Munro, Edward John

Private North Nova Scotia Highlanders E/20545





Edward John Munro was born on June 16, 1920 in Quebec City, Canada as the youngest son of a family of seven children, four sons and three daughters. Their father Charles Munro died of leukemia on January 7, 1923, when Eddy was 2 years old. Because their mother Johanna didn't have enough money to raise all her children by herself many of the children were accommodated in children's homes. Eddy went to school from age 5 until age 12. Because he went to several different schools his results remained below average. As a result of this minimal education, as a young man he decided to enlist in the army on September 16, 1941. Before that, he worked as an unschooled labourer with the Dominion Arsenal in Quebec for 4,5 years. In the army he started as a stockroom worker in Quebec. Eddy was described as being a silent, level-headed young man with an above average natural intelligence and with an interest in hockey, baseball land rugby.

Edward served in the Royal Canadian Ordnance Corps until May 15, 1944, after which he joined the Royal Canadian Electrical and Mechanical Engineers. He remained in Canada until November 21, 1944, when he boards for the crossing to the United Kingdom. On January 26, 1945, he was sent to the mainland of Western Europe to fight with a battalion of the North Nova Scotia Highlanders as an infantryman. It remains unclear to his family why he faught for the North Nova Scotia Highlanders, because Nova Scotia is far from Quebec City. In this fase of the war it was hard to replace losses in combat units. This lead to transfers where the regional division was compromised. This could possibly be the cause of his placement with the North Nova Scotia Highlanders.

Edward John Munro was killed on March 25, 1945, near Bienen in Germany and got a field grave in Rees, Germany on April 5, 1945.

Attached to this is the last letter Eddy wrote to his sister Annie Munro. This letter is dated March 23, 1945... two days before he was killed. His sister received the letter after she received the news of his death. It is a strikingly sad letter, because he asked if she wanted to write him back please (after several of these requests remained unanswered) and if she would sent him a picture of the family. In the letter he said he was in a trench in Germany.



23 mar 1946 Dear annie & gohn Where I am, Im in Germone nort armie its a long Way from home In well and still in the best of I had some mail from home and every bandy from Rita f will never for give me for not Writing sooner Will armer I dident have Tor address Bita just sent it to me, Will how are you anne and how do you like your new forme I hope your are Aff. How as gohn and how does be like fis Work, and have is the big girl is she getting big I would some like to see the ogain que lis a big me 21/ Granding 2 more Kiss fr month's I dident have much of a time because I coulden many forses Intos in Jondan one and I had a very time but I Waulden the to live there give me Canada any day. I was in Belgium for one month Explish but you need a lat of money toget around all In in Germany its must of beening a nice country Once but it descrit loop so nice now, there houses left standing naw Well amie I don't live in a house now Im liveing in a slit trench three two of us to a trench. The Weather fore is very nice it's just tide summer bock tome. amie I tope you don't take as not money

On December 14, 1946, Edward John Munro was reburried at the Canadian War Cementary in Groesbeek, grave **XVII. E. 11.**

Awards: 1939-1945 Star French Germany Star War Medal 1939-1945 Canadian Volunteer Service Medal with clasp



Life story Marian Straatman, Research Team Faces To Graves.

Source: Commonwealth War Graves Commission Library and Archives Canada Corina O'Hearn



Chrismas Eve 24 december 2018. Photo: Diana Venis-Kerkhoven.

The Bienen Tablet

On 19 November 2000, the day which marks *Volkstrauertag* (the German equivilent of Remembrance Day), a bronze tablet was unveiled at Bienen, Germany, in a widely attended public ceremony. The plaque is mounted on a stone wall bordering the attractive courtyard of the Roman Catholic Church of St. Cosmas and Damien whose origins at the same location in the centre of town, date back some eleven centuries.

The inscription on the plaque is in German, translated from the original English draft which reads as follows:



THIS TABLET HAS BEEN PLACED BY A GROUP OF SURVIVING CANADIAN VETERANS OF THE NORTH NOVA SCOTIA HIGHLANDERS, 3 CANADIAN INFANTRY DIVISION, IN PROUD AND GRATEFUL MEMORY OF THOSE FORTY MEMBERS OF THEIR REGIMENT WHO FELL IN BATTLE AT BIENEN, GERMANY ON SUNDAY, MARCH 25,1945 AND IN MEMORY OF THOSE FELLOW COMBATANTS OF 9 CANADIAN INFANTRY (HIGHLAND) BRIGADE AND 51 BRITISH HIGHLAND DIVISION WHO DIED IN THE SAME BATTLE AND IN THE SAME CAUSE AND, AS WELL, IN RESPECTFUL MEMORY OF THOSE ADVERSARIES IN THE GERMAN ARMY WHO DIED ON THAT SAME FATEFUL DAY.

AT THE GOING DOWN OF THE SUN, AND IN THE MORNING

WE WILL REMEMBER THEM

ERRECTED AT BIENEN ON THE 55TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE EVENT, IN THE YEAR 2000.

The late Don Forbes, who landed as second-in-command of the North Novas in Normandy on D-Day and who commanded the battalion from July of 1944 to the end of the war, had in an article published in the summer of 1945 described Bienen as "probably the most important operation performed by the Battalion and as one whose effect on the operations of XXX Corps was far-reaching."

This project was launched by several North Nova Bienen veterans in November 1999. It was financed exclusively by small private subscriptions. A brief exchange of correspondence shortly gained the approval, confidence, assistance and support of a local heritage group at Bienen and of the Burgemeister and Municipal Council of the City of Rees – with which Bienen has amalgamated. Within six months the plaque, after preparation in record time at a foundry in Lunenburg, NS, had been taken to Europe by a detachment of sailors from HMCS *Montreal* and had been presented to the Burgemeister at Rees. Actual placement and unveiling of the tablet was postponed to November to allow for restoration of the courtyard which was then underway and to accommodate other associated activities.

The tablet is unique in a number of ways. Firstly, it was at the time of unveiling one of only a few - and possibly the only - memorial located within Germany marking the location of an engagement in that country by Allied land forces in the Second World War. Secondly, there are probably few, if any, memorials anywhere which, like this plaque, recognize the wardead of a wartime adversary. We are now, almost 60 years later, the ally and friend of Germany and our soldiers now frequently find themselves serving beside those in her forces in peacekeeping and other missions. And of course there is the circumstance that located only a few hundred metres from the plaque-site lies a well-tended, and sizable, German military cemetery - whose graves also date from that Palm Sunday of 1945. Thirdly - and perhaps most importantly - the plaque serves as a reminder that even now, many years after the event, those words "We will remember them" still carry meaning.





In the church in Bienen is a "Gedächtnisbuch" (Roll of Honour) in memory of all German and Allied soldiers who fell in the heavy battle for Bienen.

1945

25. März

E. B. Munro

+ 25. März 1945 als kanadischer Soldat in Bienen North Nova Scotia Highlanders Infanterie Kanadischer Soldatenfriedhof Groesbeek (NL) Grab XVII E 11 1945 25. Mär= 5

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E. B. Munro 25. Märe 1945 als kanadischer Soldat in Blemen North Nova Scotia Highlanders Infanterie re Soldatenfriedhof Grossbeck (NL) Grab XVII E 11 Wolfgang Müller aus Landsberg a. d. Warthe aus Landsberg a. d. Warthe 1945 als Soldat in Bienen 23 Jah latenfriedhof Bienen, Grab 68

Paul Oelze aus Braunschweig Järz 1945 als Soldat in Bienen 23 Jahr Soldatenfriedhof Bienen, Grab 56

Heinz Ost

aus Hannover März 1945 als Soldat in Bienen 24 Jahre alt Soldatenfriedhof Bienen, Grab 58 Heinz Otto aus Dreihausen bei Marburg 25. März 1945 als Soldat in Bienen 28 Jahre alt Umgebettet nach Dreihausen

L. D. Page aus Hants Rawdon Provinz Newfoundland Kanada + 25. Marz 1945 als kanadischer Stoldat in Bienen 21 Jahre alt North Nova Scotta Highlanders Infanterie kanadischer Soldatenfriedhof Groesbeek (NL) Grab XIX A 16

Helmut Pohlmann

aus Bochum + 25. März 1945 als Soldat in Praest 18 Jahre alt Soldatenfriedhof Bienen, Grab 21

1945

W. J. Power aus Nijow Wastminister Province British Columbia Kanada 25. Milly: 2043 alk kanadlascher Soldati in Bienen Jahre alt Worth Nova Social Bigliahaders Infancterie anadischer Soldatunfriedhof Groesbeek (NL) Grab XVII H 2.

W. L. Robinson aus suudi Naitand Provinz Nova Scotia Kanada Marz 1945 als kanadischer Soldat in Bienen 22 Jahre alt North Nova Scotia Highlanders Infratterie Kanadischer Soldatenfriedhof Groesbeek (NL) Grab XIX C 4

Erich Sader 25. März 1945 als Soldat in Bienen Soldatenfriedhof Bienen, Grab 66

Hermann Schmidt ^{aus} Hartushofen b. Rotemburg o.d.T. März 1945 als Soldat in Bienen 29 Jahre alt Soldatenfriedhof Bienen, Grab 65

N. A. Shaw aus Richmond Lochside Provinz British Columbia Kanada + 25. Mürz 1945 als kanadischer Soldat in Bienen, 21 Jahre alt North Nova Scotta Highlanders Infanterie Kanadischer Soldatenfriedhof Groesbeek (NL) Grab V H 14

25. März

E. A. Smith aus West Point Provinz Prince Edward Island Kanada +25. März 1945 als kanadischer Soldat in Bienen 32 Jahre alt North Nova Scotia Highlanders Infanterie Kanadischer Soldatenfrichenbit Groesbeek (NL) Grab V H 13