and speaker pair.

The ideal storage device for such dense digital information is the home VCR. first because it can handle bandwidths to beyond 3.5 MHz , and second, because there are already many of those products in consumers' hands, with more being bought every day. Those familiar with how a VCR works, (and familiar with the requirements of the U.S.-type NTSC video signal), will appreciate the difficulties that had to be overcome to use a VCR as a tape-stor-
age device for digitally processed audio information.

Since the VCR's recording format was designed originally for video, that means that if we are going to use a standard VCR as a storage device for digital audio recording, we have to fit the millions of "bits" that constitute the digital-audio code into the video signal-format that is already part of every VCR. That format includes hori-zontal-sync pulses after every video line, and vertical-sync pulses after every video field. There are 30 interleaved frames ( 60 fields) per second and 525 horizontal lines per frame in the NTSC TV-standard. That means that you can't record those digital audio "bits" onto the videotape in one continuous stream. The pulses have to be added to the signal format during the horizontal-line periods of the normal video-picture format. Since there are many ways that this can be done, it was important that the industry get together on a standard format for PCM/VCR interface and use.

The standard set forth by the EIAJ does not tell manufacturers how they must build their PCM audio processors, or what features such products must have. Rather, it describes the signal that is to be recorded on the VCR's
tape cassette in sufficient detail so that a recording made on one VCR would be playable on another VCR, using another PCM processor (providing, of course, that the VCR formats were the same).

## The EIAJ PCM standardized format

Two channels are used in the new standard (for stereo). Pre-emphasis (with automatically sensed de-emphasis during playback) for additional noise reduction is optional. The noise-reduction system uses two time-constants: 50 microseconds and 15 microseconds, as shown in Fig. 1. The sampling frequency (the rate at which the analog signal is


FIG. 1-NOISE-REDUCTION SYSTEM uses two time constants for pre-emphasis and automatically sensed de-emphasis.
sampled for instantaneous "numerical" amplitude) has been fixed at $44,056 \mathrm{~Hz}$. That rather unusual number is more than adequate for recording and reproducing audio signals up to 20 kHz (the sampling rate in digital audio must be at least twice the highest frequency to be recorded) and in addition, it bears a mathematical relationship to the horizontal TV line-rate.

The EIAJ system uses 14 -bit linear encoding. This means that the encoder can assign any one of $16,384(213+2)$ values to each sampled amplitude; and, mathematically, that means that for home PCM recorders and processors we can expect a dynamic range of about 85 dB . Some of the encoders already demonstrated do not actually use 14-bit encoding but instead, for reasons of economy, use 12 -bit encoders with socalled floating-point converters that give the equivalent of a 14 -bit output. It is the cost of this section of the PCM processor that accounts for the very high price of those products so far. We can hope that when A/D and D/A converters are reduced to large-scale-integration IC's and are produced in high quantities we may begin to see lower costs for those PCM processors.

The total number of bits per second in the standard is 2.643 megabits. That number was determined in part by the need to have enough redundancy for error correction and horizontal blanking. As shown in Fig. 2, the contents of one horizontal line of equivalent videoformat signal will consist of three words each from the left- and right-


FIG. 2-EACH HORIZONTAL LINE contains six audio words, two error-correction words ( $P$ and $Q$ ) and a sixteen-bit CRC word for error detection.


FIG. 3-ALTHOUGH ONE LINE can hold 168 bits, only 133 are used. The remaining space is occupied by standard video sync- and reference-signals.


FIG. 4-OF THE 262.5 lines in each video field, 245 are used for the storage of audio data. An additional line is used for a control-signal block. Both fields of a video frame are shown.


FIG. 5-CONTROL-SIGNAL BLOCK uses one line and contains information required for processing the audio data.
sampled audio signals (interleaved as L, R, L, R, etc.), followed by two words (known as $P$ and $Q$ codes) for error correction, and a 16 -bit CRC (Cyclic Redundancy Check) word for error detection. In order to take care of possible long dropouts in the tape, suc-
ceeding words of the sampling code are actually separated by 16 horizontal lines. That is, if the first 14 -bit word of the first line of a field is sample number 1 of the left-channel audio amplitude, then sample number 1 of right channel audio amplitude will appear displaced
by one word space, but sixteen lines later in the encoded sequence.

As shown in Fig. 3, each complete horizontal line contains space for 168 bits, but only 128 bits of data per line are used. The remaining space is used for the horizontal-sync pulse, data-sync pulses, and various other signals that are required by the VCR for a standard TV signal format.

The signal format for a single video field (there are two fields per frame and 30 frames per second) contains 262.5 horizontal lines of data, as shown in Fig. 4. (The first field of a frame is shown in Fig. 4-a; the second in Fig. 4-b.) Of those available lines per field, 245 lines are used for digital-audio data storage, while one horizontal line is used for a control-signal block. The control-signal block line is made up of 56 bits for indicating the start of the data block in each field; 14 bits for content identification; 28 bits for "address;" 14 bits for control, which includes a copy-prohibiting code; identification codes for the P and Q error-correction words; and a pre-emphasis-identification code, and 16 bits for the cyclic redundancy error-detection code. The contents of this control line are illustrated in Fig. 5.

We have referred several times to error-correction in discussing the new EIAJ PCM standards. Error correction is a vital part of any digital-information storage system. Dropouts caused by a tape's coating-irregularities or by poor contact with the tape head's surface may be insignificant and inaudible when they occur in a conventional analog tape-playback system; but losing even a couple of microseconds of data in a digital system can significantly alter the numeric code that is to be reconverted to an audio signal. For that reason, the error-correction system included in the EIAJ standard format is highly sophisticated. The error-correction system can be instructed to "fill in'" the amplitude of the previous word in the number code, or the average of the preceding and succeeding words, so that, in case of any dropouts during playback, a smooth continuity of sound is always maintained

No one can predict how soon prices for PCM processors will plunge low enough to make it practical for many of you to abandon your open-reel and cassette decks in favor of this new recording technique. In professional applications, many larger studios are already utilizing digital recorders (most of which use a 16 -bit system for even lower distortion and greater dynamic range) for making and editing master tapes from which records are ultimately produced and pressed.

At the consumer level, the only manufacturer to offer a PCM processor for home use as of this writing (aside from
small quantities of prototype production previously offered by Sony and others) is Sanyo, a relative newcomer to the ultra-high-fidelity field. Their unit, the PCM Plus 10, carries a suggested retail price of $\$ 3995$. To that, of course, must be added the cost of a video-cassette recorder. Those are not exactly the kind of prices that will bring hordes of anxious customers to dealers who stock the PCM processor. But technology has a way of moving quickly, and future advances may well make the PCM processor as affordable and popular as the cassette recorder is today.

R-E

"He should have known better than to tangle with a solid-state computer."

# <div class="inline-tabular"><table id="tabular" data-type="subtable">
<tbody>
<tr style="border-top: none !important; border-bottom: none !important;">
<td style="text-align: center; border-left: none !important; border-bottom: none !important; border-top: none !important; width: auto; vertical-align: middle; ">Radio</td>
</tr>
<tr style="border-top: none !important; border-bottom: none !important;">
<td style="text-align: center; border-left: none !important; border-bottom-style: solid !important; border-bottom-width: 1px !important; border-top: none !important; width: auto; vertical-align: middle; ">Biectronics</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
<table-markdown style="display: none">| Radio |
| :---: |
| Biectronics |</table-markdown></div> 

SPECLAL REPRaIT
SUILO THS ROBOY FDR HMEER $\$ 400$


Send today for your 52-page ( $81 / 2 \times 11^{\prime \prime}$ ) booklet containing complete reprints of all eleven articles in the Build Your Own Robot series by Jim Gupton.
This all-inclusive reprint gives you all the data you need to build your own Robot.

- TELLS EVERYTHING YOU NEED TO KNOW to build the Unicorn-1 Robot without the need for an engineering degree or special equipment. The robot is fully mobile with manipulator arms to grasp, lift and carry.
- MANIPULATOR ARMS and end-effectors (hands) are what enable the robot to perform useful tasks. Details of construction techniques and considerations are fully explored.
$\square$ MOBILITY BASE is not a lunar space station. It is the drive system that permits the robot to move from here to there. Full construction details along with a discussion of power sources is included.
- THE BODY-FRAME AND ROTATION MECHANISM. This is the part that makes Unicorn-1 look like a robot. Wood and Formica are the materials for the body. Motors and gears are what make it function.
- COMMUNICATIONS. How you can tell your robot what to do. Preprogramming techniques....radio control....computer control are all detailed.
- SENSORS. How to add sensors so your robot doesn't bump into things.



## hobby oorner

## Energy consumption measurements, some clocks, an idiot box, and more. <br> EARL "DOC" SAVAGE, K4SDS, HOBBY EDITOR

MOST OF US ARE VERY CONSCIOUS OF energy consumption these days, and we have various reasons for that concern. Some of us are concerned about the limited amounts of energy available to our civilization. Others worry about how to pay their energy bills and thus are interested in keeping consumption as low as possible.

Whatever the specific reason, we do want to keep our energy use down to a minimum. To do that effectively, we need some way of knowing just how much energy we are using. We can still read the electric meter and the dials on the gasoline pump, but more information is needed. Staying with electrical energy for the time being, we need to know just how much a given appliance is using at a particular time, as well as its total usage.

Two readers have been working on different aspects of that problem. Frank Posthuma of Snohomish, WA has hit several snags in his attempt to design a digital circuit to measure energy usage from the AC line. Dale Glaser of Albany, CA is not having much success in measuring power used from a 12 -volt battery backup system.

If you have figured out a way to make those or similar measurements, how about passing it along? Not only would Frank and Dale be grateful but the rest of us could put the method(s) to good use, too.

## Dual clock

You'll recall Larry Neel's request for help in designing/building a dual time-zone clock. He wants a clock to keep local time and, with the push of a
button, to display the time in another zone.

Perhaps the simplest solution came from David Lippincott of San Diego, CA. He calls our attention to the fact that Radio Shack has a complete LCD clock module (catalog No. 277-1007) with the two-zone capability.

Michael Kesti of Grass Valley, CA and Phelps Ter Heun of Ridgecrest, CA both wrote about a clock kit that meets the requirements. Coincidentally, Michael says that his clock IC has failed and the company is out of business. He cannot find a replacement for the house-numbered device. Phelps, writing about the same kit, mentions that the clock IC is really a Mostek MK50362N.

Thanks to those mentioned above and to the others who rallied to Larry's assistance. That information should solve his problem. In the meantime, I am astonished that no one has come up with a little circuit to put between a clock IC and the readouts to add (or subtract) from the "hour" digits.

## One clock leads to another

Speaking of clocks, H. C. Gernhart of Princeton, WV is trying to avoid the high cost of a sidereal clock. (It seems that such a clock is of great advantage to those interested in astronomy.)

Well, I have forgotten more astronomy than I ever knew. However, I do seem to reçall that sidereal time runs along at a constant pace-it's just a little slower than our "real" time. A sidereal day is 23 hours. 56 minutes and 4.09 seconds long, compared to our "normal" 24-hour one


If he wishes, HC can look back at the Hobby Corner in the July 1979 issue of Radio-Electronics to find a way to make normal clock IC's run faster (or slower) than normal. It is only a matter of feeding a different frequency into the $50 / 60-\mathrm{Hz}$ input pin. Do any of you have other ideas about a sidereal clock?

## Idiot box entry

Don't forget that the idiot box "contest" is still running. The circuit shown in Fig. 1 is a slight modification of one sent in by Claude Elder of Aliquippa, PA. It is a little audio oscillator that is simple to build, yet has three controls for the panel to add interesting confusion to the operation
Momentary switch S1 turns the sound on and off, and S2 controls the decay of the sound. The potentiometer controls the frequency (tone) of the sound. The parts values are not critical.
Most of the do-nothing circuit entries have involved sound in one way or another. How about some more with flashing lights and/or moving meters?

## Interesting books

McGraw-Hill has added two very useful books to its Electro Skills series. One is for reference and the other is on CB repair.

A Reference Guide to Practical Electronics by Robert G. Krieger, Sr. contains a thorough treatment of 100 of the most commonly used electronics equations. The book covers subjects ranging from Ohm's law to some quite sophisticated topics. Each section follows this format: statement of the equation, definition of equation terms, thorough explanation, and examples of use

This guide has information that should be near your workbench. It can help you through some of the tough ones.

How to Repair CB Radios by Lawrence $E$. Shultz does a good job of telling you how to do just what the title promises. It covers diagnosing, troublèshooting, and servicing 23- and $40-$ channel CB's. Power supplies and antennas are covered as well. Though this book is about CB equipment, the techniques explained and used are applicable to all kinds of receivers and transmitters.
These books should be available through your local bookstore but if you have a problem finding them, write Gregg/McGraw Hill, 1221 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10020.

## Printed circuit know-how

Quite understandably, there is a lot of interest in making and using printed circuit boards. Of course, many articles have appeared in Radio-Electronics about PC work. We do make every effort to keep you informed about the latest developments. What so many of you seem to need, however, is a source of information about all the methods of fabricating hoards

Well, the Heath Company (Benton Harbor, MI 49022) has come to the rescue with their EI-3134 Printed Circuit Course. In addition to the $39(1)$-page self-study manual, this program includes all materials for making boards using a wide variety of methods plus two useful kits that use the PC boards you make: the model GD-600 photoelectric light switch and the model GD-I287 touch control switch. When you finish the course, you not only have the knowledge youn need, but you have two items to use around the house or shop

The course is well planned, and is written in clear, easy-to-understand language. It covers the selection of material and method, design, art work, PCboard fabrication, and board assembly.

If you want to "put it all together" as far as PC boards go, give consideration to this course. I am sure Heath will be glad to send you a catalog containing information about it, and the many other courses and kits they offer.

## New catalog

If you have not seen the Fair Radio Sales Company (P.O. Box 1105, Lima, OH 45802 ) catalog, do yourself a favor and get one. Fair handles government and commercial electronic surplus and their catalog includes receivers, transmitters, subassemblies, motors, meters. test instruments, and parts.

## A little shocker

The circuit shown in Fig. 2 is quite interesting. Closing momentary switch SI produces a "shocking" high voltage on the transformer. The electronic principles here are the same as found in cattle prods and similar devices. Of course. this one is a bit on the weak side.

## Help Prevent Birth Defects The Nation's Number One Child Health Problem.

## Support the March of QD BIRTH DEFECTS FOUNDATION

The 555 is wired as an oscillator that turns the transistor switch on and off. The transistor is any power NPN-a power-tab audio type works well. One of the smaller variety such as the Radio Shack No. 2008 can be used if you limit the on-time to brief intervals to prevent burning it out.

As the transistor switches. current is allowed to pulse thorugh the transformer. The rapid building and collapsing of the magnetic field places a much higher voltage on the transformer output

Finding a proper transformer may cause a bit of a problem. What you need is an audio-output type made for use with rubes-the higher the turns ratio. the better. If you can scrounge one out of an old tube-type radio or TV. probably it will do quite well.

Notice that the transformer is wired backwards, as it were. The circuit is connected to the secondary (the side that was connected to the speaker). Of course, that makes the high impedance (former) primary side the output

If you need a small source of low-current high-voltage pulses. this circuit may be just the thing. Watch the on/off button-the current drain of this thing will eat up a battery in short order. R-E


## 400 electronic kits:

Stereo components, color TV's, computers, test instruments, electronics educational programs, amateur radio gear - things you've always wanted, now at low kit prices.

## Discover the fun of kit building: It's a great way to

 relax in your spare time, resulting in beautiful things you'll be proud to have in your home. And it's easy. The famous Heathkit illustrated manuals make it easy for anyone to build reliable craftsman-like kits.
## Send today!

It costs nothing to discover the complete line of Heath electronic kits. Don't miss it. Clip and mail the coupon now.

## Heathkit

If coupon is missing, write:
Heath Company, Dept. 020.802
Benton Harbor, MI 49022


## new ideas

## POOL-PUMP TIMER

as Summer temperatures go up. so does the use of electricity. For those who own swimming pools, a large part of that increased electrical usage is caused by the swimming-pool pump. Although most pumps are set up to run continuously, that type of operation is unnecessary in many cases.

The circuit (Fig. 1) described here is a pool-pump timer, or controller, that lets you run your pump for 15,30 , or 45 minutes out of an hour, rather than continuously. If you wish, the circuit can be disabled and the pump run continuously simply by turning the circuit's power switch to OFF:

The 555 timer IC is connected in the astable mode. Its output is adjusted by
a potentiometer to give you a $2.27-\mathrm{Hz}$ clock pulse. That clock pulse is applied to the input of the 4020, a 14-bit binary counter.

The differentiating circuit (C3, R3) resets the counter when the device is first turned on. After the 40\%th clock pulse, pin 3 of the counter goes high and stays high until the 8192nd clock pulse. When that happens, pin 3 goes low again.

Using a clock frequency of 2.27 Hz . it will take about 30 minutes for pin 3 to go high and about 30 more minutes for it to go low again. The output of the counter is applied to one input of the 401I NAND gate. To get the timing for the 30 -minute "on" state, a logic "high" (12 volts) is applied to the other input of the NAND gate, and the gate's


FIG. 1

output is connected through R4 to the base of Q1.

To get the 15 -minute "on" state, the logic "high" is removed from the input of the NAND gate and the output from pin 2 of the 4020 is connected in its place. When that is done, the output of the gate is high for 45 minutes and low for 15 minutes. To get the 45 -minute "on" state, the output from the 15minute "on" state is simply inverted using a second NAND gate. Another pair of NAND gates may be used in parallel with the first if you find that more drive is needed.

The transistor switch, Q1, saturates when the input to its base is high. When that happens, current flows and energizes the relay. The pool pump is connected to the relay's normally closed contacts and is turned off when the relay is energized.

Construction is straightforward, and any method can be used. Wire wrap was used to build the prototype. The only important point to remember is that the relay contacts must be capable of handling the current drawn by the pump. Any 12 -volt power supply may be used, but a regulated supply such as the one shown in Fig. 2 is advisable.

That's all there is to it. I'm sure that you'll find, as Idid, that this circuit will make running your pool a lot less expensive this summer. -Tim Landreth

## service questions

## VERTICAL PROBLEM

Fred Steurer, of Hamilton. OH, sends along a hint on the vertical oscillator time-constant problem we covered in the January 1981 issue of Radio-Electronics (Service Questions). He says that this problem can also be caused by the vertical-hold control if it has leakage to the case. Thank you!

## BURNING RESISTOR

I've got a peculiar problem! This Magnavox T940 burns out T302, a 1000 -ohm, 3watt resistor (actually a thermistor) in series with the vertical-output transformer primary. There is only a 28 -volt drop across it, showing less than 1 watt dissipation! A 50- $\mu \mathrm{F}$ capacitor on the bottom end of the primary (C107C) shows no shorts or leakage. With a new resistor, the vertical sweep is normal until the resistor blows.-K.Y., Marysville, MI

You've proved that the overload isn't due to DC , so, there's only one possibility left-excess AC current! There is a very high pulse present at the top of the primary, and the big capacitor is meant to get rid of it at the bottom end. I don't think it is working.

Check the bottom of the primary with an oscilloscope. If you see a high pulse-voltage, replace that capacitor. An easy way to check is to disconnect the capacitor and tack in a new one for testing. The cause of problem is a high pulse-voltage flowing through resistor and grounding through good capacitors in the $\mathrm{B}+$ !

## TRANSFORMER SUBSTITUTION

In the December 1980 issue of RadioElectronics, I had a question about replacing power transformers in audio amplifiers. I suggested a 12 -volt filament transformer. A reader in Canada disagrees with that! He says that the original transformers have a built-in fuse! (Mostly imports, I think-Editor) If a stock transformer is used, the next fault may cause the amp to burn up.

I'll agree with him, in principle. As I should have mentioned before, whenever I replace a transformer like this (with a built-in fuse) I add a fast-blow fuse to the circuit! This is easier than it sounds. You can use a pigtail fuse, with insulating sleeve or, if there is no room, cut the line cord and use an in-line fuse holder like those used on many car radios. Check the actual maximum load current and don't use a fuse rated at more than about $120 \%$ of that current. For a 0.7 -amp current, for example, use a 1 -amp fuse.


## new products

HOME SECURITY-SYSTEM KIT, model GD3510 Security Light Control, uses a passive infra-red sensor to detect changes in temperalure, when accompanied by motion, in a 25 -by25 -foot range. When a warm-bodied object moves through the field, lights and/or other devices (up to the model GD-3510's 500-Watt capactiy) are turned on.
Sensitivity-level may be preset manually to prevent false triggering. Built-in safeguards prevent


CIRCLE 50 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD
the system from triggering false alarms during daylight, or because of temperature changes without movement. The model GD-3510, specially packaged in easy-to-assemble kit form with a step-by-step assembly manual, is priced a \$139.95-Heath Company, Benton Harbor, MI 49022.

DIGITAL MULTIMETER, model AM-4, is a digital multimeter with ranges and capabilities for industrial use. The ranges are 0-1.999/19.99/199.9 volts AC/DC plus $0-1000$ VAC, and $0-1500$ VDC (15K VAC/DC can be added with an accessory high-voltage probe); 0-19.99/199.9 $\mu \mathrm{A}$ AC/DC, 0 1.999/19.99/199.9 mA AC/DC, $0-10 \mathrm{amps} A C /$ DC ( $0-300 / 1000 / 6000 \mathrm{amps} A C$ can be added with accessory clamp-on current transducers); 0 19.99/199.9 ohms, $0-1.999 / 19.99 / 199.9 \mathrm{~K}$ ohms plus a special diode test range; 0-199.9 mV AC/ $D C$. An AC leakage range (0-1.999 mA AC) for checking 115/230 VAC appliances can be added with an accessory leakage detector.

The accuracy specifications are: DC, $\pm 0.8 \%$ of reading $\pm \mathrm{LSD} ; \mathrm{AC}, \pm 1.5 \%$ of reading $\pm \mathrm{LSD}$ based on $45-500 \mathrm{~Hz}$ sinusoidal waveform. (Accuracy on 0-20/200 $\mu \mathrm{A}$ ranges may be affected by outside interference.) Resistance is $\pm 1 \%$ of reading $\pm 2$ LSD. Clamp-on, AC current transducers add $\pm 1 / 2 \%$ of reading; 15 K VAC/DC high-voltage probe adds up to $\pm 2 \%$ of reading. The leakage detector meets and exceeds ANSI requirements.


CIRCLE 141 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD
The model AM-4 features auto-zeroing on all ranges except the very sensitive 0 -20-ohms range. On the $0-20$ ohms range, it may be necessary to use the ohm-zero adjust to zero the instru-

ment. Size is $6^{13 / 18} \times 3^{13 / 16} \times 1^{11 / 18}$ inches; weight 11 ounces. MTL all-weather test leads are supplied.

The model AM-4 is priced at \$129.85.Amprobe Instrument, 630 Merrick Road, Lynbrook, NY 11563.

BROADBAND VHF/UHF BEAM ANTENNA, the Scanner Beam, is intended primarlly for the hobby scanner and is designed to work over the continuous frequency range from 108 through 512 MHz . The antenna consists of a seven-element, log-periodic array with a gain approaching 8 -dB above a dipole on the high band and UHF. The $15-\mathrm{db}$ front-to-back ratio makes the Scanner Beam suitable for long-distance, weak-signal directional reception; average VSWR is 1.92:1. On low band ( $30-50 \mathrm{MHz}$ ), the antenna resembles an omni-directional vertical antenna.

The Scanner Beam is constructed of heavyduty aluminum tubing, and features unbreakable Cycolac insulators, a 4 -foot baked-enamel painted boom, and includes a $4: 1$ matching balun transformer for either 50 - or 75 -ohm coaxial feedline. A universal offset mount permits it to be attached to a metal mast with a minimum of interaction, and further allows the antenna to be tilted in a vertical plane for satellite reception. It is also useful for transmitting in the 144, 220-and 420MHz bands.


CIRCLE 142 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD
The Scanner Beam is priced at $\$ 39.95$, plus $\$ 4.00$ for shipping. A matching coaxial cable assembly, 65 feet long, with factory-installed ' $F$ ' connector, Motorola connector, and weather boot costs $\$ 14.95$ plus $\$ 4.00$ shipping.-Grove Enterprises, Inc., Route 1, Box 156S, Brasstown NC 28902.

CASSETTE INTERFACE, the Fastload, is a device that inputs prerecorded programs into TRS80 Model I, Level II computers at 16 times the normal speed. Any cassette of up to $\mathrm{C}-20$ in length can be loaded at 8000 baud using a modified CTR-4 1 recorder plus the Fastload. For short programs the Fastload is faster than disk and


CIRCLE 143 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD
longer programs load in seconds rather than minutes. The unit is a small box that is placed under the cassette recorder and plugs into either the back of the TRS-80 16K keyboard or the expansion interface. The fastload does not require transferring all programs to another medium first. A modified CTR-41 cassette tape recorder must be used with the Fastload. The modification allows both the pLAY and FAST FORWARD controls to be latched down at the same time so that the head is in contact with the tape at the fast-
forward speed. To use the Fastload, the user initializes with a system command after turning on the TRS-80; then the load command can be used. Price for the Fastload Cassette Interface is \$188.C0; the modified CTR-4 1 recorder is $\$ 95.00$-Personal Micro Computers, Inc., 475 Ellis St., Mountain View, CA 94043.

BASS ACTIVATOR/SUBSONIC FILTER, model DF120 Bass Bomb, provides variable bass-frequency selection of 40 Hz to 160 Hz with a 0 to $12-\mathrm{dB}$ bass-boost level control while using a filter to eliminate subsonic noise. Attached to the preamp and amplifier, the subsonic filter automatically protects speakers and amplifiers from unwanted voltage spikes and also minimizes subsonic noise from turntable, tone arm, acoustic feedback, and warped records. Other features are elimination of distortion under 20 Hz , a slide


CIRCLE 144 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD
control for selecting the most desired frequency, and the option to keep subsonic filter in-circuit even when bass boost circuitry is turned off. Suggested retail price is $\$ 99.95$. -Numark Electronics Corp., 503 Raritan Ctr., Edison, NJ 08817.

PRECISION TWEEZERS, are battery-powered lighted tweezers, with stainless steel blades. They are powered by a single AAA battery, and the lamp cirects the light to the working area.

A low-cost plastic-case model is available that is ideal for field tool cases, just what is needed for working in poorly-lighted field situations. Two stainless-steel case models are also available, one with a straight tip, and one with an angle tip. The steel cases will last many years on the industrial assembly bench


CIRCLE 145 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD
The plastic-cased tweezers are priced at \$5.68; the steel tweezers are $\$ 16.98$.-Desco Industries, Inc., 351 F Oak Place, Brea, CA 92521.

CB RADIOS, President models AR-711 and AR 144: The model $A R 711$ (shown), designed and built to the specifications of truckers and other cominued on page 76

## Troubleshoot complex digital products fast <br> with B\&K-PRECIISION SIGNATURE ANALYSII!



If you've ever signal traced an analog circuit, you can now troubleshoot digital -even microcomputer-based circuits. The breakthrough is B\&K-PRECISION's SA-1010 signature analyzer.

Companies committed to cutting service costs and reducing "board float" are designing many products for signature analysistesting. Digital"signatures" are documented in a service manual The technician compares this reference data with signatures observed with the SA-1010 in the circuit under test. When the signatures match, the circuit is good... when they don't, the problem is isolated! No complex waveforms or logic tables to analyze. The SA-1010 does all the work by converting digital data into easy-to-compare four-digit hexadecimal displays.

The SA-1010 is the top performer, packed with features
$\square 20 \mathrm{MHz}$ operating speed

- $10 \mu$ s set-up time
- Multifamily ...TTL, MOS and CMOS
- Internal clock cutput
- Signature "HOLD
- Unstable Signature "HOLD

Signature analysis is here today...and the SA-1010 is in stock for delivery.

For more information, or to order an SA-1010, call B\&K-PRECISION toll-free at 800-621-4627.

> PAECISION
> DYNASCAN CORPORATION

6460 West Cortland Street
Chicago. Illinois 60635 • 312/889-9087 nitl. Sls.. 6460 W . Cortland St.. Chicago. It 60635
Canadian Sales; Allas Electronics. Ontario


## NOW YOU

 CAN BUILD YOURSELF AN ORCHESTRAThe most advanced－most versatile organ you ever dreamed of is now within most everyone＇s reach ．．．because you build it yourself the exclusive WERSI way．

Expand your instrument according to your taste and budget．With WERSI＇s ＇Building Block＇system，you＇ll never need to trade organs again！
Superior WERSI quality also available in pianos，synthesizers，amps，rhythm units， etc．．．．kit or factory assembled．
Send $\$ 6$ for the exciting Sight and Sound package everyone raves about．You＇ll receive the famous＂WERSITIME 2＂ $12^{\prime \prime}$ LP with accompanying libretto as well as a full color， 104 page manual，widely acclaimed as the encyclopedia of organ builders，introducing you to the Wonderful World of

所目进
world leader in quality do－it－yourself instruments

WERSI ELECTRONICS，INC．Dept．M4 P．O，Box 5318， 1720 Hempstead Road Lancaster，PA 17601
Please send above demo pack＠\＄6．00． Name

Address
City State $\qquad$ Zip $\square$
professional users，features a noise－cancelling microphone with an extra－long coil that extends to 10 feet．There is also a 4 －inch external speaker， with mounting bracket and 5 －foot cable；instant－ select channel－9 and channel 19 switches；auto－


CIRCLE 146 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD
motive protective knobs，and a hr－cut tone switch． Other features include mike gain，rf gain．anlinb． S／RF meter，digital channel indicator，TX and RX indicators，positive／negative ground，automatic modulation control，PA and external speaker jacks．There is also a piug－in DC power cord．
The model AR 144 is a 40 －channel AM／SSB mobile $C B$ radio featuring nB／ANL，Channel－9 pri－ ority，brite－dim，mode and PA－CB switches，plus mike gain，rf gain，and clarifier controls．Other features include s／af meter，digital channel indi－ cator， $7 \times$ FPX mode and channel－9 indicators，auto－ matic modulation control，detachable dynamic microphone，positive／negative ground，PA and external speaker jacks，and plug－in DC power cord．

The model AR 711 has a suggested retail price of $\$ 139.95$ ；the suggested price for the Model $A R$ 144 is $\$ 219.95$ ．Both models carry a two－year full warranty．－American Radio Corporation， 6330 Castleplace Drive，Indianapolis，IN 46250

FLOOR－STANDING SPEAKER SYSTEM，model L150A，is a successor to the model L150，and has
a high－frequency dome radiator，equipped with a one－inch copper voice coil and two－pound mag－ netic assembly．Formed of lightweight phenolic material coated with aluminum，the dome repro－ duces the highest frequencies with superior depth and clarity，offering greater power－han－ dling capacity as well．It also features a new high－ resolution dividing network that provides the sys－ tem with improved transient response throughout its range．The 12 －inch low－frequency driver，in combination with a passive radiator，delivers exceptionally deep，distortion－free bass re－ sponse．There is a five－inch midrange that pro－ vides accurate，natural sound at all levels．


CIRCLE 147 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD
The model L150A＇s maximum recommended amplifier power is 300 watts－per－channel．The nominal impedance is 8 ohms．Crossover fre－ quencies are 1.1 kHz and 9.7 kHz ，the system＇s sensitivity is 89 dB sound－pressure level（1 watt／1 meter）．

The model L150A is priced at $\$ 695.00$ each． James B．Lansing Sound，Inc．， 8500 Balboa Bou－ levard，Northridge，CA 91329.

R－E


CIRCLE 20 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

## Vital protection for PC Boards



Be safe．Desolder PC components with Endeco irons．Get proper HEAT TO MELT and strong VACUUM ACTION TO LIFT solder and cool both PC board and component without damage
These PC components replaced fast with Endeco desoldering or solder－ ing tools

## \＃indillill mypy？

Endeco professional teatures include safety light that denotes high．low and off on switch models SS con－ struction for long life light weight and balance for easy use．
Contact your distributor for Endeco desoldering and soldering irons，kits and equipment－or wite us today

Enterprise Development Corp．
5127 East 65th Street
Indianapolis，IN 46220
Phone：（317）251－1231
CIRCLE 43 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

CIRCLE 30 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

## BUILD A MODEM

continued from page of

If all else fails, you'll have to write a simple version of PARAM just for this package

Once you have found the command interpreter. you must determine if the entries in the command table are of fixed or of variable length. Variable-length entries are usually marked by setting the most significant bit of the command's last character high. To make a short command work in a table of fixed-length commands, pad it with blanks. The end of the table may be detected either by a counter's reaching zero, in which case an adjustment to the program will be necessary, or by the inclusion of an end-of-table marker
To construct the routines in BASIC, you must have commands available that allow input and output to specific I/O ports. An input command that "hangs up" until data is ready will not work

In BASIC, the indirect calls used in the assembly-language program are not practical. Replace them with a multiway branch structure (ON-GOTO. IF-Then-goto. etc). Each subroutine will then have to end with "GOTO stam"

Once the software is written and seems to run without "crashing," you are ready to try it with the hardware.

Connect the modem to the computer's serial port and apply power. Typical RS-232 connections were shown in Part 2. in the July 1981 issue of RadioElectronics.
Your modem will emit a tone whenever it is on. Use your new program to select the options compatible with the installation you intend to communicate with. Without calling anyone, enter the emulator program by typing the TE (or your equivalent) command. The modem should "bleep" immediately upon entry to the emulator and with each key closure thereafter. You should also be able to till the screen or teletype with garbage by whistling near the modem's microphone

If everything appears to work, exit the emulator program and if you installed a separate power switch, turn off the modem. (The switch makes it easier to establish a connection with certain time-sharing operations.) Double-check all options. including the channel-select switch on the modem.

To call a big time-sharing service you will want your modem to transmit on the lower originate band. Dial the number. When you hear the ANSWER tone, place the telephone handset into the coupler with the phone's mouthpiece in the modem's "speaker" muff. (Try to do this gently as some noises can disconnect you.) As soon as the handset is beated. lurn on the modem and invoke the emulator by typing "TF

Our new model 128 has a beeper and a whole lot more. After you've seen it we think you'll agree that this is the best all around field service DMM available. It beeps on all three functions- $V, \Omega$ and $A$-and on all ranges

dfor each function. Applications are virtually unlimited. It "displays" a standard digital readout, an audible tone for rapid over/under checks and

TheUnique 128 design enables you to verify forward conduction and reverse blocking of semiconductor junctions, test IEDs and check multiple junction components. Even with the beeper on, the choice 128 maintains $10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ input resistance. You can calibrate both the beeper threshold and the $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{D}$ without disassembling the instrument.

The 128 is human engineered with a large, $0.6^{\prime \prime}$ display, rugged ABS case and display window, 350-hr battery life and cverload protection.

Much less versatility can cost much more than $\$ 139$.

The 128 is the sound choice because it's the smart buy. Contact your local Keithley representative or distributor.

## Nothing less than the best.

## KEITHLEY

Keithley lnstruments, Inc.
28775 Aurora Road/Cleveland, OH 44139
(216) 248-0400/Telex: 98-5469



Power Line Spikes and Hash often cause memory loss or erratic operation. Often floppies, printer \& processor interact! OUR patented ISOLATORS eliminate equipment interaction AND curb damag ing Power Line Spikes, Surges and Hash.
Filtered 3-prong sockets and integral Spike Suppression. 125 VAC, 15 Amp, 1875 W Total - 1 KW per socket
ISO-1 ISOLATOR. 3 Filtered Sockets; 1000 Amp 8/20 usec Spike Suppressor . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 62.95$

ISO-4 ISOLATOR. 6 Filtered Sockets; 1000 Amp $8 / 20$ usec Spike Suppressor
$\$ 106.95$
ISO-3 SUPER-ISOLATOR. 3 DUAL filtered Sockets; 2000 Amp 8/20 usec Spike Suppressor . ...... \$94.95
ISO-7 SUPER.ISOLATOR. 5 DUAL filtered Sockets; 2000 Amp 8/20 usec Spike Suppressor
\$154.95 Master Charge. Visa American Express TOLL FREE ORDER DESK 1.800-225.4876 (except AK, HI, MA, PR \& Canada)

Electronic Specialists, Inc.
171 South Main Street. Natick. MA 01760 Technical \& Non-800: 1.617-655-1532

## CIRCLE 49 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

## FREE! <br> 1981 DISCOUNT ELECTRONICS CATALOG

## JOIN THE PAK!

Send for our Free catalog and become a
member of our exclusive Pak. Out
members receive Poly Paks
exciting catalog several times a year. We offer: Penny Sales, Free
Premiums and Low,
Low Prices on a wide variety of
Electronic Products such as Computer Periph.
erals, Integrated Circuits, Speakers, Audio
Equipment, Rechargeable Batteries, Solar Prod-
ucts, Semiconductors, and much, much more!
Take advantage of our 25 years as America's
foremost Supplier of discount electronics.
RUSH ME YOUR FREEDISCOUNTCATALOG
NAME:
ADDRESS:
CITY:
STATE: $\qquad$ ZIP:

CLIP AND MAIL COUPON TODAY TO:
POLY PAKS, INC.
P.O. Box 942, RA8
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { S. LYNNFIELD, MA. } 01940 & \text { (617) 245-3828 }\end{array}$
CIRCLE 28 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

## BUILD A $\$ 60$ MODEM

continued from page 77 .
The system called should respond with the "log-on" prompt. If it doesn"t, recheck the selection of options-especially the recognition character and channel-and try again. (You must hang up and then redial.) If you still have no success, repeat the hardware and software tests that were recommended earlier. Try to isolate the general source of your trouble. If you have a patient friend who has a modem, he can be a great help. Get him to send you data while you try various combinations of options. If the problem is in the modulator-half of your modem, have him monitor your transmissions, informing you each time you transmit something accurately

The important question of whether the problem is in the modem or in the computer can be best answered by substituting your modem for the modem in a working system-perhaps even one at a computer store. Finally, don't overlook the telephone itself. The most frustrating problem we have encountered was produced by a desk phone with a bad duplex network

Once your system is running, you can look forward to making new friends via the CBB's (Computer Bulletin Boards) and programs like MicroNET's CB simulator. You will also have access to a very broad source of programs and in-

FREE!
NEW CATALOG OF HARD-TO-FIND PRECISION TOOLS


Jensen's new catalog is packed with more than 2000 quallty items. Your single source for hard-to-find precision tools used by electronic technicians, scientists, engineers, schools, instrument mechanics, laboratories and government agencies. This popular catalog also contains Jensen's world-famous line of more than 40 tool kits. Send for your free copy todayl

JENSEN TOOLS INC.
1230 SOUTh PRIEST DRIVE tempe. ARIZONA 8528,
formation utilities. And the future promises even more. A word of caution, though, to the overenthusiastic: longdistance is sometimes the next best thing to bankruptcy!

R-E

## REFERENCES

Roger L. Hicks, "RS-232", 80 Microcomputing, March 1980, p. 136 (a good source of serial-port information for TRS-80 users).
Austin Lesea, Rodnay Zaks, Microprocessor Interfacing Techniques, Sybex, 1977. Garth Nash, "Low-Speed Modem Fundamentals," Motorola application note AN-731.
Don Lancaster, TV Typewriter Cookbook, Howard W. Sams, 1978.

## 8-BALL ANTENNA

continued from page 48
threaded rods without heads and require a nut and washer on each side of the wood strip. Tighten the bolts and attach the vertical wood strip/bolt assemblies to the frame as shown in Figs. 5 and 6, using a $1 / 4$-inch nut on each side of the metal rib as shown. Set the spacing between the vertical wood strips and the frame according to the dimensions in Fig. 5, but tighten the bolts just fingertight

For ease in setting the spacing between the rib and the redwood vertical strip, cut $13 / 16$-inch, $37 / 32$-inch, and $71 / 4$ inch spacer blocks. Use them to set the spacings at points 24.48 , and 72 inches up and down from center. (See Fig. 5.) Figure 9 shows the $71 / 4$-inch spacer in place while one of the 12 -inch bolts is being adjusted

It is very important to position the vertical strips so that the horizontal strips lie flat across them. That is why the adjustment bolts were left just finger-tight-to allow for the slight left or right movement necessary for alignment. Once the horizontal strips have been installed, the adjustment bolts will be tightened.

Attach the $3 / 4 \times 2$-inch horizontal wood strips to the vertical strips as shown in Fig. 4. At each lattice joint use glue and a $11 / 4$-inch brass screw. Pre-drill the screw holes-preferably with a pilot drill-otherwise you're likely to break the screw or split the wood.

We'll show you how to handle the lattice corners when we continue with the 8 -Ball next month

R-E

[^1]
## 

CLASSIFIED COMMERCIAL RATE (for firms or individuals offering commercial products or services). $\$ 1.65$ per word prepaid (no charge for zip code). . . MINIMUM 15 WORDS. $5 \%$ discount for 6 issues, $10 \%$ for 12 issues within one year, if prepaid.
NON-COMMERCIAL RATE (for individuals who want to buy or sell a personal item) $\$ 1.00$ per word prepaid . . . no minimum.
ONLY FIRST WORD AND NAME set in bold caps. Additional bold face (not available as all caps) at 10¢ per word. All copy subject to publisher's approval. ADVERTISEMENTS USING P.O. BOX ADDRESS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED UNTIL ADVERTISER SUPPLIES PUBLISHER WITH PERMANENT ADDRESS AND PHONE NUMBER. Copy to be in our hands on the 26 th of the third month preceding the date of the issue (i.e., August issue closes May 26). When normal closing date falls on Saturday, Sunday, or a holiday, issue closes on preceding working day.

## Satellite TV <br> Receive 200 Channels Anywhere!

That's what the ads say. Is it true? Well, yes * no. You can receive 75 to 200 channels, but not just anywhere. Those ads are written to sell expensive equipment, which you might not aven be able to use. Only a complex computer athalysis of your location can tell for sure.

We offer an independent computer analysis ol your location, anywhere in the world. Our computer will tell you which satellites you can receive, where to point your antenna, \& how strong the signals are likely to be.

The cost'? Only $\$ 19.95$ postpaid (Air Mail $\$ 2.00$ extra). We can save you hundreds-. even thousands - of dollars. Send Money Order, check, or charge it on VISA or Master Card

Call Toll Free! 24-hrs. 800-228-2606 In Nebraska, 800-642-8777
Satellite Computer Service Dept. RE, 1808 Pomona Drive Las Cruces, NM 88001 U.S.A.


To run your own classified ad, put one word on each of the lines below and send this form along with your check for $\$ 1.65$ per word (minimum 15 words) to:

Radio-Electronics, 200 Park Avenue South, N.Y., N.Y. 10003

## ORDER FORM

PLEASE INDICATE in which category of classified advertising you wish your ad to appear. For special headings, there is a surcharge of $\$ 10$.
() Plan's/Kits ( ) Business Opportunities () () For Sale

Special Category: \$10
(PLEASE PRINT EACH WORD SEPARATELY, IN BLOCK LETTERS.)


## SATELLITE TELEVISION

SATELLITE television...Howard/Coleman boards to build your own receiver. For more information write: ROBERT COLEMAN, Rt. 3, Box 58-ARE, Travelers Rest, SC 29690
SAVE \$\$\$! Satellite television manual, source catalogue. Dishes, receivers, complete systems. Design, programing. Illustrations, photos. \$3.95. WESTCOLONY, Dept-E, Box 9471. Fresno, CA 93792


SATELLITE equipment catalog. Over 25 of the best manufacturers and suppliers, LNA's, receikers, antennas and complete systems covered in detail. Four different sections. $\$ 12.00$. TMS CO., P.O. Box 8369, Roseville, MN 55113

SATELLITE television complete electronics, just add antenna. 24 channel receiver, $120^{\circ}$ LNA, modulator, feed horn (specify parabolic or spherical), with all required cables and connectors (75'). $\$ 2500$. Data sheets $\$ 2$. Delivery stock to 45 days. KIRBY SATELLITE SYSTEMS, Box 87. Cheyenne, OK 73628


Better than Cable TV - Over 200 TV and radio services. Why waste money? Learn the whole story and build a video system the family can enjoy. No commercials, FREE movies, sports and Vegas shows - worldwide, crystal clear reception connects to any TV set. Big ( $8 \times 11 \mathrm{in}$.) book loaded with details, photos, plans, kits TELLS EVERYTHING! Satisfaction Guaranteed. Send $\$ 7.95$ TODAY! Add $\$ 2.00$ tor 1 st class (air mail) or call our 24 hour C.0.D. rush order line (305) 862-5068.
GLOBAL ELECTRONICS,
P.O. Box 219 E, Maitland, Florida 32751

## EDUCATION \& INSTRUCTION

LEARN computer technology-maintenance training from the digital specialists. Free brochure. INNOVATIVE HOME STUDY, Box 1046, Indian Rock Beach, FL 33535


# Radio Shack is America's Parts Place No Minimum Order! No Waiting! Low Prices! 

## Low-Priced Precision Wire-Wrapping Tool

 This balanced $41 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ all-metal tool speeds wiring 'Jf IC projects. It strips, wraps, and unwraps $30-$ gauge wire. Includes an easy-to-use stripper that stores in the handle. 276-1570| 30-Gauge | Color | Cat. No. | $50-$ ft <br> Spool |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Kynar |  |  | 2.39 |
| Wire | Red | $278-501$ | 2.39 |
| White | $278-502$ | 2.39 |  |
| Blue | $278-503$ | 2.39 |  |

TV RF Modulator Board


- Prewired RF Module - Ch. 2 or 3 Output
$16^{95}$ Accepts b\&w or color video, $30-15,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ audio. With instructions, labeled and drilled board, parts list, RF module and antenna switch. PARTS EXTRA - all available at Radio Shack. 277-122
Shown built with recommended parts
Resistor Packs Quad BiFET Op-Amp


DPDT Switch $34 \% 0$ Ff!
Reg.
3.19 09 Compact levertype with contacts rated 6A at 125VAC. Mounts in $7 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ hole. 275-259 Sale 2.09

20-Range LCD Multimeter $79^{95}$ - 10-Meg Input - Automatlc Zero-Adjust \& Polarity


Carry Case Only $\widehat{6}_{22-153}^{95}$
Easy-to-read 0.4 "-tall liquid crystal display with convenient low-battery and over-range indicators. Measures up to 500VAC in 4 ranges; 1000VDC in 4 ranges; 200 mA AC and DC current in 3 ranges each; 20 megohms resistance in 6 ranges Size: $63 / 4 \times 33 / 4 \times 13 / 4$." Leads and manual included. Requires 9 V battery or AC adapter. 22-198 .79.95 AC Adapter. U.L. listed. 273-1431

These top-quality meters allow you to monitor critical circuits. Feature easy-to-read faces and D'Arsonval movements for $\pm 5 \%$ accuracy, full scale. Require $1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ mounting hole.
0-50 $\mu \mathrm{A}$ DC. 270-1751 .... 8.95 0-1 mA DC. 270-1752 8.95

## Mini Amp with Built-In Speaker

## 16K Hobby

RAM
New Low Price!

$$
\left.\begin{array}{cl}
\text { Was } 13.95 & 4116 \text { Dynamic RAM. } \\
\text { 100\% prime. Our }
\end{array}\right\}
$$

type with PC pins. Contacts rated 0.5 A at $125 \mathrm{VAC} .11 / 8 \mathrm{x}$ rated $0.5 A$ at 125
$9 / 16 X^{7} / 16$." 275-229 99¢ Voltage Regulator


LM317. Adjustable, positive. Up to $1.5 A$ output. TO-3 case 276-1777 $\ldots . .4 .99 \quad 1.2$ to 37 VDC

Mercury Switch NEW! $1^{19}$

Tilt to close circuit. SPST contacts rated 5A at 125VAC. Wire leads. Style may vary 275-027 1.19

## Card Connector

Was 5.95
$4^{95}$
40-Pin. Reusable insulation
displacement-type mounts at ends or along length of ribbon cable Compatible with many microcomputers. 276-1558
Quad Timer IC
20\% Off!
Reg. 2.49 Type 558. Four type
$\int 99 \underset{\substack{56 \\ 16 \text {-pin DIP }}}{55 \text { timers }^{2} \text { in a single }}$ 276-1742 .. Sale 1.99
12VDC Reed Relay
only 99¢

## DPST. Encapsulated

$4^{99}$

Start Your Next Project at The Shack ${ }^{*}$

## Metal-Film <br> Capacitors



250WVDC. Aluminum deposited mylar for ultra-low leakage. Epoxy dipped for stability.

| $\mu \mathrm{F}$ | Cat. No. | Each |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| .01 | $272-1051$ | .39 |
| .047 | $272-1052$ | .49 |
| .1 | $272-1053$ | .59 |
| .22 | $272-1058$ | .69 |
| .47 | $272-1054$ | .79 |
| 1.0 | $272-1055$ | .89 |



Micronta ${ }^{\text {P }}$ Precision Panel Meters


## Chtitimic

 COMPUTER SUPPORT CENTER

## $280-510 / 0$


MOS MEMORIES

## Par 21 21 20 $P_{2}$ $P_{2}$ 21 21 21 2187

| MOS Static RAM's |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }_{\text {Part }}$ |  | Price |
| 2102-25 |  | ${ }^{3.65}$ |
| P2111-45 | IK (256x 4 ) 450NS 18 PIN | ${ }_{2}^{1.98}$ |
| P2112.35 | IK (256x 4 ) 350NS 18 PIN | 2.65 |
| 2114 L | Low Power (k ( $1024 \times 4$ ) 300NS | 3.45 |
| 2147 | 4K (4K x 1) 55NS | 9.95 |
| 2147 | $4 \mathrm{~K}(4 \mathrm{~K} \times 1) \mathrm{TONS}$ | 7.95 |
| UART's |  |  |
|  |  | 3.95 |

## CHIP SETS

## EPR



## PLANS \& KITS

BUILD a frequency standard as accurate as WWV. Use to verify accuracy of your frequency counter. Complete circuit $\$ 8.00$. Send stamp for kit information. DA PRODUCTS, PO Box 566 Hampshire, IL 601.40

NEGION generator. Build using ignition coil Plans, PC artwork, \$1.00. HOMEBREW ELECTRONICS, Box 55311 , Indianapolis, 46205
LOWEST prices electronic parts. Confidential catalog free. KNAPP, 4750 96th St. N., St. Peters burg, FL 33708
MODULAR power supplies, relays, IC, P-amps and more. For catalog send $\$ 1.00$ to: MICROPROCESSOR CONTROL SPECIALISTS, 18 ROYal Lane, Londonderry, NH 03053


SAVE $90 \%$. Build your own micro or minicomputer. Free details. DIGATEK CORPORATION, Suite E, 2723 West Butler Drive, Phoenix, AZ 85021
DECODE Morse and RTTY signals off the air with our Morse-A-Word or RTTY Reader. Morse-AKeyer keyboard also available. Quality kits or factory wired. Call or write for details. MICRO CRAFT, Box 513R, Thiensville, WI 53092 (414) 241-8144
PRINTED circuit boards from sketch or artwork. Kit projects. Free details. DANOCINTHS INC., Box 261, Westland, MI 48185


#### Abstract

HIGHIY PROFITABLE ELECTRONIC ONE-MAN -ACTORY quired. sales handled by profossionat ire quire business. Writy protessionars. ideal Post card will do. Barta-RE-P, Box 248, Walnut Creek, CA 94597.


FREE catalog IC's semis, parts. CORONET ELECTRONICS, 649A Notre Dame W., Montreal, Que, Canada H3C 1H8 US inquiries
PALOMAR-pride-exclusive repair facility. Factory trained technicians-all work guaranteed. PALOMAR/PRIDE ELECTRONICS, 1320 Grand, San Marcos, CA 92069 (714) 744-0720

MICROWAVE television "downconverters" under $\$ 50.00$. High quality, easily assembled. Catalog: $\$ 2.00$ (refundable). NDS, Box 12652-R, Dal las, 75225


## ELECTRONIC ORGAN KITS

THEATER and CLASSICAL Refundable Parts Brochure $\$ 2.00 \quad$ Catalog $\$ 1.50$ Wurlitzer reproductions 6101 WAREHOUSE WAY, SACRAMENTO, CA 95826

AUDIO kits. Equalizer-twelve bands/channel $\$ 100 ; 24, \$ 225 ;$ noise reducer/expander, $\$ 110$; LED meter, \$42; see R-E cover stories 5/78, 3/81, $2 / 80$, or send stamp for catalog. SSS, 9.12R Knobcone, Loveland, CO 80537
END adjacent channel interference on your TV set. Unique device enables your ordinary set to separate all channels completely. Makes new programs available. Complete plans, $\$ 5.00$. RELTRON, Box 921103-R2, Clevelnd, OH 44101

TELEVISION alignment-in minutes-while observing revolutionary pattern. Check RF, IF, video instantly! So simple and inexpensive it's incredible. Complete plans-- $\$ 8.00$. Free details. E-Z LINE, Box 2702R, Clearwater, FL 33517
amazing electronic projects and products: Lasers Super Powered, Burning Cutting, Rifle, Pistol. Pocket. See in Dark-Shotguln Directional Mike-
Unscramblers-Giant Tesla-Stunwand--TV Disrupt Unscramblers-Giant Tesla-Stunwand-TV Disrupt er-Energy Producing. Aurveilance, dreds More-All New Plus INFO UNLTD PARTS SERVICE Catalog $\$ 1$. Intormation Unlimited, Dept. RB Box 716 Amherst, N.H. 03031.

UNIQUE electronic plans: 2.4 GHz microwave downconverter system, $\$ 5.00$. Telephone memory dialer, negative ion generator, $\$ 4.00$ each. All three sets, only $\$ 10.00$ ! Parts, kits available. Send SASE for more information. COLLINS ELECTRONICS, Box 6424, San Bernardino, CA 92412
AUTOMOTIVE security, safety, and convenience circuits. 10 tested plans $\$ 2.00$. ELA, Box 44334, Cleveland, OH 44144
PORTABLE digital capacitor meter with 1\% accuracy. Range - 1 pf to 10,000 uf. Uses readily available CMOS IC'S. Build for under \$25.00! Etched PCB and plans- $\$ 12.95$. Calibration components included. DRISCOLL ELECTRONICS, 57 Scofield Ave., Bridgeport, CT 06605


MICROWAVE television education manual! New publicatuon explores concepis, antennas, downconverters: \$16.25. Information package on microwave and other exciting television products: $\$ 2.00$. ABEX, P.O. Box 26601-RM, San Francisco, CA 94126
CABLE TV converters and equipment, microwave antennas and downconverters. Plans and parts. Build or buy. For information send $\$ 2.00$ C\&D COMPANY, PO Box 21, Jenison, MI 49428
SUPER microwave TV downconverter complete assembled system, ready to hook up. \$159.95 PC board set with plans $\$ 25.00$. HOBBI SHACK, P.O. Box 235, Jersey City, NJ 07303
ELECTRONIC catalog. Over 4,500 items. Parts 8 components. Everything needed by the hobbyist or technician. $\$ 2.00$ postage \& handling, refundable with first $\$ 15.00$ order. (Foreign $\$ 4.00$ U.S. funds). T\&M ELECTRONICS, 472 East Main Street, Patchogue, NY 11772 (516) 289-2520

## CB RADIO

GET more CB channels and rangel Frequency expanders, boosters, speech processors, interference filters, VOX, how-to books, plans. Cata$\log \$ 2$. CB CITY, Box 31500RE, Phoenix, AZ 85046


## WANTED

MIRROR in the lid, spinning disc, and other pre1946 television sets wanted. Call collect: (203) 521-5280
Do you have a new idea! And wish to market it! Write to NEW ENGLAND ELECTRONICS R\&D DISTRIBUTORS, P.O. Box 9587, Providence, R 02940. We will research it and advise you. Send $\$ 5.00$ for postage and handling

## CABLE TV EQUIPMENT

100 brand new Philips cable TV converters/VCR programmers. $\$ 3560$ (US funds). Prepaid to your door. Sample \$48. BIRNBOM, 3655 Ridgewood, Suite 103, Montreal, Canada H3V $1 \mathrm{B4}$ (phone 514-739-0614) USA Inquiries

FOR SALE
EPROMS 2732 Fujitsu prime 450 ns single 5 V supply. $\$ 17.50$. SABADIA EXPORT CORP. Box 16969, Temple Terrace, FL 33687. Telex 803712

## CDMPITER MARKET CENTER

COMPUTER MARKET CENTER ADVERTISING RATES $1^{\prime \prime}$ by 1 column ( $15 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ ) $\$ 55.00$. $11 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ by 1 column ( $15 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ ) $\$ 82.50 .2^{\prime \prime}$ by 1 column ( $15 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ ) $\$ 110.00$. All ads must be prepaid. Send order and remittances to Computer Market Center, Radio-Electronics Magazine, 200 Park Avenue South, New York, New York, 10003. Address telephone inquiries to 212-777-6400. Frequency rates are available.

ARIZONA

SAVE 90\%
Build your own computer. Free Details. Complete Catalog $\$ 1.00$ Refundable. DIGATEK CORPORATION, Suite 20D, 2723 West Butier Drive, Phx AZ 85021.

## CALIFORNIA

FREE! INFO-PAK for small computer users mailed twice a year. We sell and broker all kinds of SMALL COMPUTER SOFTWARE from S-100 to TRS-80. SOFTWARE REVIEW 704 Solano Ave., Albany, CA 704 Solano Ave., Alb
94706 (415) 527-7730.

## CANADA

DYNAMIC INFORMATION TECHNOLOGIES LTD. P.O. BOX 6553 STN.A. SAINT JOHN, N.B., CANADA E2L 4R9 (506) 642-4260 TERMINALS, PRINTERS, MICROCOMPUTERS SOFTWARE

USED COMPUTER TERMINALS, PRINTERS, MODEMS, SURPLUS ELECTRONIC PARTS CATALOG $\$ 1.00$

RONDURE COMPANY THE COMPUTER ROOM 2522 BUTLER STREET DALLAS, TEXAS 75235 (214) 630-4621

## WISCONSIN

CONVERT 6502 MICRO TO A PROGRAMMABLE CONTROLLER MAX. 32 EVENTS POSSIble 80 PG SOFTWARE/HARDWARE MANUAL 20.00 , SPECS 1.00 HUNTER TECHNICAL SERV. P.O. BOX 359, ELM SERV. P.O. BOX 359, ELM
GROVE. WI 53122

MASSACHUSETTS

is only one of hundreds of unusual values Get your FREE CATALOG today! Dept. R 245A Great Road Littleton. MA 01460

Take stock in America. Buy U.S. Savings Bonds.

# [r다아NN800-346-5144 

 fatest iechnologlcal advance in audio . . . the MOSFET They provide faster slow rate and complete absence o onescuer diatortion. They are immune to therma ninaway, increasing iong term reliablity and eliminating the need for cemplicated protection circultry which can add distonton. Can operate into complex loads withou diftlculty.
Lhe all LiP power amplifters, the now MOSFETS are ful rancapaulated to buikin heatsinks, require no externa parts, neod Only FIVE CONNECTIONS, and are war tonted for FIVE YEARS

## PEMFONMANCE SPECIFICATIONS:

Frowency recoonse $-15 \mathrm{~Hz}-100 \mathrm{KHz}(-3 \mathrm{db})$. THD (Typlcel at 1 KHz ) $-0.005 \%$. IM $(60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and 7 KHz sinewere, $4: 1$ ratio) - $.006 \%$. S/N Ratlo (DIN standard) - 100 db. Slew rate - 20 VhuS. Rise time - 3 US. Input sensltivity/impedance - $500 \mathrm{MV} / 100 \mathrm{~K}$ ohm. Output im pedance - 4 ahms to Infinity. Demping factor - 400. moe120 wat MOSFET Power Ampllfier ( c onms)
s 78.85
MOS200 120 wnti MOSFET Power Amplifier (6) ohma

## hybrid <br> POWER <br> AMPS <br>  <br> Bultitn heatsinks - 5 connections - 5 year warranty! Protected clicultry No extemal parts required

## PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS:

Frequency response - $15 \mathrm{~Hz}-50 \mathrm{KHz}(-3 \mathrm{db})$. THD (Typlcal at 1 KHz ) $-0.01 \% \mathrm{IM}$ Distoriton $-0.006 \%$ S/N ratio -100 db . Slew rate $-15 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{uS}$. Rise time -5 uS input sensitivity/impedance: $500 \mathrm{Mv} / 100$ Kohms. Damp ing factor - 400 . Power rated into 8 ohms (excep hi 400 rated into 4 ohms).
HY30 ( 15 watts RMS)
HY 8030 watts RMS
HY120 (60 watts RMS)
HY200 (120 watts)
HY 400 (240 watts RMS)
25.85
$\$ 29.95$

FP400 "Bridges" 2 HY 40

## 保 <br> RACK MOUNT CABINET

$\$ 49.95$
, or 400. Back paneis are pre-cut for 2 amp modules. Power supply mounts inside chassis. Screened face-plate (19" $\times 5$


Inputs for RIAA phono, tape with monitor, tuner, aux lliery and microphone; full tone control circultry. Incredibte performance: Response dC to 100 KHz , distortion $0.05 \%$, SIN 90 db. Uuiput to 4.5 RMS. Sup plied with edge connectors. Compact. Resiable. Ity nal voltage regulation - use from 15 to 50 V sately

## Power Supply Units

Circuit boards with all components plus TOROIDAL transformers (except PSU30 and 36). Toroidals are half the slze and welght of conventional transformers; and are quieter and more efflcient. Note: HY6 and HY66 can also be powered from any supply.
PSU60 ( $\pm 25$ V) for 1 or 2 HY50
$\$ 33.60$
Psue0 ( $\pm 35 \mathrm{~V}$ ) for 1 HY120................ 51.00
PSUTO ( $\pm 35$ V) for 1 or 2 HY120 ................ 84.00
PSUTE $\pm 45 \mathrm{~V}$ for 1 or 2 MOS 120
PSUN $( \pm 45 \mathrm{~V})$ for 1 HY 200.
Psues ( $\pm 45 \mathrm{~V}$ ) for 1 MOS200
PSU180 ( $\pm 454$ ) for 1 HY 400 or 2 HY200
PSU185 ( $\pm 55 \mathrm{~V}$ ) for 1 or 2 MOS 200
PSUs ( $\pm 20 \mathrm{~V}$ ) for 1 or 2 HY 30 PSU30 $( \pm 15 \mathrm{~V})$ for 12 HY6 or 6 HY6
GLIDSTOME Electronics

## 901 Fuhimann Blvd.

Butfalo, Now York, 14203. Phone Orders (716) 849-0735 Visa or Mastercard

## Mall Orders: Check (Certifled), or Money

Orders. No C.O.D.'s. Please add $5 \%$ shipping,
CIRCLE READER SERVICE FOR CATALOG

RF power transistors-tubes-special parts for "ham" linears. MRF454 \$17.00, MRF455A $\$ 14.00,8950 \$ 9.00$, 6LF6 $\$ 5.50$, catalog and cross-reference help available. COD—Visa/MC westcom 1320 Grand, San Marcos, CA 92069 (714) 744-0728

BREADBOARD one EXP300 power supply switches. L.E.D. indicators assembled $\$ 58.50$. $\$ 2.50$ S\&H. R-E ELECTRONICS, 11002 Hammerly 32, Houston, TX 77043

NOSTALGIA crystal radio. Expertly handcrafted. Traditional style. Assembled and tested. Write for information. BOB RYAN, P.O. Box 3039, Anaheim, CA 92803
SCANNER monitor accessories-kits and factory assembled. Free catalog. CAPRL ELECTRONICS, Route 1R, Canon, GA 30520
END adjacent channel interference on your TV set. Unique device enables your ordinary set to separate all channels completely. Makes new programs available. Complete plans, $\$ 5.00$. RELTRON, Box 91103-R1, Cleveland, OH 44101
RECONDITIONED test equipment. $\$ 1.00$ for cat-alog-JAMES WALTER TEST EQUIPMENT, 2697 Nickel, San Pablo, CA 94806
2150 megahertz downconverters $\$ 99.95$ up, assembled. Details for SASE. GW ELECTRONICS, POB 688, Greenwood, IN 46142
FREE speaker catalog! Woofers, mids, tweeters, hardware, crossovers, grille cloth, plans, kits, information, much more. Discount prices. UNIVERSAL SOUND, Dept. RE, 2253 Ringling Blvd., Sarasota, FL 33577, (813) 953-5363
fanon
BLAZING NEW TRAILS IN ELECTRONICS SINCE 1949

TELEPHONE or office bugged? Latest detection equipment finds out fast. Free literature. CLIFTON, Box $220-\mathrm{M}$, Miami, FL 33168


CIRCLE 14 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

MICROWAVE receiver for MDS TV complete and ready to install. 24 db gain; $\$ 250$. ALEX, (215) 568-4264
SAVE up to $50 \%$ on name brand test equipment Free catalog and price list. SALEN ELECTRONICS, Box 82-F. Skokie, IL 60077
RESISTORS $1 / 4 W$, $1 / 2 W 5 \%$ carbon films $3 ¢$ ea. No minimums. $1 \%$ metal films. Send for details. Bulk pricing available. JR INDUSTRIES, 5834-C Swancreek, Toledo, OH 43614

COMPLETE line of microwave television converters and accessories to suit your needs. Converters have a one year warranty backed by a 3 year reputation. Call or write for complete specifications and pricing. Dealer inquiries invited. TRITON MARKETING, 1933 Rockaway Parkway, Brooklyn, NY 11236 (212) 531-9004
DOWN converter power supplies 7-14V DC 50 mA $\$ 29.95$ assembled and tested, plus $\$ 3.00$ postage and handłing. MDS downconverter repairs $\$ 29.95$ includes parts. Send diagram and required frequency, plus $\$ 3.00$ postage and handling. MRF $901-\$ 2.59$ each, chip caps 470 pF $35 \$$ each, HP5802-2835 sub., for MA-4882 microwave diodes $\$ 1.50$ each. Minimum order $\$ 10.00$ Send money order or bank check to: NEW ENGLAND ELECTRONICS R\&D DISTRIBUTORS, P.O. Box 9587, Providence, RI 02940

PICTURE tube rebuilding equipment - we sell and buy new and used equipment. Free training. ATOL TELEVISION, 6425 Irving Park, Chicago, IL 60634, Phone 312-545-6667

FREE! Discount electronics catalog. Over $41 / 2 \mathrm{mil}-$ lion satisfied customers! Low low prices on IC's, LED's, readouts, computer peripherals, audio components, solar products and much much more. POLY'PAKS, Box 942 REC, Lynnfield, MA 01940

## QUALITY ELECTRONIC PARTS AT WHOLESALE PRICES

ELECTRONIC dealers \& hobbyists! Send name \& address for "free catalog" \& be placed on mailing list for monthly specials. Free technical assis tance available with order. ROBERT MILLER, Dept. RE 2, Box 391, Bay Station, Brooklyn, NY 11235


# MICROPROCESSOR SUPPORT I.C.'S 

## WE GUARANTEE FACTORY PRIME PARTS

We are going to become the largest supplier of prime microprocessor support I.C.'S. We guarantee that our I.C.'S are purchased from manufacturer authorized distributors. This is the only way to deliver prime parts at the lowest possible prices. Our committment is to offer the best price and the fastest delivery to our customer. We give many thanks to our valued customers who have helped us grow.

NEC $16 K \times 1$ DYNAMIC RAM 200 N.S. These are prime 4116's from one of the best MOS RAM manufacturers in the world.

4116
200ns
8 for $\$ 25.00$
32 for 96.00

| 8080A | CPU | 4.95 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| 8085 A | CPU | 8.95 |
| 8086 | CPU | 99.95 |
| 8088 | CPU | 44.95 |
| Z-80 | CPU | 6.70 |
| Z-80A | CPU | 7.25 |

NEC 1 Kx4 STATIC RAM 250 N.S.
These are prime low power static ram's NEC for the finest in MOS MEMORY.

2114L
8 for $\$ 25.00$

## 

| 74C925 | 6.95 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 74 LSO | . 35 |
| 74LS01 | . 28 |
| 74LSO2 | . 28 |
| 74 LSO3 | . 28 |
| 74LS04 | . 39 |
| 74LS05 | . 28 |
| $74 \mathrm{LS08}$ | . 39 |
| 74LS09 | . 39 |
| 74 LS 10 | . 28 |
| 74LS 11 | . 39 |
| 74LS12 | . 39 |
| 74LS13 | . 47 |
| 74 LS 14 | 1.25 |
| 74 LS 15 | . 39 |
| 74LS20 | . 26 |
| 74 LS21. | . 38 |
| 74LS22 | . 38 |
| 74 LS26 | . 39 |
| 74 LS27 | . 39 |
| 74LS28 | . 39 |
| 74LS30 | . 26 |
| 74 LS32 | . 39 |
| 74LS37 | . 79 |
| 74 LS38 | . 39 |
| 74 LS42 | . 79 |
| 74 LS47 | . 79 |
| 74 LS48 | . 79 |
| 74 LS5 1 | . 26 |
| 74 LS54 | . 35 |
| 74 LS55 | . 35 |
| 74 LS73 | . 45 |
| 74 LS74 | . 59 |
| 74 LS75 | . 68 |
| 74 LS76 | 45 |
| 74 LS 78 | . 65 |
| 74 LS83 | . 99 |
| 74 LS85 | 1.19 |
| 74 LS86 | . 45 |
| 74 LS90 | . 75 |
| 74LS92 | . 75 |
| 74 LS93 | . 75 |
| 74 LS95 | . 88 |
| 74 LS96 | . 98 |

MAIL ORDERS SHOULD BE SENT TO:
P.O. Box 21432 Seattle, Washington 98111

Telephone Orders \& Inquiries (206) 453-0792 Minimum Order \$10.00 Add \$3.00 Shipping

HANLEY ENGINEERING
RETAIL STORE
1644 116th NORTHEAST BELLEVUE, WASHINGTON 98005


沟 Sembinananoucor Clock Modules



## MICROPROCESSOR COMPONENTS

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| （1） |  |  |  |  |  |
| OP | Bus oriver | 1.4 | dact | 10－Bit D／A Converter co．z | \％ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| poear proa．oma contral is．s |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | aut Aacoivee |  | 114 | \％ |  |
| （emen |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6800／6800 SUPPORT DEVICES－ $14 \%$ \％ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mcemers Mou win Clock and RAM |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $2 \times \times 10$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sterseme |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| мстsesa |  | 28 |  |  |  |
| －－microprocessonchis ma |  |  | ${ }_{2} 12 \mathrm{Ea}$ | Proms／E |  |
|  | CPU（MKKNA）（emhr） | $15 \%$ |  |  | \％ |
|  | CPL | 19．4 |  | ISK EPROM（SV．+SV ，＋12V） |  |
|  |  | 15.9 | 278 anter（r36）Tt |  | \％ |
|  | CPU - Ansice |  |  | BK EPR | ＊ |
| insoinc | 1． il 1816 | 6．98 | 5203 | xaprom |  |
|  | Sal．Criot． | ＊＊ | ${ }^{2553314}$ | 1221 $\mathrm{PROM}_{10}$ |  |
|  | as | ${ }^{2} . ⿱ 亠 凶 禸$ |  | 028 Bip | ＊ |
|  | cau－m byes ram |  | 205122145590） | $32 \times 1$ Tri．State |  |
|  | cou | as |  | SKPROM |  |
| ${ }^{\text {cincess }}$ TMS S9900．1 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 9，9 |  |  |  |
|  | －SHIFT REGISTERS |  | 3：6N | Craracier Generstor | \％$\%$ |
|  | Duatern |  |  |  |  |
| Sor | Du |  |  |  |  |
| MMSICF | W |  | Mcm | ， |  |
|  | Sterin Oynamic | 38 | Mcmesma |  | ¢ |
|  | leathe Dymmich |  |  | ocessor manuals |  |
|  | Soish2－81 | ${ }^{6}$ |  | Uner ma | so |
| M M 5034 N | Octal | \％$\%$ | ${ }_{\text {chems }}$ |  | ＋ |
|  |  | \％ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | SPECIAL function |  |
|  | 12 －8 | 2.8 | ${ }_{\text {Osoma }}^{\text {OSN }}$ | Oual Mos cie | so |
|  |  | 2\％ | insimin． | froppy Olisicontrolier | \％ |
|  | Ouei 36 Elis static | 2．\％ | insmin | communication cm | 19.9 |
| $\operatorname{sxan}_{2 \times 20}$ | Dual zo gil state | Com | MMssilitan | Mik roprocesiol hail Time Clock | ${ }_{\text {a }}^{\text {R }}$ |
|  | Ouat mern sixic | 2， | copmern． |  | 6．\％ |
|  |  | 6.3 |  | －ma Diraet LeEo ortua |  |
|  | data acoul |  |  | Rest LE |  |
|  |  |  | cominn |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {c }} \mathrm{CJ}$ ， | Touch Tone Low past fitee |  |  |  |  |
|  | Supuch ouin 0 Amp | ${ }_{\text {lin }}^{190}$ | AY． 517100 |  |  |
|  | constant curron sou | 1.10 | AY．${ }^{\text {a }}$ ame | ${ }_{\text {Repet }}$ | \％ |
| （misz | nsua | － | AY¢533\％ | Kovorara | ni．$\%$ |
|  | Inuut Oo Amb |  |  |  | \％ |
|  |  | \％ |  |  |  |
|  |  | As |  |  | 8 |
|  |  | 2,2 |  |  |  |

## ELECTRONIC TOY MOTORS E MABUCHI RE280 \＄．99 each <br> 

．10／\＄7．50
100／\＄50．00


MAIL ORDER ELECTRONICS－WORLDWIDE 1355 SHOREWAY ROAD，BELMONT，CA 94002 PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE


Expand your 4 K TRS－80 System to 16 K ．
 TRS－16K2

| TRS－16K2 ${ }^{\text {－150NS }}$ | \＄39．95 |
| :---: | :---: |
| TRS－16K4－ 250 NS | \＄29．95 |

JE610 ASCII Encoded Keyboard Kit


Se6id AscIf Kayboard Klt cen be Interfaced Into most sny camputer system．The kit comes complete
with an Industrial grade kovboord wwitch assembly （ $62-\mathrm{kevs}$ ），IC＇s，sockets，connactor，electronkc compo nents and a doublq－sided printed wiring board．The
kevboard asembiv requires +5 V （＠ 150 mA and -12 V
$@ 10 \mathrm{~mA}$ for oparetion．Features： 60 keva generate the 126 charseters，upper end lower case ASClI set．Fully
buffered．Two user－define keys provided for custorn applications．Caps lock for upper－case only alor cha charac－
rers．Utilizes a 2376 （ 40 －pln）encoder read－only memory ters．Uullizes a 2376 （ 40 －pln）encoler read－only memory
chlp．Outputs difecty compatible with TTL／DTL or chip．Outputs difectly compatibl with TTL／DTL o
MOS logle arays．Esy intarfacling with a 16 pin dip o JE610／DTE－AK $\begin{gathered}\text {（Arter assembled } \\ \text { as plitured abovel }\end{gathered}$. JE610 Kit $\begin{gathered}\text { ¢2－Key Keyboara，PC Boara，} \\ \text { \＆Components（no case）．．．} \$ 79.95\end{gathered}$ K62 s2－Kay Kayboztd（Key Doard only）．．．
DTE－AK（case only－ 34 ＂$H \times 11^{\prime}$ Wx844＂D）$\$ 49.95$


JE600 Hexadecimal Encoder Kit FULLB－BIT
LATCHEDOUTPUT
19－KEYKEYBOARD
The JE 600 Encoder Keyboard KIt provides two separate
hexadecimel digltu produced from sequential koy entries hexaliow diract progremming for 8 bit microprocessor
to alt 8 －bit mamary circults．Three edditional keys are pro－
or vided for user operations with one having a biatable
output availeble．The outpuis ere latched end monitored with 9 LED readouts．Atso Included lis koventry strobs． Fistures：Full 8 －bit latchad output for mleroprocansor
Wse．Three User－define keys with one belng blatble operation．Debounce circuit provided for all 19 keys．
9 LED readouts to varify entrles．Easy interfacing with
 JE600／DTE－HK $\begin{gathered}\text {（After assembled } \\ \text { as plictured dbove）}\end{gathered} . . . \$ 99.95$ JE600 Kit $\begin{aligned} & \text { 19－Key Hoxadec．Keyboard，} \\ & \text { PC Board \＆Cments．（no case）．．}\end{aligned} \mathbf{\$ 5 9 . 9 5}$
K19 19－Kay Keyboard（Keyboard only）．．．$\$ 14.95$



## SEND FOR FBEE CATALOG:

12 VOLT D.C. ALARM BELL


SUPER SMALL PHOTO-FLASH 170 MFD 330 VOLT


CIRCLE 16 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD


IRCLE 60 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

## BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

MECHANICALLY inclined individuals desiring ownership of Small Electronics Manufacturing Business - without investment. Write:BUSINESS ES, 92-R, Brighton 11th, Brooklyn, NY 11235
LCD watch direct from factory. For catalog $\$ 1.00$ RELIANT ENGINEERING COMPANY, P.O. Box 33610, Sheungwan, Hong Kong
$\$ 700$ per month earnings possible filling out income tax forms at home or tax office during tax season. We show you how. Simple, quickly learned. Details mailed free. No salesmen. Hurry Big demand. FEDERATED TAX, 2015 Montrose, Chicago, IL 60618
GROUND floor opportunity with new company! Best marketing plan available in the United States today. A superior product line, better incentives and excellent bonus programs combined, offer the most success-oriented plan yet to be announced. Write or call for free information ENHANCE MARKETING GROUP, (R) P.O. BoX 26563, Salt Lake City, UT 84126 (801) 467-0473
JOIN software exchange, accumulate formidable library inexpensively. Send $\$ 5.00$, SOFTX, Box 8466, Miami Beach, FL 33139
CRT rebuilding machinery. $\$ 1000 / \$ 3000$ weekly possible when you own our patented picture tube rebuilding equipment. Training provided. Phone (312) 583-6565. Write: LAKESIDE, 4071 N. Elston, Chicago, IL 60618

## $\dot{\circ}$ <br> American Heart Association

WE'RE FIGHTING FOR YOUR LIFE

## ELECTRONIC KITS FROM HAL-TRONIX

2304 MHZ DOWN CONVERTERS. TUNES IN ON CHANNELS 2 TO 7 ON YOUR OWN HOME T.V HAS FREQUENCY RANGE FROM 2000 MHZ TO 2500 MHZ . EASY TO CONSTRUCT AND COMES COMPLETE WITH ALL PARTS INCLUDING A DIE-CAST ALUM CASE AND COAX FITTINGS REQUIRE A VARIABLE PORER SUPPLY AND ANTENNA (Antenna can be a dish type or coffee can type depending on the signal strength in your area.
2304 MOD 1 (Basic Kit)
$\$ 49.95$ 2304 MOD 2 (Basic / Pre-amp) $\$ 59.95$ 2304 MOD 3 (Hi-Gain Pre-amp) $\$ 69.95$ POWER SUPPLY FOR EITHER MODEL ABOVE IS
AVAILABLE COMES COMPLETE WITH ALL PARTS CASE. TRANSFORMER, ANTENNA SWITCH AND CONNECTORS
Assembled Assembled Sonave Antenna For Above Microwave.... $\$ 34.95$ Downverters. .... $\$ 39.95$

## PREAMPLIFIERS

HAL PA-19- 1.5 mhz to 150 mhz . 19 db gain operates on 8 to 18 volts at 10 ma . Complete unit $\$ 8.95$ HAL PA- $1.4-3 \mathrm{mhz}$ to 1.4 ghz . 10 to 12 db gain oper ates on 8 to 18 volts at 10 ma . Complete unit $\$ 12.95$ (The above units are ideal for receivers, counters, etc.)
 12 LINE TOUCH TONE DECODER KIT WITH
F.C. BOARD AND PARTS ......... $\$ 39.95$ 16 LINE ENCODER KIT, COMPLETE WITH 12 LINE ENCODER KIT, COMPLETE WITH CASE, PAD AND COMPONENTS .... \$29.95

MANY, MANY OTHER KITS AVAILABLE
$\qquad$

# WELECTRONICS <br> WELECTRONICS CORP. <br> Phone: (305) 887-8228 <br> TWX: 810-848-6085 <br> We accept MasterCard and Visa. EQUIPMENT/COMPONENTS/WIRE \& CABLE/ACCESSORIES 

7294 N.W. 54th Street Miami, Florida 33166

"TANK BATTLE" TV GAME
In just a short time and with a few minor parts, the most novice hobbiest can complete tt is exciting Tank Battle game. Create a fun-filled evenin $\}$ for the whole family wo independent tanks rumble thru land mine fields. shoot shells and fragment wher hit. Four distinct engine gunfire, shell bursts and tank explosions are realistic automatic on-screen scoring. Supplied with schematic drawing.
SOLD ASIS
$\$ 9.95$ ea.


## C.B. SPECIAL

CONVERT THESE TO 10 METER FM New printed circuit board assembly. (Squelch pot, volume control and channel switch not included.) Boards sold as is , the way we bought them from the
$1-9 \$ 7.50 \quad 50-99 \$ 6.00$
$10-49 \$ 6.50$
100-UP \$5.50

## COPPER CLAD BOARD (Double Side)

Size $9.25 \times 10.75$ Thickness . 062
$\$ 2.00$ ea
DIP SWITCH
fabrbbos
7 POSITION $\$ 1.30$ ea. 8 POSITION $\$ 1.50$ ea 12 POSITION \$2.00 ea
AMP METERS


21/4' square, no shunt required. Easy to read dial. Movement: 0-6, 0-10, 0-17
$\mathbf{\$ 2 . 5 0}$ ea

 (can be used underwater). mfg . b Usediversity Sound $160 \mathrm{HM}, 25$ Watt $6^{\prime \prime}$ diam. $\times 5^{\prime \prime}$ deep. $\$ 25.00$ ea

## Weather \& water-proof

| COMPUTER GRADE ELECTROLYTICS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| value/mid | volts | diAm./LGTh. | PRICE |
| 63,000 | (0) 15V | $3^{\prime \prime} \times 51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | \$4.00 ea. |
| 10,000 | @ 20V | $11 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 53 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | \$3.00 ea. |
| 2,700 | @ 25V | $11^{\prime \prime} \times 2{ }^{\prime \prime} /^{\prime \prime}$ | \$2.00 ea. |
| 2,900 | @ 25V | $11 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 2{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | \$2.00 ea. |
| 3,000 | @ 25V | $11 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 41 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | \$2.00 ea. |
| 34,800 | @ 50V | $3^{\prime \prime} \times 51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | \$3.00 ea. |
| 450 | @ 75V | $11 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 21 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | \$2.00 ea. |
| 500 | @ 100V | $11 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 31 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | \$2.00 ea. |
| 240 | @ 300V | $11^{\prime \prime} \times 3{ }^{1 / 4^{\prime \prime}}$ | \$2.00 ea. |
| 50 | @ 450V | $11^{1 / 4} \times 2^{\prime \prime}$ | \$2.00 ea. |

## PANEL METERS

$25-0-25$ VDC $2^{11 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 3^{\prime \prime}}$ $0-25 \mathrm{VDC}, 2 \mathrm{~h}^{\prime \prime} \times 21 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ $0-25 \mathrm{VAC}, 21 \mathrm{z}^{\prime \prime} \times 21 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ (Shunt required) $\$ 4.00$ еа. $\mathbf{2} / \$ 7.00$ TRIMMER CAP

1.5-20DF (ARCO PC-402) 50c ea

## SUB-MINI IOK POT

 with On-Off hole mount,
$1 / 8^{\prime \prime} D$ shaft. $3 / 4^{n}$ thread section. Hardware included 4/\$1.00

ASTATIC T-UG8-D104 MICROPHONE
Pre-amp desk-10p micrephone with crystal eiement 3 -p $n$ plug. $\$ 35.00$ ea

## SPEAKER

.

## 100W CLASS A

 POWER AMP KITDynamic Bias Class "A" circuit design makes this Linit unique in its class. Crystal clear, 100 watts power output will satisfy the most picky fans. A perfect combination with the TA-1020 low T.I.M. ste reo pre-amp.
Specifications

- Output power: 100 W RMS into 8 ohm
- 25 RMS into 4 -ohm
- Frequency response: $10 \mathrm{~Hz}-100 \mathrm{KHz}$
- $S / N$ ratio: better than $80 d B$
- Input sensitivity: IV max.
- Power supply: $\pm 40 \mathrm{~V}$ @ 05 amp
- One channel


TA- 1000 KI
$\$ 51.95$
Power
$\$ 18.00$ each

REGULATED VARIABLE D.C. POWER SUPPLY KIT

Uses UA723 I.C. and 2 N3055 power transistor as regulator. Output voltages can be adjusted from on 30 V at an internal resistance of less than 0.005 ohm; ripple and noise less than 1 MV ; with built on board LED and audible overload indicator. Kit comes with P.C. board; alf electronic components, transformer; connectors; 2 panel meters for voltage and amp; a professional look metal cabinet and instructions

Mode TR-88A 0~15V DC 3 amp
Model TR-88B 0~30V D.C. 2 amp


## WHISTLE ACTIVATED SWITCH BOARD

All boards are pre-assembled and tested. Your whistle to its FET condenser microphone from a distance, as tar as 30 feet away (sensitivity can be easily adjusted) will turn the switch on, then latched you whistle to it again then it turns off. Ideal for remote control toys, electrical appliance such as lights, colfee pots, TV, Hi-Fi, radio or other projects Unit works on 9V D.

## Model 968

 $\$ 4.50$ eachSUB MINI SIZE FET CONDENSER MICROPHONE


Sensitlvity: $-65 \mathrm{~dB} \pm 3 \mathrm{db}$ FEQ. Response: 50 Hz 8 KHz Output Impedance: 1 K ohm max. Polar Pattern: Omni-directional Power Supply: $1.5 \mathrm{~V} \quad 10 \mathrm{~V}$ D. C Sound Pressure Level: Max. 120 dB EM4RP $\$ 2.50$ ea. or 2 for $\$ 4.50$

NEW MARK III 9 Steps 4 Colors
LED VU
Stereo level indicator kit with arc-shape display panel!!! This Mark III LED level indicator is a new design PC board with an arc-shape 4 colors LED display (change color from red, yellow, green and the peak output indicated by rose). The power range is dicator is , dicator is applicable to 1 watt - 200 watts amplifier operating voltage is $3 \mathrm{~V}-9 \mathrm{VOC}$ at max 400 MA . The circuit uses 10 LEDs per channel. It is very easy to connect to the amplifier. Just hook up with the speaker output!

N KIT FORM $\$ 18.50$

## 2 WATT AUDIO AMP

Pre assembled units. All you need is to hook up the speaker and the volume control. Supply voltage from $9 \sim$ 15 V D.C. measures only $2^{\prime \prime} \times 31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$. making it good for portable or discrete applications. Comes with hook up data.

BUY 2 FOR $\$ 4.99$

## MARK IV 15 STEPS LED POWER LEVEL

 INDICATOR KITThis new stereo level indicator kit consists of 364 color LED ( 15 per channel) to indicate the sound evel output of your amplifier from $-36 \mathrm{~d} 8 \sim+3 \mathrm{~dB}$. Comes with a well-designed silk screen printed plas tic panel and has a selector switch to allow floating or gradual output indicating. Power supply is $6 \sim$ 12V D.C. with THG on board input sensitivity controls. This unit can work with any amplifier from iw to 200W!
Kit includes 70 pcs. driver transistors, 38 pcs matched 4-color LED, all other electronic components, PC board and front pane

##  <br> MARK IV KIT $\$ 31.50$ <br> MARK V 15 STEPS LED POWER OUTPUT INDICATOR KIT

All functions same as Mark IV but this is with heavy duty aluminum front plate and case. Can be easily slot into the tront panel of your auto, truck or boat. Operates on 12 V DC.
 MOOEL 888 R


Circuitry: designed for operation by high efficient, high power silicon transistor which enable illumination maintain in standard level even the battery suppl drops to a certain low voltage
$9^{\prime \prime} 6 \mathrm{~W}$ cool/daylight miniature fluores cent tube.
$8 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~V}$ UM-1 (size 0 ) dry cell batter) Easy sliding door for changing batteries $\$ 10.50 \mathrm{EA}$. Stainless reflector with wide angle in

## 30W + 30W STEREO HYBRID AMPLIFIER KIT

Kit includes I PC SANYO STK-043 stereo power amp. IC LM 1458 as pre amp, all other electronic parts, PC Board. all control pots and special heat sink for hybrid. Power
 Iransiormer not included. it produces uitra hi-fi output up to 60 walts (30 watts per channel) yet gives out less than $0.1 \%$ total harmonic distortion between 100 MHz and 10 KHz .

5W AUDIO AMP KIT


2 LM 380 with Volume
Power Suply $6 \quad 18 \mathrm{~V}$ DC ONLY \$6.00 EACH

TWO IN ONE PANEL METER

## D.C. VOLTAGE

## AND AMP IN ONE

D.C. Volts reads $0-50$
D.C. Amp reads $0-3$

Meter case made of black plastic with a white scale plate and glass window.
\#ST-680 \$12.50 EACH
TSPCIIAL? 0.5" LED \{SALE\}
ALARM CLOCK MODULE

## ASSEMBLED! NOT A KIT

Features: * 4 digits 0.5" LED Displays * 12 hours real time format - 24 hours alarm audio output - 59 min. countdown timer - 10 min . snooze control.
 ONLY $\$ 7.00$ EACH SPECIAL TRANSFORMER FOR CLOCK

## CUBO CLOCK CASES



All brand new top quality plastic cases, originally de signed for Cubo clocks. Case comes with top and bottom cover with a detachable front red filter for LED readouts. This can be used for many projects such as LED CLOCK VU METER, LIGHTBOX, FREO. COUNTER, ETC
3 Atlraclive Colors (white, lime green or orange)

BUY 3 FOR ONLY $\$ 2.50$

## TV GAME BOARD

PLAYS 4 GAMES: TENNIS; HOCKEY: HANDBALL AND JAI-ALAI.
All boards complete with all parts ready to play. Requires 6C size batteries and a smali speaker for sound effects The boards were surplus from a famous game manufac turer. They will play on all US slandard black and white or color TV sels
Regular price for these games were $\$ 39.50$ each OUR PRICE ONLY $\$ 6.50$ EACH


MULTI-FINS HEAT SINK


Ideal for high power output. Holes predrilled for 1 to 3 transistor. Made of aluminum with ten radiating fins. 2 FOR $\$ 4.50$

## PROFESSIONAL FM

 WIRELESS MICROPHONE TECT model WEM-16 is a factory assembled FM wire less microphone powered by an AA size battery Transmits in the range of $88-108 \mathrm{MHz}$ with 3 transistor circuits and an omni-directional electric conden ser. Element built-in plastic tube type case; mike is$6^{1 / 4}$ " long With a standard FM radio can $61 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ long. With a standard FM radio, can be heard
anywhere on a one-acre lot: sound anywhere on a one-acre lot; sound quality was judged very good.
$\$ 16.50$

## FOR 'BOX' BUILDERS

Pre-Drilled PC Board
Tolriod Coils (Set of 4)
Multi Turn Trim. Pols 10 K ohm
Trimmer Capacitor $6-35 \mathrm{pF}$
MC1358 \$ 2.50 RC1458
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { MC1350 } & \$ 2.00 & \text { LM } 380 \\ \text { MC1330 } & \$ 3.50 & \text { LM } 340 \text { T-15 }\end{array}$
LM 340T
NE565
$\$ 17.50$

Nealso have transformer NE565 $\$ 2.00$ set antenna

## LCD CLOCK MODULE!

- $0.5^{\prime \prime}$ LCD 4 digits display • X'tal controlled cuits - D.C. powered (1.5V battery) - 12 hr . or 24 hr display $\cdot 24 \mathrm{hr}$. alarm set - 60 min. countdown timer - On board dual back-up lights - Dual time zone display. Stop watch function.
NIC1200 ( 12 hr ) ON SALE
NIC2400 ( 24 hr ) $\$ 16.99$ EACH


## SANYO UHF VARACTOR TUNER

For UHF CH $14 \sim 83$
Tuning voltage $+1 \mathrm{~V} \sim+28 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{D} . \mathrm{C}$. Input impedance 75 OHM. I.F. band width $7 \sim 16 \mathrm{MHZ}$. Noise figure 11.5 dB MAX. Size $25 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$. Supply vollage $15 V$ D.C. Sound I.F. $=58.0 \mathrm{MHZ}$. Video I.F. $=62.5 \mathrm{MHZ}$


All units are brand new from Sanyo. MODEL 115-B-405A $\$ 35.00 \mathrm{EACH}$

FLUORESCENT LIGHT DRIVER KIT


C POWEREO Lights up $8 \sim 15$ Watt Fluofor camper outdoor auto or boat. Kit includes high volt. age coil, power transistor heat sink, all other electro nic parts and PC Board lioht
With Case Only nic parts and PC Board, light
\$6.50 Per Kit tube not included!

SUPER FM WIRELESS MIC KIT - MARK III

This new designed circuit uses high FEQ. FET transistors with 2 stages pre amp. Transmits FM Range (88. 120 MHz up to 2 blocks away and microphone ultra sensitive condense microphone that comes with the kit. allows you to pick up any sound FMC-105 electronic parts, OSC coils, and P.C. S11.50 PER KIT Board. Power supply 9V D.C

PRESS-A-LIGHT SELF GENFRATED FLASHLIGHT

because it has none! Easy because it has none! Easy to use. Ideal for emergency light. It generates its own ectricity by squeezing grip lever put squeezing grip boat, camper or home. You

ELECTRONIC DUAL SPEAKER PROTECTOR


Cut oft when circuit is shorted or over load to protect your amplifier as well as you circuits.

## KIT FORM

"FISHER" 30 WATT STEREO AMP

MAIN AMP (15W $\times 2$ ) Kit includes 2 pcs. Fisher PA 301 Hybrid IC all electronic parts with PC Board. Power supply $\pm$ band with (KF included). Power

Only $\$ 18.50$

## SPACE WAR SOUND <br> GENERATOR BOARD

 Brand new preassembled module out 6 differen! selectable space sound with LED light effect. Sounds include UFO take-off, space gun blasi, wave, and space chime. 7 LED on the board will work with the sound. Requires $9 V$ baltery to operate Speaker not included. SPECIAL $\mathbf{3 3 . 9 9 \text { EACH }}$ SPEAKER $\$ 1.25$
ELECTRONIC PIEZO

## BEEP BUZZER



Unique surplus $7 / 8^{11}$ Dia, piezo ceramic disc on circuit board gives a distinct high freq. buzz. Unit contains an I.C., 2 caps, 6 resistors and is already preassembled. Requires $9 V$ battery to operate SPECIAL 2 FOR $\$ 2.99$
2 BIT COUNTER, WARBLE PULSE ALARM BOARD
 This new assembly easily converts
to a counter, stop watch, warble and pulse alarm generator by adding a few components. We supply the data and typical applications. Requires 9 V battery to operate

AUDIO OUTPUT dB METER


Meter made of clear plastic with a silver white face plate Scale reads from $-20+3 \mathrm{~dB}$ Meter also comes with an internal dial light MODEL: 6F-3 $\$ 6.50 \mathrm{EACH}$

## BATTERIES

PK/ $\$ 10.00$ $\qquad$ 3 NICKEL BATTER 2 PKS/\$19.0 $\qquad$ BATTERY
PACK ' $D$ ' SIZE LESS COVER hree each, Outpuf: 3.6 Volts @ 3.0 Amp/Hour. Consists of three each im encapsulated size Nickel Cadmium Cells slacken and for elec. Irical connections. The individual cells can be cut apart i yesired Rated recharge rate is $30 \mathrm{~mA}, 14.18$ hours. Size:


## 9V RECHARGEABLE NI-CD BATTERY

Aeplace all 006P type 9 V battery Model: GC9
BRAND NEW
$\$ 4.50$ EACH

NI-CD BATTERY SALE
12V Pack $450 \mathrm{MZ} / \mathrm{HR}$ Size $3^{\prime \prime} \times 1^{\prime \prime} \times 2^{\prime \prime}$ $\$ 8.00$ PER PACK
4 AA Pack $450 \mathrm{MA} / \mathrm{HR}$ s3.50 PER PACK
All above batteries are used but late date code and we guarantee to take back all bad ones for exchange

## GELCELL $6 V$ 9AMP/HR

 SEALED LEAD ACID RECHARGEABLE
## BATTERY

Sealed construction permits this battery to be operated in any position. Recharge rate 2.15 amp max. for 14-16 hours. All brand new. Limited quantities. Size of battery $41 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 234^{\prime \prime} \times 5 \frac{1}{2} 2^{\prime \prime}$
$\$ 16.50$ eac
ELECTRONIC PIN BALL MACHINE
that sounds and plays like the real thing. All units are brand
 newbut without the case Func. tions of the game include double tipper control, kicker control. 4 players, 3 speed ball control, ilt switch, automatic score extia bonus cave and many more All solid state with LED panel $n 0$ moving parts Requires OVD moving parts. Requires $9 V$ dat ery to operate. speaker not included.
A perfect gift for yourself or friends
SPEAKER $\$ 8.99$ EACH
ULTRASONIC SWITCH KIT

Kit includes the Ultra Sonic Transducers, 2 PC Boards for transmitter and receiver. All electronic parts and instructions. Easy to butd and a lot of uses such as remote control for TV, garage door alarm system or counter. Unit operates by 9-12 DC. $\$ 13.50$


## TOUCH TONE TYPE SLIM TELEPHONE KEY PAD

Weather proof plasilc one plece keymomentary Open one side not connected one side common. \$3.50 EACH
SOUND ACTIVATED SWITCH
 All parts completed on a PC Board SCR will turn on relay, buzzer or trigger other circuit for $2-10 \mathrm{sec}$ (adjustable). Ideal for use as door alarm, sound controlled toys and
many other projects. Supply voltage many other projects. Supply voltage
$4.5 \mathrm{~V} 9 \mathrm{~V} 0 . \mathrm{C}$.

REGULATED DUAL VOLTAGE SUPPLY KIT
30V DC 800 MA adjustable, fully regulated by fairchild 78 MG and 79 MG voltage regulator I.C.
 it incudes all electroinc parts, filter capaciand P.C. board.
\$12.50 PER KIT

## AA SIZE NI-CD SPECIAL SALE 4 FOR $\$ 6.00$

 bechangeable batteries CRYSTAL CONTROLLED No FCC licenseWIRELESS OUA PAICE MICROPHONE $\$ 49.50$ SYSTEM
MIRCOPHONE (TRANSMITEER AVAllable KHz response exira controlled 49 MHz AM Band for dritt-iree performance. 00 MW outpul srange approx mile) for reliable long range transmission. Powered by a 9V radio battery (included) Receiver: Exira controlled locks on 49 MHz transmitter signal. With on panel VU meter monitors the signalstrenglth from the microphone jack outlet connection to a P.A. or other phone nput. 9 V battery included. This professional set is ideal for on stage. in field. church, in house or outdoor use

POWER SUPPLY KIT
O-30V D.C. REGULATED
Uses UA723 and ZN3055 Power TR output can be adjusted from $0-30 \mathrm{~V}$. 2 AMP. Complete with PC board and all electronic parts. Transformer for Power Supply.
 2 AMP $24 \mathrm{~V} \times 2$ \$8.50

FLASHER LED
Unique design combines a jumbo red LED with an 10 flasher chip in one package. Operates directly from 5V-7V DC. No dropping resistor neded. Pulse rate $3 \mathrm{~Hz} @ 5 \mathrm{~V} 20 \mathrm{~mA}$.
2 for $\$ 2.20$
BIPOLAR LED RED/GREEN 2 colors in one LED, green and red, changes color when reverse voltage supdlv. Amazing!
$2 \mathrm{FOR} \$ 2.20$

## ELECTRONIC SWITCH KIT

CONDENSER TYPE
Touch Dn Touch Off uses 7473 I.C. and

12 V relay
$\$ 5.50$ each


## 1 WATT AUDIO AMP/

Alf parts are pre-assembled on a
mini PC Board. Supoly Voltage 6
9V D.C. SPECIAL PRICE $\$ 1.95$ ea.

## LOW TIM DC STEREO <br> PRE-AMP KIT TA-10 20

Incorporates brand-new D.C. design that gives a requency response from $0 \mathrm{~Hz}-100 \mathrm{KHz} \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ Added features like tone deteat and loudness contro let you tailor your own frequency supplies to eliminate power fluctuation
Specifications: - T.H.D. less than $.005 \%$ - T.I.M. less than .005\% . Frequency response: OC to 100 KHz $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ - RIAA deviation: $\pm 0.2 \mathrm{~dB}$. S/N ratio: bet ter than 70dB . Sensitivity: Phono 2 MV 47K/Aux. - Tone control: bass $\pm 10 \mathrm{~dB}$ @ $50 \mathrm{~Hz} /$ treble $\pm 10 \mathrm{~dB}$ (a) 15 Hz . Power supply: +240 C @ 0.5 A . $\pm 10 \mathrm{~dB}$ @ 15 Hz - Power supply: $\pm 24$ D.C. @ 0.5A
Kit comes with regulated power supply, all you need is a $48 \mathrm{VC.T}$
X'for
\$4.50-ea.


FORMULA INTERNATIONAL INC.




ETCO MKII WIRELESS THE ULTIMATE CABLE TV CONVERTER!
VIDCOR 2000 CONVERTER ELIMINATES PROBLEMS WHEN VIDEOTAPING FROM CABLE TV

 | FACTORY SURPLUS UHF TUNERS |
| :--- |
| 95 | MINIATURE FM WIRELESS MICROPHONE




ER-MILE WIRELESS MICROPHONE
\& RECEIVER SYSTEM

*) FACTORY SURPLUS VHF / UHF


$$
95
$$

$\qquad$ IN STOCK - THE MURA
CORDLESS TELEPHONE SYSTEM!


20 AMP REGULATED 12VDC POWER SUPPLY!


## ZuTO ETCOELECTRONLCS

CIRCLE 36 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD


## Join the hundreds who are saving BIG with the ERS line of replacement semiconductors!

This special offer expires September 30, 1981.
Distributed exclusively by MCM E ectronlc Parts.
ERS 123A..... \$. 28 ERS 163A ...... $\$ 3.90$

ERS 165........ $\$ 2.40$ ERS 238 . . $\$ 3$.

ERS 283.
$\$ 4.40$
minimum order of 10 no mixed quantities
Sony Specials! Compare our prices and save!

| C867A | . $\$ 3.60$ | C1034.......... \$5.60 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| G3F | \$1.20 | C1114.......... $\$ 3.80$ |

## High Voltage Triplers

HVT $500 \ldots \$ 11.80$ ea. HVT $523 \ldots \$ 13.90$ ea.
C1316........... $\$ 3.80$ C1172B(D348) . . $\$ 3.20$ minimum order of 10 no mixed quantities

HVT 526 . . . \$17.70 ea. minimum order of 10
Cet the whole MCM Parts-Saving Story. Order today and get our 64 page catalog freel


## CALL OUR TOLL•FREE LINES TODAY FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY!

1•8000762•4315
Ohio Watts Line
$1 \cdot 800 \cdot 543 \cdot 4330$
National Watts Line


## CMOS

## LINEAR


© Apple ${ }^{\text {® }}$ II 48K Apple ${ }^{\oplus}$ II Plus dISK SYSTEM SPECIAL

NEW APPLE PRODUCTS

NEW APPLE SOFTWARE

\section*{ <br> $\qquad$ <br> |  | Z80 SOFTCARD $\$ 299.00$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | <br>  <br> NATARI" 800 \& 400 <br> Personal Computer System ATARI 800 \$79900 ATARI $400 \quad \$ 37500$}


| Masel LM. 30 -chamel Looc Monior | 58500 |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | ${ }^{560.00}$ |
| Mradel LIM-2 Logic Maxt |  |
|  |  |
| model LP-1 Dipla Logic Probe | 50.00 |
| Moted 1P-2 Economy Layc Probe | 28.00 |
| Mrded L-.-3 High Speed Loquc Probe | 7700 |
|  | 2195 |


ATARI 800 Includes: Computer Console, BASIC Lang. Cartridge, BASIC
Language Programming Manual. 800 Operator's Manual w/N
16 K RAM Module. Power Supply, TV Switch Box. وmaneso


SINGLE BOARD COMPUTER SELECTION GUIDE



READ THIS!


## And put up to $\$ 10.00$ in your pocket.

You can save up to $\$ 10$ when you subscribe to RADIO-ELECTRONICSand have the best electronics magazine of all delivered to your home, before it runs out on the newsstand! Every page of every issue is packed with electronics news and excitement you won't want to miss. Make sure you get every issue, and mail the money-saving coupon today! Get all the excitement, every month.
Subscribe to Radio Electronios and
for added savings, enclose your payment and you get TWO EXTRA ISSUES per year.
Clip this coupon-MAIL TODAY!

[^2]
## IEInsey the first name in Counters !

The CT-90 is the most versatile, feature packed counter available for less than $\$ 300.00$ ! Advanced design features include three selectable gate times, nine digits, gate indicator and a unique display hold function which holds the displayed count after the input signal is removed Also, a 10 mHz TCXO time base is used which enables easy zero beat calibration checks against WWV Optionally, an internal nicad battery pack, external time base input and Micropower high stability crystal oven time base are available. The CT-90, performance you can count on'

Range: $\quad 20 \mathrm{~Hz}$ to 600 MHz
Sensitivity: Less than 10 MV to 150 MHz
Less than 50 MV to 500 MHz
Resolution: $\quad 0.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ( 10 MHz range) $1.0 \mathrm{~Hz}(60 \mathrm{MHz}$ range) 10.0 Hz ( 600 MHz range) 9 digits $0.4^{\prime \prime}$ LED
Display: 9 digits 0.4 LED
Time base: $\quad$ Standard $10.000 \mathrm{mHz}, 1.0 \mathrm{ppm} 20-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Optional Micro-power oven- $0.1 \mathrm{ppm} 20-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Power. 8-15 VAC@ 250 ma

## 7 DIGITS 525 MHz <br> $\$ 99 \frac{95}{W}$ WIRED

## SPECIEICALIONS

Range: $\quad 20 \mathrm{~Hz}$ to 525 MHz
Sensitivity: Less than 50 MV to 150 MHz Less than 150 MV to 500 MHz
Resolution: $\quad 1.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ( 5 MHz range) 10.0 Hz ( 50 MHz range) 100.0 Hz ( 500 MHz range)

Display: $\quad 7$ digits $0.4^{\prime \prime}$ LED
Time base: $\quad 1.0 \mathrm{ppm}$ TCXO $20-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Power. $\quad 12 \mathrm{VAC}$ @ 250 ma

The CT-70 breaks the price barrier on lab quality frequency counters. Deluxe features such as three frequency ranges - each with pre-amplification, dual selectable gate times, and gate activity indication make measurements a snap. The wide frequency range enables you to accurately measure signals from audio thru UHF with 1.0 ppm accuracy - that's $.0001 \%$ ! The CT-70 is the answer to all your measurement needs, in the field. lab or ham shack.


PRICES:
CT-70 wired 1 year warranty $\$ 99.95$ CT- 70 Kit, 90 day parts watranty
AC-1 AC adapter
BP-1 Nicad pack + AC 12.95

WIRED

PRICES:
MINI 100 wired 1 year
warranty
$\mathrm{AC}-\mathrm{ZAc}$ adapter for MINI${ }^{\text {AC- }} 100$ Ac adapter for MINI-BP-Z Nicad pack and AC adapter/charger

Here's a handy, general purpose counter that provides most counter functions at an unbelieyable price. The MINI-100 doesn't have the full frequency ranze or input impedance qualities found in higher price units, but for basic RF signal measurements, it can't be beat' Accurate measurements can be made from 1 MHz all the way up to 500 MHz with excellent sensitivity throughout the range, and the two gate times let you select the resolution desired Add the nicad pack option and the MINI- 100 makes an ideal addition to your tool box for "in-the-field" frequency checks and repairs.

## SPECIFICATIONS:

 Range: $\quad 1 \mathrm{MHz}$ to 500 MHz Sensitivity: Less than 25 MV Resolution: $\quad 100 \mathrm{~Hz}$ (slow gate) 100 Hz (slow gate)1.0 KHz (fast gate) Display: $\quad 7$ digits, $0.4^{\prime \prime}$ LED Time base: $\quad 2.0 \mathrm{ppm} 20-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Power $\quad 5 \mathrm{VDC} @ 200 \mathrm{ma}$

## 8 DIGITS 600 MHz \$159 $\frac{95}{\text { w }}$

SPECIFICATIONS: Range: $\quad 20 \mathrm{~Hz}$ to 600 MHz Sensitivity: Less than 25 mv to 150 MHz Less than 150 mv to 600 MHz Resolution $\quad 1.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ( 60 MHz range)

Display: Time base Power.
$10.0 \mathrm{~Hz}(600 \mathrm{MHz}$ range) 8 digits $0.4^{\prime \prime}$ LED $2.0 \mathrm{ppm} 20-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ 110 VAC or 12 VDC

The CT- 50 is a versatile lab bench counter that will measure up to 600 MHz with 8 digit precision. And, one of its best features is the Receive Frequency Adapter, which tums the CT-50 into a digital readout for any receiver. The adapter is easily programmed for any receiver and a simple connection to the receiver's VFO is all that is required for use. Adding the receiver adapter in no way limits the operation of the CT-50, the adapter can be conveniently switched on or off. The CT-50, a counter that can work double duty?


PRICES:
CT-50 wired, 1 year warranty
$\$ 159.95$ CT-50 Kit 90 day parts warranty
RA-1, receiver adapter kit RA-1 wired and pre programmed (send copy of receiver schematic)
119.95
19.95
14.95

# DIGITAL MULTIMETER $\$ 99 \frac{95}{w}$ 

The DM-700 offers professional quality performance at a hobby ist price. Features include; 26 different ranges and 5 functions, all arranged in a convenient, easy to use formar. Measurements are displayed on a large $31 / 2$ digit, $1 / 2$ inch LED readout with automatic decimal placement, automatic polarity, overrange in dication and overload proxection up to 1250 volts on alt ranges, making it virtually goof-proof! The DM-700 looks kreat, a handsome, jet black, rugged ABS case with convenient retractable tilt bail makes it an ideal addition to any shor

## AUDIO SCALER

For high resolution audio measurements, multiplies UP in frequency

- Great for PL tones
- Multiplies by 10 or 100
- 0.01 Hz resolution'
29.95 Kit \$39.95 Wired


## ACCESSORIES

Telescopic whip antenna-BNC plug. High impedance probe, light loading Low pass probe, for audio measurements Direct probe. general purpose usage Tilt bail, for CT 70, 90 , MINI-100
Color burst calibration unit, calibrates counter
against color TV signal.

SPECIFICATIONS:

## $\overline{D C / A C}$ volts: 100 uV to $1 \mathrm{KV}, 5$ ranges

 DC/ACcurrent $\quad 0.1 \mathrm{uA}$ to 2.0 Amps 5 ranges Resistance. 0.1 ohms to 20 Megohms, 6 range Input
impedance $\quad 10 \mathrm{Megohms}$, DC/AC volts Accuracy: $\quad 0.1 \%$ basic $D C$ volts
Power.

## COUNTER PREAMP

- Great for sniffing RF with pick-up loop
14.95

EL EF
PHONE ORDERS CALL 716-586-3950

TERMS crurn in original form far refund Add $5 \%$ for shipping insurance to a maximum of $\$ 10$. Overseas add $15 \%$. COD, add
2. Orders under $\$ 10$, add $\$ 1$. 50 . NY residents add $7 \%$ rax.

# 16K 

 LS SERIES| 74LS00 | 25 | 74LS 163 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 74LS01 | 25 | 74LS164 | 5 |
| 74LS02 | 25 | 74LS165 | . 95 |
| 74LS03 | . 25 | 74LS166 | 2.40 |
| 74LS04 | 25 | 74LS168 | 1.75 |
| 74LS05 | 25 | 74LS169 | 1.75 |
| 74LS08 | 35 | 74LS170 | 1.75 |
| 74LS09 | 25 | 74LS173 | 80 |
| 74LS 10 | 25 | 74LS174 | 95 |
| 74LS11 | 35 | 74LS175 | 95 |
| 74LS12 | . 35 | 74LS181 | 2.15 |
| 74LS13 | 45 | 74LS189 | 9.95 |
| 74LS14 | 1.00 | 74LS190 | 1.00 |
| 74LS15 | . 35 | 74LS191 | 1.00 |
| 74LS20 | 25 | 74LS192 | . 85 |
| 74LS21 | 35 | 74LS193 | 95 |
| 74LS22 | 25 | 74LS194 | 1.00 |
| 74 LS 26 | . 35 | 74LS195 | . 95 |
| 74LS27 | . 35 | 74LS196 | 85 |
| 74LS28 | 35 | 74LS197 | 85 |
| 74LS30 | 25 | 74LS221 | 1.20 |
| 74LS32 | 35 | 74LS240 | 1.85 |
| 74LS33 | 55 | 74LS241 | 1.85 |
| 74LS37 | 55 | 74LS242 | 1.85 |
| 74LS38 | 35 | 74LS243 | 1.85 |
| $74 \mathrm{LS40}$ | 25 | 74LS244 | 1.75 |
| 74LS42 | 55 | 74LS245 | 2.85 |
| 74LS47 | 75 | 74LS247 | 76 |
| 74LS48 | 75 | 74LS248 | 1.25 |
| 74LS49 | 75 | 74LS249 | 99 |
| 74LS51 | 25 | 74LS251 | 1.30 |
| 74LS54 | 35 | 74LS253 | . 85 |
| 74LS55 | 35 | 74LS257 | . 85 |
| 74LS63 | 1.25 | 74LS258 | 85 |
| 74LS73 | 40 | 74LS259 | 2.85 |
| 74LS74 | 45 | 74LS260 | . 65 |
| 74LS75 | 50 | 74LS266 | 55 |
| 74 LS 76 | 40 | 74LS273 | 1.65 |
| 74 LS 78 | 50 | 74LS275 | 3.35 |
| 74LS83 | 75 | 74LS279 | 55 |
| 74LS85 | 1.15 | 74LS280 | 1.98 |
| 74LS86 | 40 | 74LS283 | 1.00 |
| 74LS90 | 65 | 74LS290 | 1.25 |
| 74LS91 | 89 | 74LS293. | 1.85 |
| 74LS92 | 70 | 74LS295 | 1.05 |
| 74LS93 | 65 | 74LS298 | 1.20 |
| 74LS95 | 85 | 74LS352 | 1.55 |
| 74LS96 | 95 | 74LS353 | 1.55 |
| 74LS 107 | 40 | 74LS363 | 1.35 |
| 74LS109 | 40 | 74LS365 | 95 |
| 74LS112 | 45 | 74LS366 | 95 |
| 74LS113 | 45 | 74LS367 | 70 |
| 74LS 114 | 50 | 74LS368 | 70 |
| 74 LS 122 | 45 | 74LS373 | 1.85 |
| 74LS123 | 95 | 74LS374 | 1.80 |
| 74 LS 124 | 2.99 | 74LS377 | 1.45 |
| 74LS 125 | 95 | 74LS378 | 1.18 |
| 74LS126 | 85 | 74LS379 | 1.35 |
| 74LS 132 | 75 | 74LS385 | 1.90 |
| 74LS136 | 5.5 | 74LS386 | 65 |
| 74 LS137 | 99 | 74LS390 | 1.90 |
| 74LS138 | 75 | 74LS393 | 1.90 |
| 74LS139 | 75 | 74LS395 | 1.65 |
| 74LS145 | 1.20 | 74LS399 | 1.70 |
| $74 L S 147$ | 2.49 | 74LS447 | . 37 |
| 74LS148 | 1.35 | 74LS490 | 1.95 |
| 74LS151 | 75 | 74LS668 | 1.69 |
| 74LS 153 | 75 | 74LS669 | 1.89 |
| 74LS154 | 2.35 | 74LS670 | 2.20 |
| 74LS 155 | 1.15 | 74LS674 | 9.65 |
| 74LS 156 | 95 | 74LS682 | 3.20 |
| 74LS157 | 75 | 74LS683 | 2.30 |
| 74LS 158 | 75 | 74LS684 | 2.40 |
| 74LS160 | 90 | 74LS685 | 2.40 |
| 74LS161 | 95 | 74LS688 | 2.40 |
| 74LS162 | . 95 | 74LS689 | 2.40 | 7400 SERIES

 CIRCUITS

74S00 SERIES

# 4K STATIC RAMS 8/18.95 2114 LOW POWER 450ns 

ALL MERCHANDISE 100\% GUARANTEED CALL US FOR VOLUME QUOTES

|  |  | 6800 |  | 780 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 6800 | 6.95 | 280 | 8.95 |
| 8205 | 3.50 | 6802 | 11.95 | 280A | 9.95 |
| 8212 | 1.95 | 6809 | 37.95 | 280 B | 19.95 |
| 8214 | 3.90 | 6810 | 4.60 | Z80-PIO | 6.50 |
| 8216 | 1.85 | 6820 | 4.95 | Z80A-PIO | 8.60 |
| 8224 | 2.50 | 6821 | 4.95 | 280-CTC | 6.50 |
| 8226 8228 | 1.85 4.95 | 6828 | 9.95 | Z80A-CTC | 8.65 |
| 8237 | 19.95 | 6834 | 16.95 | Z80A-DART | 18.75 |
| 8238 | 4.95 | 6840 | 14.95 | Z80-DMA | 17.50 |
| 8243 | 4.50 | 6843 | 42.95 | Z80A-DMA | 27.50 |
| 8250 | 14.95 | 6845 | 29.95 | 280-S1010 | 23.95 |
| 8251 | 5.50 | 6847 | 15.95 | 280A-SIO10 | 28.95 |
| 8253 | 9.85 | 6850 | 4.75 | Z80-SIO11 | 23.95 |
| 8253-5 | 9.85 | 6852 | 5.75 | $280 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{SIO} 11$ | 28.95 |
| 8255 | 5.25 | 6860 | 10.95 | Z80-SIO/2 | 23.95 |
| 8255-5 | 5.25 | 6862 | 11.95 | Z80A-SIO/2 | 28.95 |
| 8257 | 9.00 | 6871 | 25.95 | $280-\mathrm{SIO} / 9$ | 17.95 |
| 8259 | 7.00 | 6875 | 6.95 | Z80A-SIO/9 | 22.95 |
| 8272 8275 | 39.95 29.95 | 6880 | 2.95 |  |  |
| 8279 | 10.50 |  |  |  |  |
| 8279-5 | 10.50 |  |  | M |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{ll}8284 & 5.80 \\ 8286 & 6.65\end{array}$ |  | 6502 |  | 8035 | 16.95 |
|  |  | 8039 | 19.95 |
| $\begin{array}{lr}8287 & 6.65 \\ 8288 & 25.00\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 8080A | 3.95 |
|  |  | 6502 | 6.95 | 8085 | 12.95 |
| 8289 49.95 |  | 6502A | 12.95 | 8086 | 99.95 |
|  |  | 6505 | 88.95 | 8088 | 39.95 |
| 1 C |  | 6520 | 4.95 | 8156 | 11.95 |
|  |  | 6522 | 9.95 | 8185 | 29.95 |
|  |  | 6532 | 14.95 | 8185.2 | 39.95 |
| SOCKETS |  | 6551 | 14.95 | 8741 | 39.95 |
|  |  |  |  | 8748 8755 | 69.95 49.95 |
| 1-100 100pe |  |  |  |  |  |

## BEFORE YOU BUY CALL JDR FOR THE BEST PRICE. 800-538-5000 800-662-6233 <br> (CALIFORNIA RESIDENTS)

## LEDS

Jumbo Red 10/1.00 Jumbo Green $6 / 1.00$ Jumbo Yellow $6 / 1.00$ 5AN 7760.43 CC .79 MAN74.3'CC MAN72.3'CA


STATIC RAMS

|  |  |  | 100pcs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2101 | (450ns) | 1.95 | 1.85 |
| 2102-1 | (450ns) | . 89 | . 85 |
| 21L02-1 | (LP) (450ns) | 1.29 | 1.15 |
| 2111 | (450ns) | 2.99 | 2.49 |
| 2112 | (450ns) | 2.99 | 2.79 |
| 2114 | (450ns) | 8/18.95 | 2.25 |
| 2114L-2 | (LP) (200ns) | 8/22.95 | 2.45 |
| 2114L-3 | (300ns) | 8/21.95 | 2.45 |
| 2113L.4 | (LP) (450ns) | 8/18.95 | 2.25 |
| 4044-4 | (450ns) | 3.49 | 3.25 |
| 4044-3 | (300ns) | 3.99 | 3.75 |
| TMM2016 | (200ns) | CALL | CALL |
| MB6116 | (200ns) | CALL | CALL |
|  | LP = LOW |  |  |

## APPLE OWNERS

## EXPAND YOUR 48K COMPUTER TO 64K SUPER RAM•II

- PLUG IN SLOT $\varnothing$
- GOLD PLATED CONTACTS
- INCLUDES 5 JUMPER OPTIONS
- INCLUDES 5 RAM-ROM OPTIONS
- ENJOY THE BEST OF BOTH WORLDS
- 16K RAM (RANDOM ACCESS MEMORY)

THIS IS SOPHISTICATED FIRMWARE
EXPANDS YOUR 48K APPLE TO 64 K
OF PROGRAMMABLE MEMORY

- Eliminates the need for applesoft• Or integer basic rom card

ALLOWS YOU TO RUN APPLE'S NEW FORTRAN PACKAGE ALSO PASCAL
AND PILOT

- KEYBOARD CONTROL SELECTION OF RAM OR MOTHER BOARD ROM LANGUAGE
- INCLUDES INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS AND APPLICATIONS NOTES - Ti'E SOFTWARE DEVELOPED BY VARIOUS VENDORS FOR YOUR (64K) SHOULD NOW WORK AS THEY ADVERTISED
- THE MOST VERSATILE RAM EXPANSION ON THE MARKET TODAY

UNIQUE 1 YEAR WARRANTEE!! $\$ 168.00$

## SUPER FAN II

"COOL-IT"

- tan color
- SAVE DOWN TIME
- LONG LIFE MOTOR
- LOW NOISE IS A MUST
- INCREASES RELIABILITY
- CLIPS ON-NO HOLES OR SCREWS
- minimum quietness is due to the draw effect of air through YOUR COMPUTER AND A SPECIAL FAN AND MOTOR DESIGN
THOSE EXTRA PLUG-IN CARDS CAN CAUSE EXTRA HEAT
HOW TO HOOK IT UP
Clip it on your APPLE
. Unplug your 120 V cable (you won't need it)

3. Plug short 120 V cable from Super Fan II to the back of your computer
4. Plug the supply cable from Super Fan II to your 120 V power source
5. Turn on the rocker switch and a bult-in red ready light comes on 6. You are all set "COOL IT"

UNIQUE 1 YEAR WARRANTEE!! $\mathbf{\$ 9 . 0 0}$

## MOVING SALE MOVING SALE

MODEM SALE


THE STAR
MODEM from
LIVERMORE
FEATURE
FITS GTE HANDSETS!
2 YEAR WARRANTY
EXCLUSIVE ACOUSTIC CHAMBERS
cups locks the handset into the acoustic chamber mounted cups locks the handset into the acoustic chamber yielding superior acoustic isolation and mechanical cushoning. Designed to adapt to most common handsets used
throughout the world, the STAR offers the utmost in flexbility and transmission reliability

Specifications
Data Rate: 010300 baud
Compatibility: Bell 103 and 113 : CCITT Frequency Stability: $\pm 0.3$ percent. Crystal controlled Meceiver sensitivity: -50 dBm ON, -53 dBm OFF Carrier Detect Delay: 2 seconds ON. EIA Terminal Interface. Compatible with RS 232 specifications
Teletype Interface: 20 milliampere current loop
Optional Interfaces: IEEE 488: TTL: TTY43
International (CCITT) frequencies available
Switches: Originate/OH/Answer: Full Duplex/Test/Ha Duplex
Indicators: Transmit Data. Receive Data, Carrier
Power: Supplied by 24 VAC/150 MA UL/CSA listed wa mount transformer. Input 115 VAC, 2.5 watts. (A 220
VAC, 50 Hz adaptor is available upon request.)
Weight: $1.74 \mathrm{lbs}(3 \mathrm{lbs}$ shipping weight including AC Waptor.)
AC adaptor which carries the manufacturer's warranty

Part No.
Description
si Price SALE PRIC
Current-Loop $\quad \$ 199.00 \quad \$ 129.00$
CABLES
$\frac{\text { CNO-RS232BF RS232 } 8 \text { Cond } 8 \text { it. }}{\text { RS232 and } D^{3} \text { SUB-MINIATURE }}$

## 0 (M4dW44!4y $=$ Prug. Male Type



| Price |
| :--- |
| si9.95 | S19.95

## $=$ Plug, Male Type $-S=$ Socket, Female Type $\cdot \mathrm{C}=$ Cover. Hoo

## 

 CND.OEGC CND-DA15P CND.OA15SCNDDAISC CND-DB25P CNDDB25P

CND-OB25S CND-DB25S CNDODE51212 IPC. GREY HOOD CND-DE51226 2PC. BLACK HOOD |  | CND-DC37P | 27PIN MALE | $\$ 1.90$ | $\$ 1.65$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## CND-DC37S

CHD.DC37C
CND-DD50P
CND-DD50S

| CNO.DO50 |
| :---: |
| CNO | | NO.D20418 | 50 PIN COVER | $\$ 2.00$ | $\$ 1.80$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | CND-D2D418 HARDWARE SET 2PR. $\$ 1.00 \$ 0.80 \$ 0.70$ CND.RS2328F CLAS232. DB25P. E/A


GOLD S-100 CONNECTORS SOLDER TAIL PRICE $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Part No. } & 1.9 & 10-24 & 25-99 & 100-249\end{array}$ S100 STG $3.20 \quad 2.90 \quad 2.50$
2.20 WIRE WRAP PRICE
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Part No. } & 1.9 & 10-24 & 25-99 & 100-249\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { S100WWG } & 4.00 \quad 3.75 \quad 3.50 & 3.25\end{array}$

## PRIORITY ONE ELECTRONICS

9161-R DEERING AVE: - CHATSWORTH, CA 91311

Terms: U.S.; VISA. MC. BAC. Check, Money Order. U.S. Funds Only. CA, residents add $6 \%$ Sales Tax.
MINIMUM PREPAID ORDER $\$ 15.00$. Include MINIMUM SHIPPING \& HANDLING of $\$ 250$ for the
3 lbs.. plus $25 \$$ for each additional pound. Orders over 50 lbs sent freight collect case...please include your phone no. Prices subject to change withoul notice. We will do our best to maintain prices thru JULY, 1981. SOCKET and CONNECTOR prices based on GOLD, not exceeding

2Kx8 L/P STATIC RAM $8 /^{\$ 10000}$

| 8/\$10000 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2708$ | $\$ 8.50$ EA. <br> 8/532.00 |
| 450ns 5 Volt only 16 K EPROM | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 11.95 E A \\ & 8 / s 48.00 \end{aligned}$ |
| $2114-3 \mathrm{~L}$ 4096 BIT $14024 \times 4$ 300ns LOW POWER STATIC RAM $8 /{ }^{\prime} 30^{\circ 00}$ $100+{ }^{8} 3^{00}$ |  |
| TRS-80 <br> MEMORY EX 4116's 16K x <br> $40^{0}$ 16Kx | /APPLE <br> PANSION KITS RAMS <br> manuracturers <br> 1 200ns) <br> $\$ 2400{ }^{\circ}{ }_{\circ}^{\circ}$ <br> OGAALTNIN 80 KEYEOARD <br> 8 UP $\$ 2.75$ each <br> \& UP $\$ 2.50$ each | $2716 \quad$ 11.95 EA



| $8 / \$ 100^{00}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2708 | 98.50 EA |
| 450ns 8 K EPROM | 8/532.00 |
| $2746$ | \$11.95 EA |
| 450 ns 5 Voit only 16 K EPROM | 8/\$48.00 |
| $2114-3 \mathrm{~L}$ <br> 4096 <br> LIT (102444) 300ns <br> LOW POWER STATIC RAM <br> $8 /{ }^{s} 30^{\circ 0}$ <br> $100+{ }^{5} 3^{00}$ | $5257-3 \mathrm{~L}$ (TMS 4044) 4096x 300 S COW POWER STATIC RAM $8 /{ }^{\text {s }} 50^{\circ 0}$ $100 \mathrm{pcs}+{ }^{5} 4^{75}$ |
|  | /APPLE <br> PANSION KITS <br> S RAMS <br> Manufacturers <br> $1200 \mathrm{~ns})$ <br> $\$ 2400{ }^{\circ}$ <br> ocantring jumpers 80 KEYBOARD <br> \& UP \$2.75 each <br> \& UP 52.50 each |

## TRS-80/APPLE MEMORY EXPANSION KITS 4116's RAMS <br> from Leading Manufacturers 20(16Kx1 200ns)

8 for $524^{00}$
ADO $\$ 3.00$ FOR PROGRAMNNE JUMPERS FOR TRS 80 KEYBOARD 4116's 100 pcs \& UP $\$ 2.75$ each 1000 pcs \& UP $\$ 2.50$ each
PROTECT YOUR INVEGTMENT PROTECT YOUR DATA WITH


GOF.IBAR46

- Inductively isolated grounds ${ }^{\text {s }} 79^{95}$ 53995


## 6 OUTLET MULTI USE CORD REEL

THE CONVENIENCE OF THE CONVENIENCE OF
AN EXTENSION CORD AND POWER DISTRIBUTION PANEL IN ONE
COMPACT, SELF.STORING UNIT! (2. COMPACT, SELF.STORING UNIT!

SIX GROUNDED 3-PRONG OUTLETS!
$7 \mathrm{M}(22 \mathrm{FT}$. or 50 FT .) 14 GAUGE ,
3-CONDUCTOR POWER CORD . RATED FOR INDOOR/OUTDDOR USE
CIRCUIT BREAKER FOR SAFETY'S SAKE -
GUARDS AGAINST OVERLOADS ABOVE 10
INDESTRUCTIBLE SPACE-AGE PLASTIC CASE GOF-CR21 22 Ft . $5 \mathrm{lbs} . . . . .$.
GOF-CR50 $50 \mathrm{ft} .-10 \mathrm{lbs} . . . . . . . . . \$ 39.95$
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Par No } & \text { Sectoring } & \text { Application heads } \\ \text { VRB-MD525-01 } & \text { Sott Sector } & \text { TRS-80 Apole } & \end{array}$ VRB-MD525-10 40 Track Cert
$\$ 32.00$
VRB-MD525-16 Hard 16 Sector Microodis Cert.
VRB-MD557-01 Soft Sector 40 Track Cert.
VRB-MD557-10 Hard 10 Sector 100TP 77 Track Cert 22
VRB-MD557-16 Hard 16 Sector 77 Track Cert $2 \quad \$ 56.00$
VRB-MD577-01 Soft Sector 77 Track Cert
VRB-MD577-10 Hard 10 Sector 77 Track Cert
VRB-MD577-16 Hard 16 Sector 77 Track Cert. $\$ 48.00$
VRBMD Series comes with reinfarced hub ring mauntat $\$ 48.00$ B-FD32 Hard Sector DISKETTES
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { VRB-FD32 } & \text { Hard Sector } & \text { Shugart 801R } \\ \text { VRB-FD34 } & \text { Soft Sector } & \text { IBM } 3740\end{array}$ VRB-FD32-2 Hard Sector Flippy VRB-F034-2 Sot Sector

Fippy
Verbatim 8" Diskettes have all the Datalife
mprovements without the hardhole reinforcement rings. ALL VERBATIM DISKETTES ARE DOUBLE DENSITY CERTIFIED
Cispcis's Eircuit Pellep MICROMOUTH

SPEECH PROCESSOR
AS FEATURED IN JUNE BYTE, PAGE 46


- 144 expression vocabulary
- Complete Documentation
- Complete Documentation to a speaker or Power Amplifer
- Plugs into Apple 11 with TRS-80 Model
- May be adapted to run on the S-100. H.8, or any
parallel part.
MMI-94VOAPL
For use with APPLE it, or
moditied to run with other
parallel parts
MMI-94VOTRSI


## VISIT OUR GIANT NEW RETAIL STORE

## SCOPE SALE OUR LOWEST PRICES OF THE YEAR! <br> (10) HITACHI

Single and dual trace, 15 thru 100 MHz . All high sen sitivity Hitachi oscilloscopes are built to demanding
Hitachi quality standards and are backed by a 2 -year warranty. They're able to measure signals as low as 1 mV /division (with X 5 vertical magnifier). It's a specification you won't find on any other 15 or 30 MHz scopes. Plus: Z-axis modulation, trace rotation, fron panel $X-Y$ operation for all scope models, and $X 10$ sweep magnification. And, 30 thru 100 MHz
oscalloscopes offer internal signal delay lines. For ease of operation, functionally-related controls are grouped into three blocks on the color coded front panel. Now here's the clincher: For what you'd expect to pay more, you actually pay less. Check our scopes before you decide. All scopes complete with probes
Hitachi...The measure of quality. HITV302B
30MHZ
DUAL TRACE SALE $\$ 819.00$ OSCILLOSCOPE


High-sensivity $1 \mathrm{mV} /$ div
( 5 MHz )
 (intensity modulation) Signal delay line Complete with 2 probes DIFF Vertical
Deflection Modes X.Y operation

HITV152B DUAL TRACE 15MHZ (no delay) LIST $\$ 735.00$ SALE $\$ 629.00$


HIT-V202
20 MHz DUAL TRACE
LIST PRICE: $\$ 850$ SALE PRICE: $\$ 775.00$
Dynamic range 8 div. Buitt-in signal delay line X-Y operation

## Sweep-time magnitier (10 times)

Trace rotation system ine-adjusting, click-position rine-adjusting. click-position HIT-V352
$50 \mathrm{MHz} \& 100 \mathrm{MHz}$ DUAL TRACE WITH CALIBRATED TIME DELAY

## HIT V550B

50 MHz with 3rd TRACE trigger view LIST \$1745.00 SALE
CALL

## HITACHI V550B ( 50 mHz and

 ter all the capabilities you might expect from a lab grade oscilloscope. Capabilities such as 3rd trace trigger view, a bright $6^{\prime \prime}$ square CRT, and a max. Sweep rate of $2 n s / d i v$ (V1050) $5 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{div}$ (V550B). Also, leatures you may not expect like, sensitivity of $1 \mathrm{mv} / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{iv}}$ (V550B) PRINTERS

Among its features, the MX-80 prints 96 ASCH, 64 graphics and 8 international character in tack-sharp $9 \times 9$ matrix. It prints bidirectionally at 80 CPS with a logical seeking function to maximize all of these capabilities And it has the world's first disposable print head, with a life expectancy of over 50 million characters. When it wears out. just snap it out and throw it away! A new one costs less than $\$ 30$., and you can install i yourself...with one hand

The most revolutionary thing about he Epson MX-80 isn't the bidirectional printing or the logical seeking function. It isn't even the disposable print head -although that's pretty revolutionary. The most revolu tionary thing about the MX• 80 is the price EPN-MX80 MX80 Tractor Feed
ist $\$ 649.00$
Sale Prica
EPN-MX80V2 MX80 with Graphics option EPN-MX80TF MX80 with both tractor and MX80 with
EPN-MX82 MX80 with high density MX80 with high
graphics option
$\$ 475.00$ $\$ 525.00$ $\$ 575.00$ $\$ 575.00$

##  <br> Vector

S. 100 COMPATIBLE PLUGBOARDS FOR INTERFACE, MENORY EXPANSION, EXPERIMENTATION


VCT- 8800V
Universal Microcomputer/processor plugboard, use with $\mathrm{S}-100$ bus. Complete with heat sink \& Hardware. $53^{\prime \prime} \times 10^{\prime \prime} \times 1 / 16^{\prime \prime}$
1-4
5-9
10-24
\$22.48
\$20.37
\$18.26


VCT-8801-1
Plain no etched circuitry except contacts Produces maximum flexibility
1-4 5-9
10-24
$\$ 15.67 \quad \$ 14.24$

## OmpuPro' rom Bobicioow

## ANOTHER FAMOUS

 PRIORITY 1 ELECTRONICS TRUCK LOAD PURCHASE 10 MHZ 16K A\&T STATIC S-100 RAM GBT-143A List \$349.00
## $\$ 199.00$



Operates up to 10 MHZ ( 90 ns RAM Chips) Assembled \& Tested
including timing)
Fully static design eliminates the timing problems associated with dynamic memories
Switch selectable choice of 24 address lines confor ming to the IEEE 696/S-100 extended addressing specifications, or 16 address lines as used in olde S-100 systems
Ideal for multi-user installations.
Board is addressable as one $16 \mathrm{~K} \times 8$ block on any 4K boundary
Switch selectable PHANTOM disable and write pro
tect.
+5 Volt operation (requires no other supply
voltages)
Low power operation ( 900 mA typical, 1200 mA ma imum).

\section*{$\square$ California Computer Systems CCS2422A <br> FLOPPY DISK CONTROLLER SALE WITH CP/M VERSION 2.2 \$375.00 <br> IEEE S- 100 COMPATIBLE SINGLE/DOUBLE DENSITY NGLEIDOOUBLE HEADED <br> CCS2810 280 CPU 2/4 MHZ CPU W/Serial I/O <br> | CCS2810 | A\&T | List Price <br> $\$ 31000$ | SALE PRICE <br> 5275.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |}

## A.Shugart SA801R



## PRIORITY ONE ELECTRONICS

## 9161-R DEERING AVE. • CHATSWORTH, CA 91311

Terms: U.S.; VISA, MC, BAC, Check. Money Order, U.S. Funds Only. CA. residents add $6 \%$ Sales Tax.
MINIMUM PREPAID ORDER $\$ 15.00$. Include MINIMUM SHIPPING \& HANDLING of $\$ 2.50$ for the first
lbs., plus 254 tor each additional case...please include your phone no. Prices subject to change without notice. We will do our best to maintain prices thru JULY, 1981. SOCKET and CONNECTOR prices based on GOLD, not exceeding
Sales Prices are for prepaid orders only. Credit Card orders will be charged appropriate freight

## (O16) PRODUCTS



## JUST WRAP KIT

Just Wrap tool for daisy chain wiring Tool strips as it wraps and cuts. Includes one 50 foot spool of wire

| Part No. | Description | Price |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| JW-1** | Just Wrap Tool | $\$ 14.95$ |
| JWK-6 | Tool w/4 Spools and |  |
|  | JUW1 | $\mathbf{2 4 . 9 5}$ |
| R-JW* | 50 Ft. Replacement |  |
|  | Wire | 3.49 |
| JUW-1 | Unwrapping Tool | 3.49 |
| "Specify Color: Red, Blue, White or |  |  | Yellow.



Regular Modified

## HAND WRAP TOOL

Part No.
WSU30
Description

WSU30M
Regular
Price


## SOCKET WRAP - ID

 Slipped onto socket before
wrapping to identify pins.
Hrap-ID
Pan Pond
1211
1298656321
Bulk Bulk Part \# Price Price Part\# Price Price $\begin{array}{lllllll}141 D & 1.49 / 10 & 5.50 / 100 & 221 D & 1.49 / 5 & 5.95 / 50\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllll}16 I D & 1.49 / 10 & 5.95 / 100 & 241 D & 1.49 / 5 & 5.95 / 50\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllll}18 I D & 1.49 / 10 & 5.00 / 50 & 28 I D & 1.49 / 5 & 6.50 / 50\end{array}$ $201 D \quad 1.49 / 5 \quad 5.00 / 50 \quad 401 \mathrm{D} \quad 1.49 / 5 \quad 5.00 / 25$

験阳.C.B.
 TERMINAL STRIPS
The TS strips provide positive screw activated clamping action, accommodate wire sizes 14-30 AWG (1,8-0, 25 mm ). Pins are solder plated copper, .042 inch ( 1 mm ) diameter, on . 200 inch ( 5 mm ) centers.

| Part No. | Description | Price |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
| TS- 4 | 4-Pole | $\$ 1.69$ |
| TS. 8 | 8 -Pole | 2.59 |
| TS-12 | 12-Pole | 3.49 |
| TS6MD | 2-Pole Interlocking | $3 / 1.79$ |



## DESOLDERING

 PUMP Easy one hand operation.Rugged all metal construction Replaceable TEFLON ${ }^{*}$ Tip. Selt cleaning on each stroke. Suction precisely regulated for reliable desoldering without damage to delicate circuitry.
DSPI Desoldering Pump
$\$ 9.95$

LOGIC PROBE


Compatible with all logic families us. ing a 4 to 15 V power scupply. Thresholds automatically programmed. Visual indication of logic levels to show high, low, bad level or open circuit togic pulses.
-10 N sec. pulse responses

- 120 K input Impedence.
- Automatic resetting memory.
- Includes tip with protective cap \& coiled cord.


## PRB-1

$\$ 36.95$
LOGIC PULSER
Superimposes a pulse train (20 pps) or a single pulse onto the circuit node under test without un-soldering IC's.

- Automatic polarity sensing
- 2 us pulse width
- Finger tip push button actuated
- Includes tip with protective cap \& coiled cord
PSL-1
$\$ 48.95$


## VACUUM VISE

Unique vacuum-based light duty vise for precision handling of small components and assemblies. Rugged
 ABS construction, $11 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ ( 32 mm )
travel for maximum versatility. Also
features screw lugs for permanent installation.

$$
\text { VV1 Vacuum Vice } \quad \$ 3.49
$$

| - Auto-In <br> - Anti-Ov <br> - Modified <br> Part No. <br> BW2630 <br> BT30 <br> BT2628 <br> BC1 |  | BY. <br> AP <br> OL <br> W263 |  |  | BY. <br> AP <br> L <br> W2630 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Description | Price |
|  |  |  |  | Tool | \$19.85 |
|  |  |  |  | \#30 Bit (not incl.) | 3.95 |
|  |  |  |  | \#28 Bit (not incl.) | 7.95 |
|  |  |  |  | Batteries \& Charger | 14.95 |

## INSERTION/EXTRACTION TOOLS

Part No. Description Price

INS1416 14-16 pin Inserter $\$ 3.49$
MOS1416 14-16 pin MOS Safe Inserter
MOS2428 $24-28$ pin MOS Safe Inserter
7.95

MOS40 40 pin MOS Safe

- Inserter

EX1 14-16 pin IC Extractor 1.49

EX2 24.40 pin
IC Extracto


WK. 7 IC INSERTION KIT

Complete IC In serter/ Extractor Kit Individual Com ponents (Jisted above)
\$22.95

## IC DISPENSER

Allows IC's to be dis. pensed from their tube at a time and picked up by insertion tools above

- Dispenses 8-42 pin IC's - Compatable with all IC carrying tubes Use with WK7 for MOS safe insertion.

| Part No. | Description | Price |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| MDD1 | 1 Chan. Dispenser | $\$ 21.85$ |
| MDD5 | 5 Chan. Dispenser | 83.43 |
| MDD10 | 10 Chan. Dlspenser | $\mathbf{1 6 0 . 4 5}$ |

MDD10 10 Chan. Dispenser 160.45 * * *No Discount.

IDC CONNECTORS


RIGHT ANGLE HEADERS

## SOLDER TAIL WIRE WRAP

## Size Part No. Price Part No. Price

10 IDH10SRB $\$ 1.20$ IDH10WRB $\$ 2.60$ 20 IDH20SRB 1.90 IDH20WRB 4.15 26 IDH26SRB 2.75 IDH26WRB 5.35 34 IDH34SRB 3.75 IDH34WRB 6.25 $\begin{array}{lllll}40 & \text { IDH40SRB } & 3.75 & \text { IDH4OWRB } & 7.35\end{array}$ 50 IDH50SRB 4.75 IDH50WRB 9.20 Spacing. Mounts on PC Board \& Mates with IDS Socket below. Ejector Bars - 4/1.00.

25 PIN "D" CONNECTORS

| Solder Style | Part No. | Price |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
| Male | DB25P | $\$ 2.95$ |
| Female | DB25S | 3.95 |
| Cover | DB25C | $\mathbf{1 . 5 0}$ |
| IDC Style |  |  |
| Male | IDB25P | 6.25 |
| Female | IDB25S | 6.60 |
| Cover | IDB25C | 1.60 |

Solder Style solders onto cable, IDC
Style crimps onto cable with vise. 9 ,
15,37 and 50 pin available also.

| WIRE WRAP WIRE |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#30 Wire Wrap Wire |  |  |  |
| \# Wongth |  |  |  |
| 100/Bag | W00/Bag | 1K/Bag |  |
| Lent | $\$ 1.38$ | $\$ 6.81$ | $\$ 3.94$ |
| $2.5^{\prime \prime}$ | $\$ 1.38$ | 7.46 | 4.25 |
| $3.0^{\prime \prime}$ | 1.43 | 8.11 | 4.57 |
| $3.5^{\prime \prime}$ | 1.51 | 8.73 | 4.88 |
| $4.0^{\prime \prime}$ | 1.56 | 9.39 | 5.21 |
| $4.5^{\prime \prime}$ | 1.63 | 10.04 | 5.54 |
| $5.0^{\prime \prime}$ | 1.69 | 10.69 | 5.92 |
| $5.5^{\prime \prime}$ | 1.74 | 11.34 | 6.23 |
| $6.0^{\prime \prime}$ | 1.82 | 12.99 | 7.08 |
| $6.5^{\prime \prime}$ | 2.11 | 13.68 | 7.44 |
| $7.0^{\prime \prime}$ | 2.19 | 14.40 | 7.78 |
| $7.5^{\prime \prime}$ | 2.29 | 15.10 | 8.12 |
| $8.0^{\prime \prime}$ | 2.35 | 15.80 | 8.46 |
| $8.5^{\prime \prime}$ | 2.40 | 16.51 | 8.92 |
| $9.0^{\prime \prime}$ | 2.46 | 17.22 | 9.15 |
| $9.5^{\prime \prime}$ | 2.53 | 17.91 | 9.58 |
| $10.0^{\prime \prime}$ | 2.63 |  |  |

All lengths are overall, including 1" strip on each end. Choose from colors; Red, Blue, Black, Yellow, White, Green, Orange, and Violet.


CABLE PLUGS

| Size | Part No. | Price |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 14 | IDP14B | $\$ 1.45$ |
| 16 | IDP16B | 1.65 |
| 24 | IDP24B | 2.50 |
| 40 | IDP40B | 4.15 |

1" Spacing. Crimps onto cable with ordinary vise \& plugs into standard IC Socket

WIRE WRAP SUPPLIES


Selective Plating provides gold in contact
where it counts. 3-level wrap. Save by buy ing sockets by the tube. All gold available at 1/2d/pin extra charge.

## RIBBON CABLE

|  | Solid Color |  |  | Color Coded |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
|  | 10 ft | 100 ft. | 10 ft. | 100 ft. |  |
| Size | 10 | 17.00 | 4.00 | 30.00 |  |
| 10 | 2.90 | 13.80 | 5.00 | 42.00 |  |
| 14 | 3.40 | 23.80 | 5.60 | 48.00 |  |
| 16 | 3.70 | 27.20 | 7.00 | 60.00 |  |
| 20 | 4.40 | 34.00 | 8.00 | 72.00 |  |
| 24 | 5.00 | 40.80 | 8.60 | 78.00 |  |
| 26 | 5.40 | 44.20 | 8.0 |  |  |
| 34 | 6.80 | 57.80 | 11.00 | 102.00 |  |
| 40 | 7.80 | 68.00 | 13.00 | 120.00 |  |
| 50 | 9.50 | 85.00 | 16.00 | 150.00 |  |



SOCKETS

| Size | Part No. | Price |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 10 | IDS10B | $\$ 1.88$ |
| 20 | IDS20B | 2.75 |
| 26 | IDS26B | 3.50 |
| 34 | IDS34B | 4.50 |
| 40 | IDS40B | 5.40 |
| 50 | IDS50B | 6.50 |

.1" Spacing. Crimps onto cable with ordinary vise \& mounts to header sold above.

## WIRE KITS

Kit No. 1 - $\$ 9.95$

| 250 | 3 " | 100 | $4^{1 / 2}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 200 | $31 / 2$ " | 100 | 5" |
| 100 | 4" | 100 | $6 "$ |
| Kit No. 2 - \$24.95 |  |  |  |
| 250 | $21 / 2$ " | 250 | 5" |
| 500 | 3 " | 100 | 51/2" |
| 500 | $31 / 2$ " | 100 | $6^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 500 | 4 " | 100 | 61/2" |
| 250 | $41 / 2$ " | 100 | $7{ }^{\prime \prime}$ |
| Kit No. $3-\$ 34.95$ |  |  |  |
| 250 | 21/2" | 500 | $41 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 500 | 3 " | 500 | 5 " |
| 500 | $3112{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 500 | $51 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 500 | 4" | 500 | $6 "$ |
| Kit No. 4 - \$59.95 |  |  |  |
| 500 | $21 / 2$ " | 1000 | 41/2" |
| 1000 | 3 " | 1000 | 5" |
| 1000 | $31 / 2{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 1000 | $51 / 2$ " |
| 1000 | $4{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 1000 | $6^{\prime \prime}$ |

## ORDERING INFORMATION

Prepaid orders over $\$ 50$ shipped prepaid via UPS. All others add $\$ 3.00$ for handling. VISA, MC, COD's and open account orders will be charged freight. \$15 minimum order. \$100 minimum open account order.

## DIScOUNT SCHEDULE

## Amount

Net
less 10\% less $15 \%$ less 20\% less 25\%

Discount and the name of this magazine must be mentioned at time of order to get discount. Discount applies on all items except as noted, "No Discount."


# BULLET ELECTRONICS 

Sound Effects Kit $\$ 18.50$

newl Doomsday Alarm
If ,ou have trouble sleeping and you would like the rest of the neighborhood to share your mis.
ers then this little kit will be for you! There is 10 way to accurately describe the unearthly
howls, screams and tones that come out of this kit Four separate tone oscillators are mixed, cancelled and stepped at a varying rate. 10 Watts of crazy sounds. A great fun kit or a practica
bu-glar alarm. Complete with PC board and ali
necessary components less speaker. For 6-12

### 9.95 orderda-01

## 7 Watt Audio Amp Kit $\mathbf{\$ 5 . 9 5}$


Overvoltage Protection Kit $\mathbf{\$ 6 . 9 5}$ Protect your expensive equipment from overvoltage fused DC power source from 10 to 20 volts up to 25 amps

## Super Value Power Transformer

 +5 and $=12$ supply with inexpensive paris. Free schematics of several lesigns. Primary 117 VAC . SEC \#1 15VAC @ 5 SA SEC \#2 15 V.AC @ . 5A SEC \#3 BVAC @ 2.5A. ORDER: SPECIAL BONUS:Order 2Get free 723 voltage
der 2 BET-OOOS
regulator
\$2.95 Each

SENO C +ECK M.O. OR CHARGE CARD NO.
ADD $5^{0} \%$ FOR SHIPPING
TX AES ADD $5 \%$ STATE SALES TAX
all foleign oromer
assembly manual. programming charts. and detailed and pants 100 MW amp will drive a small speaker directly, or the unit can be
connected to your stereo with inction included). 76477 is included. Available separately for $\$ 3.15$ each

AY3-8910 PROGRAMMABLE SOUND GENERATOR amplitude controls. programmable noise generatop, three mixers. an envelope generator, and three D/A converters that are controlled by 8 BIT WORDS. No external pots or caps required. This chip hooked to an 8 bit microprocessor chip or produce almost any sound. It will play three note chords, make bangs, whistles, sirens, gunshots, explosions, bleets, whines or grunts. In addition, it has provisions to control its own 75 ma and a standard TTL clock oscillator. A truly incredible
circuit. $\quad \$ 12.95 \mathrm{~W} /$ Basic Spec Sheet (4 pages) several program wing $5-100$ interface instructions and

MANY OTHER COMPONENTS AND KITS AVAILABL IN OUR COMPLETE CATALOG. CALL OR WRITEFOR FREE CATALOG


The Greatest Breakthrough In Electronic Music Ever!

uper Music
Maker

## \$24.95

## (Basic Kit)

## Does not include speak


you can play hundreds of songs using the Bullet Super Music Maker. The unit teatures a single factory programmed short tunes. By adding the additional PROM 2708's) the system can be expanded to play up to 1000 otes per PROM. Jusi think ....a compact electronic nousants that wil play dozens, hundreds or even puranic selecions ors music. PROM) and a willed plated and screened PC Board which measures $4^{\prime \prime} \times 4^{3} a^{\prime \prime}$ The 7 watt amplifler section is on the same PC board and drives an 8 ohm speaker (not included). from a whisper vac* vehicle or portiable oderation is possible. What do you get for $\mathbf{\$ 2 4 . 9 5}$ ? Everything but a speaker, transformer, case, switches, and PROM. Additional 2708 albums containing popular tunes are available for $\$ 15.00$ each or you can program your own PROMS using information provided with the kit instructions. Lists of avallable PROM albums are available on request. (Note. Unit plays hords or a melody with harmony simultaneously * Envelope control gives decay to notes
*Next tune" feature allows sequential playing of all songs * On board inverter allows single voltage (*12) operation. OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES
DIP Switches One 8 pos., One 5 pos. $\quad 2.00 / \mathbf{S e l}$ (Can be directly soldered to PC Bd. to access tunes) Rotary Switches Two 5 position
(For remote wiring to PC Bd. to access tunes) Attractive Plastlc Case
Wallplug Transformer
6.50
(For operation on 117VAC house voltage)
 35.UPRIGHT ELECTROS. $100 \%$, assorted values \& voltages, marked 75.CABLETES, 4 non-slip while plastic, ine Ty-wrap . 10 PC .
 60- POLYSTYRENE CAPS, assorted types, styles \& sizes, all good, SURPRISE PAK Assortment of IC's, caps, pots and parts of every desc. 155- MOLEXAOKET, 400-PREFORMED $1 / 4$ WATTERS, assorted values, precut for PC appl 24.MINI.BULES, ASST. VOLTAGES \& base styles, some colored 25.MICRO MINI REED SWITCHES, "' IONS IO 50-THERMISTORS, various types \& styles, neg. coefficient, $100^{\circ}$ AXIAL ELECTROS, asst. values, voits, sizes, what a buyl WATCM GUTS, , ceramic blocks in assored sizes a values, 6.TIME DELAYS, solld state, asst. from 450 mSec to 8 Sec. 75. TPANSISTOR 20.SLIDE VOUME CONTROLS vapus values $\&$ typed, ar Hi, vilues 500.PC. HARDWARE SURPRISE ( 100.PO WER RESISTORS, 3 to 7 watt power resistors, 24.SKINNY TRIM POTS, mult $\%$ singie turn, CRYSTALS as soled types some HGU some trequency 20.9 V BATTERY CLIPS s spap connector coded Insulated eads 4 HEAVY DUTY LINE CORDS, 2 cond. 61 t., 16 gauge 30.PANEL SWITCHES, assorted rotary, micro, slide, etc
20.PAIRS. RCA PLUGS \& JACKS, popular for H I. Fl , speakers atc. 4.2N 3055 NPN TRANSISTORS, 115 watts, 15 amps, TO-3, $100 \%$ mat LLNE CORDS, heavy-duty, 18 gauge, 6 ', molded plug, $2 \cdot$ cond. 55.PLASTIC POWERS, 25 watt, nen \& Pnp, 50.200 bvcbo, TO. 220 150.44000 " RECTIFIERS, IN4000 series, may Include; 50 to 1000 V 30.SCRs $\&$ TRIACS, assorted values, 10 Amp TO.220, untested 30.INSTRUMENT KNOBS, for half round shafts, some w/pointer 3.STEREO INDICATOAS, tiny red 1.5 V bulbs, for Hi.Fi replacemen EDGE CONNECTORS, asst. 4 \& 6 pin, 2 -sided, pc leads 25. NE-2 BULBS, neon, for 110 VAC , requlres resistor, (not incl. . METALLIC RESISTORS, mosily $1 / 2$ watters, asst. val. 1-5\% to解 or 25.ONE WATT RESISTORS, 2 enghs, assorted colors 00 PC. SEMICON SPECIAL, asst. diodes, zeners, etc. untested 1- UFF TUNER 00-TUBULAR CAPS asst tubulars, 100 mmf to 0.1 mf to 600 WVDC 50-SUBMIN IF TRANSFORMEESS .PUSHBUTTON ALARM SWITCHES, spst n.c. 1 A 125 VAC. O-MOTORS MOTORS HES, asst. 50-TERMINAL STRIPS, asst. screw \& solder lug types. 200-HI-OUALIY'RESISTORS, $18,1 / 2$ \& 1 watters plated, 3 lea -MYLAR UPRIGHT CAPS, asst epoyy, plastic polystrene. - HOBBY LEDS, asst. types styles \& colors, mostly dims 100-PIN SOCKETS, inline male \& female crimp-on connectors 00-ASSORTED SPACERS, nylon spacers, washers, grommets,

## "JOIN THE PAK" DON'T MISS OUR 25th ANNIVERSARY CATALOG

$\rightarrow$ PROPBOX 942, RE. 8 S. LYNNFIELD, MA. 01940

Total Amount of Order \$
INCLUDE SHIPPING AND HANDLING: U.S., ADD \$3.; FOREIGN, ADD $\$ 7$. MASS. RES. ADD $5 \%$ SALES TAX.

## NAME

ADDRESS
CITY
STATE ZIP
Enclosed is $\square$ CHECK, $\square$ MONEY ORDER Charge my $\square$ MASTERCARD $\square$ VISA
ACCT. \# EXP. DATE
Orders only 800-343-3086 Other calls 1-617-245-3828 ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS $\ln$ Indicate quantity on the or box near tiem desired © Complete coupon section o cut out Ad and mall to Poly Paks, Inc. Send me your FREE catalog

# The ultimate $A P P L E^{\circledR}$ copy program COPY II PLUS $\$ 39^{95}$ 

VERSATILE - Copy II Plus copies multiple formats - DOS 3.2, 3.3, PASCAL, FORTRAN and most "protected" diskettes! FAST - Copy II Plus copies nearly any diskette in less than one minute. That's faster than most standard copy programs. Written entirely in ultra fast assembly language.


ENTRAL PONT Software, Inc.

Search no more for that universal copy program. Copy II Plus is the most advanced copy program available for the Apple II Computer. Compare capability, compare speed, compare price, then call or write to order Copy II Plus. Requires Apple II with 48 K and at least one Disk Drive.

## P.O. Box 3563

Central Point, OR 97502
(503) 773-1970
or check
Deliveries from stock. No C.O.D.'s Apple is a registered trademark of Apple Computer, Inc. CIRCLE 71 ON FREE INFORMATION GARD


## contact east



Three Models
MS-15/15MHz Single Trace Triggered Scope $\$ 389.00$ MS-215/15MHz Dual Trace Triggered Scope 497.00 MS-230/30MHz Dual Trace Triggered Scope 649.00


## Contact East <br> Catalog

- Over 10,000 Products
- Hard-To-Find Tools
- Fully Illustrated
- 160 Pages Complete Pricing Catalog $\$ 2.00$

Call Toll Free 800-225-5370 In Mass: (617) 272-5051 varn VISA - Master Card Immetiate Delivery - We-Pay Shipping Contact East, Dept. 0064 P 0. Box 160, 7 . Cypress Orive Burlington. MA. 01803
CIRCLE 2 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

## ADVERTISING INDEX

RADIO-ELECTRONICS does not assume any responsibility for errors that may appear in the index below.

Free Information Number Page
14 AMC Sales .......................................... 84
31 Active Electronics................................ 81 - Advance Electronics ............................. 7

13 Advanced Microcomputer $\quad 94.95$
Products..................................... 94.
All Electronics ......................................... 88
Ancrona .............................................. 109
Karel Barta.......................................... 82
Beckman Electro Products Group...... 23
B \& K Precision ................................... 74
Bullet.................................................. 100
33 CRR, Associates ................................ 106
CIE, Cleveland Institute of
Engineering ............................ 18-21
71 Central Point Software ..................... 107
16 Chaney Electronics............................. 88

- Command Productions ........................ 79

55 Communications Electronics .............. 26
58 Concord Computer Products ..... 104-105
2 Contact East ...................................... 110

- Cook's Institute .................................... 79

22 The Cooper Group .......................Cover 2

- Dage Scientific.................................... 82
- Devtronix Organ, Inc........................... 82

5 Digi-Key .............................................. 83
34 Eico..................................................... 28
49 Electronic Specialists, Inc................... 78
Electronic Technology Today ............ 74
Enterprise Development....................... 76
Etco:................................................ 82,92
Fair Radios ............................................ 96
Fanon .................................................... 84
Fluke ........................................................... 5
Fordham.............................................. 104
Formula International ................... 90-91
Future Tech ......................................... 32
Gladstone Electronics ........................... 84
Global Specialties .................................. 2
Global TV ........................................... 79
Godbout ............................................... 88
Grantham College of Engineering ...... 29
5 Hal-Tronics ........................................ 88
61 Hanley Engineering ............................ 85
7,8, Heath ................................... 14-15,35,71
51,52,53,54 The Heath Group....................... 100-103

- Information Unlimited ......................... 82

67 Ihternational Components ................. 108
66 International Crystal Mfg. ................. 24
62 International Electronics ..................... 96
63 JDR, Microdevices .......................... 98-99
19 Jameco........................................... 86-87
18 Jensen Tool, Inc.................................... 78
29 Keithley Instruments Inc ...................... 77
44 MCM, Audio ......................................... 93

- McGee Radio's ..................................... 82

3

| 64 | Micro Ace..................................... 107 |
| :---: | :---: |
| - | Micro Management Systems Inc ...... 96 |
| 30 | Mountain West............................... 76 |
| - | NRI, Schools ................................ 8-11 |
| - | NTS, Schools .............................. 36-39 |
| - | Netronics <br> Research \& Development............... 29 |
| 9 | Ohio Scientific .................................. 1 |
| 40 | Omega Sales ................................... 13 |
| 20 | Paccom ......................................... 76 |
| 47 | Panavise ......................................... 28 |
| 28,27 | Poly Paks ................................ 78,106 |
| 45 | Radio Shack .................................... 80 |
| 4 | Ramsey Electronics ......................... 97 |
| 21 | Robotic Age .................................... 24 |
| - | Sabtronics ................................Cover 3 |
| 15 | HW, Sams \& Co, Inc ..................... 30 |
| - | Satellite Computer Services ............. 79 |
| 46 | Shure Brothers................................ 30 |
| - | Simple Simon.................................. 84 |
| 48 | Sinclair (Thandar Electronics) .......... 40 |
| 41 | Solid State Sales.............................. 92 |
| - | Spacecoast Research ........................ 79 |
| 42 | AW, Sperry.................................... 27 |
| 25 | Sony Videe...................................... 17 |
| 23 | Surplus Electronics.......................... 89 |
| 68 \& 69 | Triplett ......................................... 73 |
| 36 | Viz ............................................... 33 |
| - | Wersi ............................................. 76. |
| 11 | Zenith ...............................Back Cover |

MOVING?
Don't miss a
single copy of
Radio-Elec:
tronics. Give:
us:
Six weeks' no-
tice
Your old ad-
dress and zip
code
Your new ad
dress and zip
code

## name (please print)

address
city state zip code

Mall to: Radlo-Electronics
SUBSCRIPTION DEPT., P.O. BOX 2520 , BOULDER, COLO. 80322

## Sabtronics. An entire range of low-cost, top-quality instruments.


A. $2010 \mathrm{~A}-\$ 99.00^{*}$, B. $2015 \mathrm{~A}-\$ 119.00^{*}$, C. $8610 \mathrm{~A}-\$ 119.00^{*}$, D. $5020 \mathrm{~A}-\$ 129.00^{* *}$ E. 8000 B - $\$ 239.00^{* *}$, F. 2035 A - $\$ 79.00^{*}$, G. 2037 A - $\$ 99.95^{*}$

Prices subject to change without notice.

Sabtronics revolutionized the market with the first low-cost, high-performance Digital Multimeter. Now we have an entire range of outstanding instruments in a reasonable range of prices. In fact, nobody can beat us in our price/performance ratio. And we can sell at a low price for some very good reasons. Our engineers design high performance products to be built at a low cost. And we refuse to stick on high mark ups. Plus we make sure your price stays low by selling directly to you. Because we sell so many instruments, we don't have to charge a high price.
Naturally, we also offer all the helpful accessories you might want. And all our products are under warranty for good quality and high performance. In addition, you get from us the same quality aftersale service as any high priced instrument manufacturer. With Sabtronics instruments available, there's no need for you to spend a lot of money to do highly accurate testing and measuring.
2010A 3½ Digit LED DMM
2015A 3½ Digit LCD DMM
8610A 600 MHz 8 -Digit Frequency Counter 8110A 100 MHz 8-Digit Frequency Counter 5020 A 1 Hz to 200 k Hz Function Generator 8000B 1 GHz 9 -Digit Frequency Counter 8610B600 MHz 9-Digit Frequency Counter 2035A 3½ Digit LCD Handheld DMM 2037A $3^{½}$ Digit LCD Handheld DMM

* price in kit form. Also available factory assembled, tested, and calibrated. Call us for prices.
** price fully assembled, tested, and calibrated. Call us for more information: (813) 623-2631 (9am to 5pm EST)

Making Performance Affordable

5709 N. 50th Street Tampa, FL 33610

# Sperial limited-time introdurtary offer <br>  <br> Inventory control - that's the name of the game today! And Zenith's Instant Parts Program (ZIP) is the way to play it 

safe, sure ... and money-wise. Because with ZIP, you've got Zenith's most frequently needed exact replacement parts where you want them when you want them.

Also with ZIP, slow-moving stock numbers are periodically replaced with new, more popular parts thru periodic checks by your Zenith distributor salesman. As a result, your original investment is protected and your inventory of Zenith exact replacement parts is current.

And best of all, today you can add a little ZIP or a lot of ZIP to your inventory control of Zenith parts.

For a little ZIP, you'll want ZIP-50 - the top 50 Zenith parts available with or without System 3 components. If you want more ZIP, get ZIP-100 - the most active 100 Zenith parts now available with or without System 3 components

Call your Zenith distributor now for the ZIP program that best suits your need. Four to choose from!

ZIP - it's the easiest, least expensive, most versatile inventory control system ever devised by Zenith for TV service technicians! Call your Zenith distributor now!

> Call your Zenith distributor now for a special limited-time-only introductory offer on ZIP—Zenith's Instant Parts Program!


[^0]:    "The Superboard II is an excellent choice for the personal computer enthusiast on a budget."

[^1]:    TO MAGAZINE RETAILERS
    Radio-Electronica Magazine is pleased to announce its "Retail Display Allowance Plan" avalable to retailers interested in earning a display allowance on Redio-Eloctronic: Magazine. To obtain details and a copy of the formal contract, please write to the Marketing Department, Kable News Company, Inc., 777 Third Avenue, New York, New York 10017, our national distrbutor, who will act as admnistrator of our plan. Under our Retail Display Allowance Pian, in consideration for filfilling conditions of the agreement, you will be entitled to receive a display allowance. This plan will become ellective for all issues you receive subsequent to written acceptance on our behall of yout application.

[^2]:    

