USER GUIDE FOR HEALTHCARE PROFESSIONALS



Test of Adherence to Inhalers

Comments from the Scientific Committee on frequently asked questions

INTRODUCTION TO THE TEST OF ADHERENCE TO INHALERS (TAI)

The **Test of Adherence to Inhalers (TAI)** is a new questionnaire for patients with asthma or COPD that simply and reliably:



Identifies patients with low adherence



Determines the degree of adherence: good, intermediate or poor



Gives an idea of patient's **type or pattern of non-compliance**: sporadic, deliberate or unconscious

The TAI has been developed and validated by researchers from the Integrated Research Programmes (PIIs) on Asthma and COPD of the Spanish Society of Pulmonology and Thoracic Surgery (SEPAR), based on a rigorous research process. It is an innovative and very useful tool for healthcare professionals in their care practice. Furthermore, its discriminatory capacity and limited administration time make the TAI an excellent instrument for regular use in day-to-day clinical practice.

This guide is intended as a practical manual for using the questionnaire. It includes guidelines for using and interpreting the questionnaire, as well as the answers to questions that healthcare professionals may have, with the end goal of facilitating the its use day-to-day practice.

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RATIONALE FOR DEVELOPING THE TAI

Patient adherence to treatment is a critical factor in controlling the disease and keeping it under control. Low adherence to inhalers is consistently linked to increased morbidity and mortality in both asthma and COPD. This is why it is crucial to determine the degree of adherence to treatment in each patient. Given that their medical record alone overestimates adherence, the use of validated questionnaires is recommended in day-to-day clinical practice.

Some of the questionnaires for assessing adherence which are currently available have had limited impact and are rarely used in regular clinical practice, due to some questionable features: inadequate validation processes or non-specificity to inhalers. Furthermore, they have proved to be of little clinical use in identifying specific barriers to therapeutic adherence (for example, they do not identify the type of non-compliance).



Knowing the type of non-compliance and, in particular, the conditions that act as barriers to patient adherence, provides valuable information that makes it possible to apply specific corrective measures in patient education programs for each type of non-compliance.

The TAI aims to offer what other questionnaires lack by quickly, cheaply and reliably identifying patients with poor adherence to treatment and giving an idea of their patterns and types of non-compliance.

DESCRIPTION OF THE TAI

The TAI consists of two complementary questionnaires that may be used separately, depending on care needs: the 10-item TAI, which identifies patients with poor adherence and their degree of adherence, and the 12-item TAI, which helps give an idea of their type or pattern of non-compliance.



10-item TAI

- It consists of 10 questions that the patient should fill in on their own
- The scoring range for each question is from 1: worst compliance to 5: best compliance
- The score for the 10 items provides a total score of between 10 (minimum) and 50 (maximum)

12-item TAI

- This consists of the 10 questions that the patient should fill in on their own (10-item TAI), plus another 2 questions for the healthcare professional caring for them
- The questions for healthcare professionals are scored with 1 or 2 points (poor or good knowledge of the regimen and/or inhalation technique)

If the healthcare professional would like to assess only adherence and degree of adherence, they should use the 10-item TAI. If they would also like to assess type of non-compliance, they may use the 12-item TAI.

Type or pattern of non-compliance shall be assessed as follows:

- Items 1 to 5 assess 'sporadic' non-compliance (score of 5 to 25)
- Items 6 to 10 assess 'deliberate' non-compliance (score of 5 to 25)
- Items 11 to 12 assess 'unconscious' non-compliance (score of 2 to 4)



TAI SCORING RANGES AND INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

10-item TAI	Level of adherence			
SCORE		INTERPRETATION		
= 50 point	ts >	Good adherence		
46 to 49 poi	ints >	Intermediate adherence		
≤ 45 point	ts >	Poor adherence		

TAI Type of	Type of non-compliance*		
SCORE		INTERPRETATION	
Items 1 to 5 < 25	>	Sporadic non-compliance	
Items 6 to 10 < 25	>	Deliberate non-compliance	
Items 11 to 12 < 4	>	Unconscious non-compliance	

^{*}A single patient may have more than one type or pattern of non-compliance, and a patient with 50 points on the 10-item TAI may be an unconscious non-complier on the 12-item TAI.

- ✓ **Sporadic non-compliance:** patient who forgets to take their medication.
- ✓ **Deliberate non-compliance:** patient who does not take their medication because they do not want to.
- ✓ **Unconscious non-compliance**: patient who does not take their medication properly because they do not know the therapeutic regimen and how to use their inhaler.

THE TAI IN DAY-TO-DAY CLINICAL PRACTICE

Why should the TAI be used?

The TAI is a useful instrument in clinical decision-making, since the possibility of better understanding each patient's lack of adherence from various perspectives provides valuable information which enables the carer to devise a strategy for personalised and effective care through specific corrective measures based on the patient's profile.

Who is the TAI suitable for?

The TAI is suitable for all patients over 18 with asthma or COPD in treatment with inhaled medications.

When should the TAI be used?

The TAI may be used at the discretion of the healthcare professional, as it offers a reliable measure of patient adherence and supplements the information that may be obtained in a regular check-up.

THE TAI IN CLINICAL RESEARCH

Should permission be requested to use the TAI in research projects?

Yes. This is true for most of the questionnaires available.

5



Is it necessary to pay a fee to use it?

This depends on the user and the project environment. Specifically:

- In regular clinical practice: all healthcare professionals may use it freely, at no cost and with
 no request for permission, in their regular clinical practice, in both outpatient clinics and
 pharmacies. It may be obtained from the website www.taitest.com.
- In independent studies not sponsored by commercial organisations: permission for use shall be requested through the website www.taitest.com, at no additional cost.
- In studies sponsored by commercial organisations: companies (or contracted CROs)
 must request the relevant permission and pay the established fee through the website
 www.taitest.com. The proceeds will go towards research programmes.



FAQs

Who has to administer the TAI?

The 10-item TAI must be filled in by the patient. On the 12-item TAI a healthcare professional must assess the score for the last two items.

Does the TAI take a long time to fill in?

It takes only about three minutes to fill in the 10-item TAI. The 12-item TAI can be filled in in approximately five minutes.

How often can it be administered?

Administration of the questionnaire is recommended on the first visit of patients who regularly use inhaled medications and in periodic patient follow-up, in both outpatient clinics and pharmacies.

How reliable is it?

The results obtained in TAI questionnaire scores have been shown to correlate well with electronic gauges of inhaler compliance and provide a reliable assessment of adherence.

To what extent can this method be combined with another method?

Administration of the TAI questionnaire may be combined with other methods that assess patient adherence to treatment, such as monitoring medication collection from the pharmacy.

USING THE TAI

The TAI can be downloaded from the following website:

www.taitest.com



REFERENCES



Plaza V, Fernández-Rodríguez C, Melero C, Cosío BG, Entrenas LM, Pérez de Llano L, et al. Validation of the 'Test of the Adherence to Inhalers' (TAI) for asthma and COPD patients. J Aerosol Med Pulm Drug Deliv. 2015 Jul 31. [Epub ahead of print]



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TAI Test of Adherence to Inhalers is a joint initiative of the Scientific Committee for the TAI Project and Chiesi

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