

SOPHIST Master Patterns Knowledge Library



Contents

- Introduction to SOPHIST and the MASTER patterns
- What is a Knowledge Library?
- > The content of this library
 - SOPHIST MASTER Patterns
 - > SOPHIST Set of Rules: Mapping of the rules in the Systems Engineering Suite
- Demo of the SOPHIST Knowledge library



Who are the SOPHISTs?



- Training & consulting firm created in 1996 today 60 members
- Specialization in Requirements and Systems Engineering
- Co-creator of the IREB Standard
- Provider of 100% tool neutral methods and knowledge
 - Wissen-for-free section : free publications of requirements engineering practices





- MASTER patterns: Requirements patterns to enhance the structuration of requirements documentation
- RE Primer: Overall description of the requirements engineering phase and set of rules (SOPHISTen-Regelwerk)



»A short

RE Primer«

Source : Sophist.de



What is a Knowledge Library

- > A combination of Knowledge items,
 - > of different nature,
 - at different levels of abstraction
- > Representing a specific business domain or area of knowledge
- With the aim of improving the way projects are managed, including:
 - the promotion of the principle: quality right the first time,
 - enabling semantic search portals to archive and retrieve assets,
 - thus providing tools to **reuse** assets at different level,
 - > and reducing **time** to market,
 - improving the way engineers generate (author) new assets,
 - > enhancing the way items are inspected and verified,
 - Enabling real **interoperability** mechanisms and services,
 - reducing **time** to elaborate documents, systems and projects.







What is a Knowledge Library

05 Reasoning

A combination of rules, and actions to infer information from valuable assets and to control the behavioural part of the knowledge library

04 Formalization

Representation of assets semantic through SRL – System Representation Language



Vocabulary/Glossary

Controlled Organizational and Project Vocabulary for a common understanding among stakeholders

2 SCM/Architectures

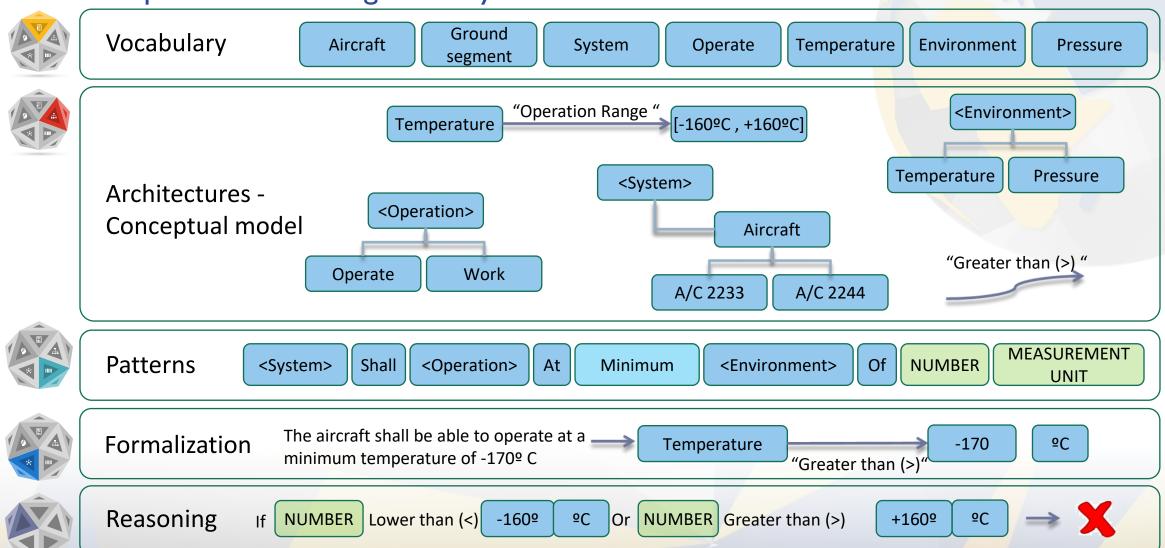
Capture the system architectures represented in views and models. Stablish relationships among system and system elements, and among other system entities. Classifying information by meaning, nature...

Patterns

Representing a set of agreedupon templates (grammars) to create and maintain consistent textual artifacts



Example of a Knowledge Library





SOPHIST MASTER patterns

- Cross-domain patterns to express system requirements:
 - Functional requirements
 - > Non-functional requirements
 - > With or without introducing a condition to the main sentence of requirements

- The use of the MASTER patterns enhances :
 - > The structuration of the syntax of requirements
 - The uniformity of sentence structures (linking words in conditions...)
 - The scope of each set of pattern (functional, non-functional,...).
 - The scope of conditions (time-related, logical, triggered by an event)



https://www.sophist.de/fileadmin/user_upload/Bilder_zu_Seiten/ Publikationen/Wissen_for_free/MASTeR_Broschuere_5-Auflage_Komplett_Lesezeichen_Update_web.pdf



SOPHIST MASTER patterns: Functional requirements (FunctionMASTER)

- Objective : write functional requirements
- 3 different cases to express the FunctionMASTER
 - Independent system activity
 - User interaction
 - Interface requirement



> The FunctionMASTER also has a detailed version to give more context to the functionality described



<Process verb>

<Process verb>

ith the ability to

Be able to

Provide <actor>

with the ability to

Be able to

<object>

<object>



FunctionMASTER: 3 different paths

Independent system activity

Function started and perform automatically

by the system

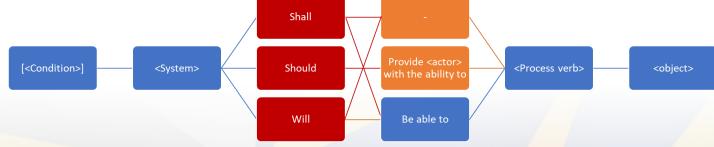
User interaction

> The system enables the user to perform a function to achieve a goal. The system relies on the user to perform the

<System>

function

Interface requirement



Shall

Should

Will

Shall

Should

Will

Cases when the system relies on information coming from a third party (other than a user)

[<Condition>]

[<Condition>]



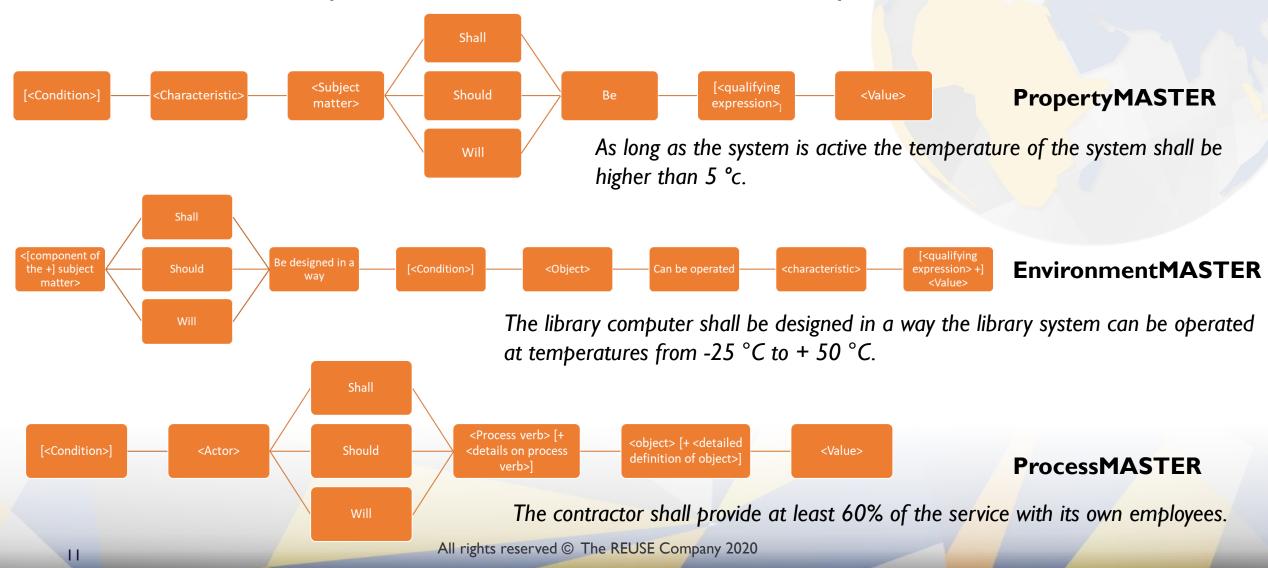
SOPHIST MASTER patterns: Non-functional requirements

- > Requirements which do not address the system functionality but contain elements with impact on the addressed functions
- 6 sub-categories of non-functional requirements

	Addressed content	PropertyMASTER	EnvironmentMASTER	ProcessMASTER
	Qualitative property of the system of interest (performance requirement)	×		
I I echnological	Efficient way to give more accuracy to the scope of a system functionality	×	Environmental requirements Quantity requirement	
Il Isar Intartaca	Focus on the user interface of the system. Details on the visual, acoustic presentation of the functional operations	×		
other delivery	Delivery components: training documents, installation software, tools for assembling components,	×		
Requirements for activities to be carried out	Description of the process, that is to say the way the system is operated	×		×
Legai continactaan	Agreed rights and obligations with regards to the development and use of the product to be created.	X		X

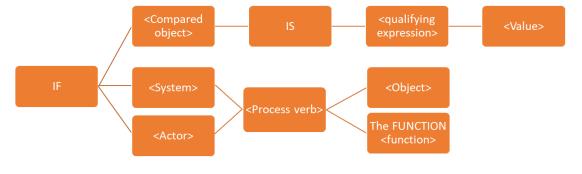


SOPHIST MASTER patterns: Non-functional MASTER Templates





SOPHIST MASTER patterns : Conditional MASTER patterns





LogicMASTER

If the temperature is below -10 °c, ...
If the librarian deletes the database, ...

EventMASTER

As soon as the event Evacuation happens, ... As soon as the librarian activates the function Register customer, ...

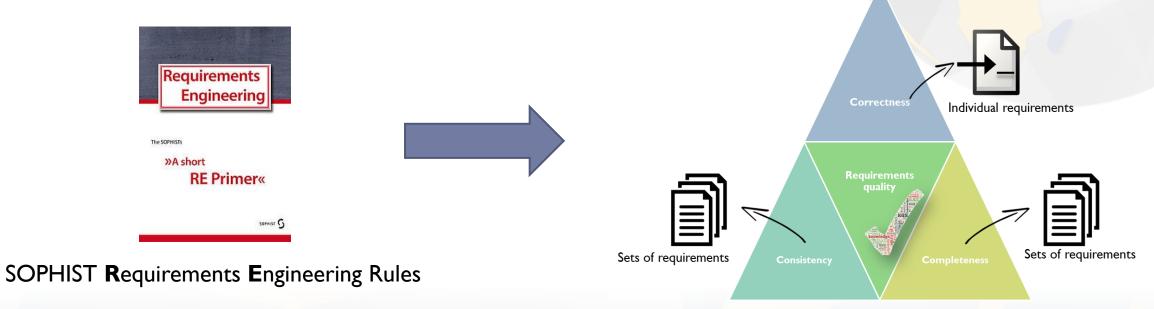
TimeMASTER

As long as the smartphone is in the state Low Battery, ... As long as the customer borrows a book from the library,...



The SOPHIST RE-Rules

- > SOPHIST RE-Rules: 18 rules to enhance requirements documentation and enable requirements verification
- Implementation into the CCC model of the TRC Systems Engineering Suite RQA (quality metrics)



The implementation of the Sophist RE-Rules into the TRC tools consists in converting each rule into quantifiable sets of metrics in order to create quality assessment baseline.

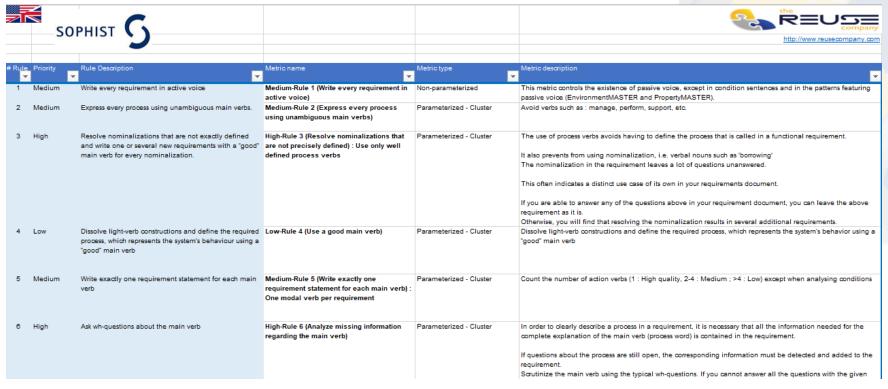


The set of 18 rules

#Rule	Priority Level	Rule Description	#Rule	Priority Level	Rule Description
I	Medium	Write every requirement in active voice	10	Medium	Question the used numerals and quantifiers.
2	Medium	Express every process using unambiguous main verbs.	11	Medium	Clarify missing numerals and quantifiers.
3	High	Resolve nominalizations that are not exactly defined and write one or several new requirements with a	12	High	Question vague nouns.
	Low	"good" main verb for every nominalization. Dissolve light-verb constructions and define the		Low	Replace formulations that describe possible or impossible situations.
4	LOW	required process, which represents the system's behaviour using a "good" main verb	14	Low	Remove subordinate clauses that contain irrelevant information for the requirement
5	Medium	Write exactly one requirement statement for each main verb	15	Low	Shorten or eliminate flowery expressions or phrases that are irrelevant for your requirement.
6	High	Ask wh-questions about the main verb	16	Medium	Analyse exceptions to the usual behaviour of the system and extend the requirement resp. write an
7	Medium	Analyse missing information on the adjective or			additional requirement.
		adverb which is derived from a process verb and add information if necessary.	17	High	Requirements with incomplete conditional structures should be checked and formulated or described by
8	Medium	Formulate adjectives in a way that can be measured			another requirement
		or tested	18	High	Write one or more requirements for every implicit
9	Low	Formulate separate requirements for non-functional aspects if these aspects are independent or needed as a constraint for several functionalities			assumption not described.



Implementation of the rules into RQA Quality metrics



Mapping of the Sophist RE-Rules vs. the TRC Systems Engineering Suite Quality metrics

➤ In this version of the library, most of the rules are covered by one single quality metric, except for rules 12, 14 and 15, each covered by 2 quality metrics. Rules 16 and 18 can be addressed by the tools but were not implemented because they rely on specific context for the requirements to be analysed.



Mapping of the rules with RQA Quality metrics

#Rule	Priority Level	Rule Description	Quality metric name	Metric type
1	Medium	vyrite every requirement in active voice	R010-M: Write every requirement in active voice	Non-parameterized
2	Medium	Fybress every brocess lising linamhighous main verns	R020-M: Express every process using unambiguous main verbs	Parameterized - Cluster
3	High	Resolve nominalizations that are not exactly defined and write one or several new requirements with a "good" main verb for every nominalization.	R030-H: Use only well defined process verbs	Parameterized - Cluster
4	Low	Dissolve light-verb constructions and define the required process, which represents the system's behaviour using a "good" main verb	R040-L : Use a defined main verb	Parameterized - Cluster
5	Medium	Write exactly one requirement statement for each main verb	R050-M: Use one modal verb per requirement	Parameterized - Cluster
6	High		R060-H: Analyze missing information regarding the main verb	Parameterized - Cluster
7	Medium	information if necessary.	R070-M: Missing one adjective in the information derived from the process verb	Parameterized - Term tag
8	Medium	Formulate adjectives in a way that can be measured or tested	R080-M : Avoid vague adjectives	Parameterized - Cluster
9	Low	Formulate separate requirements for non-functional aspects if these aspects are independent or needed as a constraint for several functionalities		Non-parameterized





Mapping of the rules with RQA Quality metrics

#Rule	Priority	Rule Description	Quality metric name	Metric type
mitaic	Level	Ruie Bescription	Quanty metric name	rictile type
10	Medium	Question the used numerals and quantifiers.	R100-M: Use consistent quantifiers	Parameterized - Relationship not SCM compliant
- 11	Medium	Clarify missing numerals and quantifiers.	RIIO-M: Avoid using numbers without quantifiers	Parameterized - Pattern group and pattern matching
		Question vague nouns	R120-H: Avoid incorrect spelled words	Non-parameterized
12 High	High		R121-H: Only use controlled and defined vocabulary	Non-parameterized
13	Low	Replace formulations that describe possible or impossible situations.	R130-L: Avoid universal and absolute expressions	Parameterized - Cluster
14	I ow	Remove subordinate clauses that contain irrelevant information for	R140-L: Avoid open ended clauses	Parameterized - Cluster
			R141-L: Avoid speculative sentences	Parameterized - Cluster
		Shorten or eliminate flowery expressions or phrases that are	RI50-L: Avoid flowery expressions	Parameterized - Cluster
15	Low		RI5I-L: Avoid imprecise quantifiers	Parameterized - Cluster
17	Medium	Analyse exceptions to the usual behaviour of the system and extend the requirement resp. write an additional requirement.	R170-M: Define system states in all possible cases*	Completeness metric : Terminology coverage metric

^{*}This metric requires the definition of the system states in the Knowledge Manager tool





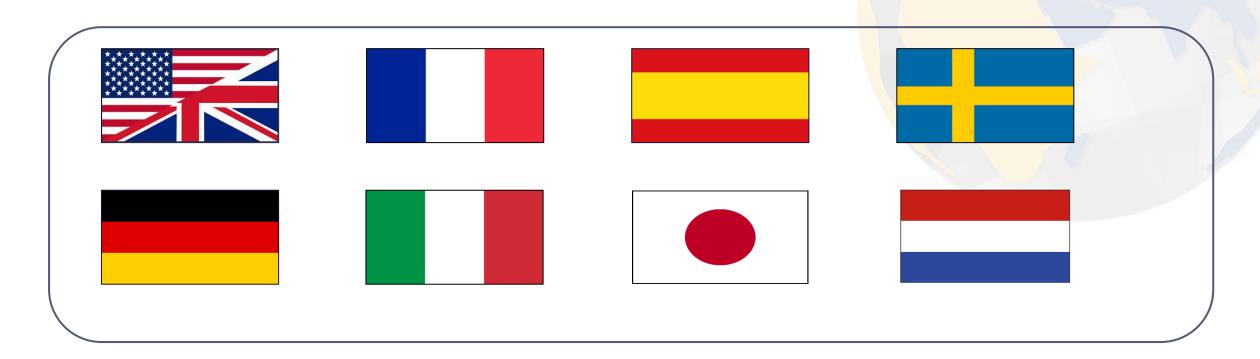
Quality metrics configuration: Weights

- 3 priority levels in the SOPHIST RE-Rules
 - High
 - Medium
 - Low
- > Default weight configuration of the quality metrics to take into account priority levels :



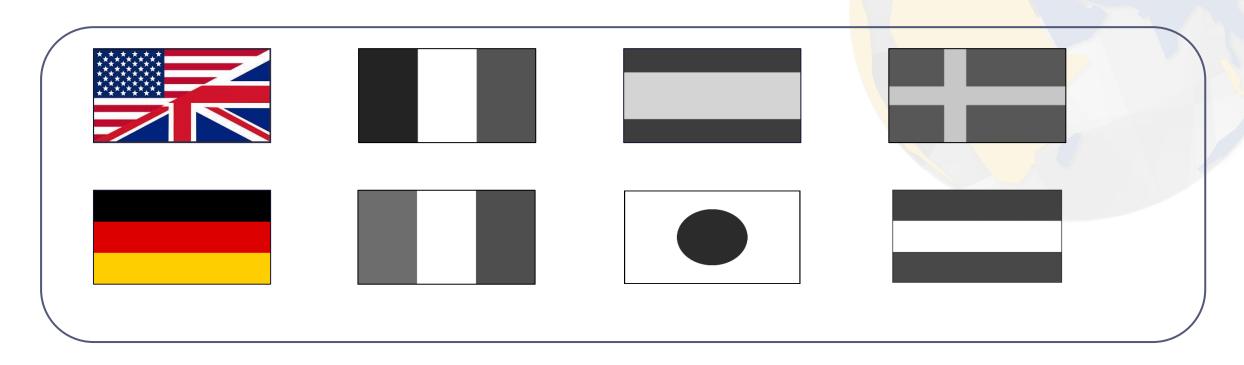


Languages supported by the TRC Systems Engineering Suite





Languages available for this Knowledge Library



The SOPHIST MASTER patterns Knowledge library is available in English and German



Demo of the library

- > Extracted from the webinar "Ensuring completeness, consistency, and correctness with the MASTER patterns by Sophist and RAT Authoring Tools"
- Youtube video link: https://youtu.be/LvUhKSirusE?t=1810

